

The Genoa Tribune.

VOL. XXIX NO. 27

Genoa, New York, Friday Morning, January 24, 1919.

Emma A. Welds

DR. J. W. SKINNER,
Oculist and Surgeon, Genoa, N. Y.
Special attention given to diseases of
eyes and children. Cancer removed with
no pain by escharotic. Office at residence.

DENTIST

J. A. Spaulding
Wheat Block, Moravia, N. Y.

Write or Phone for Appointment
Bell 40-M Miller 70

E. B. DANIELS
UNDERTAKER
Moravia, N. Y.

Telephone Connections for
Day and Night Calls.

UNDERTAKING

WILLARD CUTLER
Embalmers and Funeral Director
Motor service if desired.

Phone 56, Moravia
Miller Phone

J. WILL TREE,
BOOK BINDING
ITHACA.

FRED L. SWART,
Optometrist.

Masonic Temple, South St.
AUBURN, N. Y.
Shur-On Eye Glasses.

FIRE!

E. C. HILLMAN,
GENERAL FIRE INSURANCE
Levanna, N. Y.

Agent for the following companies:
Genoa Falls, The Home, Fire Association
of Philadelphia, The Sun of London, The
Queen, Royal of Liverpool and Fidelity
Underwriters, also Windstorm or Tor-
nado insurance at low rate.
Regular trip every thirty days.

REMOVAL

CLARENCE SHERWOOD
The Optometrist is now located at
79 GENESEE STREET
OVER
HOLMES & DUNNIGAN
next to the H. R. Walt Co., opposite
the Trolley Ticket Office.
Eyes Examined, Glasses Fitted,
Broken Lenses Duplicated.

Patronize Our Advertisers

They are all
boosters and
deserve your
business.

MICKIE SAYS

SAY, DIDJA EVER NOTICE
THAT WE BOOST SOME
ADVERTISERS MORE THAN
OTHERS? WELL, THERE'S A REAS-
ON. THE FELLERS WE BOOST
AIN'T ALL THE TIME TRYIN'
T' GIVE CUT RATES ON THEIR
ADVERTISING 'N CROWDING A
\$3 AD INTO A 50 CENT
SPACE



From Nearby Towns.

Five Corners.

Jan. 21—The weather for the past few days seems more like spring than winter.

Miss Pearl Carson of North Lansing has recovered from her illness and is again teaching our school.

Miss Mabel Corwin has been in quite poor health for some time which kept her from attending the High school at Ithaca. She went to school at Ithaca this week Tuesday for examination week.

Mrs. R. B. Ferris is suffering from a severe cold and was inclined to have the croup.

Will Knox has purchased the Oliver Snyder residence here and will soon take possession.

A. L. Palmer made a business trip to Ithaca last Friday, returning home Saturday.

J. W. LaBarr and children, are spending some time with his sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Lyon.

Mrs. Leona King entertained at dinner last Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Earl Mann and two children and mother, Mrs. Lucetta Mann and Roy King.

Miss Jennie Hollister, Edna White and Elberta Corwin are taking examinations at King Ferry this week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Ferris entertained last week Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Cheesman, Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Stoughton, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Mann and two children and mother, Mrs. Lucetta Mann, at dinner.

The L. A. S. which was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Palmer last week Thursday was quite largely attended. About thirty-five took dinner. Some articles were sold that were left over from the bazaar last winter.

Mrs. E. C. Corwin is spending a few days with her daughter Mabel in Ithaca.

George Jump we learn was quite ill during last week.

Mrs. LaSelle Palmer and Miss Olive Sill made a business trip to Auburn last Saturday.

The West Genoa and Five Corners W. C. T. U. will hold a good citizenship meeting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lester Boles next week Wednesday, the 29th. A good attendance is desired as the meeting will be very interesting.

Lawrence O'Daniels has been entertaining the chicken pox.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Lyon Snyder have all been suffering from influenza. They are however some improved at this writing.

Mrs. George Sushall entertained the Birthday club last Friday in honor of Mrs. E. C. Corwin. The members were all present but two and a very fine dinner was served. The gift was War Savings Stamps.

Clarence Boles had quite an accident one day last week. As he was riding along near the residence of Mr. Cummings, the king bolt broke, letting the wagon down. The horse became frightened and ran away, breaking a thill and some pieces were lodged in its leg, which had to be cut out by a veterinary. The horse suffered terribly but is doing now as well as can be expected.

Mrs. John Palmer is spending a few days with friends in Auburn.

Mrs. Parke Minturn is in the Ithaca hospital where she underwent an operation last Saturday for appendicitis. Mr. Minturn and little daughter Ruth with Mr. and Mrs. Jay R. Smith went to the hospital Tuesday to visit Mrs. Minturn. Her many friends wish her a permanent and speedy recovery.

Child Dies from Infection.

Thomas Edward Tarbell, aged 5 years, son of Dr. and Mrs. Roscoe C. Tarbell, of Groton, died Friday last from influenza and infection, the latter being due to a slight accident. A few days before, the child fell and sustained a cut from the sharp edge of a tin can, from which the poisoning developed. Besides the parents, brother, Roscoe, jr., survives.

The funeral was held from the home of the parents at 2 o'clock on

Scipioville.

Jan. 20—Next Sunday there will be a minister from the Theological seminary at the Presbyterian church in the morning. Last Sunday Dr. H. L. Reed of the seminary gave two excellent sermons in the morning and evening. The second Sunday in February, Rev. Mr. Ketchum of Auburn will conduct the services in the morning.

The Ladies' Aid will be held Wednesday at the home of Mrs. George Wardwell.

The Missionary society will meet with Mrs. Fanny Slocum Friday afternoon.

An all-day meeting of the Red-Cross will be held Thursday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Gould, each taking her own luncheon and coffee will be served at noon, that the work on the refugee garments may be hastened.

Rev. T. R. Husk left Friday for his future parsonage in Watertown.

Mr. Bigelow, who was quite ill, is able to be out again.

Mrs. Jason Alexander has been confined to her room for several days with a severe cold.

Thomas Phelps is becoming more helpless each day.

Wilson Mitchell is having an attack of influenza.

Mrs. E. T. Casler of Auburn attended the Red Cross meeting at James King's last Thursday.

The community praise and prayer meeting will be held Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. Jennie Talladay.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Mosher and Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Parker spent Monday afternoon in Auburn.

Kenneth and Helen Anthony are ill with influenza.

Guy Grady is suffering from an attack of tonsillitis.

Mrs. D. A. Berkenstock spent part of last week in Union Springs. Mr. Berkenstock and daughter, Miss Ruth, drove to Union Springs Friday evening to attend the variety shower for Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Winters.

Mrs. Mabel Cranson spent Sunday in Syracuse with her friends, Prof. and Mrs. Penny. Prof. Penny has accepted a call to educational reconstructive work in France and will soon leave for overseas duty.

Mrs. C. T. Mosher spent the week-end in Ellsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Huff spent Sunday in Moravia.

Wm. Orchard has sold his farm to Geo. Welch.

Lansingville.

Jan. 20—Robert Whipple is visiting friends in Tonawanda.

Byron Grover's infant daughter is very ill with eye trouble.

Mrs. Thaddeus Brown visited friends in Ithaca last week.

Mrs. Parke Minturn, who underwent an operation for appendicitis in the Ithaca City hospital on Saturday last, is reported as doing nicely.

Mrs. W. T. Linderman of Cortland who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Bower, returned to her home on Wednesday Jan. 14.

Frank Bastedo of Ithaca visited his sister, Mrs. Wm. Breese, Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Jay Smith spent Friday and Saturday at Wm. Tucker's.

Mrs. Alida Reynolds is visiting at A. B. Smith's.

Louis Brown of Auburn, who is visiting his brother, Thaddeus Brown, is reported ill.

Mrs. Clarence Graham was taken to the Ithaca City hospital on Friday for an operation for appendicitis. She is reported as doing well.

Mrs. Eva Boyer was a week-end guest at Charles Bower's.

Wilbur Boles has so far recovered from the flu and pneumonia as to be able to ride out.

Jay Smith, Wm. Tucker and Parke Minturn spent Friday and Saturday in Ithaca.

The Lansingville Grange held an afternoon session in their rooms on Saturday last when degrees were conferred upon candidates.

Parke Minturn spent Sunday in Ithaca.

Making a garment too large for a child so he can "grow into it" may save work but it's hard on a sensa-

North Lansing.

Jan. 22—Mrs. Benton Brown visited friends in Ithaca a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Burt Swartwood spent Wednesday in Moravia.

Coral DeCamp recently visited relatives in Cuba, N. Y.

Edd French attended the funeral of James Howser in Ithaca Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cameron are visiting relatives in Clyde, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Curtis of Genoa spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Brink.

Bernice Holland of Ithaca spent the week-end with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Linderberry.

The funeral of Mrs. Justine Blakeley, aged 91, of Ludlowville, formerly of Forks of the Creek, was held at the M. E. church on Saturday at 1 o'clock. Burial in Edsall and Ashton private cemetery near Locke.

A. J. Brink was in Auburn Saturday.

Mrs. Fred Davis is quite sick with influenza.

Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Miller of Moravia were Sunday guests of her brother and family, Mr. and Mrs. Osmun Howser.

Mrs. Frances Weeks entertained her children, grandchildren and her brother and sister and their families recently.

Miss Clara French of Ithaca spent Tuesday with Mrs. Jay Woodruff.

Mrs. Dana Singer is ill with influenza.

Elsie Newman, Lucy Carson and Camilla Beardsley are taking regents at Genoa.

Mrs. Howard Beardsley and Mamie G. Wilcox were guests Wednesday of their niece, Mrs. Herbert Hand, at Genoa.

Venice Center.

Jan. 21—Mrs. Sarah Potter of Auburn is visiting her brother, A. M. Sisson and family.

Mrs. S. Cranson and daughter Lillias and Mrs. David Beebe were week-end guests of friends in Syracuse.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Dickerson were in Auburn last Saturday.

Mrs. Warren Saxton visited her father, A. P. Hardy in Moravia recently.

Mrs. Wm. Whitman is taking care of her sister, Mrs. John Sill at Sill's crossing.

Arthur Wood is ill with a hard cold.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Sisson, Mrs. Sarah Potter and little Myrtle Strong were Sunday guests of his brother, Alfred Sisson and family.

Mrs. Wm. Heald and son Billy were in Auburn Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Penn Purdy and son were guests last week of Mrs. Arthur Wood.

Mrs. Claude Stevens has been seriously ill with throat trouble.

Claire Wood of Moravia was a week-end guest of Miss Vera Fish.

Mrs. John Linnane of Ellsworth was an over-Sunday guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Buckley.

Past Grands' Association.

At a regular meeting of the Past Noble Grand's Association, held at the home of Mrs. William Lowe in Moravia, on Thursday, Jan. 3, the annual installation of officers took place for the ensuing year as follows: President, Mrs. Maggie Covey, Moravia; vice-president, Mrs. Ella Baker, Owasco; secretary, Mrs. Mae E. Stone, Moravia; treasurer, Mrs. M. Frances Gregg, Moravia; chaplain, Mrs. Minnie F. Wright, Genoa.

The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Mae Stone in Moravia on Thursday, Feb. 6.

Mrs. Justine A. Blakeley.

Mrs. Justine A. Blakeley, aged 91, died Wednesday night, Jan. 15, at her home in Ludlowville. The funeral was held at 1 o'clock on Saturday afternoon from the North Lansing M. E. church, Rev. F. J. Allington officiating. Previously there was a prayer at the home at 10 o'clock on Saturday.

King Ferry.

Jan. 21—Miss Eva McCormick returned last week to Schenectady where she will resume her duties as teacher in one of the schools.

James West has returned from Camp Jackson, S. C., and has been spending two weeks with friends in King Ferry.

Mrs. James Callahan and daughter Mary were in Ithaca several days last week visiting friends.

Mrs. James McDermott is on the sick list.

The Misses Bessie Tuttle and Kathleen McCormick of Auburn spent the week-end with their parents here.

The Misses Carmen and Lucile Hatch and Jane McCormick spent several days with Miss Marie Farrell of Syracuse recently.

Mrs. M. Aldrich of Cortland has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. A. B. Smith, who is critically ill; also her mother, Mrs. H. Brill, who is quite poorly.

Mrs. Horace Counsell spent Friday with Mrs. Geo. Sushall of Five Corners.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bradley recently visited their daughter Ruth at Syracuse University.

Mrs. Aleavia Lanterman of Genoa is spending the week with Mrs. M. Lanterman.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bradley were recently called to Waterport by the sudden illness and death of Mrs. Bradley's father, Mr. Cleaver. We extend our deepest sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mrs. D. Bradley does not improve very fast.

Augustus Locke is quite poorly.

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Sullivan were called to Mapleton on Tuesday last week by the death of Miss Helen Welch of influenza, followed by pneumonia.

Miss Hattie O'Neil of Poplar Ridge spent Saturday with Elizabeth Connell.

Mrs. M. Cannon and son Joseph of Poplar Ridge spent Saturday with the former's daughter and family, Mrs. John Connell.

Mrs. Anna Mulvaney and son made a business trip to Auburn Saturday.

Gordon and George Henry Stickle of Genoa spent the week-end with their mother, Mrs. Thomas Leonard of this place.

Miss Mary Mulvaney of Auburn spent the week-end with her mother, Mrs. A. Mulvaney.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH NOTES.

Sunday morning worship at 10:30. Sermon theme, "The New Era Movement."

Sunday school at 12. Mid-week service on Wednesday at 7 p. m. Text, "Blessed are they that mourn; for they shall be comforted;" Mt. 5:4. This will be the second sermon in the series of sermons on Christ's beatitudes.

The monthly meeting and tea of the Philathea class will be held with Mrs. E. S. Fessenden next week Friday, Jan. 31, at 2:30 p. m.

The annual church meeting will be held next Sunday morning at the close of the morning service, Jan. 26, 1919, for the election of two elders in place of G. L. Ferris and J. D. Atwater whose terms of office expire and one deacon in place of G. S. Aikin whose office expires and for any other business that may come before the meeting. (signed) W. L. Franklin, clerk.

Last Sunday the Sunday school voted that the treasurer be instructed to pay two dollars to the county Sunday School association as annual dues.

The session has voted that \$30 from the deacons' fund be sent to the stricken Armenians. As the church recently sent \$62.43 for Armenian relief, the latter gift increased our total gift for Armenian relief to \$92.43.

The January benevolent offering which was for Auburn Theological Seminary, amounted to \$35.30.

Spend your money with your Home Merchants. They help pay the taxes, keep up the schools and churches, build roads and make this a community worth while. Likewise

Death of Mrs. Laird.

Mrs. Mary E. Laird, 80 years old, wife of Dr. William R. Laird of Auburn, died last Friday night at her home in that city. Mrs. Laird's death was due to the shock of a severe operation she underwent at a Syracuse hospital a short time ago. Mrs. Laird was born in Caroline, Tompkins county, in 1838, was married to Dr. Laird in 1869 and had lived in Auburn continuously since 1880. Mrs. Laird was known throughout the county by workers in the W. C. T. U., in which organization she had been very active. Her work for temperance and prohibition had been indefatigable and she lived to see the nation voted dry.

When the Woman's Educational and Industrial Union was organized Mrs. Laird did a large share of the work and was one of its most devoted workers for many years. Mrs. Laird has been connected with many organizations which will miss her help and wise counsel in their problems. She made hosts of friends in the city and her life of 80 years was full of good deeds for others.

Mrs. Laird was the oldest communicant member of St. Peter's Episcopal church. Surviving are her husband, Dr. Laird, and one son, Attorney Louis K. R. Laird.

Grange Victory Meeting.

By request of the Master of State Grange a victory meeting will be held under the auspices of Five Corners Grange No. 1000, at Belltown church Wednesday evening, Jan. 29. A program is being prepared as follows:

Song—Star Spangled Banner.
Essay—What We Owe Our Country. W. J. Bunnell.
Address—Rev. Glenn Brewster.
Song—Tramp, Tramp, Tramp.
Address by speaker sent from Farm Bureau Office.
Recitation—Mrs. Ruth Snyder.
Song—America.
Everybody invited.

Venice Resident Dead.

Charles F. Crawford, a well known resident of the town of Venice, died Saturday afternoon at the home of his sister, Mrs. Josiah Streeter in Venice. He was 76 years old. He is survived by his sister, Mrs. Josiah Streeter, and a brother, George Crawford, both of whom reside in Venice.

Funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon with Masonic rites, at the place of death, and burial was made in the East Venice cemetery.

Chimes of Amiens.

At the request of French authorities, who explained that they desired to announce the signing of the armistice in a befitting manner, the chimes of the great Cathedral of Amiens, silent for nearly five years, were rung on the morning of Nov. 11 by ten soldiers of the 27th American Division.—The Gas Attack.

Notice to Milkmen!

We want your cream. We are paying 70c for butterfat, remit for each can and return empty can day following receipt. We guarantee correct weight and test. Ship by express on the Short Line. A trial will convince you that this is the best paying outlet for your cream.
26th Clyde Creamery, Clyde, N. Y.

Collector's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to the taxable inhabitants of the town of Venice, Cayuga County, N. Y., that I, the undersigned, collector of taxes in and for said town, have received the warrant for the collection of taxes for the present year, and that I will receive the same as follows: At the store of H. C. Willis, Ledyard, Thursday, Jan. 16; at Grange hall, East Venice, Thursday, Jan. 23; at E. B. Mosher's store, Poplar Ridge, Thursday, Jan. 30; the remainder of the thirty days at the station at Venice Center.
Dated Jan. 8, 1919.

Geo. B. Crawford,
Collector, Town of Venice.

ROTHSCHILD BROTHERS

Seventy-Fourth Semi-Annual Ten Days' Clearing Sale

Begins **MONDAY, JAN. 27** = Continues Until **SATURDAY, FEB. 8.**

A Wonderful Opportunity for the Thrifty for Every Department will offer tremendous bargains and price concessions on every item. The bargains for the first days of the sale are listed below. Come Monday and come every day. You will appreciate these economies. Extra special inducements every day of the Sale.

Directory of Daily Sales

FIRST DAY---MONDAY, JAN. 27TH

Table linens, napkins, lunch cloths, table sets, drawn work, waist linens, handkerchief linen, butcher's linen, dress linens, pillow linens, India linens, towels and toweling, doilies, white goods, pique, gaberdine, skirting, outing, dimities, batistes, lawn, Madras, poplins, voiles, ratines, crepes, rice cloth, shirt waists of linen, percale, lawn, silk, chiffon, voile, crepe, georgette, Taffeta and tub silks.

SECOND DAY---TUESDAY, JAN. 28TH

Silks, messalines, Taffetas, foulards, chiffon charmeuse, crepe de chene, voile, Jap silks, pussy-willow, etc. Millinery, trimmed and untrimmed hats, trimmings, ornaments, feathers, flowers, etc., corsets, corset waists, brassieres.

THIRD DAY---WEDNESDAY, JAN. 29TH

Domestics, dry goods, muslins, sheetings, ducks, denims, wash goods, percales, cotton crepe, galatea, gingham, shirting, voile, challie, organdies, lawns, dimities, calico, flannel, outings, ticking, awning cloth, wash dresses, kimonos, house dresses, bath robes, dressing sacques, books, furs, fur coats, muffs, neckpieces, etc.

FOURTH DAY---THURSDAY, JAN. 30TH

Dress goods, serges, suitings, gaberdines, mohair, broadcloth, all wool voiles and poplins, henrietta, etc., linings, cambric, selicas, sateens, percaline, dress canvas, muslin underwear, combination suits, corset covers, drawers, night gowns, skirts, aprons, infant's outfits, handkerchiefs, veiling, ruching, housefurnishings, kitchen supplies, enamel ware, tin ware, cutlery, wire goods, carpet sweepers, trunks, bags, suit cases, etc.

FIFTH DAY---FRIDAY, JAN. 31ST

Silk, lace and wool dresses for Women, Misses and Children. Shoes for Women, Misses, Boys and Children. Baby carriages, go-carts, umbrellas, bedding, sheets, pillow cases, blankets, comfortables, counterpanes.

The Wonderful Special Attractions we offer to Out-of-Town customers who live within fifty [50] miles of Ithaca.

IF YOU PURCHASE \$10.00 WORTH OF MERCHANDISE WE WILL PAY YOUR CARFARE (ONE WAY.) WE WILL PACK AND SHIP BY FREIGHT, FREE OF CHARGE TO YOUR NEAREST DEPOT, OR VIA PARCEL POST, IF POSSIBLE, DIRECT TO YOUR DOOR, IF YOU PURCHASE \$10.00 WORTH OF MERCHANDISE. WE WILL PAY FOR STABLING YOUR HORSE IF YOU DRIVE. WE WILL GIVE YOU GASOLINE TO DRIVE YOUR AUTOMOBILE TO ITHACA ON THE BASIS OF 1 GALLON FOR EVERY 10 MILES.

A CHECK ROOM OR BUNDLE ROOM IS FURNISHED IN WHICH TO LEAVE YOUR WRAPS WHILE TRADING. IF YOU CHECK YOUR COAT AND PARCELS YOU WON'T LOSE THEM.

BE SURE AND VISIT THIS STORE DURING THIS SALE. YOU WILL ENJOY THE SPLENDID DISPLAYS AND APPRECIATE THE ATTRACTIVE VALUES AND MANY SAVING OPPORTUNITIES WE ARE OFFERING.

Directory of Daily Sales

SIXTH DAY---SATURDAY, FEB. 1ST

Ladies' and Misses coats of silk and wool material, suits including silk and wool garments, raincoats, children's coats, men's wear of all kinds, shirts, neckwear, suspenders, belts, bathrobes, house coats, pajamas and night shirts, ribbons, lamps, posters, thermos bottles, vacuum specialties, auto cases, pictures, pennants, banners.

SEVENTH DAY---MONDAY, FEB. 3RD

Furniture—all kinds for Bed Room, Living Room, Parlor or Kitchen. Gloves of all kinds, silk, kid and fabric, laces, Hamburgs, Ladies' neckwear, dress trimmings, buttons, braids, Ladies' cloth and silk dress skirts, wash skirts, petticoats and undershirts.

EIGHTH DAY---TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 4TH

Lace and muslin curtains, portiers, tapestries, cretonne, denim and all drapery materials, sofa pillows, down pillows, curtain trimmings, window shades, art department novelties, shirt waist and cedar boxes. Men's, Women's and Children's hosiery, china, glassware, cut glass, cutlery, crockery, clocks, Desk sets, chafing dishes and percolators.

NINTH DAY---WEDNESDAY, FEB. 5TH

Underwear and sweaters for Men, Women and Children, toilet articles, leather goods, stationery, jewelry, soaps, perfumes, notions, dressmaking supplies and small wares. Children's Day—underwear, hosiery, dresses, blouses, suits, shoes, coats, toys, carts, etc.

TENTH DAY---THURSDAY, FEB. 6TH

Carpets of Ingrain, Brussels, Axminster, and Velvet. RUGS—Oriental Rugs, Royal Wilton Rugs, Body Brussels Rugs, Axminster Rugs, Wilton Velvet Rugs, Ratanna Rugs, Kawapa Rugs, Real Rag Rugs, Bath Rugs, Matting, Linoleum and Oil Cloths.

2
RED LETTER DAYS
2

Everything in the Store on Sale at Reduced Prices on these two days

Drastic Reductions and complete clean-up in every Department in the Store.

TWO RED LETTER DAYS
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7TH - SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8TH

The Ithaca Daily papers will give you details. Be sure you get the special edition of the Ithaca Daily Journal.

ROTHSCHILD BROS.

The Genoa Tribune

Established 1890
A LOCAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER

Published every Friday
Tribune Building, Genoa, N. Y. E. A. Waldo

Subscription.
One year \$1.50
Six months .75
Three months .40
Single copies .05
If no orders are received to discontinue the paper at the expiration of the time paid for, the publisher assumes that the subscriber desires the paper and intends to pay for it. No subscription will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid. Rates for space advertising made known on application. Readers 50 per line. Specials 40 per line. Cards of thanks 50c.
Job Printing. This office is well equipped to do first class printing of every description at moderate prices.

Friday Morning, Jan. 24, 1919

MEMBER HOME PRINT ASSOCIATION
ALL HOME PRINT
A LIVE PAPER IN A LIVE TOWN

Eyes Had to Be Blue.
Blue-eyed babies always claim a preponderance of admirers. The fact has just again been emphasized—this time at Hampstead, England. It was announced in the press that the town officials had a "bonny blue-eyed baby" for adoption, and straightway 350 would-be adopters wrote to secure it. Unfortunately it was found that the infant's eyes had been wrongly described. The eyes were not blue, after all, and when they heard of this some of the ladies withdrew their offers.

The Fragrant Weed.
The use of tobacco was first discovered in America when Columbus, in 1492, sent his first party to explore the island of Cuba. It was first observed that these herbs were burned and carried by the natives to perfume themselves. It was later discovered that these herbs were also used for chewing, and later as America was opened up and explored, it was observed that they were smoked in large quantities.

Balsam Gum.
The gum of the balsam fir, *Abies balsamea*, is known commercially as Canada balsam, and is largely used in the manufacture of optical instruments and in various other ways about scientific laboratories. There is a constant market for it, the price varying with the quality and the supply. Some time ago a fair quality was worth 20 cents per pound.

Uncle Sam's Islands.
The island of Tutuila and other small Samoan islands came into the possession of the United States in January, 1900. This island has an area of about fifty-four square miles, with a population of 3,800. Mauna and the other islets have a united area of about twenty-five square miles, with about 2,000 inhabitants. Pago Pago is the only good harbor.

Enough Said.
Brother and sister were parted for the first time, he going on a month's trip with their mother and father and she to spend the month with their grandparents. The leave taking was rather strained, as neither one of them quite knew what to say. Finally little brother walked up and putting his arms around his sister said: "Mardret, I'm your brother an' you're my sister."

Valuable Tree.
A wonderful tree, known as the shea, is beginning to attract commercial attention in western Africa. It supplies the native not only with nuts, which they highly prize, but with a butter that may become an article of commercial importance. It is already exported to Europe, where makers of artificial butter find use for it.

Paint on Window Glass.
To remove paint or varnish from window glass. Keep the spots moistened till soft, with turpentine and ammonia; then rub with coarse cloth dipped in coarse salt. Or moisten spots with baking soda dissolved in hot water. Then scrape off. The edge of a coin is sometimes used.—Housewife.

America's Food Pledge
20 million tons

Whence the Red in Flags.
The actual defenders of the red flag do not know or have forgotten that red was formerly the color of the church militant, and also of royalty until the epoch when Henry VI, king of England, took the title of king of France. Then red came to be considered as an inimical color in France and was replaced by white, which in its turn was given up by the English. The red flag was displayed by the Catholic troops of Charles IX and Henry III, while the flags of the Protestants were white.

Appreciated Cats.
When Mulai Hafid, sultan of Morocco, succeeded to the sultanate he found the sacred city of Fez infested by rats. Without any loss of time at once nationalized all the cats of Morocco and issued a command that many thousands of them should be brought into Fez for service. For some time a law has existed in Hongkong making it compulsory to keep cats in every house, the number varying according to the size of the house.

Religions of the World.
According to the latest available figures, the religions of the world are divided as follows: Christians, 664,510,000; Confucianists and Taoists, 300,830,000; Mohammedans, 221,825,000; Hindus, 210,540,000; Animists, 158,270,000; Buddhists, 138,031,000; Shintoists, 25,000,000; Jews, 12,205,000; unclassified, 15,280,000.—People's Home Journal.

The Milky Way.
The arch of the Milky Way stretches across the evening sky from east to west, rising between Orion and Gemini, where Jupiter seems a gorgeous diamond depending from its laces; passing through the golden chain of Cassiopeia in the zenith, and descending to the western horizon between Vega, the dazzling gem in Apollo's lyre.

Odd Foods.
Sea urchins' eggs are used in Ceylon as we eat raw oysters here. The Mexicans use a variety of scorpion, after removing the sting, in a special sort of omelet, to which they add a peculiar sort of peppery flavor. A large variety of locusts and grasshoppers are dried, then cooked, by people in portions of India, Arabia and Syria.

Artistic Shop Signs.
Between Cuzco and Machu Picchu, in Peru, are quaint signs indicating what is sold in the Indian huts. A small bunch of wheat on the end of a pole indicates chicha—a native corn beer—for sale within. A green wreath means bread for sale, while a piece of white cloth indicates aguardiente, a powerful white rum.

Wind That Scorches.
The name "harmattan" has been given to a dry hot wind which blows from the interior of Africa toward the Atlantic during December, January and February. Every plant, every bit of grass and leaf in its course is withered as though it had been seared by heat from a furnace.

Point of Natural History.
Two small boys were awaiting their teacher on the sidewalk. One began to crawl on hands and knees, unmindful of clean white stockings, and was corrected by the other lad, but would not arise, as he said he was a lion. "Lions don't walk that way," said the second little fellow, "they walk on their feet."

The Guitar.
The guitar is an instrument of six strings, viz. E, A, D, G, B, E. The strings, if sounded together, would not make a chord according to the rules of modern harmony. It is not a difficult instrument to learn and its chief use is in accompanying another instrument or the voice in singing.

Old University.
Cracow has the oldest university, barring that of Prague, in central Europe. It once numbered among its students Copernicus, who originated and proved the remarkable theory that the earth revolved about the sun, and not contrariwise.

Too Cannibalistic, Perhaps.
"A Russian announces that donkeys are 'good to eat,'" remarks the Carthage Free-Press. "When it gets to that point, we know of one person who is going to sign up to observe 'meatless days.'"—Kansas City Times.

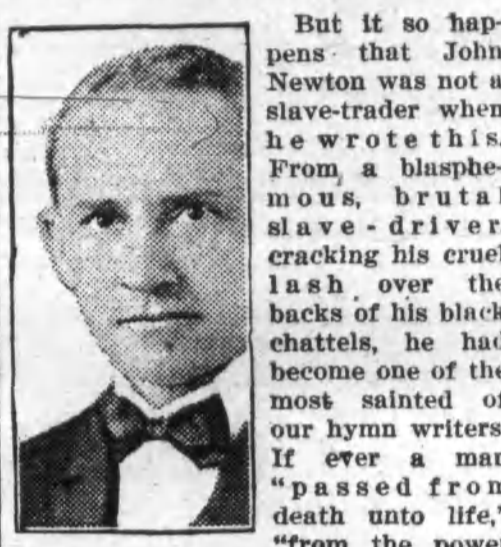
Instinct of Brotherhood.
The moment we can use our possessions to any good purpose ourselves, the instinct of communicating that use to others rises side by side with our power.—Ruskin.

Ever Tried It?
Half the excitement of being in love is trying to make the other person confess it while you assume a careless indifference.—Record.

God Knew.
"Dad, what are the silent watches of the night?" "They are the ones which their owners forget to wind, my son."

How Christ Reveals Himself
By E. J. PACE
Acting Director Missionary Course, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—Now ye are the body of Christ and members one of another.—1 Cor. 12:27.
Imagine a slave-trader writing a hymn like this:
Quiet, Lord, my forward heart,
Make me teachable and mild;
Upright, simple, free from art,
Make me as a weaned child;
From distrust and envy free,
Pleased with all that pleases thee.



But it so happens that John Newton was not a slave-trader when he wrote this. From a blasphemous, brutal slave-driver, cracking his cruel lash over the backs of his black chattels, he had become one of the most sainted of our hymn writers. If ever a man "passed from death unto life," "from the power of Satan unto God," it was this sweet singer of the Christian church. Some one else had taken possession of John Newton's personality; had softened, sweetened and molded it into his own likeness and image, and that one was Christ.

The transforming power of life has been utilized to illustrate the manner in which the Lord of Glory transforms humanity into his own likeness. The figure used is that of the human body, amazingly intricate in its makeup, yet, in all its variety, a wonderful unity. A living personality dominates its every part, causing every atom of matter to pulsate with its own life. Every atom of this body of mine once lay dead in the senseless clods of the earth, a highway for worms. Now, they are mine, and they have passed from death unto life. By the power of this life present within me, they have been transformed into living tissue, formed into myriad cells, assembled and arranged to suit my particular needs, the whole becoming my

Soul Revealer.
The soul is sometimes spoken of as "imprisoned in a tenement of clay," but is this true? The body does not shut in and conceal the soul, but just the contrary. It is the great soul-revealer. Indeed, so far as we have any experience, it is the soul's only revealer. We can know nothing about each other save as we reveal ourselves through the acts of the body. Our characters are written plainly across our faces so that even "he who runs may read."

The sublime truth which the New Testament teaches us, is that the Spirit of the Infinite God lays hold upon us who are dead in trespasses and sins and takes up his dwelling in the humblest believer in Christ. Through these believers, in whatever place or time, the Spirit of Christ reveals himself to the world. God has many ways of revealing himself, but in the moral world only one, and that is through moral agents submitted to his loving control. Does the world see in me anything to suggest the character of Christ? Is the world led to sense the presence of the Master in my conduct of business affairs? Do my companions in the home who know me most intimately, appreciate the control of this divine life? But to be a true revealer, the body must be

The Bond Servant.
The body is not only the revealer, but also the servant of the soul, and just so far as it serves, it reveals. With one sovereign will controlling every part of my body, every member alive and alert to obey, I am enabled to do my work in the world with delight and ease. But if any member refuses to obey, what hindrance and loss result!

And has our master no object to attain? What must be the yearning of his great heart to bind up the world's cruel wounds in this crisis, and how can he perform this ministry of healing except through the yielded obedience of the members of his body? God grant us the will to surrender to him, and that habit of alacrity in our obedience that delights to do his will. This old world has no greater need than this. "He that doeth the will of God abideth forever."

My will is not mine own,
Till thou hast made it thine;
It cannot reach a monarch's throne
Until its crown resigns;
It only stands unbent amid the clashing strife,
When on thy bosom it has leant,
And found in thee its life.
—George Matheson.

Divinely Appointed Process.
We are to look upon the monotony and the hardships which meet us in our experience as a divinely appointed process. To stand them, we must see them in their true proportions, against the background of the will of our Father. They do not come accidentally into our lot. We need not steel ourselves to endure them as if they were irrational inflictions with us. Best take them cheerfully, as the sort experiences through which every man has had to pass under the discipline

High Standard is Set for Lawyers in the Oath of the Wisconsin Bar Association

Every person before joining the Wisconsin Bar association must solemnly swear:

I will support the Constitution of the United States and the constitution of the state of Wisconsin.

I will maintain the respect due to courts and judicial officers.

I will not counsel or maintain any suit or proceeding which shall appear to me to be unjust, or any defense, except such as I believe to be honestly debatable under the law of the land.

I will employ, for the purpose of maintaining the causes confided to me, such means only as are consistent with truth and honor, and will never seek to mislead the judge or jury by any artifice or false statement of fact or law.

I will maintain the confidence and preserve inviolate the secrets of my client and will accept no compensation in connection with his business except from him or with his knowledge and approval.

I will abstain from all offensive personality and advance no fact prejudicial to the honor or reputation of a party or witness, unless required by the justice of the cause with which I am charged.

HINTS FOR THE POULTRY GROWER

Unless paired matings are made and a single female kept with each male, the trapnest is an essential to pedigree breeding of poultry, according to W. A. Lippincott, head of the department of poultry husbandry in the Kansas State Agricultural college.

"This holds as true for the fancier as it does for the production breeder," said Professor Lippincott, "although the fancier may not find it necessary to continue its operation for so many months of the year. It is surprising to find how few, even of the so-called 'big breeders' know the exact percentage of every bird in their flocks. They know from which pen a given bird is, and what male headed that pen, but they can only guess which of 12 to 15 females produced a given outstanding bird.

"Had such a state of affairs been allowed to exist in the breeding of the larger animals they would probably be far below their present high level of excellence. Only when complete and careful pedigree records are kept will the standard of poultry breeding be on a par with that of other purebred farm animals. The keeping of such records can be done only with the help of a trapnest during the breeding season.

"For the fancier the use of the nest during the breeding only is sufficient. For the production breeder it is necessary to trapnest through the season of usual low production—the winter months—in addition to the breeding season, in order to secure an indication of each layer's productive powers. If, for purposes of advertising, the total yearly record is desired, the trapnest must be kept in use the full 12 months.

"The trapnest is now so commonly used that most persons understand that it is a simple mechanical device by which the hen shuts and locks herself in when she goes upon the nest. When she is released the number of her legband can be written on the egg, and in this way a clear record of all eggs used for hatching purposes can be kept. It is better to write the number on the small end of the egg, as that is the part of the shell least frequently broken during hatching."

CURIOUS FACTS

Chicago daily wastes \$2,000 worth of milk bottles.

Of men who marry, ten are bachelors to one widower.

By treating them with certain gases a Frenchman has succeeded in keeping eggs fresh for ten months.

A mushroom gathered in Lincolnshire, England, some years ago, measured a yard in circumference.

Lloyd George has a salary of \$25,000 a year as first lord of the treasury, but is unpaid for services as prime minister.

Iceland Also Experiences Increase in Cost of Food

Even far-away Iceland has felt the pinch of war. An increase in the average price of necessities at Reykjavik, the principal city, last July amounted to 211 per cent, when contrasted with their cost in July, 1914, as shown by data appearing in the journal of the Icelandic statistical department. If coal and petroleum, which show increases over prices in July, 1914, of 1,051 and 217 per cent, respectively, be omitted, and the comparison be limited to articles of food alone, it is stated that the average increase was 190 per cent, as compared with July, 1914. The extent to which certain of the principal groups of food rose in price may be seen from the following official compilation: Bread, 201; flour, oatmeal, etc., 284; sugar, 196; coffee, tea, chocolate, 109; butter, fat

Specials Before Inventory

Despite the fact that our clothing prices are but little more than the present wholesale prices, we have decided to offer a

10 PER CENT. REDUCTION ON MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S FANCY SUITS AND OVERCOATS

Here is a bargain for the small man. We have about 50 Suits, 34-35 and 36 size which sold from \$12.50 to \$18.00 for **\$9.75**

Two Special Lots of Overcoats

About 35 last season's Overcoats, from 34 to 38, and worth from \$12.50 to \$18.00 at **\$9.75**

One lot of exceptional values, all sizes up to 40 and worth \$15-\$18 and \$20 at **\$12.75**

One Lot of Boys' Suits at Bargain Prices

We will also have many odd lots of Shirts, Hosiery, Caps, etc., at special prices.

C. R. Egbert, Auburn.

One Assortment of WINTER COATS TO CLOSE OUT AT \$19.50

\$19.50

ANOTHER TO CLOSE OUT AT \$25.00

EACH OF THESE COATS A VERY WONDERFUL BARGAIN. COME AND GET YOUR SIZE.

QUINLAN'S 145 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

Place your Insurance with the VENICE TOWN INSURANCE CO

\$1,800,000 IN FARM RISKS!

WM. H. SHARPSTEEN, Secretary, Office, Genoa, N. Y.

U. S. Food Admin. HENNERY EGGS OUR SPECIALTY License No. G 119582

Our Large Outlet for Fancy Eggs Means QUICK SALES AT HIGHEST PRICES AND PROMPT RETURNS

References: Chatham & Phoenix Nat. Bank, Public National Bank, and all Commercial Agencies

CHAS. SCHONBRUN, Receiver and Wholesale Dealer in BUTTER and EGGS 162 READE STREET, NEW YORK.

MARK YOUR NEXT SHIPMENT TO US.

WE SOLICIT THE JOB PRINTING

of the Business Men and Farmers of this section

Be Loyal to Your Own Community—Give the Home Printer Your Work

We will try to please you in Quality and Price

BOOTH-OVERTON LAXATIVE AND LIVER TABLETS FOR CONSTIPATION

Shake Into Your Shoes Allen's Foot-Paste, the antiseptic powder, and get rest and comfort for tired, aching, swollen feet. The quick relief for corns, bunions and

ASTHMADOR AVERTS-RELIEVES HAY FEVER ASTHMA Begins Treatment NOW All Druggists Guarantee

FALSE TEETH We pay up to broken teeth. Send parcel post or write for particulars. M. S. SUPPLY CO. DEPT. 21

THE GENOA TRIBUNE

Published every Friday and entered at the postoffice at Genoa, N. Y., as second class mail matter.

Friday Morning, Jan. 24, 1919

Advertise.

The constant drop of water wears away the hardest stone
The constant gnaw of Towser masticates the toughest bone
The constant wooing lover carries off the blushing maid
And the constant advertiser is the man that gets the trade.
Don't ever think that printer's ink is money to the bad,
To help you jail a roll of kale there's nothing beats an ad.
You can't fool people always, they've been a long time born
And most folks know that man is slow who tootheth not his horn.
—Exchange.

Milk Strike Settled.

"The milk strike, in which the Dairymen's League held out against the New York dealers for a fair price for milk, has ended in a complete victory for the farmers," announced E. C. Weatherby, manager of the Farm Bureau Monday following official word received as to the result of the conference of dealers and dairymen in New York.
Prices were fixed for the next three months and shipments will be resumed soon by farmers in Cayuga county. Mr. Weatherby stated that the milk cans are strung anywhere from New York to Wisconsin, but as soon as the situation adjusts itself the farmers of the county will again be able to ship their milk to New York.

PRINTING Of All Kinds
not the cheap kind
but the
good kind done here.

HOLMES & DUNNIGAN

Big January Sale

is now in full swing—you can buy
COATS AT 1-2 PRICE
others at
1-3 OFF

There are also big reductions on all
FURS

Our motto is never to carry over

In Dress Goods and Silks there are big reductions on all beautiful qualities of Navy Imperial Serges, fine Black Goods, Broadcloths, elegant Poplins; also Silk Poplins and all other Silks are cut in price in this sale. Our stock of Dress Goods is so complete that we are styled my many as the Dress Goods Store.

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS AND SILK REMNANTS ON SALE AT LOW PRICES

Our New Location is
108 Genesee St.

Formerly the
Salzman Liquor Store

HOLMES & DUNNIGAN,
AUBURN, N. Y.

HUN SHIFT COST BELGIANS JOBS

Not a Factory in Country Can Be Operated.

900,000 WORKMEN ARE IDLE

All Machinery and Tools in Belgium Were Carried Off by German Invaders — Work of Destruction Stopped on President Wilson's Protest—Spirit of People is Untouched by Years of Oppression.

Nine hundred thousand workmen in liberated Belgium are idle because the Germans carried off all machinery and tools in the country. Not a factory in the country can be operated. The Germans wrecked two mines before they were stopped in their work of destruction by President Wilson's protest.

The other mines may be opened soon, but the factories must wait for machinery. When it will come nobody knows.

But the spirit of the people is untouched by the years of oppression. Nightly parades and the clatter of wooden shoes as they dance in the streets prove this.

Government appraisers are now out in all parts of Belgium reviewing the damage done by the Huns for the restoration bill which is now being drawn up. This bill will be presented to the peace conference.

There is about seven weeks' food supply in Belgium. During the days of German occupation the rich had everything, but the middle class suffered terribly. The workmen existed by means of soup kitchens.

Ample Food on Hand.
The hotels now have ample food stores which the Germans left. Thirty thousand eggs were found in the Deutsch bank.

Other food was stolen by the Germans from their own stores and sold to the Belgians during the retreat, including herds of cattle at \$10 a head. In the hotels and shops of Bruges, Brussels and Ghent almost anything may be had, but the prices are high because the supplies are limited. The masses of the population are still dependent on the committees

which have undertaken to handle the food problem.

Pork and beef are about \$3 a pound, butter is \$2.50 and eggs are 50 cents each.

Belgium is prostrate, hungry, but joyous. She is putting her best foot forward, biding her pain and "carrying on" till things get going again.

Dozens of Belgians have told me with touching confidence that America was going to send Hoover to direct the work of reconstruction. This is generally believed by the Belgians.

I entered Belgium from Calais and passed the first thin string of thriving little gardepes running right to the edge of No Man's Land, where everything suddenly became a barren and pock-marked desert. There the only life was the German prisoners working on the railways and their guards and the little families of refugees standing amid the runs of what once had been home.

On the east of the old German lines it is still beautiful Belgium. Dixmude is but a rockpile, but Brussels and Ghent appear undamaged until you enter the factories stripped of their machinery and the homes stripped of their copper and brass and wool.

Flags Still Flying.

At Bruges, where the orgies of the U-boat crews were held, the Germans in their hasty evacuation left a sergeant to bring on the string of flags from the public square—flag for each ship the U-boats had sunk. The flags are still there. The sergeant is said to have accepted a final drink and left them.

Brand Whitlock, American minister, who arrived in Brussels the day before King Albert, was given a great ovation. It took him hours to make his way through the cheering crowds to his home. He was made an honorary burgher of the city. Antwerp had already conferred a similar honor.

Four days after the Germans left Brussels the Belgians had erected a beautiful plaster model for a statue to America and another to Edith Cavell. They will remain until they are replaced by stone.

The Belgians pouring back into their country from the west, from Holland and from Germany are all smiles. The place they are making for may be only a pile of runs, or a house stripped of all furnishings, but it's HOME.



Special Notices.

WANTED—A boy to distribute advertising posters about town. Apply to Mr. Casey or Mr. Enos at Genoa Hotel, Saturday a. m. w1

FOR SALE—12 foot table, 3 big hanging lamps, trunk, show case 6 ft. by 2 ft. 2 in., 5 gal. oil can, looking glass, lantern, hangers for complete suits 10c each, for coats and vests 5c; apron gingham 8c yd. Genoa Clothing Store.

FOR SALE—Hamiltonian bay mare coming 4 yrs. old, well broken, wt. about 1,100; a beauty. To see her is to want her. Also bay mare 15 yrs. old, wt. 1,000. Wanted—A good man to work by year and live in house on farm. S. W. Morgan, Phone 79F2. Poplar Ridge. 27tf

POTATOES FOR SALE—Early and late seed potatoes; 75c to \$1.50. Also a limited amount of good eating potatoes \$1.25 per bu.

J. H. Cook, Venice Center, Phone 18F2

FOR SALE—Yearling registered Holstein bull—ready for service—the best bred ones in the county. Prices reasonable.

J. R. Wait, The Wait Farm, Phone 813R. Auburn, N. Y. 27w3

FOR SALE—2-10 Listers Fertilizer at less than cost up to Feb. 8th or until present supply is exhausted.

Atwater-Bradley Cor., Genoa, N. Y. 26tf.

FOR SALE—Pair light bobs with pole and whiffletrees.

Fred Dodd, opposite hotel. Genoa, N. Y. 26tf

WANTED—Married man to work on farm by the year. Teaming wanted. 26w4 F. T. Atwater, King Ferry.

FOR SALE—Buzz wood \$2.50 per cord, or \$3.50 delivered in Genoa village. John Pierce, Venice Center. 26w8 Miller 'phone.

FOR SALE—400 lb. gravity-feed Sharpless separator. Price \$35. 25w3 John Pierce, Venice Center.

WANTED—Married man to work farm on shares—200 acres in town of Genoa, Cayuga county. References required. Apply Mrs. Charlotte A. Green, 1 Westlake Ave., Auburn, N. Y. Phone 992-W. 23tf.

FOR SERVICE—Thoroughbred and registered O. I. C. Boar. Terms \$2.00 cash, privilege of returning. Willard Wilcox, North Lansing. 22tf

Feed grinding every day at my mill; 15c per hundred.

Foster D. Bingham, Miller 'phone Locke, N. Y. 17tf

We want your furs. Sell while the prices are high. Write or phone and we will call on you.

Wilbur Bros. Chas. Avery. King Ferry. 17tf

WANTED—Broilers, turkeys, lambs and veal calves. Highest cash prices delivered at Ellison's market, King Ferry. 5tf

George W. Doan Dead.

The death of George W. Doan, 72 years old, occurred in Moravia hospital late Monday evening, Jan. 13, following a long illness. He was born in the town of Locke and practically all his life was passed in that town and in Venice.

Mr. Doan is survived by three daughters, Mrs. Layton Mosher, Genoa; Mrs. Charles Andrews, Venice Center; Mrs. Ray Richardson, Locke; two sons, Alanson Doan and Leslie Doan, both of Venice; a sister, Mrs. Clara Young, and a brother, Frank Doan, both of Locke. The funeral services were held at the Moravia Methodist church, of which Mr. Doan was a member, Thursday morning, Rev. P. J. Williams officiating. Interment at East Venice.

Come to the Tribune office for your auction bills.

The Thrice-A-Week Edition OF THE New York World IN 1919.

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly. No other Newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price. The value and need of a newspaper in the household was never greater than at the present time. We have been forced to enter the great world war, and a mighty army of ours is already in France fighting great battles and winning magnificent victories. You will want to have all the news from our troops on European battlefields, and 1919 promises to be the most momentous year in the history of our universe. No other newspaper at so small a price will furnish such prompt and accurate news of these world-shaking events. It is not necessary to say more. THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and The Genoa Tribune together for one year for \$2.25. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$3.50.

Going-Out-of-Business Sale

ONLY five more days is your opportunity to buy a suit or an overcoat for less than it would cost to manufacture. All sizes and staple models yet in stock.

Boy's Knee pant Suits for less than half their value.

All my Furnishings 50% less than wholesale price.

Be sure and come while your opportunity is good. This opportunity will not happen again.

I greatly appreciate the generous attendance which my wise customers and friends have shown me during my Sale. I thank all my customers and friends for the patronage for the past 36 years during my business career. I will always remember their kindness.

Wishing Everybody Good-by and Great Prosperity.

M. G. Shapero.

SAVE FROM \$6.00 to \$8.00 PER TON ON FERTILIZER

BETWEEN NOW AND FEB. 8TH, OR UNTIL PRESENT STOCK IS SOLD, WE CAN OFFER LISTERS, ARMOURS AND READING GUARANTEED 2-10 FERTILIZER. SPOT CASH AT \$39.50 PER TON AT GENOA ONLY.

Terms to All Spot Cash at time of delivery. Goods to be taken before Feb. 9th, as storeroom is needed for Spring goods soon coming in.

Atwater-Bradley Corporation, Genoa.

AUDITORIUM SATURDAY MATINEE AND NIGHT JAN. 25TH

Keith & Heagney present Victor Herbert's Greatest Triumph.

"SWEETHEARTS"

Benefit Mutual Relief Association Auburn & Syracuse R. R. Employees.

A Cast of Acknowledged Excellence — An Augmented Orchestra A New York Chorus of Beautiful Girls who can Sing and Dance.

Cast includes: Georgia Campbell, Harold Blake, Billy Welp, Sherman Wade, J. Paul Callan, Garrick Major, Catherine Van DiGriffe, Marion Langdon.

PRICES—\$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Sale opened Thursday, Jan. 23. Only ten tickets to each person. Phone 2345 M.

GENOA SUPPLY COMPANY

Harter's Flour Calf Meal Bran Midds
Schumacher Feed Oil Meal Cottonseed
Unicorn Cloverleaf Barley Feed
Scratch Feed Mash Etc.

GENOA SUPPLY CO.,
Miller Phone Genoa, N. Y.

MR. FARMER: BRING YOUR BUCKWHEAT WEDNESDAYS AND GET IT GROUND. GET YOUR WHEAT GROUND ANY DAY.

NO FEED GRINDING WEDNESDAYS

A FULL LINE OF SPRING AND WINTER WHEAT FLOURS. EVERY SACK GUARANTEED. ALSO FEEDS OF ALL KINDS AND POULTRY SUPPLIES.

W. F. REAS & SON, GENOA ROLLER MILLS GENOA, N. Y.

Report of Venice Town Fire Insurance Co. Year 1918.

Policies in force Dec. 31, 1917		\$1,705,301
New Policies in 1918	\$ 90,688.	
Cancelled Policies in 1918	31,300	gain 59,388
Gain on old Policies	144,790	
Loss on old Policies	72,740	gain 72,050

In force Dec. 31, 1918 \$1,836,739.

RECEIPTS		
Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1917		\$ 290.17
Rec'd Policy Fees	\$ 380.65	
" Assessments	3,031.83	
" Borrowed Money	2,658.30	6,070.78
Total		\$6,360.95

DISBURSMENTS		
Dannie Moore barn by lightning and personal	\$1,189.16	
Mary K. Swartwout barn by lightning	1,000.00	
Mrs. E. G. Donald's barn	392.00	
Burton L. Donald personal	106.66	
Owen Cannon house dam'd	6.00	
J. B. Hildreth cow killed	30.00	
A. B. Slocum horse	150.00	
Whyte & Wheat hen house fire	50.00	
Stephen Donovan damage fire	5.00	
Secretary's fees	226.75	
Director's fees and expenses	108.35	
Borrowed Money	2,658.30	
Interest on Borrowed Money	49.84	
Signing Policies	24.00	
Printing and Advertising	29.75	
Postage and Post Cards	25.65	
Internal Revenue	2.01	
Rebate	.70	
Dues to Central Organization	3.25	
Money Order	.08	\$6,057.50

Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1918

Village and Vicinity News.

Mild springlike weather the past week.

Fred Leeson, who has been ill for the past two weeks, is able to sit up.

Mrs. Morell Wilson spent a few days this week with her sisters in Auburn.

Much sickness prevails, not only in this community, but all over the country.

Chas. Sevier has commenced his spring plowing—somewhat earlier than usual.

Miss Pauline Hurlbut is home from Dr. Lee's hospital in Rochester for several days.

Miss Violet Bradley of Wells College spent Saturday at the home of A. P. Bradley.

Miss Ruth Knowles of Ithaca has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. B. H. Wheeler.

Mrs. Minnie Eaton of Cortland spent last week with Thomas Riky and family on the Indian Field road.

All brothers of Genoa Star Lodge, I. O. O. F., are requested to be present next Wednesday evening, Jan. 29.

Mrs. Sherman Wright attended the funeral of her uncle, the late Chas. Crawford at Venice Center Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Knapp of Onondaga Hill were week-end guests at the home of their son, Principal H. F. Knapp.

Miss Pauline Law is spending a few days at D. C. Hunter's. She will return soon to Bryn Mawr where she is attending a private school.

Mrs. Chas. G. Miller returned Wednesday from Earlville, where she had been spending two weeks. Mr. Miller went to Syracuse to meet her.

Dr. J. F. Mosher of this village attended the annual conference of veterinarians at the Veterinary College of Cornell University last Thursday and Friday.

Wallace Pritchard has accepted a government typewriting position at Washington and left Monday morning to take up the work. Salary \$1,100 per annum.

Willard Myer, who has been employed in Chicago for several months, returned home Monday evening. The shops in which he worked have shut down for a time.

Among those on the sick list this week have been: Warren Holden and family, Robert Mastin, Mrs. Hugh Tighe and Miss Irene Mulvaney. Bernice Mulvaney, who was ill last week, is able to be out.

Mrs. Delia Taber has returned from Auburn where she went Thanksgiving week to visit friends. She fell and injured her ankle while coming down stairs and was obliged to remain at her friend's home about six weeks.

There will be a double installation of the officers of the Genoa and Five Corners I. O. O. F. lodges at the Genoa lodge rooms next Wednesday evening. It was decided not to have public installation on account of so much sickness.

Prof. H. F. Knapp will occupy the pulpit in the Baptist church next Sunday morning and evening. The church has extended a call to Rev. R. A. Fargo of Binghamton to become its pastor and he will begin his service with the church on Sunday, Feb. 2.

Having bought the last of Waterloo cutters and light bobs, I offer them at before-war prices, only a few left. Team bobs, harness, blankets and fur coats to close out for 30 days. Good goods, right price. Come at once.

W. P. Parker, Moravia, N. Y.

Regular services at Presbyterian church next Sunday, with preaching by Mr. Rock. Some of the Sunday school classes are not fully attended at late. There are good teachers for all classes and if not sick the younger members, especially, should be in their places. All are cordially invited.

D. W. Smith has been ill for several days, but is improving. Mrs. Smith has been spending part of the week in Syracuse with her sister, Mrs. John L. Welty, who underwent an operation in the Hospital of the Good Shepherd. Mrs. Smith received a message at noon, Thursday, that Mrs. Welty was doing well and that the operation was a great success.

Thos. Riley had a phone installed in his residence this week Tuesday.

Mrs. Aleavia Lanterman is spending this week with Mrs. M. Lanterman at King Ferry.

Fifty Brockway army trucks recently left Cortland for Baltimore via Syracuse, Utica and Albany.

A. P. Bradley returned Tuesday night from Knowleville, where he attended the funeral of Mr. Cleaver.

Miss Mary Smith returned the latter part of last week to Ithaca where she expects to remain some time.

D. C. Hunter, Miss Edith Hunter and Mrs. Cora Green were at John G. Law's in Moravia, Monday.

Curtis H. Powers of Locke has gone to Ludlowville where he will teach the remainder of the school year.

Chief Bowker of the Cortland police force is putting a stop to the sale of cigarettes to boys under eighteen.

Mrs. Mary Sill and mother, Mrs. Ruth Avery, went to Ithaca Sunday last to visit Dr. Geo. T. Sill and wife for a time.

Daniel Fallon is reported as improving. Mrs. Irene Green is also gaining. Mrs. L. R. Erkenbreck, who has been ill, is able to be out.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Hand entertained a company of fifteen relatives and friends on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Welch of Auburn were the only out-of-town guests.

Frank Greene and bride of Ithaca, Charlie Greene of Groton and Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Colton and two sons of Locke visited their sister, Mrs. John Carpenter and family Sunday.

An effort is being made to have Governor Alfred E. Smith come to Auburn and deliver an address at the Auburn Automobile Show which will be held in the Armory the last week in February.

John J. McGraw, the "Jack" of former days in Truxton, is now the second largest stockholder among the new owners of the New York Giants, the team he has managed for over twenty years.

The big black horse, Essa, owned by Geo. D. Nettleton, died recently. The horse was purchased and owned by the Genoa Coach Horse Co., a number of years ago, and was valued at that time at \$3,000. Mr. Nettleton had owned the horse several years.

Says the DeRuyter Gleaner: "Oneida milk producers who have failed to get the league prices will now build a plant of their own, a wise step as can be attested by DeRuyter farmers who have owned theirs for many years and consequently are not at the mercy of the New York dealers."

Preparations for nation wide memorial services in honor of the late Theodore Roosevelt, to be held on Feb. 9, were directed to be made by all communities in a telegram sent out by Grosvenor Clarkson, director of the council of national defense. This is also the date of the proposed memorial service in Congress.

The report on the 1918 sales of war savings stamps in 56 counties of New York State has been given out by Albert H. Clark, county director of W. S. S. and the table shows that Cayuga county stands 14th in the amount of stamps taken per capita. Cayuga county bought \$16.81 per capita, or a total for the year of \$1,105,313.

Nebraska, the 36th State, ratified the prohibition amendment last week Thursday, making the United States the first great Nation to enact a permanent prohibition measure. The amendment goes into effect one year from the date of ratification, but the country wide prohibition already ordered as a war measure to conserve grain, becomes effective July 1 thus making the country dry.

Sweethearts

One of the most notable successes ever recorded in the era of light opera annals is Victor Herbert's melodic masterpiece, "Sweethearts." This tuneful, colorful light opera concert has been revived this season and will tour a vast field of territory not heretofore visited.

"Sweethearts" has been booked for the Auditorium, Auburn, for Saturday, matinee and evening, at very popular prices. Both performances are for the benefit of Mutual Relief Association of Auburn & Syracuse Electric R. R. Employees.

Preparations are being made for keeping Trunk Line No. 6, the state road across Cayuga county, open for the government automobile trucks during the winter.

W. Jerome Haight of DeRuyter, 93 years of age last September and probably the oldest member of the Masonic fraternity in New York state, has entered the Home at Utica.

It is estimated that between twelve and fifteen thousand people have been thrown out of work at Utica, Ilion and Herkimer as a result of the war work being brought to a close.

In the recent list of government employes made out by the Bureau of Construction and Repairs at Washington, D. C., Charles D. Anderson, formerly of Union Springs, received the rating of Grade A, Class 1.

The farm at Levanna for many years known as the Trumpeter farm has again changed hands. About two years ago it was purchased by William Holmes, who has now sold to Gaylord Hoskins of Auburn, who will occupy it.

The silk mill which will be operated in the old Ithaca Calendar Clock Company building will be opened probably about April 1. The silk mill will give employment to between 150 and 200 persons of which the majority will be girls.

Forty members of the Ontario County Sheep Breeders' association shipped their clip of 22,000 pounds of wool to a government representative and realized an average of 75 cents a pound, a conservative estimate saving \$1200, for those co-operating.

The annual state conference of Daughters of the American Revolution was held on Thursday and Friday of this week in Rochester. This meeting was postponed from the fall because of the influenza epidemic and was to have been held in Hornell.

The National American Woman Suffrage Association will hold its 50th annual convention in St. Louis during the entire week of April 21-26. It will be the celebration of the 50th anniversary since the first commonwealth in the world, Wyoming, granted suffrage to women.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Bush of the town of Dryden have received a telegram from the War Department at Washington stating that their son, Private William R. Bush, was killed in action on July 15. Mr. Bush was a brother of Mrs. Lawrence Holden of East Lansing and Mrs. D. Oakley of Groton.

Mrs. Della Cooper.

Mrs. Della Cooper died at her home in Cortland Sunday morning, Jan. 12, after an illness of several weeks following an operation. Her age was 45 years. The funeral was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Ranney, at 2 o'clock Tuesday and the remains were taken to Groton for burial.

Mrs. Cooper was born in Scipioville on Nov. 23, 1873, and after her marriage lived for a number of years in Groton City and Groton. Professionally she was a nurse and had a wide circle of warm friends, where she was known. Her residence in Cortland was brief, for she went there only about five months ago to educate her children.

The surviving relatives are a son Willard and a daughter, Hazel Cooper, who lived with their mother, her father, James Baker, and a brother, Clarence Baker, both of Genoa, and a sister, Mrs. Nellie Brown, of Pike, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Baker of Genoa attended the funeral of Mrs. Cooper.

Auction Notice.

Fred Hickey will sell at his place of residence, 1 mile east and 1/4 mile north of Venice Center, Tuesday, Jan. 28, 10 horses, 8 dairy cows, 2 thoroughbred Holstein bull, 2 yrs. old, hay loader and side delivery rake, sulky plow and 3 LeRoy plows, Empire grain drill, 3 harrows, 2-horse cultivator, new Hazard hay press, etc. All necessary tools to work a two hundred acre farm.

Florence R. Smith and H. R. Swartwood will sell at public auction on the William Wilcox farm 1 mile east and 3 miles south of Genoa village on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 1 o'clock sharp the following: 8 head cattle, 3 horses, buggy, democrat wagon, McCormick hay rake, Osborne hay tedder, 2-way LeRoy plow, manure spreader, Emerson hay loader, two-bottom Emerson engine plow. C. D. Robinson, au-

You're Blind Now If You Fail to Protect Your Sight.

Yes, we are talking about glasses—good glasses. OPTICALLY CORRECT GROUND GLASSES.

Correct Your Vision. Unless you KNOW that you don't need glasses, you are throwing away one of the greatest gifts of the Creator—VISION—and you don't know unless you have your eyes Scientifically examined.

A. T. HOYT,

Leading Jeweler and Optometrist, HOYT BLOCK MORAVIA, N. Y. Miller Phone.

Collector's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to the taxable inhabitants of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., that I, the undersigned, collector of taxes in and for said town, have received the warrant for collection of taxes for the present year, and that I will attend from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 4 o'clock in the afternoon for 30 days from the date hereof, for the purpose of receiving payment of taxes at the following places in said town, viz:

S. J. Hand's store, Genoa, Wednesday, Jan. 15 and Feb. 5; W. L. Ferris' store, Five Corners, Thursday, Jan. 16, and Feb. 6; G. S. Aikin's store, King Ferry, Friday, Jan. 17 and Feb. 7; and the balance of the time at my residence over Sill's market, in Genoa village. Herbert S. Hand, Collector Town of Genoa. Dated Jan. 10, 1919. 25w4

If Mothers Only Knew

Mother Grays Sweet Powders for Children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy worms. They break up colds in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 30 years. All Druggists. Sample FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, and get rest and comfort for tired, aching, swollen feet. The quick relief for corns, bunions and callouses. Soldiers and sailors use it. Sold everywhere.

Ithaca Auburn Short Line Central New York Southern Railroad Corporation.

In Effect March 1, 1918.

SOUTHBOUND—Read Down					STATIONS		NORTH BOUND—Read Up					
27	23	421	21	31			32	422	22	24	28	
Daily	Daily	Sunday Only	Daily Except Sun.	Daily Except Sun.			Daily Except Sun.	Sunday Only	Daily Except Sun.	Daily	Daily	
6 40	1 30	8 35	8 30	6 52			AUBURN	9 22	11 05	11 30	5 07	9 10
6 57	1 45	8 52	8 45	7 39			Mapleton	9 07	10 50	11 19	4 54	8 55
7 08	1 56	9 03	8 56	7 20			Merrifield	8 56	10 39	11 10	4 45	8 46
7 17	2 03	9 12	9 03	7 29			Venice Center	8 47	10 30	11 02	4 36	8 34
7 28	2 13	9 23	9 13	7 40			GENOA	8 36	10 19	10 51	4 24	8 24
7 38	2 21	9 33	9 21	7 50			North Lansing	8 25	10 08	10 42	4 12	8 13
7 55	2 31	9 50	9 32	8 05			South Lansing	8 12	9 55	10 32	4 01	8 00
8 20	3 05	10 15	9 56	8 30			ITHACA	7 35	9 20	10 00	3 30	7 20
PM	PM	AM	AM	AM				AM	AM	AM	PM	PM

Trains No. 21 and 23 going South, and No. 22 and 24 going North are the motor cars and do NOT stop at Flag stations. Sunday trains No. 422 and 421 are the motor cars and these stop at all stations.

Additional Trains between Ithaca and Rogues Harbor leave Ithaca 10:00, (daily except Sunday) 2:00 and 4:40 p. m. daily and 9:30 p. m. (Saturday only.) Also leave Rogues Harbor at 10:40 a. m. (daily except Sunday), 2:35 p. m. and 5:15 p. m., daily, and 10:05 p. m. Saturday only.

CHOICE GROCERIES



Children must have the Best Groceries if they are to grow strong and healthy.

Our Stock is Fresh and Sanitary. Our Prices in line with Excellent Goods. Cheap Groceries are not always the Best. The Best Groceries are None Too Good for You.

HAGIN'S UP-TO-DATE GROCERY MILLER 'PHONE GENOA, NEW YORK.

INVENTORY SALE

in

Outings, Rose Blankets, Underwear, Felts, Rubbers and Sweaters.

to make room for Spring Stock which will soon arrive.

GOOD LINE TO SELECT FROM Prices Right

R. & H. P. MASTIN, GENOA, N. Y.

WATCH AND CLOCK REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

HOW U. S. ARMY GREW AFTER DECLARATION OF WAR

In Twenty Months Uncle Sam's Fighting Force Multiplied Itself by Twenty

How the United States army grew after the declaration of war against Germany is one of the most interesting pages of the history of the nation. It is a story told in figures.

When America entered the war only one person in each 580 in the nation was in the army. When the war ended more than 25 per cent of the entire male population between the ages of eighteen and thirty-one years was in the army.

On April 1, 1917, America had an army of 190,000. In twenty months it virtually multiplied itself by twenty. In twenty months an army more than ten times as large as America had at the beginning of the war had been enlisted, trained and sent abroad.

How the army was built up and how many were sent abroad, month by month, is told eloquently in figures furnished by the war department, as follows:

	In the United States and Foreign Possessions	In the American Expeditionary Forces	
1917—			
April 1	190,000	190,000
July 1	480,000	20,000	500,000
August 1	516,000	35,000	551,000
September 1	646,000	45,000	691,000
October 1	883,000	65,000	948,000
November 1	996,000	104,000	1,100,000
December 1	1,060,000	129,000	1,189,000
1918—			
January 1	1,149,000	176,000	1,323,000
February 1	1,257,000	225,000	1,482,000
March 1	1,386,000	253,000	1,639,000
April 1	1,476,000	320,000	1,796,000
May 1	1,529,000	424,000	1,953,000
June 1	1,390,000	722,000	2,112,000
July 1	1,384,000	996,000	2,380,000
August 1	1,365,000	1,293,000	2,653,000
September 1	1,425,000	1,576,000	3,001,000
October 1	1,599,000	1,834,000	3,433,000
November 1	1,672,000	1,993,000	3,665,000

These figures are not final, because more men were landed between November 1 and the signing of the armistice, the total being considerably over two million.

The Boys Who Have Not Died

Dear God, what shall we give them if they come—

Our blind, our crippled—men with faces marred,

Or aged by anguish, their young spirit scarred—

Our soldier boys, come home?

How may we show our reverence, our pride

For all they dared, for courage clean and whole

Of mind and body and resolute soul—

These boys who have not died?

Yet who may feel perchance, that death so fleet,

Compared with lagging life thus twisted, drained

Of youth's bright eagerness, life marred and stained—

That death were passing sweet?

For they who died for freedom still shall live

In every heart that loved them, young and fair!

But these, the living, wounded over there—

To these what may we give?

Not gifts—such gifts as men give to the weak—

But work that lifts the spirit, flicks the will,

Awakes the vital thought, to hopes that thrill—

Such work as whole men seek!

Not pity—never that—nor coward tears,

But re-creating friendship, healing, gay,

And gratitude not only for today

But through the coming years!

And down those years the balm of memory,

So when we meet some cripple, withered, gray,

Some poor old soldier who yet in his day

Did fight for liberty,

We see not shabby garments, surly glance,

But through the veiling flesh the gallant boy

Who touched the great adventure—

knew its joy

And gave his youth to France!

—Elizabeth N. Hepburn in New York Times.

How New York Gained the Nickname "City of Gotham"

"City of Gotham" is a nickname of foreign origin with no particular applicability. Gotham is the name of an ancient village in England, whose inhabitants, according to tradition, once escaped a burdensome duty about to be put upon them by feigning stupidity. This smart trick in pretending to be fools gave rise to the expression "the wise men of Gotham" and the story of "the three wise men of Gotham who went to sea in a bowl." The name was first applied to New York city in a humorous magazine called "Salmagundi," started in 1807 by Washington Irving and two or three others, in which they made fun of the pretensions of some of the "wise men of Gotham," meaning the New York of that day. The magazine was read, the fun-making approved, and the nickname became permanent.

Wasted Eggs.

Enough eggs are lost through spoilage and deterioration at the present rate of production in this country to supply two eggs a day to an army of approximately 5,000,000 soldiers. The value of these wasted eggs is estimated at \$12,000,000.

Mother's Cook Book

If instead of a gem, or even a flower, we should cast the gift of loving thought into the heart of a friend, that would be giving. I think as the angels must give—George MacDonald.

A FEW APPETIZING DISHES.

Scalloped dishes of various kinds are especially good for luncheon or supper with a white sauce made from two tablespoons each of butter and flour, the butter bubbling hot before the flour is stirred in; then a cup of milk, and salt and pepper to taste, all cooked until smooth and thick. Such a sauce may be used in any escalloped dish.

Scalloped Onions and Peanuts.

Cut the onions in quarters and cook uncovered in boiling salted water until tender. Drain them and reserve the liquor for soup. Grease a baking dish and put into it a layer of onions; sprinkle with three tablespoons of chopped peanuts; add another layer of onions and peanuts, then pour over the top a well-seasoned white sauce prepared as above. Cover the top with a generous sprinkling of buttered crumbs mixed with chopped peanuts. Bake 20 to 30 minutes.

One often has a few tablespoons of canned sauce or preserves left from the table, not enough to serve, but it will make a pretty garnish for various dishes. Two or three spoonfuls of raspberries, jam or canned fruit, added to a dish of sliced bananas gives a bit of flavor to the bananas, adds color and uses up an otherwise wasted leftover.

Chicken Pie.

The bits of chicken left from a stewed or roasted fowl, if the gravy and some good, rich milk is at hand, will make a chicken pie that is quite worth noticing. Let the chicken, gravy and one small onion cook until well heated through; add a cup of rich white sauce and some milk or cream, then season well, add a covering of baking powder biscuit and bake in a quick oven.

Apples in Grape Juice.

Peel, after coring, four medium-sized apples and put them to simmer in grape juice. When the apples are tender, but not broken, remove them carefully and then boil down the juice until it is quite thick. Serve cold with the grape juice and whipped cream for a garnish.

A most delicious coconut macaroon is made by adding a package of condensed milk to a can of a sweet brand of condensed milk. Drop on buttered sheet and bake. No sugar or other ingredients are needed.

Nellie Maxwell

World's Cleanest City.

It is stated that the cleanest town in the world is Brock, Holland. It has been famous for its cleanliness from time immemorial. The yards and streets are paved with polished stones interspersed with bricks of various colors.

GIANT AIRBOAT NOW READY TO CROSS THE SEA

Curtiss' Colossus Capable of Carrying Fifty.

FLIES 80 MILES AN HOUR

Coast and West Indies Trade to Get First Call in Aviation—Curtiss' Machine Was Built for Navy as Submarine Chaser, but Some Modifications Could Very Easily Adapt it for Passenger Use.

A flight across the Atlantic is assured in the immediate future. This statement is made on the authority of Glenn H. Curtiss, inventor of the flying boat and pioneer engineer in the airplane industry. The prediction of transoceanic flight has been made before by men prominent in aviation, but Mr. Curtiss' statement differs from other men's because he adds he has built the machine which can bridge the ocean.

It may be that the honor of first flying from America to Europe will go to the United States navy, for Mr. Curtiss' airboat, the largest and most powerful in existence, is a navy airboat, or rather air vessel. The machine is of huge dimensions, but the best possible way of describing its power in few words is to say it has carried 50 men in sustained flight. Its lifting capacity is five tons.

Because the Colossus is entirely the property of the navy the inventor would not say any more than that he is willing the attempt be made by the giant aircraft as soon as certain modifications can be made. As constructed the Colossus is a fighting machine not intended primarily for such lengthy flights as the crossing of the Atlantic. Naval air officers at Baltimore some days ago spoke guardedly of the possibility of a transatlantic flight by the machine at Rockaway. They stated at that time that the Rockaway plane was the first of a series to be constructed for transatlantic flight.

Dwarfs All Aircraft.

The America, wonder of 1914, built by Mr. Curtiss for Rodman Wanamaker, who was backing Lieut. John Cyril Porte, Irish aviator, in his attempt to win the \$50,000 prize offered by the London Daily Mail, is dwarfed to insignificance by the great spread of the Colossus. The huge Sikorsky, 118 feet of wing spread, which carried 17 men in Russia in 1914, is also smaller than the new flying boat. The Caproni triplane, with seats for 25, likewise is dethroned as monarch of the air.

Recently rumors have been heard about the gigantic craft, but only now is it possible, owing to the abandonment of secrecy by the navy, to describe the principal features of the Colossus.

The flying boat is a biplane fitted with three motors, details and power of which are withheld. From tip to tip its huge upper wings stretch 126 feet—only 10 feet less, by way of comparison, than the height of the Brooklyn bridge. From prow to tail she is 70 feet long, and from the gunner's cockpit on the top wing to the keel is a distance of 25 feet. The distance between upper and lower planes is 12 feet.

The vessel was constructed by Mr. Curtiss for the navy as a submarine chaser, and armament details withheld—was carried not only in the cockpit on the top wing, but also in another cockpit in the prow. In the navy she is known as the Curtiss N. C. I.

Makes Speed, Climbs Well. Speed and ability to climb rapidly are of course essentials in submarine chasing, and the Colossus has both. She can make 80 miles an hour and can rise to a height of 2,000 feet in ten minutes. Ordinarily her crew is five men, the rest of her weight carrying capacity being used for bombs, ammunition, fuel, water and oil. Two pilots sit side by side. They can relieve each other at will, and a chance shot killing one pilot would not, therefore, mean the destruction of the flying boat during an aerial engagement. The large boat hull, hung underneath the lower wing, is noticeably whalelike in appearance, for it has been found that this shape offers least resistance to air and water and is also the safest in rough water.

Although nothing has been announced concerning the power of the three engines, a comparison with the power plants of other huge planes indicates that each engine must furnish more than 100 horse power. The Sikorsky, for example, with a wing spread of 118 feet, had four Argus motors of 100 horse power each. The first of Signor Caproni's models, a biplane with wing spread of 78 feet, had three engines of 100 horse power. The latest Caproni, when tested at Mineola on September 22 last, was furnished with three Liberty motors of unknown power. This plane made a speed of 105 miles an hour carrying five men and 1,900 pounds of load.

Ocean No Barrier.

The transatlantic flight is, of course a matter for the navy department to decide, but although he would not discuss possible plans for this account Mr. Curtiss' reservation that

spoke at length on further aviation and predicted the commercial use of seaplanes for passenger and freight service between ports along the Atlantic coast and the West Indies.

"Of course one of the first developments in commercial aviation will be the use of flying boats and seaplanes for passenger and package carrying along the Atlantic coast and the West Indies," he said. "I believe we shall soon have transatlantic flights. The reason I believe this and that I believe marine flying generally will be developed quicker than land flying is because no new landing fields are needed. In other words, terminal facilities are already provided, for quiet harbors, rivers and small lakes are ideal landing places."

Praises the Navy.

Mr. Curtiss praises the navy department for its financial assistance in the experimental work necessary for the development of such a machine as the Colossus. The America, built for Rodman Wanamaker before the war, is the progenitor of the Colossus and other huge seaplanes, but there is a long gap between them.

"It probably will be two or three years before the commercial side of aviation is developed sufficiently for the industry to stand on its own feet," he said. "The advent of the war made necessary the construction of a number of airplane factories, some of which should and will be developed into good production plants. I suppose the government's plan for national defense will include a liberal allowance for the continued development of naval and military aircraft for reasons that seem patent."

"A military plane, of course, is not suited to commercial purposes any more than a torpedo destroyer would be suited for the carriage of passengers or freight. The aim in the development of military craft was to produce a fighting machine, one in which a maximum amount of armament and ammunition could be carried without sacrificing speed, maneuvering ability and the protection of the pilot and observer arising therefrom. To convert these military airplanes into commercial types of machines it will be necessary to change the fuselage (the framework connecting the planes with the tail) somewhat so that there will be more room for passengers and freight, and probably increase the wing surface to give the planes a lower landing speed and a greater cruising flexibility, so that it will not be necessary for so much fuel to be carried.

"Fighting ability was the paramount issue in the building of military craft. Safety is the keynote of commercial airplane building."

Europe Turns to Giants.

Gigantic planes are being developed for after the war purposes in many European countries, according to Mr. Curtiss. England and Italy are particularly active in this respect. The experience in building bombing machines, which from the very nature of their work must have very reliable power plants and a large weight carrying capacity, is now proving valuable for peace purposes.

"Several very long flights have been made during the war," Mr. Curtiss said. "I look to see European development proceed rapidly. Norway, Sweden and Denmark are all making plans for commercial aviation, and I understand that they are on the verge of starting several mail routes as soon as peace is assured."

Both land and water flying machines will be within the province of the Curtiss company, the inventor said, although he himself is a stronger believer in the rapid commercial success of seaplanes rather than land flying machines.

MAN WHO ORGANIZED THE CONVOY SYSTEM



Commodore Lionel de L. Wells of the British navy, who organized the system by which United States troops and supplies were convoyed to Europe, is now preparing to return to England as his work in this country is finished. Commodore Wells, as head of the convoy and route giving branch of the British admiralty here, frustrated the U-boats by enabling the troop ships to elude them. Commodore Wells has received several honors bestowed by the king of England and was recently named a Companion of the Order of the Bath.

And 10 Cents A Piece, Too!

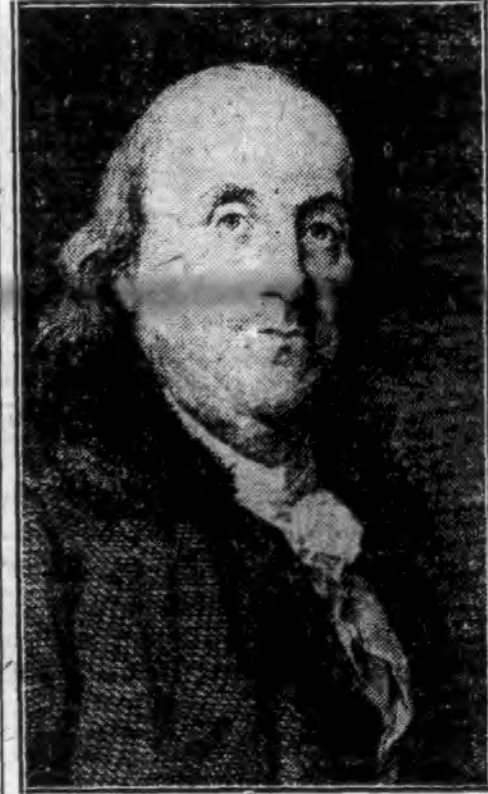
A perfect egg within an egg was found by Mrs. Amanda Varney of Vienna, Mo. The outer shell was broken

FACTS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW ABOUT W. S. S.
 * They are the only security in the world which must increase in value.
 * The 1919 issue of stamps can be purchased this month for \$4.12.
 * They come due on January 1, 1924, in the sum of \$5.
 * The increase in value represents about 4 1/2 per cent, compounded quarterly.
 * If a holder of a stamp or stamps is in need of money he can get what he paid for his stamps at any post office, plus one cent a month.
 * The price of the stamps increases one cent a month until December, when it will be \$4.23.
 * This year's stamps are blue instead of green and only half the size of the 1918 issue, but their value is the same.

NATION STARTS W. S. S. DRIVE

\$2,000,000,000 to Be Issued by Government in 1919 Bearing Portrait of Benjamin Franklin.

Benjamin Franklin's portrait on the new issue of War Savings Stamps, to be launched by the United States on January 17th—the 213th anniversary of Franklin's birth—recalls the origin of American credit, the foundation of American thrift, and the establishment



BENJAMIN FRANKLIN
 When He Was Special Envoy of the United States to France.

of American ideals of self-sacrifice and devotion.

It is for the purpose of paying the bills incurred by the Government in winning a new revolution—the turning of autocracy into democracy—that the new issue of stamps has been made. It was to pay the bills of the first American revolution that Benjamin Franklin gave to the infant republic his private fortune and his public aid.

At a time when younger men would and did shrink from the task of such hopeless possibilities, when the nation he represented at one of the foremost courts of the world without stability or assets, Franklin, devoutly believing in the cause of a country that stood against a seemingly hopeless majority of the whole world, appeared as the champion of his beloved nation. He matched his honesty of purpose against the intrigues of Versailles, and depending solely upon candor and a knowledge of human nature, outwitted shrewd politicians and gained the confidence of kings.

The American Colonies had declared their independence at a time when England and France were at peace. Louis XVI did nothing which outwardly could be construed as a violation of neutrality, yet at the insistence of Franklin, the French monarch was persuaded to furnish to the struggling nation across the ocean much-needed supplies and munitions with which to combat the might of the greatest nation of Europe.

Franklin's Great Service.

Largely upon no other security than the personal promises of Franklin that he would make good the credits which France advanced, he obtained loan after loan, supplies for General Washington's handful of troops, and in addition fitted-out two ships to combat the sea power of his country's mighty adversary. His great strength lay in his world-wide following, his remarkable reputation for promptly meeting obligations and his wonderful sagacity. Just how he accomplished the many and arduous tasks set for him is really a mystery. He not only managed to borrow money and obtain supplies and ships, but it is his everlasting glory that he borrowed for the service of his country the immortal Lafayette.

Real Americans today can do no less than emulate the example of this patriot-philosopher who would be the first to support his Government were he alive today. His benevolent countenance, which graces the new stamps, looks out today from a glorious past and bids the present generation approve his efforts and realize his ideals.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Myron Herbert Sharp, late of the town of Venice, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned administrator of &c. of said deceased, at his place of residence in the town of Venice, County of Cayuga, N. Y., on or before the 25th day of May 1919.

Dated November 16, 1918.
 Oscar Tryon,
 Atty. for Administrator,
 New Metcalf Block,
 Auburn, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Thaddeus H. Corey, late of the town of Venice, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned administrator of &c. of said deceased at her place of residence, in the town of Venice, County of Cayuga, on or before the 1st day of June, 1919.

Dated November 7, 1918.
 Mabel A. Corey, Administratrix,
 Stuart R. Treat,
 Attorney for Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William E. Leonard, late of the town of Venice, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned administrators of &c. of said deceased, at the office of Lewis F. Leonard, 37 Genesee Street, in the City of Auburn, County of Cayuga, on or before the 9th day of February, 1919.

Dated July 25, 1918.
 Lawrence W. Leonard, Admin'rs.
 Lewis F. Leonard,
 Stuart R. Treat,
 Attorney for Administrators,
 11 Temple Court,
 Auburn, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Day F. Jaquett, late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned administrator of &c. of said deceased, at the office of his attorney, James J. Hosmer, No. 104 Metcalf Bldg., in the City of Auburn, County of Cayuga, on or before the 8th day of February, 1919.

Dated July 29, 1918.
 John G. Langham, Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William Fallon (also known as William Fallon) late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the executor of, etc., of said deceased, at his place of residence in the town of Genoa, County of Cayuga, on or before the 15th day of July, 1919.

Dated January 3, 1919.
 Arthur L. Loomis, Executor.
 Frederick B. Willis,
 Attorney for Executor,
 Auburn Savings Bank Bldg.,
 Auburn, N. Y.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MORAVIA, NEW YORK. To Elmer Delap, Mary E. Whiting, Lida G. Deap, Effie Putnam, Ellen D. Finch, Alice D. Tibbits, William Utter, Elizabeth Green, George Utter, Taylor Utter, Nelia Holles, Fred Utter, Wanda McElroy, Raymond O. Melendy, Royal L. Melendy, Linda M. Gregory, Jeyen McCune, Robert Arnold, Lizzie Y. Harris, Otis Kinne, William P. VanWinkle, executor of, etc., of Lyman Melendy, deceased, The First Congregational Church and Society of Moravia, N. Y., Indian Mound Cemetery Association of Moravia, N. Y.

Upon the petition of S. Edwin Day, of Moravia, New York, the executor of her Will, you are hereby cited to show cause before the Surrogate's Court of Cayuga County at the Court House in the City of Auburn on the 4th day of February, 1919, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, why a decree should not be granted admitting to probate an instrument in writing dated the 29th day of November, 1911, purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Elizabeth F. Pierce, late of the town of Moravia, in said County, deceased, which relates to both real and personal estate, and an alleged codicil thereto, dated the 8th day of December, 1915, and another codicil dated Sept. 2, 1916.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the seal of our said Surrogate's Court to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Walter E. Woodin, Surrogate of the County of Cayuga, at the Surrogate's office in the City of Auburn this 27th day of December, 1918.

JAMES F. RICH,
 Clerk of the Surrogate's Court

S. EDWIN DAY,
 Attorney and Petitioner,
 Office and P. O. Address,
 Moravia, N. Y.

THE Merchants who advertise in this paper will give you best values for your money.

"DER TAG" FOR BRITISH FLEET IS FULL OF HUMAN INTEREST

Witness' Story of U-Boat Surrender Makes Greatest Naval Historical Incident a Thrilling Narrative of Retribution That Appeals Strongly—No Signs of Any Change in German Discipline.

New York.—The most remarkable incident of this remarkable war has been its coincidence, says a correspondent of the New York Sun who witnessed the surrender of the first U-boat to the British navy on a tense November morning when through the gray mists of the North sea came creeping the first score of U-boats to surrender to the British navy at the port rails of the destroyer, H. M. S. Melampus.

The setting for the last act of the terrible sea drama of this century was fitting—a still morning with the mists fast breaking, a forlorn silver moon lingering, though the red sun was coming through in the east. Above the heads was a patch of green and blue sky, and the North sea lay with hardly a ruffle, gray with a hint of gold, like the pulsation of a hidden light.

A British light cruiser—one of the newest—with destroyers on either flank headed in the line of surrender. Two German hospital ships used as transports—the Sierra Ventant and the Titania—followed them. One after another, long low phantoms, some white, some dappled, some black, came out of the mist, their crews standing on deck like a black fence, no colors showing and no sound.

After some maneuvers the procession stopped and before us lay seven submarines, with others out of vision. The sun had grown stronger and the light cruisers and destroyers were picked out in white in their beautiful subtle shapes against the grayness, Admiral Tyrwhitt's flagship, with its yellow flag, in the chief position.

As one looked at the destroyer carrying the British submarine commanders and crews who were to take over the German submarines the British ships seemed to form a circle, and everywhere one turned there was a British white ensign at the peak. The British ships, too, had stopped and seemed to lie expectantly watching the final event.

As one gazed in the silence, this circle of white ensigns and silent ships and the sense of everything focussed on these low, strange marine shapes, hardly out of the sea, was thrilling. To a spectator, the flags seemed as eternal as the hills that looked down on Childé-Roland at the hour of his fate. But when the German submarine navy came to its dark tower today there was no bugle blast. The event was accomplished with English decorum and German stolidity.

One Captain Even Wept.

One German commander protested against navigating his vessel into harbor, and his protest was recorded, and he navigated his ship into harbor. Another commander broke down as he left his ship and could not conceal his tears. Another, when the British commander went on board, was unable to speak for a minute, and had to signal to a subordinate to carry on. The commander of the first submarine which the British boarded took his Iron Cross from his neck and ground it under his heel. Some of the submarines were left bare below. Others left sextant, compass, glasses and many articles. In one submarine a melodeon was left as if Germany had no more songs to play. One man left his ship with his guitar under his arm.

As we first caught sight of the submarine our destroyer was crowded with the young British submarine commanders and their crews in a state of exhilaration and high frequency. Only the day before the captain of the Melampus had been decorated with the Distinguished Service order for an exploit against a submarine eighteen months back. His delight at the scene before his eyes was indescribable. And nobody can indicate what it meant in general to these men when they beheld the vessels before them they had sought for through privations and fastings and dangers as knights did for the thing they love. The sensation was much the same when the event was accomplished. Said one of them: "If it had only been a month ago."

I have heard the phrase about eyes dancing, but I never saw the fact till then. One of them turned to me and said: "You don't realize the humiliation of it. Fancy throwing in your hand like that. Now if it had been a scrap! It must be terrible for that bunch."

Many officers seemed to feel that side of it. They knew what it meant to have a submarine and they knew what pride of the sea meant. They

could understand what the German officers felt. Afterward, when the Germans were on board our destroyer and you saw their faces plainly, and they saw the British navy face to face, that sight was overpowering. The men felt it too.

"You could feel sorry for these poor blighters if they had been destroyer men—but these—"

This destroyer was probably typical of the destroyer class.

Spoke of it as "Der-Tag." One of the British submarine commanders, who spoke of this as "Der Tag," as nearly all of them did (one of them called it "Der Tag Nacht Der Tage"—"the day after the day"), said that he would not forget this day. "It is the anniversary of the day a year ago when they did down my brother."

Among the party on the Melampus was the captain of an Atlantic liner who had been sailing through the "tin fish" since the war began and who had had a great liner, the apple of his eye, torpedoed in the Mediterranean when carrying nearly 3,000 troops, of which he had lost 140.

It was appropriate surely that the mercantile marines who had fought these U-boats that now lay helpless before us all through the four terrible years should have been present at the death. All the appalling tales of heroism and death and suffering in the annals of the merchant service seemed to come to a head in the sight of these low ships on this day of days. Anchored in a wide line, several miles in extent, our little gray motorboat went dancing across the sunlit water. Each trip we carried four British submarine commanders and their crews. Each time a pretty similar scene was enacted.

The ceremony was not like the ceremony when Nelson's captains took over an enemy ship. The English commander invariably saluted as he went on board and the German acknowledged the salute, and in reply to a request for his papers handed over a Hue tracing of his vessel or other technical papers, and gave its number—hitherto strictly withheld.

After the Germans came into the harbor, were taken off the submarines and were taken back to their own transports on two destroyers, one of which was the vessel I was on—the H. M. S. Melampus—the officers came over the sides, saluted and there the ceremony ended. The guard was mounted forward and aft to prevent intercourse with the British crew, but that was hardly necessary. The comments of the crew were very unfavorable and chiefly turned on Lewis guns and bombs.

"Look at them Iron Crosses! What did they get them Iron Crosses for? For doin' down sailor men and women and children—the Belgian Prince, Landoverly Castle! That's the sort of thing for the Iron Crosses they're wagging about. Look at them!"

Very Strange Sight.

When some of the men looked with an attempt at superciliousness at the crew that had clustered aft one of our men replied by pointing meaningfully to a depth charge on the side. The German submarine men knew well what that meant in the past. It was a very strange sight, the German officers and men on the British destroyer gazing across a few yards of space to the British seamen gazing at them. What waves of will and heart must have passed back and forward in that crowded boat, what pages of racial history!

There was no sign of any change in German discipline. The officers were as one expected and the men were as one expected; everything the officers commanded was immediately obeyed. There was no sign of civilian committees, except that there were two men in civilian clothes on the bridge of the Titania. Strangely enough, there were two similar figures on the bridge of the British Melampus, two shabby-looking journalists. And so again the Wolff bureau can lift its witching voice and tell the despondent Hun the British sailors' soviet was in command of the boarding operations.

The Germans all smoked all the time. The officers smoked cigars, the men cigarettes and pipes. The officers were notably well dressed, most of them wearing starched linen, white collars and shirts. Cigar cases were passed round ostentatiously. It was surmised that the Germans had mobilized their best clothes—most of them changed on the submarines into their No. 1 clothes before leaving—and all the best tobacco they could get in order to impress us with the conditions in Germany. If this is so, it was a most grotesque and almost a most pitiable incident in the German tragedy.

The last event of the day was seeing the German submarines, now purged of their crews, lying in bunches of three securely moored in the inner harbor of Harwich.

It was growing dark and their curious ghastly shapes recalled other ghosts—ghosts of women and children and merchant seamen—pallid, blood-lace faces floating onto the

Chicken Thief Spends Ten Years in Jail

Pittsburgh, Pa.—Of the last fourteen years Andy Pastor has spent ten of them in the workhouse because he is unable to keep out of other people's chicken coops. He appeared in court again the other day, charged with chicken stealing, and was given two more years.

LIKE LONDON'S SEA WOLF

Whaling Steamship Halcyon Drifts Into Storm-Swept Waters of Arctic and Disappears.

Seattle, Wash.—Like the "Sea Wolf," made famous in Jack London's writings and the ship from which he gained the inspiration for his stirring stories of the northern seas, the famous whaling steamship Halcyon has drifted into the storm-swept waters of the Arctic ocean and disappeared.

Having outlived her usefulness and performed her part in furnishing the world with a masterful romance of the sea, the Halcyon slipped her anchor while lying at Akutan, in the Aleutian islands, was driven to sea before a stiff gale and her destruction is believed to have been certain. No one was aboard her.

It was in the same part of the world that the blind captain's Sea Wolf was wrecked. The Halcyon was built in San Francisco in 1887 and in her varied career has plied in the South sea trade and has been a member of the northern whaling fleet for years. Jack London cruised the Arctic ocean aboard her and this adventure gave him the atmosphere and foundation for his famous story of the "Sea Wolf."

HAS 300 STORM PHOTOGRAPHS

State Meteorologist of Kansas Has Largest Collection Outside of Weather Bureau in Washington.

Topeka, Kan.—S. D. Flora, state meteorologist of Kansas, has what is said to be the largest collection of photographs of tornadoes, cyclones and dust storms of any weather bureau in the United States, outside of the Washington (D. C.) office. He has some 300 photographs in his collection, most of them of Kansas storms.

Among them are the Omaha (Neb.) storm of March, 1913; the Elmot (Kan.) tornado of June, 1917; the Great Bend (Kan.) cyclone of November, 1915; the Coffeyville cyclone of 1917, and the tornado at Garfield park here in June, 1917. One of the photos shows 1,200 dead sheep, another the side of a house blown away and not a single thing missing from the rooms, and a church completely destroyed except the steeple.

He also has a number of curios. One is a flour sack blown from Great Bend to Lincoln, Kan., more than 125 miles.

TO BE GIVEN HONOR ROLLS

Parents of Heroes From California to Be Given Testimonial of State's Gratitude.

San Francisco.—One of the recommendations of the advisory war cabinet, the state council of defense has decided to prepare a scroll with the best possible engraving and on the best parchment, to present to the families of all California boys who have given their lives for their country in the war. It is to be signed by Gov. William D. Stephens and Director Charles C. Moore, and is to bear suitable phrases conveying in some measure California's gratitude and sympathy.

PROUD OF DECORATIONS



At the Lafayette house, which was formerly notorious as the Deutscher Verein and the resort of Count von Bernstorff, and which has now been converted into an officers' rest hospital, the men who have been wounded on the other side are recuperating. There are many wounded officers there at the present time and the capacity of the Lafayette house, according to present estimates, is about 100 men. The French officer in the photo has three decorations and they are being admired by the wounded American soldier who is proudly wearing the

WILL DANUBE FEDERATION BE FORMED?

The dismemberment of Austria has revived the idea of a Danube federation along the lines urged by Kossuth in the middle of the nineteenth century. According to the Hungarian patriot the states bordering on the Danube river had common interests economically and for the most part racially, and should federalize. The present movement toward a union of the new states forming from the disrupted Hapsburg monarchy has hardly assumed any



definite shape, but has been discussed at Paris among the various representatives assembling for the peace conferences from the Balkan region and to the north.

Among the states grouping themselves racially as members of the Slavic group are Poland, Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slavia, the latter including Serbia, Montenegro, Herzegovina, Croatia, Bosnia and Slavonia.

Roumania and Hungary, while not of the Slavic race, would be expected to join the proposed federation for political reasons. Bulgaria also would be invited to join as soon as the Sofia government had met the conditions imposed by the peace conference.

Geographically such a union of states would form a barrier between Russia and Germany, through central Europe, from the Baltic to the waters of the Mediterranean and Black seas.

The above map only approximates the boundaries of the new states, as conflicting claims and local clashes are changing the unsettled frontiers.

WILL REFOREST DENUDED FRANCE

American Forestry Association Will Aid in Planting Million and Half Acres.

RIDSDALE CARRIES THE SEED

Secretary of Association Takes Only Douglas Fir Seed to Be Had in This Country to Offer to France.

Washington.—A little bag containing all the Douglas fir seed to be had in this country has gone to France to be offered to the French government as a help in reforesting France. P. S. Ridsdale, the secretary of the American Forestry association is in charge of the project. There are 50,000 seeds and the value of the trees will be about \$1,000,000.

The American Forestry association is urging the planting of memorial trees in honor of the sailors and soldiers, and the suggestion is being adopted all over the country. The idea is to plant trees along motor highways, in connection with any memorials being planned, and in streets and avenues being named for war heroes. The association of which Charles Lathrop Pack is president urges the planting of a tree in honor of the man who offered his life to his country also.

Many Organizations Help. "In collecting the seed that France will want," said Mr. Ridsdale before sailing, "the members of our association, the forestry departments of the various states, the boy scouts and other organizations will be called upon to help.

"A million and a quarter acres of forest in the north and east of France have been practically wiped out during the war. They were cut down by the contending armies for use in trench building, for barracks, for roads, for Y. M. C. A. and hospital buildings or were blasted to pieces by shell fire. But the sacrifice was not in vain, for the great defensive value of the forests materially aided France and her allies in checking the German drives and saving more of France from invasion by the Huns.

"The service which the American Forestry association and its members will consider an honor to perform is to aid in the restoration of these forests which France had to sacrifice under the pressure of war, for no war has ever made such a call upon the forest materials. A million French people

and the French government faces a great economic problem in providing them with resources for sustaining themselves until the forests are restored."

Memorial Tree Plan.

In St. Louis, Park Commissioner Cunliff is going to plant memorial trees along the famous Lindell boulevard. An "avenue of the allies" lined with trees in honor of the allied nations is one suggestion coming from some cities adopting the memorial tree plan. Another plan being worked out is for the planting of memorial trees along the transcontinental motor highways by the various counties through which such highways pass. The Lincoln Highway association has taken up this plan. In Louisiana memorial trees are to be planted, one every 40 feet, along the Jefferson highway in that state. This is the highway that leads to Winnsboro, and the slogan is "From Pine to Palm."

In many parts of the country churches are to plant memorial trees in honor of the members who fell in battle.

SHY ON JUDGING POLICEMEN

Among Others, Chief Appointed Army Deserter, Blackmailer and Perfectly Good Burglar.

Portland, Ore.—Chief of Police Johnson of Portland was formerly a circus man, and so he ought to be able to size up people. But the chief appears to have lost this gift when it comes to picking policemen.

The chief has appointed, among others, one army deserter who also served six months for larceny; one man who was so kindly disposed toward evildoers that he merely took a gun away from a hold-up artist and then let the yegg walk away; one perfectly good burglar, who was caught red-handed robbing a drug store on his beat, and one moderately successful blackmailer.

The efficiency board of the police bureau has recommended the removal of these men. The burglar is now serving a year in jail.

ASKED TO PAY FINE IN EGGS

Two Dozen Eggs Is Penalty Imposed on New York Man for Keeping Chickens in Yard.

New York.—Anthony Burnish was fined \$2 and costs by Magistrate Robert C. Ten Eyck, in the West side court for keeping chickens in his back yard.

"If I fine you the price of two dozen eggs," said the magistrate. As soon as he heard the sentence Burnish opened a basket and showed two dozen eggs.

"Will you take these as my fine?" he asked. "Not unless there is some one else who wants to buy eggs," answered

PROSPERITY ERA IS SEEN FOR U.S.

Dye-Making and Building Trade to Help Boom Whole Nation.

GREAT ACTIVITY EXPECTED

War Industries Centers Show Remarkable Speed in the Transition From Munition Manufacture to Peaceable Pursuits.

New York.—Resumption of peacetime pursuits, with the addition of new industries, such as dye-making and the boom expected in the building trades, will carry the United States at once into a period of great activity, according to reports gathered by the United Press.

When restrictions on building trades are fully raised and the need for manufactured and raw materials in Europe becomes keenly felt, business depression which may result from the stopping of war work will be rapidly overcome, it is believed.

Representatives of industry in 34 states, just concluding a conference of the advisory committee of the national council for industrial defense here, declare the nation is on the eve of "good times," with jobs a-plenty for returning soldiers and men and women thrown out of work in munition plants.

Get Back to Peace Pursuits.

Reports from Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Delaware, New Jersey, Virginia, Ohio and other war industries centers showed remarkable speed in the transition from munitions manufacture to peaceable pursuits. Dye factories of huge dimensions have been built by the Du Pont interests to take the place of producing plants which made new cities in several sections.

Philadelphia reported a surplus of jobs, with returning soldiers and munition makers being greedily snapped up. Steel plants at Harrisburg, Pittsburgh and other centers are rapidly returning to the manufacture of building, bridge and other nonwar steel.

Wisconsin's plants are being shut down, for the most part, but about 18 per cent of them have been transformed into dye works.

Indiana is turning back to the building of automobiles.

Detroit, industrial center of Michigan, is gradually returning to old-time pursuits, with automobile manufacturing leading.

Ohio reported a surplus of men, but at least fifty returning soldiers are being put to work each day in Cleveland.

New England and New York are absorbing returning soldiers and discharged munition workers with no difficulty.

About one-sixth the normal number of persons are now employed at the huge plants at Hopewell, Seven Pines and Penniman, Va.

Nitrate Plant Continues.

The big United States nitrate plant at Mussel Shoals, Ala., will continue in operation and the surplus nitrates probably will be used in the manufacture of fertilizer. A war department committee will decide what is to be done with the powder plant at Nashville.

Labor officials in Ohio believe many women will leave their work soon, pointing out that they took it up mainly for patriotic reasons.

In this state many government contracts have not been canceled and work is going ahead.

BOYS HAVE BETTING FEVER

Experience of Cincinnati Youths Convinces Them They Were Up Against Poor Propodition.

Cincinnati, O.—Byron Nell and John Mick, Cincinnati boys, were walking past a hardware store. They had a betting fever and Nell bet Mick that he could wheel him around the square before the proprietor of the hardware store would miss the automobile. The bet was taken up and the joy ride started. Nell lost the bet, because they had gone only half a square when the proprietor and a policeman were on deck. Judge Yeatman charged them the costs and advised them that they were betting on a poor proposition.

AIRPLANE CROSSES THE SEA

Army Aviator Makes Announcement That Successful Transatlantic Trip Has Been Made.

Atlanta, Ga.—That an airplane flight has already been successfully made across the Atlantic by an American naval aviator was the announcement made in Atlanta by Lieut. A. H. Johnson, army aviator from Payne Field, Miss. The lieutenant did not have detailed information nor did he know the name of the aviator, but said the transatlantic flight had been in wartime and had been concealed by the government. It was becoming a matter of common discussion in aviation circles now, Lieutenant Johnson said.

Big Sanding Park.

Essexport, Me.—Exactly 1,000,000 cases of sardines were packed in Maine factories during the season just

Boy Convinces Father He Can Make Good

Oak Park, Ill.—In order to convince his father that he can make good on a business proposition, Stephen Horton, son of Benjamin F. Horton, wealthy citizen of this village, has taken to shining shoes, making \$10 a week. He is "collecting the change" to see whether any

NEW YORK NEWS ITEMS IN BRIEF.

Paragraphs of Interest to Readers of Empire State.

Interesting News of All Kind Gathered From Various Points in the State and So Reduced in Size That It Will Appeal to All Classes of Readers.

A press club has been organized in Jamestown.

Wilson's home defense will be discharged soon.

Buffalo will probably have another federal judge.

Erie county farmers are in favor of marketing reforms.

Canandaigua wants \$20,000 to complete its harbor wall.

Lockport's battalion of the home defense has been mustered out.

Company C of the state guard will probably be retained in Corning.

R. Lee Edmunds of Benton is chairman of the Yates county supervisors.

Corning will extend its territorial limits by means of a revised charter.

Rochester is encouraging the formation of a state body of shoe retailers.

Rochester's park department has been presented with a mammoth wasp nest.

A big meteor fell to the south of Hornell, illuminating the sky in its flight.

Seneca Falls is going to have a real up-to-date hotel in place of the Hoag House.

There will be a big parade in Buffalo as a feature of the welcome to the soldiers.

B. W. Brace is the new president of the Orleans county Sheep Breeders' association.

The U. S. treasury has granted a charter to the Jamestown Liberty National bank.

Mrs. John Sebastian, aged 100 years and five months, died at Boonville, Oneida county.

New York state breeders will hold their annual meeting in Buffalo on Jan. 29, 30 and 31.

The state department of agriculture has again failed to collect penalty in Niagara county for the alleged violation of the apple-grading law.

Mrs. Joseph C. White and Mrs. Thomas J. Cummings, the first women to be added to the Dunkirk board of education, have taken their seats with that body.

Loss, reaching \$75,000, was occasioned by fire that destroyed the plant of the Warsaw-Wilkinson company, maker of structural steel. The building was a frame structure, 100 by 40 feet.

President Grant of the Geneva chamber of commerce has requested Congressman Gould to secure for Geneva two or more of the abandoned German guns to be placed on the armory lawn.

The Livingston county branch of the Dairymen's League at a meeting in Genesee, took action to prevent milk from that county reaching New York and being used to break the strike of the league.

The state fair commission organized in Albany by electing Lieutenant Governor Harry Walker as president and George L. Blodgett of Cooperstown as race secretary. The dates for the fair this year were fixed for Sept. 8 to 13.

Governor Smith has announced the appointment of Frank M. Bradley of Appleton, Niagara county, as a trustee of the New York Agricultural Experiment station at Geneva. Mr. Bradley is a former member of the assembly.

Governor Smith, in a special message to the legislature, recommended the speedy enactment of legislation which would abolish the state department of narcotic drug control. The department was created by the legislature of 1918.

It is definitely announced that the Shultz factory at Gowanda, recently burned, will be rebuilt at once, and in the meantime contracts have been transferred to the Cory plant and there will be only a slight interruption in the business.

The public service commission has allowed George Bullock, receiver of the Buffalo & Lake Erie Traction company, to increase the rate of fare to three cents a mile on interurban cars during the war and six months thereafter, to go into effect Jan. 27.

Believing that there is too much difference between the price paid to the producers of milk and that obtained from the consumers, Dr. William G. Dodds of Canandaigua, himself a producer, is an advocate of municipal supervision of milk distribution.

Robert E. Dowling, chairman of Governor Smith's recently appointed milk commission, granted another extension of the "final" conference of that body in the house that New York's milk "strike" could be settled amicably by the Dairymen's League and the distributing companies.

Jose G. Phillips, state superintendent of insurance, announced in New York the appointment of William Smith as actuary in charge of the Dairymen's compensation rate bureau of the New York Insurance department to succeed Harwood K. Ryan.

An order discontinuing the suit of former Governor Charles S. Whitman for a recount of ballots in the gubernatorial elections last November, in which Alfred E. Smith was elected, was signed by Supreme Court Justice Hendrick. No costs will be assessed on either side.

Sheriff Nolton of Steuben county may boast of having been first in the field to appoint a woman deputy sheriff. Mrs. Theresa Doane of Hornell has been given a deputy's badge by the new sheriff and has assumed the duties of the position. Mrs. Doane will act also as Hornell's police woman.

United States Senator Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma, chairman of the senate agricultural committee, addressed the New York State Agricultural society in Albany urged its members to organize, saying that when the farmers are well organized "you will see the politician's hand go to his ear."

The annual State Grange will be held in Lockport, Feb. 4 to 7. President John F. Symes of the board of commerce has appointed a committee to act in conjunction with the Niagara County Farm bureau to arrange a program. Eight hundred delegates are expected. Of this number 450 have already made reservations.

Governor Smith in a proclamation set Sunday, Feb. 9, as Roosevelt Memorial day. He requested that commemorative exercises be held by the legislature and by the people and organizations throughout the state generally to "do honor to one who was governor of this state and president of the United States."

The Western Union Telegraph company hereafter must deliver to the addressee a copy of a telegram previously telephoned, in accordance with a ruling made by the public service commission as a result of the hearing held on the complaint of commercial bodies in several cities of the state including Buffalo, Batavia and Niagara Falls.

Lieutenant Colonel Charles White Berry of Brooklyn, who was second in command of the 105th infantry at the breaking of the Hindenburg line, has been appointed adjutant general of the state by Governor Smith. He succeeds Charles H. Sherrill, who resigned last year. Since that time Maj. E. J. Westcott has been acting adjutant general.

The state fair commission has named Commissioner Harry K. Williams of Dunkirk to designate the departments at the exposition, which will be held Sept. 8 to 13. Upon the recommendation of the Chautauque county farm bureau, the commission will ask the legislature to appropriate \$250,000 for a horticultural building on the grounds at Syracuse.

Nearly 10,000 victims of Spanish influenza and pneumonia were burned in the cemeteries of the borough of Queens during 1918, according to the records of the board of health in that borough. It had been estimated that the epidemic cost only 10,000 lives in the entire city of New York. Queens is next to the smallest of the five boroughs in the greater city.

So far as Angelica is concerned, the milk strike remains unsettled. A few farmers continue to deliver to the local Borden plant, but most of them deliver to the league factory, recently bought from James A. Hogue, a former cheesemaker of Angelica whom the same farmers deserted two years ago to deliver their product to the Borden. It is said that Mr. Hogue secured a good price from the league for plant.

The women voters' anti-suffrage league wired opposition to the Graves resolution to ask New York State's representatives in the national legislature to vote for the federal suffrage amendment, to Senator Sage and Assemblyman Welch, who opposed passage of the resolution in the respective houses. The messages are signed by Mrs. Charles S. Fairchild, president, and Mrs. Frances Cleveland Preeton.

Corporation tax receipts for the first half of last year aggregated nearly \$15,000,000, Comptroller Travis announced in Albany. Only once before during any similar period in the state's history, according to the comptroller's records, has the treasury received anywhere near this mass of revenue from corporate taxation or from any other separate tax raising device—\$17,417,063 being collected in 1917 against \$14,809,590 received since July 1.

A flock of blooded sheep, owned by W. V. Hamilton, of Caledonia, was recently worried by dogs which killed and wounded 20 of the animals. One of the dogs was killed, and the peculiar actions among the sheep, who fought one another, bunted their heads against fences and frothed at the mouth, resulted in a veterinary being called. He examined the dog and several of the sheep and decided that the sheep had taken rabies from the dog.

That New York state will have approximately 400,000 automobiles by the end of next year is the prediction of Francis M. Hugo, secretary of state, and who by virtue of his official position, is the head of the world's largest motor vehicle bureau. Mr. Hugo looks forward to a year of unparalleled business in motoring circles, basing his prediction on reports which have reached him from many of the larger concerns and likewise from motoring talk that drifts into the New York, Albany and Buffalo bureaus.

WM. B. HISLOP & CO.

AUBURN, N. Y.

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Brick Church	9.00	17.00
Cato	12.00	23.00
Camillus	9.00	17.00
Cayuga	5.00	9.00
Clyde	12.00	23.00
Cascade	9.00	17.00
Ensenore	7.00	13.00
Fleming	4.00	7.00
Fair Haven	20.00	38.00
Geneva	15.00	29.00
Groton	18.00	35.00
Genoa	13.00	25.00
Halfway	8.00	15.00
Half Acre	3.00	6.00
Levanna	9.00	17.00
Locke	15.00	29.00
Lake Ridge	19.00	37.00
Lyons	15.00	29.00
Montezuma	8.00	15.00
Marcellus	8.00	15.00
Martville	17.00	33.00
Moravia	12.00	23.00

As a special inducement for out-of-town trade to come to Auburn during this sale, we will refund the fares to those patrons who come from any of the towns herein listed, provided their purchases amount to the sum designated above.

WHOLE STORE PARTICIPATES IN THIS SALE

- COATS
- SUITS
- DRESSES
- WAISTS
- SEPARATE SKIRTS
- SWEATERS
- MILLINERY
- DRESS GOODS
- SILKS
- CORSETS
- RIBBONS
- LACES
- UMBRELLAS
- SUIT CASES
- TRAVELING BAGS
- TOILET ARTICLES
- NOTIONS
- GLOVES
- HANDKERCHIEFS
- HOSIERY
- KNIT UNDERWEAR
- MEN'S FURNISHINGS
- LINENS
- WASH GOODS
- MUSLIN UNDERWEAR
- NECKWEAR
- UPHOLSTERY
- LINOLEUMS
- CHINAWARE
- CUT GLASS

Women's Dresses

Women's Dresses in Silk, Silk Poplin and Serge, in all the new spring shades, \$10.00 and up
 Women's Dress Skirt materials, silk, poplin and serge, in plaids, stripes and solid colors, price from \$3.50 up to \$18.50
 Women's Waist materials, embroidered Voiles, striped percale and Madras, sale price 98c
 Women's Waist material, silk messaline and georgette crepe, sale price, each \$3.50

Muslin Underwear

Ladies' Muslin Drawers with tucked ruffle, sale price 39c
 Ladies' Chemise, lace and embroidery trimmed, \$1.39 value 98c
 Ladies' long white skirt with deep flounce of lace and embroidery, with dust ruffle, sale price 98c
 Ladies' outing flannel gowns in white only, \$1.75 value \$1.10
 Percale house dresses in small sizes only, \$1.25 value 89c
 Band gingham aprons, 79c value, sale price 65c
 Percale dressing sacques, all sizes, 75c value, sale price 48c
 Corset covers, lace and embroidery trimmed 21c
 Muslin gowns, slipover styles, lace and embroidery trimmed 75c
 Ladies' short white skirts, sale price 89c
 Ladies' flannelette skirts in dark stripes only, 89c value 59c
 Ladies' outing flannel gowns in white and colors, all sizes, \$2.50 values, sale price \$1.75
 Percale house dresses in all sizes, values up to \$1.75 98c
 Percale kimonos aprons in light colors, 89c values 69c

Silk Dress Goods

Rivera tub silks, 36 inches wide, fancy stripes and fast colors, 50c values, sale price, yard 32c
 Crepe de chine, silk and cotton, 36 inches wide, all colors and black, 75c value, yard 59c
 Chiffon wash silks, 36 inches wide, fast colors in every wanted shade, 75c values, yard 50c
 Two season lining satin, 36 in. wide, guaranteed for two seasons, \$1.50 value, yard \$1.25
 Black Chiffon Taffeta, 36 inches wide, all pure silk, extra fine quality, \$1.69 value, yard \$1.39
 Crepe de chine, 40 in. wide, all pure silk, full range colors \$1.75
 Fancy mixed suitings, 34 in. wide, large assortment of 39c values, sale price, yard 25c
 Half wool suitings, all colors and black, 69c values, yard 50c
 All wool Henriettas, 36 inches wide, large assortment of colors, including fast navys, \$1.00 values, yard 75c
 All wool storm serge, 36 inches wide, extra heavy quality, all colors and black, \$1.25 value, sale price, yard 90c
 All wool storm serge, 44 inches wide, sponged and shrunk all colors and black, \$1.75 value, yard \$1.50
 All wool storm serge, 54 in. wide sponged and shrunk, all colors and black, \$2.75 value, yard \$2.00
 Wool Henriettas, 36 in. wide, in garnet, brown, tan, blue and grey, 50c value, sale price, yard 39c
 Black wool voile, 45 inches wide, extra heavy for separate skirt, \$1.00 values, sale price, yard 50c
 All wool kumfy kloth coatings, 54 inches wide, all colors, \$3.00 value, sale price, yard \$2.00
 R. PRIESTLEY & CO. Mohairs, Serges, Tussah Royals and Poplins, formerly the J. W. Rice Stock, at 25% less than cost price.

SOAPS

Good Toilet Soaps, large cakes, 5c
 Good Castile Soap, large cakes, sale price 8c
 Olivella Soap, cake 9c
 Babcock's Corylopsis Talcum Powder, box 15c

CORSETS R AND B

Front Lace Corsets, sizes 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, \$1.25 values, sale price 59c
 One lot sample corsets, \$1.25 values, sale price 75c

BIG REDUCTION ON ALL MAKES OF CORSETS DURING THIS SALE.

MILLINERY

Ladies' Hats trimmed and untrimmed at a big reduction.

NEW IDEA PATTERNS

Monthly Magazines, mailed to your home, 1 year for \$1.00

WE WILL PAY YOUR FARE TO THIS GREAT SALE FROM

	Fare One Way	Fare Both Ways
Mapleton	4.00	8.00
Merrifield	8.00	15.00
Myers	12.00	23.00
Number One	8.00	15.00
Owasco	5.00	10.00
Oakwood	3.00	6.00
Port Byron	6.00	11.00
Poplar Ridge	10.00	19.00
Sterling	19.00	37.00
Sennett	4.00	8.00
Skaneateles Jct.	5.00	10.00
Skaneateles	4.00	8.00
Skaneateles Falls	5.00	10.00
Seneca Falls	8.00	15.00
Savannah	10.00	19.00
Sherwood	8.00	15.00
Scipioville	8.00	15.00
Throop	3.00	6.00
Union Springs	6.00	11.00
Venice Center	10.00	19.00
Waterloo	10.00	19.00
Weedsport	7.00	13.00
Wyckoff	5.00	9.00
Willetts	14.00	27.00

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RIBBONS

At Sale Prices

Fancy Ribbons, 5 1/4 inches wide, all silk Dresdens and fancy stripes, yard 32c
 One lot all silk ribbons, 6 and 7 inches wide, all new patterns, yard 35c

YARNS

At Sale Price

Best Knitting Worsted in black and grey, skein 95c
 Shetland floss yarns, ball 29c
 Angorina yarn, ball 10c
 One lot silkateen, ball 3c
 Barbour's best linen thread, spool 10c
 Aunt Lydia's linen finished thread, spool 9c
 Dragon thread, all numbers, 3 spools for 10c
 Best six cord sewing thread, spool 4c

G. M. C.

Crochet Cotton in white and colors, all numbers, ball 9c

SILKS

Silko Crochet Cotton, in white and colors, ball 9c
 Clark's Mill end Crochet Cotton, all numbers, ball 8c

GOOD SILK

thread, all colors, 50-yd. spools, 4c; 100-yard spools at 8c

HUMAN HAIR SWITCHES

In all shades, 32 inches long, \$5.98 values, sale price \$4.98

UMBRELLAS

Ladies' Umbrellas with rain-proof cover, paragon frame and...