The Genoa Tribune.

VOL XXVI NO. 44 — Genoa, New York, Friday Morning, May 25, 1917. — Emma A. Waldo

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Homœopathist and Surgeon, Genoa, N. Y
Special attention given to diseases of women and children, Cancer removed without pain by escharotic. Office at residence

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Regular trip every thirty days.

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the Optometrist is now located at
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next to the H. R. Wait Co., opposite the Trolley Ticket Office.
Eyes Examined, Glasses Fitted, Broken Lenses Duplicated.

Agrigraphs.

For speeding up agricultural production the cheapest and quickest agency is lime.

Keep stock off the pasture until the grass has had a chance to get a good start. It will be better for grass and for stock.

In some western states the farmers are buying ordinary navy beans from their grocer to put into the ground instead of into the baked bean pot. New York has more than enough seed beans according to the State Food Supply Commission. If you don't know where to get them, ask your farm bureau agent.

Don't Have Catarrh

One efficient way to remove nasal catarrh is to treat its cause which in most cases is physical weakness. The system needs more oil and easily digested liquid-food, and you should take a spoonful of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

after each meal to enrich your blood and help heal the sensitive membranes with its pure oil-food properties.

The results of this *Scott's Emulsion* treatment will surprise those who have used irritating snuffs and vapors.

Get the Genuine SCOTT'S

From Nearby Towns.

North Lansing.

May 22—Mrs. Angeline Osmun suffered a slight shock Monday morning.

Mrs. Dennis Doyle and son Merton and Mrs. Howard Beardsley and daughter Camilla were in Ithaca Tuesday evening and attended the senior recital at Conservatory hall.

Mrs. Mary Sill of Genoa spent Friday with Mrs. Dorothy Wilcox.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Streeter and daughter Grace spent Sunday in Union Springs with the former's mother, Mrs. Chas. Richmond.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Warner and daughter Pearl and Mrs. Landard and Cora Pool of Ithaca recently visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Howell.

Clarence Small spent a few days in Ithaca last week.

The parcel post social held at the Grange hall Friday evening was well attended. Proceeds $26.

Mrs. Dana Singer is sick.

Mrs. Glenn Bacon, Mrs. Percy Haring, Mrs. Miles Lane, Mrs. May Darling, Mrs. Noble Keeney and three children and Miss Lena Hoagland were in Ithaca Saturday and attended the Giant Pageant in Cascadilla gorge.

Preparations are being made for the Memorial services to be held at the M. E. church on Memorial day at 2 o'clock. J. D. Bigelow of Ithaca will be the speaker and Philo Mead of Ithaca will sing.

Mrs. Harry Bower and Deforest Darling of Ludlowville spent Sunday with the latter's mother, Mrs. May P. Darling.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Huntoon of Shortsville are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Henry Carson. Mr. Huntoon expects to do the papering and painting of the Grange hall.

Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Tarbell.

Mrs. Isabella Kelley is quite poorly.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Divine of Venice are spending a few days with their cousin, Mrs. Sara Pierce, who remains about the same.

Sherwood.

May 22—Geo. Pattington, Sr., passed away Sunday evening, May 20, after a long illness with heart trouble and complications, aged 82 years. Funeral services will be held at his late home on Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Burial in Evergreen cemetery.

Miss Emily Howland and Miss Isabel Howland have gone to Clifton Springs sanitarium. Dr. Susan Otis accompanied them on the trip.

Dr. and Mrs. Greene and son of Buffalo are visiting Mrs. Greene's father, Stephen Otis.

Glenn Lane, who has been quite ill with liver and stomach trouble, is better so he walks out.

Ronald Sherman had the misfortune to sprain his ankle very badly in a friendly wrestling match with his cousin, Carlton Sherman. Dr. Hoxsie is in attendance.

Miss Emily Ellis, who is spending some time in Union Springs, visited her aunt, Mrs. Myron Swayze, over Sunday.

Sherwood Grange, No. 1,034, last Thursday evening held special memorial services for three members of the society who have died within the year. The chaplain, Mrs. Lola D. Gray, had charge of the service. Nearly the whole membership was present to honor their departed friends. The deceased were: James Neville, Mrs. William Manchester and Mrs. James Baker. A short necrology of the three deceased members with special music made the services most impressive one. The next meeting of the Grange will be held June 7 in the form of a musical in charge of Mrs. Frank Wood.

A Smile

Is a pretty hard thing to accomplish when you're "blue," bilious and "out of sorts." There is a sure relief for all stomach and liver complaints, constipation and dyspepsia. Dr. Herrick's Sugar-Coated Pills are mild, thorough, and effective in all cases. Try a box Price 25 cts. Sold by all dealers.

Five Corners.

May 14—H. B. Hunt and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hunt and daughter Ethel motored to Auburn last Saturday.

Dannie Moore motored to Auburn last Saturday. His mother, Mrs. James Hunter and Mr. Hunter accompanied him home and remained over Sunday.

Miss Pauline Chaffee with a young lady friend, both of Auburn, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Hollister and on Sunday Misses Jennie and Alberta Hollister with their guests were callers at Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gillow's.

Mrs. Oscar Hunt spent last Sunday afternoon with her sister, Mrs. John Palmer and family.

Wilbur Boles of Lansingville spent a part of last Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lester A. Boles.

Mrs. Walter Hunt attended church services here last Sunday for the first time in a good many weeks as she has been ill for a long time.

Miss Hattie Todd is spending the week with her brother, J. D. Todd, while Mrs. Todd is spending the week with her son, Howell Mosher, and daughter Florence Todd, at Ithaca.

The farmers are hustling to get their grain in while the sun shines. The ladies are also hustling at house cleaning, etc.

J. Burrows, who is traveling for an Ithaca firm, is at his home here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Hollister, accompanied by Miss Pauline Chaffee and her friend and Mrs. Jay R. Smith motored to Auburn this week Monday.

Mrs. Margaret Algard is at her home.

Henry Barger of Ludlowville spent Monday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Barger.

Mr. and Mrs. Major Palmer do not improve very fast, we are sorry to report.

Some people were out riding in their auto a day recently but the ride ended with a horse drawing the auto home.

Miss Harriet Hine of Ithaca and Miss Grace Stilson of Cortland were week-end guests at the home of Geo. L. Ferris and family.

William Minturn and his family of Ludlowville and Mrs. Lois Smith of King Ferry visited at the home of J. R. Smith Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Snushall visited Mrs. Tighe at Genoa last Saturday.

Arthur Counsell of King Ferry spent Sunday at the home of his sister, Mrs. E. C. Corwin.

F. E. Corwin and his family of Auburn were at their farm here last Saturday.

May 21—Dannie Moore spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Syracuse.

May 22—The weather is quite discouraging for the farmers. Some have their corn planted but more have not.

Mrs. Maria Kelley, who has been assisting in the care of John Davis, who underwent an operation recently at the home of his sister, Mrs. Robert Armstrong, returned to her home here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Hollister spent last week Tuesday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Brink at North Lansing.

The many friends of Mrs. Mazie Morey Anthony of Moravia are grieved to learn of her critical illness. This was her home for a period of years. We hope she may speedily recover.

Mrs. Wm. Frost of Ledyard came this week Monday afternoon with her auto for her sister, Mrs. W. L. Ferris, who accompanied her to her home. On Tuesday they made a business trip to Auburn. Mrs. R. B. Ferris was the housekeeper in her absence.

The remains of John Hollister, who died in Coxsackie a number of weeks ago, which were placed in a receiving vault, are to be brought here for burial soon.

We are pleased to note that Mrs. Chas. Bower has nearly recovered from her severe illness.

Mrs. Adelbert Alexander has been suffering from an attack of the grip.

George Miller of Millerton, Pa., spent Monday at the homes of Mr. and Mrs. Major Palmer and Mr. and Mrs. John Palmer.

Hazel Snyder spent last Saturday night and Sunday with her grandmother, Mrs. Emily Snyder, at the Forks of the Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. John Martlow, Mrs. Jane Mosher and Mr. Price, chauffeur, all of Auburn, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Barger making the trip in Mr. Martlow's new auto. Henry Barger of Ludlowville spent part of the day at the same place.

DeAlton Hunt and mother, Mrs. Oscar Hunt, accompanied by Mrs. John Palmer, Mrs. Lester Boles and Mrs. Albert Ferris motored to Fleming last Friday to attend the W. C. T. U. institute, which was in session that day and evening. They all report a grand meeting, and especially in the evening. The singing by a quartet of young men from Auburn was very fine and very highly appreciated.

Claude Palmer, trustee, has had the good luck to secure Miss Augusta VanDeBogart of Ithaca as teacher here. We congratulate him on securing her as we know she is a thorough teacher.

Well, what do you think of a man here having money to burn? But it was accidental, however, as he was burning old papers, and was lucky enough to find it.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Atwater of Paterson, N. J., spent a few days last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Atwater.

Miss Elizabeth Brown has returned to her home at E. O. Wager's at Belltown, after spending two weeks with friends in Ithaca and Newfield.

Jesse A. Burrows is very ill at this writing, threatened with pneumonia. Dr. Skinner is in attendance.

Education is a capital to a poor man and an interest to a rich man.—Horace Mann.

Ellsworth.

May 22—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Judge and fanily spent last Monday in Auburn.

Mrs. James O'Connell of Syracuse is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas O'Connell.

Mrs. Theodore Dillon is quite ill and is under the doctor's care.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Corey entertained Mr. and Mrs. Walter Corey and family and Mr. and Mrs. Thaddeus Corey on Sunday last.

Miss Edith Pine is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Mary Pine.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry White spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis.

William Streeter motored to Auburn Saturday.

Mrs. George Callahan spent last Wednesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Coiley.

Fred Ellis has returned here after spending the winter in Cleveland, Ohio.

William Beard has a new Ford.

Clinton Smith attended the circus in Auburn Saturday.

Nearly all the roads in this vicinity are being turn-piked.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles White, Mr. and Mrs. Harry White and Fred Maxwell motored to Osceola, Penn., where they spent the week-end with friends.

Elmer Dillon and son Theodore motored to Syracuse last Thursday.

Lake Ridge.

May 21—Assemblyman and Mrs. Casper Fenner returned last week to their home in Lake Ridge after spending the winter in Albany. Assemblyman Fenner entertained County Judge Kent and County Clerk Tarbell of Ithaca as his guests at the Joffre reception at Newburg.

Miss Ruth Purdy of Smithville has been engaged to teach the school the coming year. Miss Purdy is a sister of Mrs. William Davis of this place.

The friends of Miss Gladys Lobdell, formerly of this place, are pleased to learn of her successful operation for appendicitis. Miss Lobdell left the Ithaca City hospital Tuesday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Tracy Buchanan of Lansingville were Sunday (May 13) guests of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Slaght.

King Ferry.

May 19—John Fallon died Wednesday night, May 9, at the age of 80 years. He was one of the oldest residents of this place and had lived here for the last 60 years. Mr. Fallon was a veteran of the civil war, Company F, Angel's Battery, Heavy Artillery. He leaves besides his widow four daughters—Mrs. D. Boland, Mrs. P. Martin, Mrs. J. White, all of Ithaca; Mrs. E. T. Seaman of Washington, D. C.; three sons—John, Hugh and William of King Ferry.

Peter Cummings recently bought the John Nolan farm and has sold it to Mr. Barnett, who is now occupying it.

Mrs. Minnie Goydyear has returned home from Auburn where she has been spending the past three weeks with her daughter, Mrs. W. G. Ward, who has been very ill. Mrs. Ward is now in the Auburn City hospital, where she underwent an operation and is reported to be gaining.

Mrs. C. Avery spent Sunday with Charles Avery and family in Venice.

May 22—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Young, May 21, a daughter, Elizabeth Alice, weight 9 pounds.

Harold, youngest son of Thomas Turney, has been quite sick, also little Dorothy Young.

Mrs. E. S. Fessenden is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo McDermott and Miss Ellen McCormick of Auburn were in town Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Ruth Ford is assisting Mrs. Lyman Cook of Sherwood with the household duties; Miss Kathleen McCormick is at the home of Mrs. Fred Stilwell and Miss Emma Bartnik is at Mrs. Harvey Smith's.

Misses Sarah Goodyear and Grace Stewart are spending a few days at Seneca Falls and Waterloo.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brill were in Ithaca Monday.

Miss Madeline McCormick, who was taken ill Thursday night, was taken to the Auburn City hospital Friday night by Dr. Hatch where an operation for appendicitis was found necessary. She is doing nicely and her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.

Mrs. Wesley Ward, who recently underwent an operation at Auburn City hospital we are are glad to say is doing nicely. Her sister, who has been at her home for the past week, has returned to her home here.

Francis Callahan has purchased the residence of Mrs. C. L. Dennis on East Main St.

Dr. F. A. Dudley is quite poorly.

Mr. and Mrs. John Heller have moved into the house with Smith Reynolds, who is in very poor health.

A. C. Slarrow is now established in his new barber shop in the building known as the Peckham place, on the corner of East Main St., which he recently purchased.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH NOTES.

Sunday morning worship at 10:30. Sermon theme, "The Trial of Jesus Before the High-priest." Sunday school at 12.

Evening worship in the church at 7:30. Subject of the Christian Endeavor, "Financing the Kingdom;" Luke 19:11-26. Leader, Mrs. W. H. Perry. Christian Endeavor will be followed by the annual Memorial service. The people of the Ledyard Methodist church will unite with us in this service, and their pastor, Rev. Glen Brewster, will preach a Memorial sermon. While facing another war, let us attend this service in honor of the soldiers of the civil war.

Prayer meeting on Thursday at 7:30. Subject, "The Promise of Pentecost;" Acts 2:2-4.

Philathea class tea on Saturday afternoon, May 26, with Miss Lizzie Drake. Mission study at 2:30, followed by games.

The Ladies' Aid will hold its monthly tea in the chapel Thursday afternoon, May 31. —adv.

Men Drilling for National Preparedness
Get great comfort from the use of Allen's Foot-Ease. When shaken into the shoes it takes the friction from the shoes, freshens the feet and makes walking easy. Gives instant relief to tired, aching, swollen, tender feet, blisters and callouses. Also sprinkle it in the foot bath. British and French troops use it.

East Genoa.

May 23—A crazy social will be held at the home of C. F. Strong on Friday evening, June 1. An entertaining program will be given and light refreshments will be served. There will also be a parcel post sale. Everybody come. —adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Upson were guests a few days last week of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Richmond at Union Springs.

Misses Mildred Tupper and Clara Smith have returned to their homes from Moravia High school.

William S. Korts, aged 48 years, formerly of Buffalo, who has resided here since last fall, died this morning at 1:30 o'clock. He had been in ill health for several years, and death resulted from tuberculosis. Besides his wife he leaves a daughter, Mrs. A. J. Hutchings of Denver and three sisters, Mrs. L. J. Newman and Mrs. Luther Bush of Ithaca and Mrs. Addie Bush of Auburn. The funeral arrangements have not been completed. Mrs. Korts, who is a sister of Mrs. Wm. Shaffer of this place, has the sympathy of the community.

Last week Thursday Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Tupper with two others, saw a nice, large deer on the Tupper farm. This is probably the same one which has been seen by others in this vicinity recently.

Indian Field.

May 22—Several from this vicinity attended the funeral of Mrs. Edward Nolan last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Purinton, Sr., were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Minard of Ledyard. Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Purdie and family of Skaneateles also visited at the same place.

Irving Brown of King Ferry spent last week Thursday at John Connell's.

As Miss Bessie Reynolds is ill, Miss Ruth Roe is teaching in her place.

A. D. Conklin was an over-Sunday guest of his niece, Mrs. Chas. Jones, in Seneca Falls.

Little Mabel McDermott of King Ferry spent last week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. James McDermott.

Mrs. M. Nolan and Mrs. Pendleton of Moravia and Mr. Hugh Tighe were at their farm on business one day last week.

Dr. and Mrs. Clayton Greene and little son of Buffalo, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Otis of Sherwood and Dr. Susan Otis spent Monday afternoon at the home of F. C. Purinton, Sr.

Lansingville.

May 21—Mrs. Helen Teeter is visiting friends in this vicinity.

J. B. Lockerby is ill with rheumatism.

Thad Brown lost a valuable horse Friday.

Mrs. Lida Reynolds spent a few days with Mrs. Clayton Swayze recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Slaight were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Gosbee Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Bower has so far improved as to be able to ride out. Mr. and Mrs. Breese took her for an auto ride to Genoa Saturday.

Daniel Arnold went to his former home in Missouri on Friday to spend some time with relatives and friends.

Immune.

"I am delighted to meet you," said the father of the college student, shaking hands warmly with the professor. "My son took algebra from you last year, you know."

"Pardon me," said the professor, "he was exposed to it, but he did not take it."—Christian Register.

A Successful Farmer

Gives as much attention to his stock as he does to his crops. All stock loses condition at times and it is the good manager that applies the remedy before there is any serious loss of time. The successful men in the New England States use Harvell's Condition Powder for stock and poultry. A package goes a long way because it is all medicine, not a food. It puts working animals in good spirits and flesh. Keeps poultry free from diseases and increases the yield of eggs. Price 25 cts. Sold by all dealers.

Advertise in THE TRIBUNE.

WAR GOVERNED LEGISLATURE

More Constructive Measures Than Any Session In Years.

PATRIOTISM CAME FIRST

Speaker Sweet of Assembly, Senator Brown, Majority Leader In Upper House and Assemblyman Adler, Majority Leader In Lower House, Briefly Review More Important Work.

The accomplishments of the legislature of 1917 in the way of important constructive legislation were more important to the people of the state than those of any preceding legislature in many years. They included:

War measures.

Revenue measures to meet unusual expenditures resulting directly and indirectly from the war.

Local option and a higher license fee.

The establishment of a state police.

Legislation to assist the farmers in their efforts to increase the state's food supply.

The establishment of a state food and market commission to cut out excessive intermediate profits and expedite the equitable distribution of food supplies.

The enlargement and strengthening of the national guard and the naval militia.

Provision for a military census.

The adoption of a systematic plan for increasing the capacity of the state hospitals for the insane.

The improvement of the rural school system and the recodification and making more uniform of the education laws.

Speaker Sweet of the assembly, Senator Elon R. Brown, majority leader in the upper house, and Assemblyman Simon L. Adler, majority leader in the lower house, briefly review the more important work of the session as follows:

SPEAKER SWEET OF THE ASSEMBLY.

"Above all things, this assembly has preferred patriotism to politics, and in this respect the proudest record of the session has been made. The legislature is to be congratulated on the advanced position among the states which its labors have given to New York in a time of stress, due to the war declared against our country by an arrogant monarchy abroad. We trust that under Providence we may not have occasion to use those means which the legislature has helped so generously to provide for national defense, but we have the proud satisfaction of knowing that we have been foremost in offering freely of our great resources as a state for the protection of the whole people and the honor of the flag.

"This legislature has aimed to produce laws necessary for the betterment of the whole people and the state and national honor, for our steady progress along lines of prosperity. We all may be justly proud of our preparedness legislation, from the bill providing for the physical training of the youth in our public schools and the industrial military training for older boys, to the military census plans which include an opportunity for the women of our state to assist as they so promptly and nobly have offered to do. Adequately aiding along these same lines are the bills we have passed creating a food supply commission to aid our farmers in every way to produce the greatest crops the state ever has known. We have provided ample backing for the producers of food products, and we may rest assured that they will fully appreciate it and will not fail to take advantage of the offers tendered to them.

State Police.

"Without neglecting in any way the requirements of the cities, we have given even further assistance to the farming communities. We have provided for them the protection of a state police force, which has long been desired in many remote sections. We also have given the rural communities a better school system at the suggestion of our education department. We have created a foods and markets commission for the benefit of both the city and the country sections which we believe will forever take our farm produce out of the hands of speculators, keep prices within due bounds for the consumer and insure a fair compensation to the producing farmers.

Local Option For Cities.

"For the benefit of the entire state, at the insistent demand of our sober thinking people, we have enacted excise legislation which will clean up the saloon situation by reducing the number of liquor selling places should the residents of the smaller cities so desire. The local option provision for cities which would do this has been supplemented and strengthened by the measure calling for a higher license fee. The majorities given for these bills have sufficiently answered all objections to their passage.

Taxes Equitably Distributed.

"Ample appropriations have been made for the support of government, but not any greater than the requirements of our growth have demanded and the unusual demands made on us by the war situation have necessitated. To meet these demands we have enacted fair measures which will provide the additional income which the occasion requires. In doing this we have been careful not to place any additional burden where it cannot well be carried, and no new tax has been assessed without fully considering the ability of the bearers to assume the requirement.

"As a whole, I feel certain that we have all done our very best in deciding on the legislation we have enacted and that we may now adjourn with the certainty that our constituents will approve our every effort."

SENATOR ELON R. BROWN.

"There has been much important legislation at this session and a large percentage of it constructive. It relates to the prosecution of the war, taxation, promotion of agriculture, reorganization of our educational system, supporting and extending charities, regulating the liquor traffic, a state police bill, legislative and congressional reapportionments and framing constitutional amendments for submission to the electorate.

War Appropriations.

"The legislature has given unstinted support to the federal administration in the prosecution of the war. It has provided for a military census. It has appropriated more than $8,000,000 for war purposes, half a million for agricultural relief, including the furnishing of seed; a million to the adjutant general for guarding bridges, munition works and whatever is essential to the protection and transportation of military supplies and $2,600,000 for fortifications of New York city. It has established a state council of national defense, with an appropriation of $1,000,000, and required that expenditure of all appropriations for preparedness shall be subject to their approval. It has incorporated a patriotic fund to provide for the families and dependents of those of our citizens who go to war. It has provided for the suspension of the labor laws, with proper safeguards to prevent abuse, and for the suspension of compulsory education subject to the approval of the commissioner of education in aid of agriculture and the production of munitions. Personally, I regret the defeat of the bill for the suspension of the full crew law when ordered by the Public Service Commission.

"Unable to complete its consideration of the subject of food control before the final adjournment of the legislature, it has appointed committees to perfect legislation upon the subject, and the senate has invited the governor to reassemble the legislature in extraordinary session to enact a law in harmony with public opinion in co-operation with the federal government which shall be adequate to insure the protection and distribution of an adequate food supply to our people with the greatest possible surplus for our allies.

Scientific Tax System.

"It has levied a tax on the profits of manufacturing and commercial corporations to supply the deficiency in state revenues. It would be difficult to give adequate praise to the attitude of the producing business interests of the state which have accepted this burden willingly. The principle of promoting manufactures has been maintained by exempting these corporations from the personal property tax, and the vicious and inequitable practice heretofore obtaining of imposing this burden in one community and not in another has given way to a state wide scientific system. A bill has been passed insuring the payment of the secured debt tax, thus equalizing that burden upon all holders of secured debts and relieving overburdened real estate. The direct state tax is limited to the requirements of the constitution for the payment of interest on state bonds and keeping up the sinking fund for the payment of the principal debt.

"The auto tax, which is less than half the tax imposed in the state of Connecticut, failed by reason of the opposition of auto associations. Although the increase was for a single year, all of it went to the state, and the bill provided that any tax imposed by the federal government should be credited on the state tax.

Agricultural Aid.

"In aid of agriculture, the legislature passed the farms and markets bill, combining the department of agriculture, the department of foods and markets and the department of weights and measures in a single department and extending the powers of those departments in aid of production and distribution. It passed the sheep protection bill, giving state control over dogs and adequate protection of domestic animals raised for food purposes. It passed a bill providing for the suspension of the Sunday law on farms during the war.

"In education it passed the township school bill, the city education bill and incidentally settled the question of the size of the board of education in the city of New York, substituting an efficient board of seven for the present unwieldy board of forty-five, a question which has been the subject of legislative struggles at Albany for many years. It amended the Slater bill of last year for military training by providing for vocational training.

Excise Legislation.

"The bill for the reduction of the number of places and the regulation of liquor traffic is an important piece of legislation. It largely increased the tax, provides for the elimination of undesirable places and has regulatory features more important than previous acts. A bill has been passed giving the commissioner of excise power to suspend and regulate the right to sell liquor in his discretion when such sale is in or near localities where camps of soldiers are established or munitions or the elements of munitions are produced. A local option bill has been extended to cities.

Hospital Development.

"The hospital development commission is the most important act affecting charities passed by the state in many years and will result in an early provision of adequate accommodations for the insane and mental defectives.

"A state police has been created and is already in process of organization. Bills have been passed for legislative reapportionment and for the reapportionment of congressional districts in the counties of New York, Bronx and Kings.

"Constitutional amendments have been passed imposing a literacy test as a condition of becoming voters hereafter whether aliens or natives. A home rule bill for cities and for the reorganization of county government in large counties was passed with substantial unanimity by both houses."

MAJORITY LEADER ADLER.

"The work of the legislature of 1917, which was laid out to include many subjects of state wide importance of a constructive nature, was complicated and intensified by the fact that the nation found itself in a state of war during the continuance of the session. The laws which were passed for the purpose of placing the state of New York in a condition of preparedness were numerous and carefully considered, and it is conceded that the steps taken by the legislature of this state to conserve and utilize the resources of the state have been most intelligent and efficient. This applies both to the military laws and to the laws passed for the completion and utilization of our natural resources. The beginning made last year in providing for the military training of boys and young men was developed and perfected and was the first step toward the universal military training throughout the nation which is bound to come. A military census was provided for. The national guard and naval militia were strengthened and increased, and large emergency appropriations were made to secure preparedness, both military and industrial.

The Food Problem.

"The question of food supply was attacked from various angles, and the new department of foods and markets which was provided for is calculated to and will measurably increase the power of the state in securing the development of the farming industry throughout the state and the production of food products of every description.

"Other measures were taken to investigate and conserve the waters of the state available for power development and the establishment of a policy in connection with the use of the state water.

"The establishment of a state police was a constructive measure which will add materially to the defensive power of the state and permit of the use of the state military forces entirely for the defense of the nation.

"In the matter of liquor legislation the state has put itself on record for local option for the cities as well as towns. And the present liquor laws of the state were thoroughly and scientifically remodeled and improved as they apply to such sections as do not under the local option provisions adopt prohibition measures.

Important Education Legislation.

"In the realm of education two most important measures were passed which mark a decided advance, the one consolidating the school districts into what is known as the township system and the other recodifying and making more uniform the laws with reference to the administration of education in the cities of the state.

"A decided step was taken in the matter of solving the problem of the care of the wards of the state in the charitable and state institutions. Increased accommodations were provided for, and a systematic plan was adopted to provide increased facilities for the increased demands on the hospitals of the state.

Businesslike Budget Methods.

"The preparation of the state budget and the appropriation bills under the budget scheme adopted by the last legislature was a notable achievement in state finance. The budget was prepared and published early in the session and given wide publicity throughout the state before it came up for passage in either house of the legislature. It contained the itemized proposed expenditures for the coming fiscal year and in its final printed form remained on the desks of the members on the order of second and third reading for several days before it reached the order of final passage. The bill itself, together with a summary of the estimated income of the state from all sources for the coming year, was sent broadcast throughout the state, so that each item might be subjected to the closest scrutiny. When it finally passed it went to the governor for his consideration long before the close of the session. Although the bill carried a larger total of expenditure than ever before, due to the increased requirements for the coming year, the fact that there has been no adverse criticism of any of its items is proof of the care with which it was prepared and the necessity for the appropriation made.

"The entire session was one of great activity, due to the extraordinary conditions prevalent this year and due also to the desire of the Republican legislature to enact during this session legislation of a constructive character, which it believed was desired by the people of the state."

Buyers Are the People Who Read Advertisements.

They Know Their Wants, but Want to Know Where to Supply Them.

FIVE YOUNG AMERICANS AND WHAT EACH NEEDS

Member of Vigilantes Prescribes For Men She Has Met Since Outbreak of War.

By ABBIE FARWELL BROWN of the Vigilantes.

I love peace, but this is a good war! Like all women, I hate war. But now I will talk enlistment, urge service, shout war for the sake of peace!

I wish I could fight for the honor and safety of my country, to help bring back peace and justice to the world and confound brutal wickedness!

I have talked with five strong young men who have been bawling eagerly for war ever since the sinking of the Lusitania.

(With a pacifist I will not talk. He is a man of straw, a scarecrow.)

The first young man is a six foot minister, and he said: "Well, I would have hustled to serve, if only they had made war sooner upon a larger issue. I must wait now till I see my duty clearer. After all, I'm not quite sure"—

That young man needs imagination.

The second man is a round shouldered artist, and he said: "But look, I can serve my country best with my brain. Let the brawny common chaps get busy and defend us. Perhaps after that we shan't need"—

That young man needs exercise.

The third is a new-rich man growing stout. And he said: "Too bad! I've had no training, you know, or I'd make a good officer. But, of course, I can't grub in the ranks with those fellows. However, I'll pay for"—

That young man needs discipline.

The fourth is a poor man of foreign extraction. And he said: "You see, I can't afford to risk my job. There must be plenty other fellows who like fighting and haven't any other jobs. Sure they can get along without me. But, of course, if I have to go"—

That young man needs the American spirit.

The fifth man is a hearty, virile fellow whose ancestors fought to build up the state. And he said: "Oh, yes! I'm off! It's up to me to do my bit right now for my country, and the women and children, and you. I'm sick of those brute Prussians! They're a murdering, treacherous bunch. And suppose they get over here! O Lord! Hand me a gun, quick!"

That young man needs applause!

Yes, I could love that last young man.

It will be dull here till he comes back.

WANTED, A BATTLE SONG; ONE WITH A PUNCH IN IT

Chance For Some Writer to "Put Over" Anthem That Will Stir United States Troops.

In the cabarets the yodelers are working their larynxes to death trying to "put a real one over." The critical patriots draped about the cafe tables hearken and remain unmoved. They rise for "The Star Spangled Banner," cheer for "Dixie" and put their forks down for "America." But the whimsies about the assorted hearts of Maryland, Michigan, Oshkosh, Arkansas and Illinois leave them cold. The big song is still unborn, the song that will make the feet of the army tingle and the heart of it grow strong.

It is "Tipperary" that is credited with winning as many battles for the English as any of their generals. The French likewise have walked through the hail across No Man's Land with boulevard refrains on their lips.

"Something with a swing," said Captain F. R. Kenney of the regular army recruiting station in Chicago. "If I knew what I'd write it myself. There won't be any mistaking it when it comes, though. Everybody will know it's the song."

"Now is the time for every brass band hero to come to the aid of his country," said another officer at the station. "We don't want any classical stuff or any old stuff. The old airs are still great, but this is a new war, and we want a new song."

Our Bargain

Is all our world upon a counter laid?
That is their taunt who say they know us well.
Then, like true merchants, let us to our trade;
What wares has God to sell?

A world at liberty, a path made clear
For steadfast justice and enduring peace,
Nations released forever from the fear
Of evil days like these—

A sound investment, but * * * the price is high.
Long hoarded wealth in ruin, flame and steel,
Death lurking in the sea and in the sky—
What say you? Shall we deal?

Shall we know terror; shall our strong ones fall
That others' children, fearless in the sun,
May see our visions and accomplish all
That we must leave undone?

We take thy bargain, Master of the Mart.
Though we may flinch we cannot turn away.
Send thy resistless fire upon our heart
And make us strong to pay.

—Amelia Josephine Burr of the Vigilantes.

WHY

Furniture and Shoes Creak and How to Stop Them

CREAKING shoes, beds, chairs and stairs are most annoying things. Of these a creaking bed is probably the worst, especially if one lives in a flat with neighbors above and below who are given to gossip or insomnia, for they can tell at what hour you turn in at night.

Bed cleats are made of iron and are often of cast iron and sometimes do not fit well, especially after the bed has been in use for quite awhile. The only thing to do is either to have the socket and its fitting rod reground or else place some elastic substance between the socket and rod to make the cleats fit. The latter is the easier thing to do and is just as satisfactory.

If the bed is a wooden one a tightening of the screws holding it together should be sufficient to stop all creaking. If one is so old fashioned as to have slats in the bed these, of course, give them every motion and sometimes creak. Pieces of blotting paper put under the ends of each slat will obviate this difficulty.

The creaking of stairs may be remedied with a little hammer play and a few nails or screws. This annoyance is caused by a board rubbing against another. The tread of each step should consist of one board only, but occasionally it is made of several narrow strips or small pieces. The only way to step so that the tread will not creak is to place your foot close to the place where the banister is attached or else put your weight on your toes, placing them just as far forward as possible. This latter is rather hazardous, however.

Creaking shoes may be "cured" by driving tacks in the soles and clinching them on the side and also by making the leather more pliable. If the sole layers are hard like boards they will slide like boards, but if they are soft like layers of cloth or pasteboard they will bend without noise.

THE ENEMY RAT.

How to Keep This Rodent Out of Houses.

The rat not only disseminates bubonic plague, but carries tapeworms, trichinae, flukes, roundworms and other parasites, besides being suspected as an active agent in communicating leprosy and infantile paralysis. It can gnaw through any common building material except stone, hard brick, cement, glass and iron. It destroys whole fields of grain, climbs trees to steal fruit, eats both fowls and their eggs and destroys game. It steals costly furs and laces for its nests, when it can get them. Much of our annual loss by fire is due to the rat, and he also starts floods by burrowing in dams and levees. He is a great traveler and is fond of living on shipboard, though fortunately he journeys little by rail. Finally, his fecundity is prodigious, the fond mother presenting him with numerous additions to the family circle sometimes as frequently as once a month.

The modern way of attacking the rat "is to build it out." The ratproofing of buildings is described as "a cheap form of insurance against fire and pestilence."

When rats get into ratproof buildings we have to resort to traps and poison to get them out, the former being the least objectionable. In the use of traps it must be borne in mind that the rat is extremely cautious and will not enter strange looking contrivances in search of food if plenty of other nourishment that is not open to suspicion is available. The trap should be strong enough so that the rat cannot force its head between the wire and escape and should be dipped in boiling water or smoked before being set to kill the human smell or that of rats previously caught. It should not be placed in an open space, but along the wall or in a narrow runway, for the rat's vision is somewhat defective in the daytime, and, depending on its whiskers as a guide, it has to keep close to some wall or other boundary. Fish makes an excellent bait, but any odorous edible different from the animal's customary diet is likely to attract it.

How to Make Delicious Salad Dressing For Spring Greens.

Mix thoroughly one tablespoonful of mustard, one tablespoonful of salt, one-fourth teaspoonful of celery salt, a dash of cayenne, one and one-half tablespoonfuls of sugar and two tablespoonfuls of flour. Add the beaten yolks of four eggs, one-third cupful of melted butter, one and one-half cupfuls of milk and one-half cupful of vinegar. Cook over boiling water until the mixture coats the spoon, stirring constantly, then strain and cool.

How to Signal With a Gun When In Trouble In Woods.

Help—Four shots in quick succession; as oooo.

Injured—Shot, pause, two shots, pause, shot; as o-oo-o.

Lost—Three quick shots, pause, one shot; as ooo-o.

Man Found—One shot, pause, three quick shots; as o-ooo.

Call Heard—Two quick shots, pause, two quick shots; as oo-oo.

How to Freshen Up Old Flatirons So They Hold Heat.

Take your old flatirons, which do not keep the heat, and put them in the fire until they are redhot; then take them and put them in cold water and let them stand until cold. An old Polish woman told of this, and it has been tried many times with success.

Rosary of Christian Graces

By REV. L. W. GOSNELL
Superintendent of Men, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—And beside this, giving all diligence, add to your faith virtue; and to virtue knowledge; and to knowledge temperance; and to temperance patience; and to patience godliness; and to godliness brotherly kindness; and to brotherly kindness charity.—II Peter 1:5-7.

We hear much of "character building." Indeed, the words of the text have begotten in some minds the idea of adding various graces, one at a time, until a beautiful structure of character has been completed. Accompanying this idea is usually the thought that much effort of will must be expended to accomplish the end sought. To say the least this whole conception seems to be out of harmony with the gospel of salvation by grace, yet our text appears to favor it.

It will clear up matters considerably to note the change of translation in the Revised Version which instead of saying, "add to your faith," reads, "in your faith supply virtue," etc. In other words, faith is the root from which all these graces blossom forth. They are not entities to be added but flowers which will bloom if we care for the root of faith. We shall notice these graces in order.

First comes "virtue." The root idea of this word in both Greek and English is manliness, vigor, firmness, strength of will. The thought is embodied in a hymn Mr. Sankey used to sing with great effect.

Dare to be a Daniel!
Dare to stand alone!
Dare to have a purpose true—
Dare to make it known!

Such firmness is the fruit of faith. Men who have tried other cures for enslaving habits, but in vain, have found help here.

After virtue comes "knowledge." How appropriate that this should follow virtue, for no man is more dangerous than he who has a strong will but is not instructed in the use of it. He is related to the mule rather than to the ideal man. But the new spirit which comes through faith in Christ brings light as to our duties and the word of God is found a lamp to our feet. (The knowledge referred to here is practical rather than speculative; we may not be told the dimensions of heaven, but the way to get there is made plain.)

"Temperance," or self-control, comes next. What a commentary on our national sin that the word suggests abstinence from drink! But its meaning is much broader, for our judgments, our tastes, our speech must be controlled. (Here is found one of the secrets of greatness of character; great men impress us by their reserve, while little men put all their goods in the showcase.)

"Patience" may be defined as cheerful or hopeful endurance. It is far removed from the stoical idea; it is not the patience of the Indian at the stake, but of the Christian who sings as he suffers. It grows out of faith but is nourished by the hope of Christ's appearing, for we read often of "the patience of hope."

The next grace is "godliness," the fundamental idea of the word being reverence toward God. There is a notable lack of this virtue today. Would that we could keep ever before us such a revelation of God as is found in Isaiah 40, where we see him holding the oceans in the hollow of his hand, weighing the mountains in scales, calling the stars by name, and accounting the nations as the small, invisible dust of the balance!

Following godliness is "brotherly-kindness" or as the Revised Version reads, "love of the brethren." This is distinctively Christian, for those who are near to Christ will love one another. Many young Christians have been helped to assurance by the text, "We know we have passed from death unto life because we love the brethren."

Finally, we have "charity," or love. This is love to all men, in the most general sense. Hence, Christians are incited to do all that mere humanitarians will do, and more!

It is to be noted in this cluster of graces, growing out of faith, that two are active, "virtue" and "knowledge;" two are passive, "temperance" and "patience;" one, "godliness," has reference to God; another, "brotherly love" has reference to the church; the last, "love," has reference to all mankind. How appropriate that they should be just seven in number, for this is the number of completeness!

We cannot urge sufficiently that these graces are not to be added, one at a time, but are to grow and develop simultaneously, out of our faith in Christ. Galatians 5:22 speaks not of the fruits of the Spirit, but of the "fruit," growing on the one cluster.

Old Jeremy Taylor speaks of this text as "a rosary of Christian graces." Let us tell over its beads frequently, with much prayer that these things may be in us and abound.

The Genoa Tribune

Established 1890

A LOCAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER

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Single copies ..... .05

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Job Printing. This office is well equipped to do first class printing of every description at moderate prices.

Friday Morning, May 25, 1917

MEMBER HOME PRINT ASSOCIATION
ALL HOME PRINT
A LIVE PAPER IN A LIVE TOWN

BLEEDING from the nose is seldom anything to be alarmed about unless it comes from a blow on the head or is the result of a severe internal hemorrhage. In most cases it stops after awhile of its own accord, but even then it is extremely annoying and often most inconvenient and embarrassing as well. In most cases a vigorous motion of the jaws, as if in the act of chewing, will stop the trouble very shortly. A child should have a wad of paper inserted in the mouth and then chew it hard. It is the motion of the jaws that stops the flow of blood. With some people it is only necessary to place a small hard wad of paper under the lower lip and the flow will stop. With others salt and water or vinegar and water snuffed up the nostril cures it in a few moments. In very severe cases it is sometimes necessary to plug the bleeding nostril with cotton and make a pressure on this by pinching the nose from the outside or to soak the hands and feet in water as hot as can be borne.

When the nosebleed is caused by a blow in the face it can be stopped by holding the head back and breathing through the nose and expectorating the blood that falls into the throat. This is the plan adopted by most prize fighters to stop such bleeding.

If the bleeding comes from any severe injury of the head, such as a fractured skull, the nose should be allowed to bleed until the doctor arrives.

An old fashioned remedy for nosebleed to which many mothers pin their faith is to apply something cold to the back of the neck. This is often done by dropping a large key down the back, but it is much more efficacious to use a cold compress for this purpose, such as a cloth wrung out of very cold water or a bit of ice wrapped in a cloth and applied to the neck just under the hair.

ORIGIN OF HANDSHAKING.

How It Comes Down From the Days of Barbarism.

There are many curious ideas in regard to the origin of the handshake. Some people think that it was the custom handed down from the days when the lines of society were closely drawn. Others have thought that the handshake originated with the most common classes of early English times and that it was a bond of true friendship not recognized in the aristocratic circles.

As a matter of fact, the custom of shaking hands dates back to the days of barbarism. In those days every man carried a dagger in his belt because he did not know when he had to defend himself. But when one friend met another it was considered necessary to show that his errand was a peaceful one by holding his hands in front of him, palms extending outward. The one who was thus met repeated this token of assurance of friendliness, and the most natural thing happened—that is, they clasped each other's hands. A little later, when the dagger became more useless, it was worn simply as an ornament. But the custom of stretching out the hands continued. This gradually changed until the extending of one hand and that of clasping that of the friend only remained.

From this the handshake grew to be a conventional form of greeting; the refusal of a hand thus proffered was taken as an insult, and a duel usually followed, which often resulted in the death of one of the principals.

The different fads which we have found creeping in, such as holding the hands high or merely touching the tips of the fingers, are interesting to study. For example, the handshake with the elbow held high resulted from a simple little boil that one of the princes of England had under his arm. This high handshaking was purely accidental and never intended to be set as a fashion, but inasmuch as this particular prince often set the fashion, the people at court one day saw him greet some friends in this manner and immediately judged that from then on that must be the proper way to shake hands.

NEW YORK NEWS ITEMS IN BRIEF.

Paragraphs of Interest to Readers of Empire State

News of All Kinds Gathered From Various Points It the State and So Reduced In Size That It Will Appeal to All Classes of Readers.

Olean now has 54 saloons. Under the terms of the Brown excise bill it will lose 16.

Senator Wadsworth will be the speaker at the Memorial day exercises at Geneseo.

Bath's village tax rate this year will be $13.40 per $1,000, an increase of $1.78 over last year.

George Houge of Arcade was elected president of the Wyaming County Sunday School association at Warsaw.

Crop reports showed that in New York state 22 per cent more plowing was finished on May 1 than at the same time last year.

Governor Whitman signed the bill prohibiting the sale during the war of liquor near army camps, barracks or munitions factories.

Francis G. Caffey of New York has been nominated by President Wilson to be United States attorney for the Southern district of New York.

Springtime prayers for successful crops were offered last week on the estates of the Hudson river millionaires' colony around Hyde Park.

George Stein, a Medina brewer, has gone into the dairy business, starting with a herd of 22 cows. He is selling milk at seven cents a quart.

Spencer Kellogg and other have incorporated the Kellogg Products company of Buffalo, with $2,500,000 capital stock, to make a vegetable margarine.

Mrs. Hattie Webster, a Niagara Falls negress arrested for disorderly conduct, was released when she told the court she was the mother of 29 children.

The 18th annual session of the State Assembly, Daughters of Rebekah, I. O. O. F., was held in Utica. Saratoga was chosen for the 1918 gathering.

Joseph Hodges Choate, former ambassador to Great Britain and a lawyer of international fame, died suddenly of heart disease at his home in New York city.

Goveror Whitman has signed the Everett bill extending to children under 18 the present prohibition against the sale of tobacco to children under 16 years of age.

It is announced that the members of the Dental Preparedness league in Rochester, will do dental work for all accepted recruits for the army or navy free of charge.

The state canal system was officially opened May 15 to navigation for the 1917 season. More than 360 miles of the new barge canal channel now are in operation.

Charles F. Rattigan of Auburn has assumed the duties of collector of the port of Rochester, receiving the office from Collector George R. Roth, the Republican incumbent.

Thomas C. Donaldson has been appointed master mechanic of the Rochester & Buffalo division of the Buffalo-Rochester & Pittsburg railway, with headquarters at Salamanca.

Mayor Louis P. Fuhrmann will deliver the address of welcome to the delegates to the New York State Conference of Mayors, which is to be held in Buffalo on June 12.

At the regular meeting of Phoenix lodge, No. 115, F. & A. M., at Dansville, its trustees were authorized to purchase from the funds of the lodge $500 worth of Liberty bonds.

Fearing a break in the wheat market numerous farmers in the vicinity of Geneseo who have been holding considerable quantities of the grain are disposing of their stores.

Among the 1,417 trail hitters at the Billy Sunday meetings in New York, was a one-time college professor, who staggered weeping up the trail crying "I want to beat the booze."

Sheriff Bert E. Valentine has appointed Addis B. Church and Roy Pullman of Palmyra as deputy sheriffs for Wayne county and assigned them to duty in the vicinity of Palmyra.

John Dearlove of Prattsburg has been appointed probation officer for Steuben county in the place of S. R. Whitney of Hornell, who resigned on account of the press of other business.

Three thousand Free Masons, attending a Masonic patriotic rally in Convention hall in Rochester, adopted resolutions pledging their support to President Wilson and the United States.

Dr. Clarence Fahnestock, one of the largest land owners in Putnam county, has enlisted in the officers' reserve corps and is now at Plattsburg. He is seeking a commission in the medical corps.

A campaign to enroll 1,000,000 residents of New York state in the American Red Cross was begun at Syracuse at a conference of 250 Red Cross workers from all sections of the state.

Frequenters of amusement resorts may no longer enjoy themselves legally by throwing balls at a negro's head. Governor Whitman has signed the Murphy bill making such pastime a misdemeanor.

One of the bills signed by the governor was that of Senator Knight, appropriating $100,000 for construction work on the new federal highway system, which is to be turned back to the state later.

The Brooks plant at Dunkirk has received an order for 40 Mikado type freight locomotives for the Northern Pacific railroad for 1918 delivery. The plant now has orders for between 400 and 500 engines.

A resolution favoring national prohibition during the war was adopted by the New York State Congregational conference and a telegram sent to President Wilson informing him of the action taken.

Judgments convicting Joseph Tortorata and Morris Hoffman of New York of violating the law prohibiting bookmaking without writing on New York racetracks were sustained in the court of appeals without opinion.

At the annual meeting of the Livingston County Fair association at Avon, Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth, who had been president since its organization, declined a re-election and F. E. Hovey of Avon was named to succeed her.

Oliver P. Clarke, custodian of Grant Memorial cottage, maintained by the state at Mt. McGregor, and twice assistant adjutant of the state organization of the Grand Army of the Republic, died at Saratoga. He was 74 years old.

A Community Chautauqua is to be held at Dansville this year. It will begin Sept. 2 and last five days. An attractive feature of the forenoons will be the junior Chautauqua under the direction of a playground expert from Columbia university.

The Wells bill to authorize a commission to determine if and how much National Guardsmen who served on the Mexican border last summer should be paid by the state in addition to their regular federal pay was signed by Governor Whitman.

Immediate preparations have been begun by the U. S. war department through the Eastern department, to prepare the newly established mobilization camp at the state fairgrounds at Syracuse for the reception of regular army troops from the border.

The appointment of Assemblyman William S. Coffey of Westchester county as secretary of the state industrial commission to succeed Henry D. Sayer, who recently was named a member of the commission, has been announced. Mr. Coffey has resigned as assemblyman.

Auctioned off at Syracuse before more than 400 cattlemen from all parts of the United States, 107 head of the famed Brookside Holstein-Friesian herd owned by Stevens Brothers company of Liverpool brought approximately $50,000. The average was $447 to the animal.

Ensign George Rose of the Canandaigua Salvation Army corps, has returned from Philadelphia, where he made arrangements with headquarters to furnish him 100 men which he intends to rehire to Ontario county farmers. Ensign Rose has had numerous calls to supply farm labor.

Seventy-three men of Fairport have now taken up the work of drilling twice each week under the direction of Drillmaster Chester B. Hull as a home defense contingent. The matter of providing uniforms is being looked after by Arnold J. Lamb, chairman of the military committee.

Under a plan announced, Rochester school children will subscribe $75,000 to the Liberty loan. That amount, deposited in one of the large savings banks under a school savings plan, will be invested in the loan, with the approval of the children themselves, the president of the bank announced.

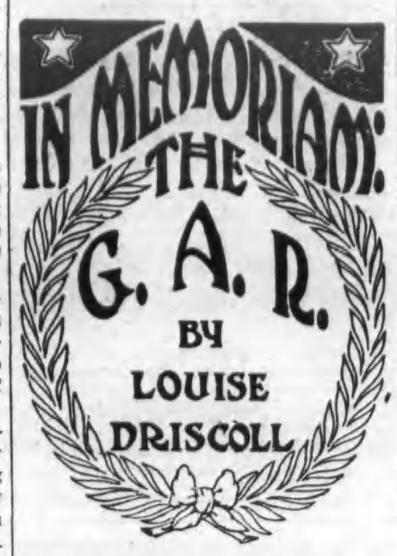
Speaker Thaddeus C. Sweet of the assembly named the following assemblymen as members of the war committee, which was created at the recent session of the legislature: Adler, Machold, Law, Malone, McGinnes, Kasson, Green, Zimmerman, Bell, Martin, Talmage, Calahan, Bush, McElligott and Barra.

South Dayton's milk condensory company has long been bothered because of lack of an adequate water supply. Recently a well was driven near its plant. At a depth of 400 feet a tremendous flow of water was struck. Clean washed gravel accompanies the water, indicating that a subterranean creek has been struck.

Marriage licenses in New York state hereafter may not be issued legally unless accompanied by the sworn statements of the contracting parties that they are free from insidious diseases. Governor Whitman has signed the Whitney bill requiring the presentation of such affidavits. The legislation was advocated by the state department of health.

The state military training commission effectively set at rest any rumor that the state training camp for boys to be conducted at Peekskill this summer will not take place. This announcement of the abandonment this year because of the war of certain training camps does not apply in any way, it is pointed out, to the camp to be conducted by the military training commission.

The entire line of the Buffalo, Attica & Arcade railroad, with its franchises, stations, engines, rolling stock and equipment, extending through the counties of Erie, Wyoming and Cattaraugus, will be sold under foreclosure at the Wyoming county courthouse, Warsaw, on Friday, May 25. The roadbed extends 28 miles from a point in the New York & Pennsylvania Railroad company's land, near Freedom station, to the Erie railroad, at Attica.



To them who came a year ago
And do not come today—
Hear the bells toll,
Hear the drums roll,
Hear the fifes play!

To them who came a year ago,
With halting step and slow,
Now we bring an offering
And lay it low—
Low upon the kind grass
That covers all the dead;
Flowers at the feet
And flowers at the head.
They will never come again
Through all the blossoming Mays;
They have found their comrades,
They march on other ways;
Bent backs straight again,
They go like young men.
Oh, the ways of death are strange, still ways!
Year by year the ranks grow thin,
Year by year they go,
Slower and more slow;

Death's the last commander—
The one that all men know!
Hear the bells toll,
Hear the drums roll,
Hear the bugles blow!
—New York Times.

True Observance.

Memorial day in the town, with its marching veterans, playing bands and flying colors, new and old, is not so much of a tribute to the soldier dead as perhaps the processions of two and three in the country that go solemnly over the hills to where the grave is under the butternut or oak. Those of the country move without music or the cheers of watching thousands. It may be that in many ways they must understand better than those of the town why the flowers are now laid upon the graves of the gray and the blue; why a flag of one set of stripes and one group of stars is placed at the head of each. The town forgets; slurs over the true significance of memorial days—the country never.

Lest We Forget.

Let no vandalism of avarice or neglect, no ravages of time, testify to the present or to the coming generations that we have forgotten, as a people, the cost of a free and undivided republic.—General John A. Logan.

On Line Memorial Day

General Grant In War Time

"I RECEIVED a number of letters from General Grant during the war," said the general's cousin, Mrs. Louisa Boggs, several years ago. "They discussed in a loving way his wife, children and his friends in St. Louis. He never went into detail concerning the great work in which he was engaged. For all an outsider might know he was quietly working out some ordinary business matter. In one of his letters to me he closed by remarking that he had a 'big contract on hand,' and was looking forward with pleasure to the family reunion when he got through. The 'big contract' was the annihilation of Lee's army. The letter was writen during the terrible campaign in the Wilderness.

"General Grant's letters were in harmony with his social life. When he was home on a visit he rarely discussed the tremendous problems that were confronting him. He took the greatest interest in the children, and would devote most of his time to discussing with them how they were getting along in school and other matters connected with their progress. Of course, there were during these times great numbers of visitors constantly calling to see him, but I rather think these visits bored him. Not far from our house was a large, rather imposing three-story building. Most people who came out in search of General Grant would select that at a venture, because it was much larger than our house. The lady, a Mrs. Taylor, over there told me one day that she had a good mind to put up a sign something like this:

"'General Grant doesn't stop here.'

"General Grant never told any of us what he hoped to do, not even when his largest campaigns were under way. We gathered our war news from the papers, not from what he told us. I do not recall that he was ever visited while in our house at St. Louis by a news reporter requesting an interview. He may have talked with some newspaper men, but doubtless they got very little from him if he did. He was one of the closest men concerning the war that you could imagine. You mustn't get an idea that General Grant was morose in those days. He was kind and courteous to all, and enjoyed social intercourse with friends in his quiet way. I never heard him use an oath or slangy expression, nor have I heard men who knew him to say he did.

"If there was any particular subject upon which General Grant could have been said to be deeply interested, aside from his military career, it was his family. He was the most devoted man I ever met, and as loyal to them as he was to his country."

The Veterans

Every year they're marching slower,
Every year they're stooping lower,
Every year the lilting music stirs the hearts of older men;
Every year the flags above them
Seem to bend and bless and love them
As if grieving for the future when they'll never march again!

Every year that day draws nearer,
Every year the truth is clearer
That the men who saved the nation from the severance of the sword
Soon must pass away forever
From the scene of their endeavor,
Soon must answer to the roll call of the angel of the Lord.

Every year with dwindling number,
Loyal still to those that slumber,
Forth they march to where already many have found peace at last,
And they place the fairest blossoms
O'er the silent mbuld'ring bosoms
Of the valiant friends and comrades of the battles of the past.

Every year grow dimmer, duller
Tattered flag and faded color;
Every year the hands that bear them find a harder task to do,
And the eyes that only brightened
When the blaze of battle lightened,
Like the tattered flags they follow, are grown dim and faded too.

Every year we see them massing,
Every year we watch them passing,
Scarcely pausing in our hurry after pleasure, after gain,
But the battle flags above them
Seem to bend and bless and love them,
And through all the lilting music sounds an undertone of pain!

—Denis A. McCarthy in New York Sun.

Boys of '61 Were Real Boys

SURPRISE is often expressed that there are so many veterans of the civil war still living. The fact is that the war was fought, at least on the northern side, by boys. Of the 2,159,798 enlisted there were only 46,626 who were over twenty-five years old. The official figures of the age at enlistment in the civil war were read in the house of representatives by Joseph G. Cannon, and they are as follows:

Those 10 years and under	25
Those 11 years and under	38
Those 12 years and under	225
Those 13 years and under	300
Those 14 years and under	1,523
Those 15 years and under	104,987
Those 16 years and under	231,051
Those 17 years and under	844,891
Those 18 years and under	1,151,438
Those 21 years and under (these two classes make the total number of enlistments)	2,159,798
Those 22 years and over (these two classes make the total number of enlistments)	618,511
Those 25 years and over	46,626

It will be noticed from this statement that the greatest number of enlistments were of boys eighteen and under. In a great number of cases these boys became officers before they were twenty, some of them even reaching the rank of captain. The methods of war have so changed that in future armies there must be a far greater portion of mature men. There must be a large number who can handle the intricate, complex and death dealing machinery and engines of destruction.

But as far as the civil war was concerned the fighting was done by boys, and the phrase "boys of '61" is a literal expression of the truth and not metaphorical. There are still 400,000 of them alive.

[Lieutenant William B. Cushing, the hero of the torpedoing of the Albemarle, was only eighteen years and five months' old when the civil war began and twenty-two when he performed his famous feat.]

Memorial Day Sentiment

MONUMENTS perish, and their dust is blown upon the "broad bosomed air," but sentiment lives forever. The magnificent material of Greece tumbled away, but her fancies are alive. Strife, battle, bitterness, are forgotten; love is eternal, and glory lies in the grave of the valiant.

Yesterday the country was a great commercial giant, conquering new territory. Today it is a sentiment, scattering flowers upon the graves of its heroes.

On the sidewalk, viewing the Memorial day parade, stands an old woman, dim eyed and tottering. Her young heart flutters with the thrill of the scene, and her poor old mind gropes back to a day years ago, when she saw her son, glowing, handsome, proud, marching beneath that same flag. One night a neighbor came and, stammering, told her that he had fallen with the brave, and to her the world was blotted out. She heard the shout of victory as her heart beat low, and, sorrowing, dead years fell upon her, and to God she cried for mercy and for consolation. Today she places a flower upon the grave of a stranger, the son of some other poor old woman, and in her heart she says:

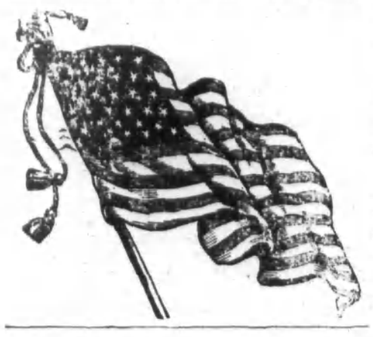
"It was well. Our loved ones saved the country."

No, of Memorial day you can say nothing new. But of eternal truth and beauty should we expect that anything new should be said? We hear the music, we see the flowers, we inhale the perfume—we know that the country is immortal.—Opie Read.

THE GENOA TRIBUNE

Published every Friday and entered atthe postoffice at Genoa, N. Y., at second class mail matter.

Friday Morning, May 25, 1917



Registrars for Enrollment.

Registrars for the enrollment of men between the ages of 21 and 30 for the first draft of eligible conscripts for the army on June 5 will be as follows in the towns of Southern Cayuga:

Fleming, E. W. Warwick, Howard Tyron.

Genoa, First district, G. N. Coon, E. S. Fessenden; Second district, S. J. Hand, Ara Perry.

Ledyard, Thomas Hickey, Lewis R. Howland.

Locke, A. D. Snover, Herman C. Stavens.

Moravia, First district, P. M. Rathbun, Howard Close; Second district, Ralph A. Harter, F. S. Youngs.

Niles, First district, W. H. Moss, Allen B. Sayles; Second district, Andrew Hawley, Vincent P. Riley.

Owasco, First district, George L. Shirey, Howard O. Darrow; Second district, I. E. Pearson, Arthur Smith.

Scipio, First district, W. A. Shorkley, Claude H. Wyant; Second district, R. H. Manchester, Earl J. Morgan.

Sempronius, Albert Rynders, Fred Collier.

Springport, Harry Stewart, J. S. Pethybridge.

Summerhill, E. H. Harsh, Walter T. Chipman.

Venice, S. W. Kenyon. John H. Streeter.

Canned pineapples to the value of $5,986,190 were shipped from Hawaii to the United States in 1915.

Mrs. Edward Nolan Dies.

The death of Helen Slocum, wife of Edward B. Nolan, occurred at her home in the town of Venice, Wednesday night, May 16, after an illness of two months.

The death of Mrs. Nolan is especially sad. A year ago in June, she became the bride of Mr. Nolan. On March 16 a daughter was born to them, and Mrs. Nolan had been ill since that time. She received the best of care and medical attention, but death claimed her after weeks of suffering.

Surviving are the husband and infant daughter, her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Slocum, of King Ferry and two brothers. She also leaves a large circle of relatives and friends by whom her death will be deeply mourned. The sympathy of the community in which she lived is with the sorrowing family.

The funeral was held at the family home in the town of Venice at 9 o'clock Saturday morning and at the Church of Our Lady of the Lake, King Ferry, at 10 o'clock. Every seat in the church was filled, and many were forced to remain standing.

The services consisted of a solemn Requiem High Mass and the burial service. Rev. Thomas O'Connor was celebrant of the mass. Rev. James E. Kennedy of Aurora was deacon and Rev. Bernard Heffernan of Aurora was sub-deacon. Many offerings of flowers bore evidence of the esteem in which the deceased was held.

The remains were laid at rest in the family plot in the Catholic cemetery at King Ferry.

Libeus H. Merry.

Libeus H. Merry, aged 78, a veteran of the civil war and a retired contractor and farmer, died at his home on the town line of Scipio Sunday after a long illness. He is survived by a son, Lewis Merry, and three daughters, Mrs. Melvin Fulton of Scipio, Mrs. William W. Whipple of Varick and Mrs. Thomas Parker of Moravia.

The funeral was held at the family residence at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, with burial in the Scipio Center cemetery.

Spelling Contests.

As a result of the town spelling contests held Friday, May 18, at Genoa, Venice Center and Merrifield, the following will represent their respective towns in the High school building, Auburn, on Saturday, June 2.

Town of Genoa:

Edith Boyer, Dist. No. 13, Genoa, Standing 81%.

Blair Knapp, Dist. No. 6, Genoa, Standing 75%.

Town of Scipio:

Bertha Stewart, Dist. No. 13, Scipio, Standing 87%.

James Welch, Dist. No. 5, Scipio, Standing, 81%.

Town of Venice:

Wilbur Clark, Dist. No. 10, Venice, Standing 84%.

James Mahaney, Dist. No. 11, Venice, Standing 81%.

June County Court.

A panel of jurors to serve at the June term of County Court which convenes Monday, June 4, was drawn Saturday morning. It is expected that the term will be a short one.

Those drawn from this part of the county are as follows:

Fleming—Schuyler Peterson.

Ledyard—Giles Carter.

Locke—Fred Orndorff, William Stone, William Robinson.

Moravia—Clarence Phillips.

Scipio—William VanLiew, Fred Wood.

Sempronius—Willis Youngs.

Summerhill—William T. Sherman.

Venice—Casper Nettleton.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Mary Ann Flinn, late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the administrator of, &c. of said deceased, at his place of residence in the town of Genoa, County of Cayuga, N Y., (P. O. Address: Atwater, N. Y., R. D. 25) on or before the 1st day of December, 1917.

Dated May 18, 1917.

Frank W. Flinn, administrator.
Stuart R. Treat,
Attorney for Administrator,
Auburn, N. Y.

The demand for pork is in excess of the supply. Consider the pig for quick meat production.

180 Cows at Auction.

The undersigned will sell at his farm, three miles from Moravia, on on the east lake road, on Tuesday, May 29, at 12:30 o'clock. Consisting of 80 cows fresh or due to freshen within the next two months. The fresh cows have their calves with them and several of these cows will freshen within two weeks of date of sale. 40 cows due in August and September, part of them milking now. 8 Holstein yearling bulls ready for service. The majority of these fall cows are large and extra nice ones. The above mentioned cows consist of Holsteins, Durhams and Guernseys. They are in the height of condition and one of the best lots I have ever offered in the ring. 20 two and three-year-old heifers carrying their first calves. Good size, well marked and a few yearling heifers. The balance of this stock is beef cattle and grazers. I have some good fat heifers and cows—and I mean fat. The grazers are young, thin cows that need two months pasture.

F. L. Palmer.
W. G. Crandall, Auctioneer.

Parker—Kennedy.

Miss Alice Jane Kennedy of Niles and Floyd Parker of Scipio were married Sunday afternoon, May 20, at 3 o'clock at the parsonage of the First M. E. church in Auburn by Rev. C. C. Roszell, the pastor. The couple were attended by Mr. and Mrs. Huff of Niles.

Special Notices.

FOR SALE—A stack of good feeding hay. Inquire Walter Saxton, Venice Center. 44w1

FOR RENT—A large pasture with living water. Walter Saxton, Venice Center. Bell phone. 44w1

JUST ARRIVED — Three cars of phosphate.
44w1 Weaver & Brogan, Genoa.

FOR SALE—Two-year-old colt; or will exchange for young cattle.
44w2 Frank Huff, Genoa.

FOR SALE—Yellow Flint seed corn at $2.50 bu. Dannie Moore,
44w2 Atwater, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Seed buckwheat at $4 per 100 lbs. We have a surplus—if you want any seed, advise us within ten days, as we shall ship out balance.
Atwater-Bradley Corporation,
43w2 Genoa, N. Y.

No Poison in Pratt's Lice Killer but it is guaranteed to destroy all insects on Cucumber, Squash, Melon Vines, Rose and Currant Bushes, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed by J. S. Banker, Genoa.

FOR SALE—Top buggy in good condition. Carl Reas, Genoa.
39tf.

FOR SALE—11 white pigs, also lumber and red cedar fence posts.
43w2 S. S. Goodyear, Goodyears.

FOR SALE—40 hens, $1.00 each.
E. D. Shaw, East Genoa.
43w2 P. O. Locke.

Thoroughbred DuRoc boar for service. A. M. Bennett,
42w3 Venice Center.

1000 seasoned fence posts for sale 10c each. Credit if you wish. On my farm near the road.
42w4 F. B. Parker, Moravia.

Early and late seed potatoes for sale at $3.25 per bu.
J. D. Sharpsteen, East Genoa.
41tf

Pigs for sale.
Harry S. Ferris, Atwater.
41tf Miller phone.

FOR SERVICE—Holstein bull, for the season. Terms $1.00. Cash before service. Earl Mann, Atwater.
41w4

FOR SALE—Good work horse, wt. about 1,400 lbs.; heavy lumber wagon, double wagon box, heavy work harness, dump bottom.
33tf Clay Douglas, Genoa, N. Y.

I pay the highest market price for poultry, eggs, veal and beef cattle.
Leo A. Smith, King Ferry.
36w13 Phone 17-F-2 Poplar Ridge.

WANTED—Hides, pelts, tallow and wool. We pay reliable quotations.
Wilbur Bros. & Slarrow,
34tf King Ferry.

72 acre farm at a bargain. Known as the John Miller farm and occupied by Fred Storms, in town of Venice, Cayuga County, N. Y. Other good bargains. C. G. Parker,
14tf Moravia, N. Y.

Cash paid for poultry delivered every Tuesday. We want your old rubber, beef and horse hides, deacon skins. Weaver & Brogan, Genoa.
14tf

FOR SALE—½ and ⅓ bu. peach baskets, grape baskets, grape trays, pear kegs and barrels, potato crates, etc. King Ferry Mill Co.,
3tf King Ferry, N. Y.

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT

broken or in any condition. We pay up to $5 a set, according to value. Mail at once and get our offer. If unsatisfactory will return teeth.
DOMESTIC SUPPLY CO.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILES

THE SEASON IS HERE FOR ANOTHER YEAR'S ENJOYMENT. NOTHING WILL ADD TO YOUR PLEASURE AND HAPPINESS EQUAL TO THE OWNERSHIP OF A "STUDEBAKER," "OAKLAND" OR A "BRISCOE" ACCORDING TO YOUR NEEDS.

WE CARRY THE "STUDEBAKERS" IN STOCK, THE OTHERS WE OBTAIN FROM AUBURN.

COME AND MAKE YOUR REQUIREMENTS KNOWN AND LETS WORK OUT YOUR INDIVIDUAL PROPOSITION. WE HAVE A PLAN FOR EXTENDED CREDIT WHICH PUTS THE OWNERSHIP OF A CAR WITHIN YOUR REACH IF YOU DESIRE CREDIT.

--- YOURS FOR SERVICE ---

Atwater---Bradley Corporation

GENOA, N. Y.

NOTICE!

While I can grind by water I will do all Custom Feed Grinding at

10c per hundred pounds.

Also am ready to start my saw mill for custom sawing.

Frank H. Wood,

Wood's Mill - Scipio, N. Y.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING

¶ Am very glad to announce to friends and customers that my line of Suits, Top Coats, Raincoats and Gent's Furnishings is better than ever.

¶ A big line to select from at prices very reasonable. While goods are getting scarce and it costs more to buy stock at the present market prices, the early buyers will surely save money on their purchases, before my present stock is exhausted.

¶ A good many of my customers have used good judgment already in supplying themselves with Clothing and shoes for future needs. I still have a good assortment on hand of the Douglas Shoes at the old prices and will sell them while they last to my customers only. Get Your Share! Don't Wait.

GENOA CLOTHING STORE, M. G. SHAPERO.

Hot Weather Apparel for Women.

You will be interested in our showing of summer garments of all kinds. Silk Suits, Wash Skirts and Waists, Summer Underwear, Dainty Lingerie, Silk Gloves, Silk Hosiery.

Lisle, Fibre and Cotton hosiery in a complete assortment of shades and colors.

Parasols. Wash Goods in a wide variety of colors and materials. Our line of Wooltex pre-shrunk wash skirts in white and fancy patterns and stripes are particularly good. Mail and telephone orders will receive prompt and careful attention.

BUSH & DEAN 151 EAST STATE ST. ITHACA, N. Y.

SEED CORN

Pride of the North, Improved Leaming, and State Corn. Also Seed Beans and Buckwheat.

Don't forget that we carry a full line of Sprayers, Insecticides, Fencing, Roofing and Feed.

D. L. RAMSEY & SON,
Seeds, Feed and Poultry Supplies
31-33 Market St., Auburn, N. Y.

FARMERS NOTICE!

The use of Lime promotes the growth of clover, alfalfa and other leguminous plants. The direct result of which is soil improvement. "For the Land's Sake" Try It

We have a stock of Ground Lime on hand, and in a very short time, will also have the Burned Lime.

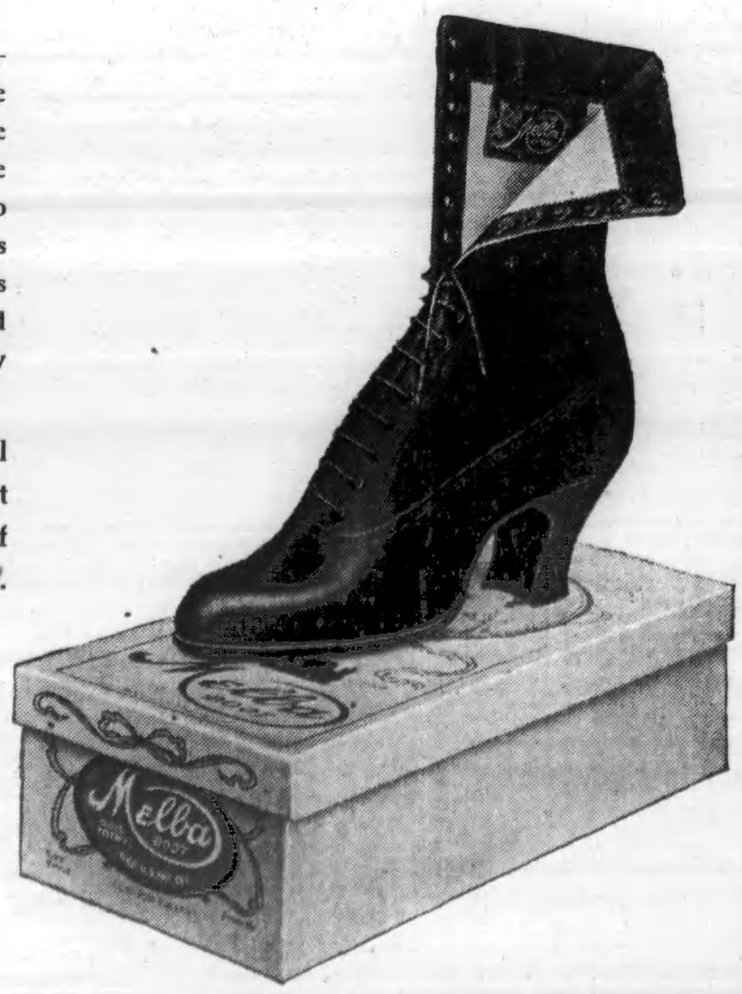
C. J. Wheeler - - Genoa, N. Y.

Coal, Fertilizer, Cement and Farm Implements of all kinds. Please call or phone and let us know your requirements.

To Our Customers:

We saw our opportunity and took advantage of it. Now you have the same opportunity. We were fortunate enough to see our chance months ago to buy several lines of high grade shoes, and to-day we are mighty glad we did it.

It would be real economy on your part to take advantage of some of our offerings.



Smith's BIG BUSY Store,

GENOA, N. Y.

Village and Vicinity News.

—Memorial day, May 30, next Wednesday.

—One or two cases of measles are reported in town.

—Lawrence Smith is now employed by the Atwater—Bradley Corporation.

—Mrs. Benj. Mosher and children of Seneca Falls are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Dean.

—Miss Josephine Ladd of the Ithaca City hospital spent a few days recently with Bernice McAvoy.

—Mrs. Wm. Doran of Savannah is the guest of her brother, Principal Townsend, of Genoa High school.

—Mrs. L. B. Norman and Mrs. S. J. Hand and little sons spent a few days this week with Auburn friends.

If you have not yet secured your new summer hat, you should call at once at Mrs. Singer's millinery rooms, Genoa. 44

—Rev. and Mrs. H. C. Odell are now occupying the Baptist parsonage, which has been undergoing a general renovation.

—Miss Jennie Ford has been forced by ill health to give up her school work at Moravia for this year, and returned home on Wednesday.

—Miss Bessie Reynolds, who has been suffering from the grip since Friday last, is much better. Miss Ruth Roe has been teaching in her place this week.

—Mrs. Thos. Walsh took a motor trip to Rochester recently with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Doyle of Union Springs. Last Sunday they motored to Syracuse.

Our motto — Exclusiveness-originality-and moderate prices.
Belle Peck, Genoa, Millinery.

—Mrs. Addie L. Miller left Friday last for the home of her granddaughter, Mrs. Dudley Robertson in Ithaca, expecting to return soon to her home in New York.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Tucker and daughter Stata, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Tucker and daughter Marguerite and Ralph Tucker, all of Sennett, were Sunday guests of F. B. Huff and family.

—Dr. J. W. Skinner re-opened his hospital this week. The nurses in charge are Mrs. Spafford and Miss Mildred Green. Several patients are now taking treatment in the hospital.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Cady, Miss Hattie Cady, C. E. Cady, Jr., and H. Crumby, all of Ithaca, spent the week-end with S. E. Cole. The two last named gentlemen are connected with the Short Line office.

Strawberries, Cucumbers, New Potatoes, Celery at Smith's.

—The household goods of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Ford were moved the first of the week to Groton, where Mr. Ford has been employed for some time. Mrs. Ford has been spending some time with her parents at East Genoa as they have been unable to secure rooms until now.

—During the storm last Friday afternoon lightning struck the barn of Hector Cruthers, east of this village. The bolt struck the ridge board, tore off shingles and one rafter. From the barn, it jumped to the watering trough, a distance of 25 feet, and tore out part of the bottom.

—Mrs. L. W. Scott was in Auburn Tuesday to attend the wedding of Miss Adelina Williams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Luke Williams, to Rev. Stanton W. Salisbury of Philadelphia, Pa. The ceremony took place in Calvary church and was performed by Rev. Irving W. Ketchum, pastor of the church.

—A reception will be tendered to the new pastor of the Genoa Baptist church and his wife, Rev. and Mrs. H. C. Odell, this (Friday) evening, in the church parlors at 8 o'clock. A cordial invitation is given to every one to be present to extend a welcome to the new-comers in our village. Refreshments will be served and a social hour enjoyed.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Hunter and daughter, Mrs. Cora Green and Mrs. Frances Wilbur were in Moravia Saturday to attend the funeral of George A. Hunter that afternoon. There was a large attendance of relatives and friends. A large number of Odd Fellows also were present including several from Genoa. Rev. Plato Jones of the Congregational church, officiated.

—Miss Mercy Metzgar of Forks of the Creek spent Sunday with Gertrude McAvoy.

—Sixteen new business buildings are now under construction in the village of Phoenix.

—Miss Leota Myer was home from Skaneateles High school for the week-end.

—G. H. Halsey of West Groton has been engaged as principal for the Locke High school for the coming year.

—Little William Wheeler was taken to Ithaca Monday to have X-ray pictures taken of his elbow which was injured two weeks ago.

—Miss M. A. Goodyear, who spent several weeks in Genoa, improved very much in health during her stay. We understand she is now in Cortland.

—Evangelist H. D. Sheldon of Auburn will direct the annual Thousand Island Park Bible conference which is to be held from July 22 to July 29 inclusive.

—Wallcourt, Aurora-on-Cayuga, commencement exercises will be held June 2 to 7 inclusive. The commencement speaker will be Ernest Thompson Seton.

Buy your Fruit Jars now at Smith's

Many pretty, becoming styles in hats for ladies, misses and the small miss, at prices to suit all at
Mrs. Singer's, Genoa.

—Failure to answer fully and truthfully questions asked in the military census of the state about to be taken will be punishable by six months' imprisonment under the Robinson bill which has been signed by Governor Whitman.

—A ball game between the Crescent team of Cortland and a Genoa nine will be played Tuesday afternoon, June 5, in Genoa, under the auspices of St. Hilary's club. There will also be a dance in the evening in Mosher's hall. All are invited.
adv

—The old hotel at Rogues Harbor, one of the landmarks of Tompkins county, has been purchased by C. O. Drake from J. V. McIntyre, the previous owner. The old hotel has not been run for several years. Mr. Drake's plans are uncertain as to what use he will make of the building.

Old Home Bake Goods at Smith's.

—The Moravia fair grounds were sold last Saturday morning at a foreclosure sale at the First National bank of Moravia to Pitt Parker of that village for $3,431. Four bids were put in for the property. Charles A. Wright of Auburn, referee, conducted the sale. Regardless of the transfer of the property, it is stated that plans are underway to hold the fair as usual in Moravia this year.

—The board of education of Genoa High school have engaged the following teachers for next year: Principal, Howard Knapp; Miss Blood and Miss Stiles, all of Syracuse University; Miss Clara Jones of the Cortland Normal, and Miss Irene Holden, who has been teaching at Slaterville for the past two years, after taking a course in the Cortland Normal. Miss Holden will have the primary department.

Pineapples for canning at Smith's.

—On June 5 all men in the United States between the ages of 21 and 30, both inclusive, must go to their regular polling places and register for the call to war service. Excuses of no kind will be accepted. Even the sick must register, and any who expect to be away from home on that date must see to their enrollment beforehand. The hours for registration will be from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

—Two deaths resulted from the collision of the westbound Empire State Express with an automobile owned and driven by Dr. Clayton E. Spire of Jordan at a crossing near that village, Thursday afternoon, May 17. Dr. Spire was instantly killed. Emington Dockstader of New York, conductor of the train, collapsed while directing the removal of the physician's body from the wreckage and died a few minutes later on the train.

—We acknowledge receipt of copies of The Dallas Morning News, through the courtesy of Rev. L. W. Scott, containing the proceedings of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church. The sessions are held in the City Temple—Central Presbyterian church, and The News contains fine views of the Temple, and the large assemblage grouped outside. We notice that the temperature, as given in The News, is somewhat warmer there than here—87 deg. one day.

—The movement for safe and sane Fourths of July will reach its zenith this year, for not one firecracker, pinwheel, torpedo, skyrocket or even a cap pistol will be permitted on sale in New York city.

—The sale of tobacco in any form to children under 18 years of age, is illegal, Governor Whitman having signed the Everett bill extending to children under 18 the prohibition against sale of tobacco to children under 16 years old.

—Llewellyn L. Hall of Atwater and Miss Ethel Harrison of Newport, England, were married at Ithaca on May 1. They have been recent guests of B. F. Sigler, Mr. Hall's brother at North Lansing. Mr. and Mrs. Hall will reside at 138 West State St., Ithaca.

—A special town meeting will be held at Ludlowville for the town of Lansing on Tuesday, May 29. Three questions will be submitted: To raise $2,400 for highway building at Portland Point; to settle a claim for $509 and another for $1,000 for fires caused by sparks from a traction engine operated by the town superintendent.

—The thirty-fourth annual meeting of the International Missionary Union will be held in Clifton Springs May 29 to June 3. The object of this union is to promote missionary fellowship; to promulgate united sentiment on questions of public and national interest, and to enlighten and stimulate missionary zeal in the home church. There are generally about one hundred and fifty members present from all parts of the world.

SMITH'S STORE, GENOA

EXCLUSIVE AGENCY
HEADLIGHT OVERALLS

Genoa Baptist Church Notes.

Morning service at 11 o'clock, followed by Sunday school at 12 o'clock.

Sunday evening service at 7:30 o'clock.

The mid-week service will meet at 8 o'clock Thursday evening.

Genoa Presbyterian Church.

Morning service at 11 o'clock under the direction of Rev. Wm. J. Hinke, Ph. D., professor in Auburn Seminary. Prof. Hinke will bring a message that everyone should hear.

Sunday school will meet at the usual hour.

There will be no evening service, but the Christian Endeavor will be held at 6:30. The Topic: "Financing the Kingdom."

Prof. R. H. Nichols of Auburn seminary gave the congregation a very fine sermon last Sunday morning. Those who failed to hear Dr. Nichols missed an unusual opportunity.

The pastor hopes to be back for Sunday, June 3, but the speaker on that date will be Rev. Herbert M. Moore, student pastor at Cornell University. Mr. Moore is a young man and a man with a very pleasing personality. It is hoped that all who can do so will avail themselves of the opportunity to hear him.

Lady (asking for the third time)—Have we reached No. 234 yet? Conductor—Yes, mum. Here you are. (Stops bus.) Lady—Oh, I didn't want to get out. I only wanted to show my little Fido where he was born.—Punch.

CLEAN UP!

"There's a time for everything"

Now is the time to clean up with SAPOLIO

Graduation Time Again.

The gift you give to the graduate will be cherished for years to come. It represents the high esteem in which you hold the recipient. That's why it should be carefully selected—Jewelry is about the only gift that can be kept for a lifetime, therefore it must be GOOD jewelry such as A. T. Hoyt, the reliable jeweler with whom you have dealt for years, is the jeweler to purchase the life time gift of.

A. T. HOYT,
Leading Jeweler and Optometrist,
HOYT BLOCK MORAVIA, N.Y.

Federal Registration For Draft.

The city clerk and county clerk of Auburn have received registration cards and are now prepared to register the sick and those who expect to be absent from their home counties on Registration day, June 5, 1917.

Those within the city of Auburn should apply to the city clerk, outside of Auburn to the county clerk.

NOTICE.

To Lot Owners of Genoa Cemetery Association:

The lots of those who have not paid their assessments for 1916 and 1917, will receive no care this season. By Order of the President,
43w3 Arthur S. Mead.

Save all your glass jars and wide-mouthed bottles for canning and preserving this year. Glassware is going to be scarce and expensive.

GOOD EYESIGHT

IS nature's greatest gift to mankind. Even though a hand or foot be missing, a person may succeed in his calling, but brave indeed are they who persist after losing the sense of sight. The precious gift of good vision should not by any means be allowed to become impaired, either through misuse or neglect. If you have the slighest cause to suspect that your eyesight may be defective you should call and let me make a thorough examination of your eyes at once. My experience with thousands of cases in the past 20 years enables me to give you valuable advice.

A. E. Trea, O. D.,
Eyesight Specialist
212 E. STATE ST., ITHACA, N. Y.

Ithaca Auburn Short Line

Central New York Southern Railroad Corporation.

In Effect Sept. 21, 1914. Corrected to Nov. 11, 1915

SOUTHBOUND—Read Down | STATIONS | NORTH BOUND—Read Up

27 Daily	23 Daily	421 Sunday Only	21 Daily Except Sun.	31 Daily Except Sun.	STATIONS	32 Daily Except Sun.	422 Sunday Only	22 Daily Except Sun.	24 Daily	28 Daily
P M	P M	A M	A M	A M		A M	A M	A M	P M	P M
6 40	1 50	8 30	8 30	6 45	AUBURN	9 20	11 09	11 27	5 00	9 00
6 55	2 04	8 45	8 43	7 00	Mapleton	9 05	10 54	11 14	4 45	8 46
7 05	2 14	8 56	8 53	7 11	Merrifield	8 53	10 43	11 04	4 35	8 36
7 12	2 22	9 05	9 01	7 20	Venice Center	8 44	10 34	10 56	4 27	8 28
7 24	2 33	9 20	9 12	7 33	GENOA	8 29	10 19	10 45	4 16	8 15
7 33	2 41	9 31	9 21	7 43	North Lansing	8 18	10 08	10 36	4 06	8 06
7 45	2 50	9 50	9 32	8 05	South Lansing	8 05	9 55	10 26	3 55	7 55
8 10	3 15	10 15	9 56	8 30	ITHACA	7 30	9 20	10 00	3 30	7 15
P M	P M	A M	A M	A M		A M	A M	A M	P M	P M

Trains No. 21 and 23 going South, and No. 22 and 24 going North are the motor cars and do NOT stop at Flag stations. Sunday trains No. 422 and 421 are the motor cars and these stop at all stations.

Additional Trains between Ithaca and Rogues Harbor leave Ithaca 10:00, (daily except Sunday) 12:15, (Sunday only) 2:00 and 4:40 daily and 9:30 p. m. (Saturday only.)

Also leave Rogues Harbor at 10:40 a. m. (daily except Sunday) 12:50 (Sunday only) 2:35 and 5:15 p. m., daily, and 10:05 p. m. Saturday only.

IT NEVER PAYS to juggle in the grocery business. We have always adhered to a policy that's above board. Everything strictly as represented in quality and in condition. Nothing palmed off on you here, just to get rid of it. Every price quoted in our place is based upon a legitimate profit margin.

Good Coffee (Joyful) 28c pound
Old Dutch and Blue Ribbon 30c
Royal Blend (the 40c Coffee for 30c)
The Best of Tea 50c pound
THE BEST OF GROCERIES ARE NONE TOO GOOD FOR YOU.

Hagin's UP TO DATE Grocery
Genoa, N. Y.

INDIAN HEAD
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
Use It Instead of Linen

Let the Youngsters Romp!

It's Indian Head, *not linen*, their little clothes are made of. Indian Head doesn't crush easily as linen does. Costs *far less* and, besides, will wash and wash and wear and wear. Excellent for *every* purpose where one wants a durable white wash fabric.

For 80 years Indian Head quality has remained the same. We recommend it unhesitatingly. Ask to see the new linen finish.

COMING!
WARM WEATHER

And you will want those fine Ginghams, Percales, Wash Poplins and the prettiest figured LINTEX in Ecru, Pink, Lavender and Blue. They are the thing for summer. Also White Goods from the finest Batiste to Butcher's Linen.

We are still doing a big business in WALL PAPER. We have filled every order without delay. Come and see them.

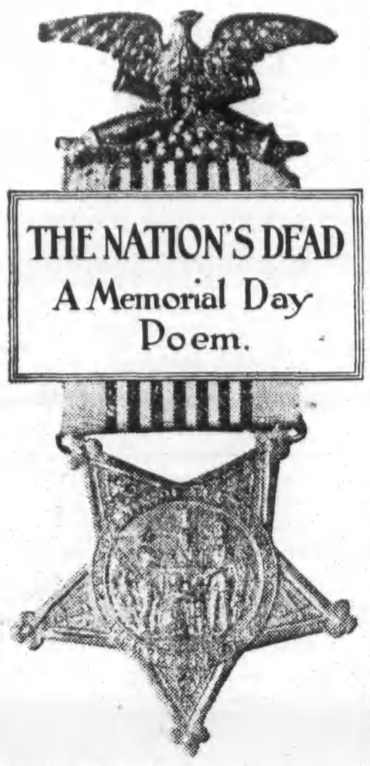
SHOES

Everything in Canvas from the daintiest Child's to the heavy Harvest Shoe for Men. A general line of Leather Shoes at very low prices.

A new stock of Rugs, Linoleums and Shades at Prices lower than we can duplicate them.

R. & H. P. MASTIN

Watch and Clock Repairing a Specialty.



THE NATION'S DEAD
A Memorial Day Poem.

FOUR hundred thousand men,
The brave, the good, the true,
In tangled wood, in mountain glen,
On battle plain, in prison pen,
Lie dead for me and you!
Four hundred thousand of the brave
Have made our ransomed soil their grave
For me and you,
Good friend, for me and you!

IN many a fevered swamp,
By many a black bayou,
In many a cold and frozen camp
The weary sentinel ceased his tramp
And died for me and you!
From western plain to ocean tide
Are stretched the graves of those who died
For me and you,
Good friend, for me and you!

ON many a bloody plain
Their ready swords they drew
And poured their life blood like the rain,
A home, a heritage, to gain,
To gain for me and you!
Our brothers mustered by our side;
They marched, they fought and bravely died
For me and you,
Good friend, for me and you!

UP many a fortress wall
They charged, those boys in blue,
'Mid surging smoke, the volley'd ball;
The bravest were the first to fall!
To fall for me and you!
Those noble men, the nation's pride,
Four hundred thousand men have died
For me and you,
Good friend, for me and you!

A DEBT we ne'er can pay
To them is justly due,
And to the nation's latest day
Our children's children still shall say,
"They died for me and you!"
Four hundred thousand of the brave
Made this our ransomed soil their grave
For me and you,
Good friend, for me and you!

Proper Flag Display on May 30.

The following clause is from the United States army regulations and indicates the proper use of the American flag on Memorial day:

"On Memorial day, May 30, at all army posts and stations the national flag will be displayed at half staff from sunrise till midday, and immediately before noon the band or field music will play some appropriate air, and the national salute of twenty-one guns will be fired at 12 m. at all posts and stations provided with artillery.

"At the conclusion of this memorial tribute at noon the flag will be hoisted to the top of the staff and will remain there until sunset.

"When hoisted to the top of the staff the flag will be saluted by playing one or more appropriate patriotic airs. In this way fitting testimonial of respect for the heroic dead and honor to their patriotic devotion will be appropriately rendered."

At Arlington and Gettysburg.

The most impressive of the annual ceremonies are those which are held at the national cemetery at Arlington and on the battlefield of Gettysburg. Arlington cemetery, on the Virginia hillsides, rising in terraces from the Potomac and overlooking the capital of the republic, is the last earthly home of thousands upon thousands of America's soldiers. On Decoration day a little flag flies from every one of the multitude of small white headstones which mark the last resting places of the noble dead.

Day of Memorial Memories

WITH the civil war experiences merely a matter of fragrant, vicarious memory to most of us, it is inevitable that the celebration of Memorial day should take on an entirely d[illegible] character as the years go by than [illegible] the case at the moment of its [illegible] when a poignant sense [illegible] losses pervaded the ceremonies [illegible] determined their place, the cemetery, and the drift of the addresses, says the Philadelphia Ledger.

This is a natural change, and, with the assuaging of grief, the day has become one of glorious rather than sorrow fraught memories, in which the sacrifice of the individual on both sides has been merged into the general significance of the day as a commemoration of principles which ever rise above the accidents of time and the plans and purposes of men. In other words, the day, quite rightly, is given over to a searching of the hearts as to whether we understand the lessons of the past while enjoying, in peace, those things won by the men who were willing to do and die that the Union might prevail.

The frank transformation of Memorial day from a "holy day" to a "holiday" has been a marked feature of such commemorative occasions in all times. Owing to a misunderstanding of national as well as human psychology, however, some complaint over this phase of Memorial day celebrations has been voiced, but this is a narrow and mistaken viewpoint. For, indeed, historic analogies are all one way. The Greeks and the Romans glorified their heroes by funeral games. This was also a Scandinavian custom and is rooted deeply in all human experience in all peoples, primitive and civilized. Hence the fact that Memorial day surpasses all others as a "day of sports" is not at all inconsistent with true and abiding realization of its essential solemnities.

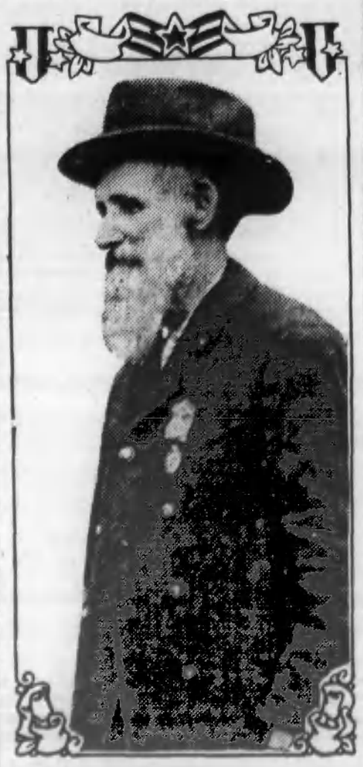
Youth, glorifying in its strength, representing the physical prowess of the nation, can consecrate itself in no better way to those principles for which the heroes of the civil war fought than by its recourse to field and track and water course at a time of the year when nature itself is signifying its rebirth and is in the full flush of its original and seasonal vigor. The lessons of the day are not curtailed by the fact that the holiday character of the occasion brings out millions to celebrate in merrymaking its glorious memories. They also serve who are cheerfully adding to the vital resources of the living nation as well as they who sorrow by the tomb.

Telling the Children the Story

A BENT little, gray little man in an old blue uniform that had been brushed carefully, with newly polished buttons of brass, looked out from his dim old eyes upon the children of our large cities assembled in their classrooms and with a proud but age shaken voice tried to tell them of the wonderful patriotism that had inspired himself and countless thousands of his brothers to face death on a hundred battlefields of the civil war that the nation might live.

He really wasn't one old man; he was representative of the hundreds of G. A. R. veterans who visited the public schools and who were the center of the Memorial day exercises.

The background for the patriotic talks was inspiring. From many platforms American flags hung in folds behind the gray haired warriors, many of whom perforce used canes to help them stand during their speeches.



"A GRAY LITTLE MAN IN A BLUE UNIFORM."

A quaint custom throve again when the girls and boys carried to school little plants and flowers that they had bought with pennies they had slowly and painfully accumulated at the cost of the lollypop sellers and pretzel venders. These plants they gave to their teachers, and the blooms were then removed to the cemeteries, where they were arranged on the soldiers' graves.

ON GOD'S HIGHWAY
A Memorial Day Poem
By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

By close packed graves
Slow progress paves
The roadway to the goal
Nor counts the cost
Of atoms lost
To make the purposed whole.

And he who dies
Because he tries
To stand by what seems right,
Is part for aye,
Of God's highway,
That leads out to the light.

For Thee This Day We'll Ever Keep

O sweet springtime, that comes in May,
When earth awakes from her long dream
And bud and blossom deck the way
And fields are clad in emerald green
'Tis then we tell
How brave men fell
On southern soil, 'neath sunny skies,
To save the heritage we prize.

OUR FRESHEST CHAPLETS WE WILL BRING.

Memorial day—we honor thee;
Our freshest chaplets we will bring
And lay them reverentially
Upon each mound, while sweet birds sing
Melodious lays
For bright spring days.
Victorious thou—sleep, soldier, sleep,
For thee this day we'll ever keep.

At last again a bugle blast
Will summon them (a final call)
(Earth's deeds are with the buried past)
And penetrate each marble hall.
God knoweth well
All those who fell;
His roster roll bears each one's name
And superscribed, "immortal fame."

Five decades have passed away;
Our flag floats o'er the land and sea,
Its folds encircling blue and gray,
For gray and blue united be.
And gray and blue,
Forever true,
Throughout the centuries to come
Will march in perfect unison.
—E. Clifford Wadsworth.

Salute the Dead.

I, with uncovered head,
Salute the sacred dead
Who went and return not.
—James Russell Lowell.

For All the Nation Alike

IN "Memorial Day," edited by Robert Haven Schauffler, a quotation is carried from the Illustrated American conveying in eloquent concrete the idea of the universal Memorial day. It says:

"If the north had merely pinned together with bayonets the two divided sections of the country their soldiers had fought and bled and fallen in vain. Northern hatred for the south, southern hatred for the north, is disloyalty, is treason, indeed, to the Union which has been re-established.

"We who remember with pride the achievements of our soldiers are proud to acknowldge they had foemen worthy of their steel and that a common country gave birth to both.

"The arbitrament of the sword has settled forever the questions over which no other tribunal had jurisdiction, and the nation went through the throes of a civil war for the benefit of north and south alike."

Our Honored Dead.

Oh, tell me not that they are dead—that generous host, that army of invisible heroes! They hover as a cloud of witnesses above this nation. Are they dead that yet speak louder than we can speak and a more universal language? Are they dead that yet act? Are they dead and yet move upon society and inspire the people with nobler motives and more heroic patriotism?

Every mountain and hill shall have its treasured name, every river shall keep some solemn title, every valley and every lake shall cherish its honored register, and till the mountains are worn out and the rivers forget to flow, till the clouds are weary of replenishing springs and the springs forget to gush and the rills to sing, shall their names be kept fresh with reverend honors which are inscribed upon the book of national remembrance!—Henry Ward Beecher.

A Memorial Day Call.

When the flag of liberty and union returned triumphant from 2,000 southern battlefields the American nation set apart the 30th day of May to forever recall the sacrifice the soldiers made to preserve America as a whole free people and not as a divided nation. Don't deem it a sacrifice to display the American colors in your church. There is no home, no school, no church, no shrine of whatsoever character that is not made holier by the presence of our nation's banner, consecrated by God's favor to the world's political liberty and redemption just as the banner of the cross is consecrated to the world's religious liberty and redemption.

The Calls For Volunteers, 1861-4.

Seven calls for volunteers were made by President Lincoln—viz, April 15, 1861, for 75,000 men, three months; May 3, 1861, for 42,000 men, three years; Aug. 4, 1862, for 300,000 men, nine months; June 15, 1863, for 100,000 men, six months; Oct. 17, 1863, 300,000 men, three years; July 18, 1864, for 500,000 men, one, two or three years; Dec. 18, 1864, for 300,000 men, one, two or three years. The calls did not specify age, but each call was made upon the militia, and that meant between eighteen and forty-five years.

What the Men of '61 Felt.

By a secret alchemy patriotism touches the most commonplace of life and transforms it into lofty heroism. It hurls men forth, forgetful of themselves, to hazard life itself at fearful odds.—Green.

A Governor's Tribute

NOW I hear his whistle; now I hear his song; now I hear the music of his horse's hoofs. He has said his last goodby to the old home. That was many years ago. All this comes to me through the magician called Memory. On Memorial day I shall place flowers on his grave. Just a few of the "boys in blue" linger to recall the civil war scenes.

Remember the dead, although they cannot acknowledge your flowers. In all the years to come the graves of our dead patriots can be decorated, but only for a few short years can we gladden the eye and shake the hand of the veteran. When we place flowers on every grave, when we speak graciously of the dead, we give most joy, most sympathy, to those who remain to love in memory the dead.

On Memorial day we are sure that if the immortal Lincoln and the armies of the north and the armies of the south could with us assemble on one great camp ground they would join in one great chorus for universal peace and good will.

Therefore I, Woodbridge N. Ferris, governor of the state of Michigan, do hereby issue this my proclamation and heartily urge the observance of May 30 as Memorial day.

As a part of the public exercises of Memorial day I suggest that bells be tolled from 12 o'clock noon until 12:05, that flags be placed at half mast and that comrades stand with uncovered heads during this period.

Lending the Vet. A Helping Hand

IN every Memorial day celebration in the large cities, and in the smaller towns as well, there is touching evidence of the respect and esteem in which the surviving veterans of the civil war are held by the younger generation. Especially has this been noted since the organization of the boy scouts. These sturdy, manly little fellows are frequently chosen as escorts for the old men, and they perform their duties well, helping their charges over the rough places and looking generally after their comfort and welfare.

Of course the old fellows never admit openly that they need assistance. No, siree! The legs that carried them through the Wilderness or on the march to the sea are as good as they ever were! But when the parade line has gone over a portion of the prescribed distance—wisely shortened in these latter days—some of the older men guess they'd better rest awhile before going on. So they drop out of line, and, assisted by friendly hands,

JUST A LITTLE ASSISTANCE.

they disappear in the crowds. Dear old chaps! It is very hard for them to realize that their marching days are over. But of course there are still many thousands who are able to cover the route and who do so every year.

Every Memorial day parade has its quota of veterans who do not even attempt to ride. For them comfortable carriages or automobiles are provided, and they ride in state, smiling benignly on the folks along the line who greet their appearance with hand clasps and cheers. They ride in triumph as truly as did the Roman emperors of old. But their progress differs very widely from that of the returning conqueror, for the sentiment which is uppermost in the minds and hearts of the spectators of the Memorial day parades is not only adulation, but love—love and loyalty and gratitude for the survivors of "the men who saved the Union."

Why the Men of '61 Died.

The supporters of religion gave their lives for a principle. These martyrs of patriotism gave their lives for an idea.—Schuyler Colfax.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of John Nolan, late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the Executor of, &c., of said deceased, at his place of business in the village of King Ferry, town of Genoa, County of Cayuga, on or before the 19th day of October, 1917.

Dated April 16, 1917.

Jas. H. McDermott, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an Order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Andrew C. Stilwell late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the administrator of, etc., of said deceased, at his residence in the town of Genoa, County of Cayuga, on or before the 15th day of October, 1917.

Dated April 2, 1917

Fred L. Stilwell, Administrator.

Albert H. Clark,
Attorney for Administrator,
Auburn, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Morris Coon late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the administrator of, etc., of said deceased, at 248 Genesee St. in the City of Auburn, County of Cayuga, on or before the 1st day of October, 1917.

Dated March 20, 1917.

George A. Coon,
Administrator.

Albert H. Clark,
Attorney for Administrator,
Auburn, N. Y.

The Thrice-A-Week Edition OF THE New York World

IN 1917

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly

No other Newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price

The value and need of a newspaper in the household was never greater than at the present time. The great war in Europe is now half-way into its third year, and, whether peace be at hand or yet be far off, it and the events to follow it are sure to be of absorbing interest for many a month to come.

These are world-shaking affairs, in which the United States, willing or unwilling, is compelled to take a part. No intelligent person can ignore such issues.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only $1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE GENOA TRIBUNE together for one year for $1.65.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is $2.00.

Advertising a Sale!

YOU don't leave your rig in the middle of the road and go to a fence-post to read a sale bill do you? Then don't expect the other fellow to do it.

Put an ad in this paper, then, regardless of the weather, the fellow you want to reach reads your announcements while seated at his fireside.

If he is a prospective buyer you'll have him at your sale. One extra buyer often pays the entire expense of the ad, and it's a poor ad that won't pull that buyer.

An ad in this paper reaches the people you are after.

Bills may be a necessity, but the ad is the thing that does the business.

Don't think of having a special sale without using advertising space in this paper.

One Extra Buyer
at a sale often pays the entire expense of the ad.
Get That Buyer

WANTED!
Your Job Printing Business
If We Can't Please You
Don't Come Again

ROTHSCHILD BROS.
ITHACA, N. Y.

Place your Insurance with the
VENICE TOWN INSURANCE CO.
$1,600,000 IN FARM RISKS!
WM. H. SHARPSTEEN, Secretary,
Office, Genoa, N. Y.

To Men.

Above all—Be sure to visit our Clothing Department before you invest in a new spring suit.

Good fabrics—first class workmanship—good fitting models and reasonable prices are some of the reasons why it will be to your advantage to buy an Egbert Suit this season.

Priced at $12.50, 15.00, 18.00, 20.00, 22.50, 25.00 and 28.00.

C. R. EGBERT,
The People's Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher
75 GENESEE ST. AUBURN, N. Y.

Try Our
-:- JOB PRINTING -:-

Is God Your Friend? Then Visit His Home. Go to Church.

WATCH the long line of people entering church on Sunday. Isn't it a fact that they are really the worth while people in the community? If you are a business man, don't you prefer dealing with a man who is a CONSISTENT CHURCHGOER rather than with a man who never goes to church? You wouldn't hesitate to INVITE ANY AND ALL OF THESE PEOPLE entering church to your home.

A MAN WHO GOES TO CHURCH CANNOT GO WRONG VERY LONG. A COMMON EXPRESSION IS THAT SOME PEOPLE GO TO CHURCH TO KEEP UP APPEARANCES. THAT MAY BE TRUE. BUT THE FACT THAT A MAN WANTS THE COMMUNITY IN WHICH HE LIVES TO THINK THAT HE IS GOOD AND GOD FEARING SHOWS THAT HE WANTS TO BE GOOD. HE WANTS TO ENJOY THE RESPECT OF HIS FELLOWS. WHILE THERE MAY BE SOME HYPOCRITES IN THE CHURCH, IT IS NO EXAGGERATION TO STATE THAT THE GREAT MAJORITY OF CHURCHGOERS ARE HONEST, UPRIGHT CITIZENS.

There is something basically wrong with a man who, while professing a belief in a Supreme Being, fails to take the opportunity the church affords to WORSHIP THAT SUPREME BEING. If you have a dear friend and you pass his house every day without dropping in to see him, you would not blame that man for DOUBTING THE SINCERITY of your friendship.

Do you wish God to DOUBT YOUR FRIENDSHIP? Do you want to LOSE HIM AS A FRIEND. If you don't, drop into his house AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK.

Show that you are sincere in your belief in God by GOING TO CHURCH next Sunday.

THEN GO TO CHURCH EVERY SUNDAY.

The Peddler's Daughter

An Episode From the Life of a Great City.

By JOTHAM KINGSLEY

On Elizabeth street girls can run a peanut roaster, sell tape and needles and such things from a basket or a bundle upon their shoulders, cry flowers, canvass for anything, and even sell oranges and nuts from a basket, but when they step behind a push cart the complaisance of the street vanishes.

It is not that the girls are desired to abstain from work, for a father will sit in his doorway and smoke while his daughter trudges past him bent nearly double under the burden of merchandise strapped to her shoulders, and a husband will be equally moderate toward his wife. No; Elizabeth street is indulgent toward its women folk as regards work.

So that morning, when a slip of a girl came from an alley pushing a cart before her that was well stocked with fruit and looked timidly along the curbs for a good place to stop, the other push cart venders scowled and nodded meaningly among themselves. It was not the competition, for she was only one and of the backward kind that did not grasp much trade, but it was an infringement on custom, so they moved their carts a little faster or a little slower, according to her progress, keeping between her and the curbs and the crossings and other desirable places, until at last she stopped, confused, at a point where it would be impossible to obtain customers.

Few of them had seen the girl before, but they recognized the cart. It had been among them several weeks, pushed by a frail little man with white hair. Perhaps he had sold out to this girl, or perhaps she was his daughter and was trying the cart for a few days to see if she would like the business. Well, the first day would tell. If that discouraged her she would leave. A girl should be in the sweatshops sewing or selling tapes and needles. Push carts were for the men. So whenever any one looked toward them as though with an idea of buying their gesticulations and clamor precluded any possibility of the customer noticing the wistful, anxious face in the background.

But instead of being discouraged, although the day had not brought her a single sale, the girl was there again the next morning, so early that when the first competitor arrived he found her cart in the best place on the corner, with her standing beside it, weary but hopeful.

They crowded as near as they could and by their clamor tried to divert trade, but with only indifferent success.

SHE WAS ALREADY THERE ON THE CORNER.

This day she sold enough to make her eyes bright and to drive away some of the despair which had been stealing into them.

The next morning they came earlier, but she was already there on the corner as before, with dark circles under her eyes, but hopeful. Evidently she had come almost before it grew light.

Again they tried to divert her sales with their clamor, but ineffectually. Her position was too good and her fruit too clean and nicely arranged and the very appeal of her silence too irresistible. But before night when not making sales she spent most of her time leaning against the cart for support.

The next day this exhaustion became more apparent, so that even the most callous of the push cart men noticed it. The animosity in the eyes of some of them softened a little, but it was a precedent at stake, so even these vied with the most brutal in their efforts to drive the girl away. And as the hours wore on it became evident that the desire would be accomplished. The girl was very near the point of breaking down.

Just opposite the corner was the shop of a candy maker, much of whose time was spent in the back yard of his store working great masses of candy dough—at first with his hands, then by throwing the mass over a strong iron hook in the wall and drawing it out into diminishing yellow white strings. When it was of the proper consistency he placed it upon a long marble slab, where he drew it out and rolled it into sticks, which were cut or broken into right lengths by the slight touch of shear points. Sometimes he would add tiny balls of colored candy dough to the mass, and when drawn out these would make the stripes in stick candy and candy balls and shaped objects.

All this was plainly visible through the windows of the shop, and from her position at the cart the girl watched the candy maker much of the time when not engaged with customers, at first idly and then with increasing interest. Apparently the operation was a novelty to her. And on his part, after the first day, the old candy maker got in the habit of smiling and nodding an acknowledgment of her interest.

He was a good customer for fruit, partly to be used in his trade and partly for his own consumption. So on the second day when he picked up a basket and came out on the sidewalk bareheaded and in his shirt sleeves several of the push cart men stepped forward with eager anticipation. But he waved them back brusquely. He had seen a good deal through the window in spite of his seeming absorption in his work.

"No, no," he said irascibly, "your hands are not clean enough to handle fruit. I will buy from the girl."

The third day he began to watch the girl anxiously. He, too, had noticed her exhaustion. During the day he was out twice and bought fruit from her.

The fourth morning a long line of girls went into the shop one after another, remaining a few moments and then came out. For the most part they were ill clad, unattractive girls, and not one of them bought anything. It was evident they were seeking work and just as evident, after the first twenty or more had gone in and come out, that the candy maker was becoming irritated. Toward the end he only gave an applicant a single glance, and more than once his "No!" was plainly heard by the girl at her push cart on the corner.

At length late in the afternoon he came out bareheaded and in his shirt sleeves, as usual, but without his basket. He went straight to the girl.

"Are you going to run this push cart all the time?" he asked.

The girl looked surprised.

"I don't know," she answered doubtfully.

"Because if you're not," he went on, "I want to hire you to work in my shop. You saw all those girls straggling in with soiled dresses and untidy hair and sour faces and pert manners. Bah! They'd make pretty shopgirls, wouldn't they? I want a lady, a nice looking, neat, capable girl who can look pleasant and at the same time be ladylike. They all came in answer to an advertisement, and not one of the whole lot suited me."

The girl swayed slightly, but steadied herself quickly by leaning against the cart, holding to it by both hands.

"Perhaps I wouldn't suit either," she hazarded, forcing a smile to her face.

"Yes, you would," he answered. But his tone was not quite so positive. "I've been watching you through the window for three days. You're neat and particular about yourself. That shows. And you're neat about other things from the way you look after your cart and fruit. And you're attractive to customers and make yourself look pleasant even when you feel the other way. That's what you're doing now. You're not sickly, are you?" his new found anxiety at last finding expression in words.

"No; I've always been very strong and healthy," she answered. "Only just now I am a little weak."

"I thought you must be strong," with some relief in his voice, "from the way you handled the cart the first day you came. I was watching. But yesterday and today you've seemed a little sickly. My work will be lots easier than having a cart like this and nicer and I think will pay you better. But of course I'll need a girl who's spry and can keep up. She'll have to help me make chocolates and fancy candies and put them in boxes and look after customers. I'm too busy to wash my hands every time a customer comes in, and it hurts trade. I could do twice the business if I had good help. I'm turning away trade every day." He waited a moment, as though debating something, then added cordially "Anyway, I'm willing to try you a few weeks even if you should be sickly. You're just the appearing girl I want, and I know you're spunky."

"Well, I don't know yet," the girl began tremulously. Then her face suddenly changed. She was looking beyond him. "Father!" she cried reproachfully.

A frail little man with white hair was approaching them, walking slowly with the aid of a cane. He looked anxious.

"Giuseppina," he cried, "I could not wait any longer! I have been worrying all day, and at last I had to get up and dress and come and see. You looked so bad last night, and you did not want me to notice. I pretended to be asleep, but I watched, and I watched the night before. The first two days I was too sick to think, but since then you have not eaten a thing. You spent your money for wines and medicines for me, and"—

The girl had been trying to interrupt him with warning glances, with expressive motions of her hands. Now she cried "Father!" again with such shamed distress in her voice that for the first time the old man noticed and understood. He drew himself up with sudden unconscious dignity.

"It was only that my daughter insists on buying me costly wines and medicines like the very rich people have," he said, addressing the candy maker and the two or three push cart owners within hearing. "We are in very comfortable circumstances, indeed, and have everything necessary. But such things cost a fortune, and when I am ill Giuseppina gets headstrong and does not know where to stop, and then she thinks she must be economical. She is a very good girl, though; a very good girl, and I assure you we are in perfectly independent circumstances."

The candy maker's eyes were twinkling, but with a mistiness behind them.

"The very use of the costly wines prove that, sir," he said courteously. "I do not have them even when I am ill. But, if you'll excuse me, you interrupted a conversation between your daughter and myself. I was trying to

IT WAS THE PUSH CART MEN IN A BODY.

induce her to help me in my business. But suppose we go into the shop. We can talk better there."

Without waiting for their consent he crossed the sidewalk to his store, and after a little hesitation they followed. At the door he turned.

"Say, you cutthroat men," he called warningly to the push cart owners, "don't you touch a thing in this young lady's cart! If you do I'll—I'll run you in."

"You think us thieves!" called back one of the men indignantly. "We will not harm the signorina, only she has no right with a push cart. And we never knew she was hungry."

As the three disappeared in the shop this man turned to his companions with a few eager words and gesticulations, and they repeated the words and gesticulations to other cart owners farther along who had not heard the conversation. In a few minutes a dozen men had left their own carts and were crowding about that of the girl.

Once inside, the candy maker motioned the old man to a chair, but wisely ignored the girl's weariness.

"Do you know how to make coffee, Giuseppina?" he asked briskly.

"Yes, sir," she answered wonderingly.

"Well, it's just this way," he went on. "I hate cooking and don't know anything about it, and yet I do my own housekeeping. I've got a nice little kitchen behind the shop and three or four rooms beyond, and supper's all ready except just the finishing. Suppose you make the coffee while I finish rolling this candy dough. Then we'll do the talking while we eat supper. Ah, well, it doesn't matter," as the girl colored and looked at him suspiciously. "I can do it after I finish this. Only I thought you wouldn't mind. You could do in five minutes what my clumsy fingers would take half an hour, and it would be a rare treat to have friends sit at table with me. I get very lonesome sometimes. That's right," as the girl started suddenly toward the kitchen. "You'll find everything nearly ready, with most of the victuals on the table. I leave them that way to save time. Your father and I will talk till I finish this. Then I'll wash the candy off my hands and we'll eat."

It was a much longer meal than usual with the candy maker, and he forced himself to eat twice his usual allowance in order to keep his guests at the table. When at last they rose he was smiling genially.

"So that's all settled," he exclaimed with much evident satisfaction, addressing the old man. "Giuseppina will start in as shopkeeper in the morning, and you will help me with the mixing and cutting. You can make all the lozenges. And, as I said, it will be better for you to move right in here with me. There is plenty of room and it will give me Giuseppina within call all the time. Often I have to keep open as late as 10 o'clock. Hello, who's that?" at a heavy tramping into the shop.

It was the push cart men in a body, with one of them extending a handful of coins. "It is the signorina's," he said as he advanced and jingled the coins into the girl's hand. "We have sold out all the fruit. We are hard man, perhaps, but all hard man have good spots some time, somewhere."

As they tramped out again noisily the girl's lips quivered in an ill repressed sob.

"The world is so good, so good," she murmured.

E. R. G. R. EVANS.

Commander of the Broke, British Destroyer Which Routed Foes.

Photo by American Press Association.

Draft Will Bring Health Survey of Over 2,000,000

Under the provisions of the selective draft bill at least 2,000,000 young men between the ages of nineteen and twenty-five will be subjected to a rigid physical examination to determine their fitness to serve in the army which the administration plans to train to a high point of efficiency for possible service in France.

This will be the most widespread physical survey of the vitality and health of the nation ever made. During the civil war many more men were examined in the course of four years, but never as many within the time which will be devoted to the examination of the young men who are to make up the new fighting force of the United States.

Just what the machinery will be for the examination of the young men of today has not been determined. The physicians and surgeons of the country are being organized rapidly by the general medical board, appointed at the instance of the Council of National Defense.

This organization within a short time will reach into many thousands of counties. It already has been started in more than 3,000. Whenever their services are required these men can be called upon for medical examinations.

There are about 7,000,000 men of between nineteen and twenty-five in the country. It is estimated that probably 5,000,000 of these will be exempted for one cause or another, principally because their services would be equally or more valuable in present vocations than at the front. Large numbers also will be exempted on account of having dependent relatives and many because of serious physical defects.

Exempted Not Examined.

The medical forces of the entire nation would not be adequate to examine carefully all of these men physically. It would require a year or more for the work. Consequently men in the exempted classes will not be examined. While this will modify the value of the nation wide health survey, the number to be examined throughout the states will furnish a fair index as to the relative physical stamina of each community.

Eminent physicians and surgeons in the army, navy, public health service, and those connected with the general board of the Council of National Defense are looking forward to the results of the physical examination of so large a number of young men. Persons interested in social welfare are equally interested in the project.

It is entirely probable that men will be passed into the army who have minor defects who are now consistently rejected. But no man who is physically deficient will be permitted to get by unless he manages to fool the examining surgeons.

There are two reasons why great care will be exercised in the examination of young men for all branches of the government service. The first is to insure a fighting machine as nearly perfect as possible. Another is to guard the public treasury against another great drive by pensioners. Uncle Sam is willing to pay any man a pension who incurs disability in the service, but he is desirous of reducing the number to a minimum, so far as it is possible to do so by determining the exact physical condition of recruits at the time of enlistment.

The wholesale examination of young men for military service, together with the examinations now on for enlistment, the big increase in enlistments for the navy and marine corps and for several classes of reserves should give the country a valuable survey and throw much light on the general state of the public health.

The first increment of 500,000 for the selective draft army is to be mustered in just as soon as registration is completed or not later than [illegible] and possibly a month earlier.

Seed Potatoes.

The action of the New York State Food Commission in furnishing seed potatoes to farmers will mean a production resulting from this seed alone of about 400,000 bushels. Through the Commission more than 40,000 bushels of potatoes have been supplied, and this means a large acreage to be planted to potatoes, in addition to the acreage to be planted from seed obtained from other sources and that retained by the farmers. The Commission has a number of applications before it for seed potatoes and they will be supplied as far as is possible at cost, plus the freight charges.

The Commission at a recent meeting discussed the problem of obtaining buckwheat seed, needed in this state for planting. The census reported only 54,264 bushels of buckwheat seed for sale. It showed a demand on the part of farmers for 94,866 bushels.

Do You Know That

Being healthy is the first duty of a citizen?

Disease is the greatest foe to human progress?

It's the unused body that deteriorates quickest?

Fly destruction is its own reward?

A walk in the open is worth two in the house?

Personal hygiene is the first requisite for community health?

A small mosquito is a dangerous thing?

Most of the diseases from which man suffers are peculiar to man?

Former Ludlowville Resident.

Mrs. Alice Whipple died Saturday afternoon last at her home in Pine City. Besides her husband she leaves a daughter, Mrs. J. Morey of Ludlowville; a son, Frank Price, and two brothers, Samuel Wood of Pine City and Jerome Wood of South Lansing. Mrs. Whipple had lived in Ludlowville all her life until about ten years ago.

The body was brought to Ludlowville Monday, where the funeral was held Tuesday from the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jay Morey. Interment in Pine Grove cemetery, Ludlowville.

Thousands of Mothers Worry

When the children cry in their sleep, are peevish and constipated and take cold easily. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children, has for 30 years been a trusted remedy in many thousand homes. They frequently break up colds in 24 hours, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms.

NO newspaper can succeed without advertising, therefore we solicit the patronage of our readers for those who by their advertising help to make this paper possible.

Save Your Garments
Nowadays Prudent Folks Are Looking Ahead
Your Fall & Winter Garments will be safe from all harm if placed "IN Protection" MOTH-PROOF GARMENT BAGS
3 For $1
2 Bags 26½"x55" 1 Bag 26½"x44
"Protection" MOTH-PROOF GARMENT BAG
Send $1.00 TODAY 3 Bags for Price of 1 Satisfaction or Money Back
ROYAL PAPER GOODS CO.
15 Beekman St. New York City

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff.
For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.
50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

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Letter Heads

Call at this office

Good Work Is Our Specialty

QUINLAN'S

Clearing Sale of Spring Millinery

COMMENCED WEDNESDAY 8:30 a. m.

All Trimmed Spring Hats Divided Into Three Lots

Lot 1—Hats formerly priced to $7.50 to close out at **$2.98 each**

Lot 2—All Hats formerly priced to $10 to close out at **$3.98 each**

Lot 3—All Hats formerly priced to $15 to close out at **$5.00 each**

Fancy Feathers and all Trimmings at HALF PRICE.

This Sale includes all Spring Millinery.

Untrimmed Hats 25c, $1, $1.98.

This is the very Biggest Value Giving Sale of Millinery ever had at this time of season. Come at once!

QUINLAN'S,

145 Genesee Street, Auburn, N. Y.

JOHN W. RICE CO.,

103 GENESEE ST.,

Auburn - - N. Y.

Special Reduction Sale.

We are offering substantial reductions on coats and suits, exceptionally smart garments that you cannot afford to miss seeing. If you expect to purchase, our garments are all well made and guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction.

New Waists.

A special shipment of ladies waists priced from $1 to 8.50 each. Made of the most beautiful materials in white, flesh, maze, etc. Sizes from 34 to 46 bust measure.

Dainty Muslin Underwear.

Night gowns, chemise, petticoats, camosoles, drawers, combinations and corset covers, made of crepe de chene or dainty muslin. All at remarkably low prices.

COUNTY COURT, CAYUGA COUNTY.

Thomas P. Smith, plaintiff, against Edgar Smith et al defendants. In pursuance of a judgment in the above entitled action of partition entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of Cayuga on the 21st day of May, 1917, I, the undersigned Referee in and by said judgment for that purpose appointed will sell at public auction at the front door of the hotel known as McDermott Hotel in the village of King Ferry, town of Genoa, County of Cayuga, New York on Friday, the 6th day of July, 1917 at two o'clock in the afternoon the lands and premises in said judgment directed to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that tract or parcel of land, situate in the town of Genoa, County of Cayuga and state of New York, and being part of Lot No. 33 in said Town and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning in the west line of said lot at the northwest corner of Perian Price's land (now owned by David Price) and running thence north along the west line of said Lot, 2 chains and sixty-nine links, thence east twenty-seven chains and six links, thence south two chains and sixty-nine links to the north-east corner of Perian Price's land, thence west along the north line of said Price's land twenty-seven chains and six links to the place of beginning, containing seven acres and twenty-five hundredths of an acre of land. Also all that other certain tract or parcel of land, situate in the town of Genoa, aforesaid being part of lot No. 33 in said town and bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the northwest corner of lands heretofore conveyed by David Price and Ann M. Price, his wife, to Ann Smith and running thence north one chain and eighty-five links, thence east twenty-five chains and six links, thence south one chain and eighty-five links, thence west twenty-seven chains and six links to the place of beginning, containing five acres of land

Dated May 21, 1917.

Oscar Tryon, Referee.

Albert H. Clark,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Auburn, N. Y.

On A Dark Night

It is very distressing to have some one in the family awake with an attack of Cholera Morbus, Cramps or Dysentery and it is worse when you have to travel a mile or two for medicine. A bottle of Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil kept in the house saves a world of trouble. It quickly checks Diarrhoea, relieves cramps and eases pain. Effective also for rheumatism, lame back, sprains, cuts or wounds. Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all dealers.

Graduation Time Draws Near.

We have beautiful lines of fine sheer, dainty white goods reasonably priced. Fine sheer imported and domestic colored Wash Fabrics — many styles We control the latest weaves and colorings. Prices very reasonable.

Ladies' Coats — the newest models, select styles and colorings, perfect fitting. We will save you 10% on your purchase. Let us show you our lines.

Ready to wear wool skirts. Prices at $2.98, 3.50, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00 and 7.50, a saving here.

Wash skirts—newest models, from $1.00 to 4.00.

Beautiful lines of cotton and silk waists.

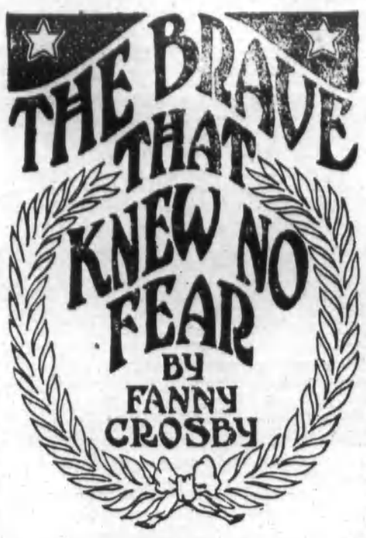
In our dress goods and silk department you will find the latest styles and colorings; everything tends to higher prices.

You will be surprised at what we can save you in these departments.

Holmes & Dunnigan,

79 Genesee St., Auburn.

All Interurban and City cars stop directly in front of our store.



Three cheers, three cheers for the olden time
And the brave that knew no fear;
They stood erect as the giant oak,
And laughed when the storm was near.

Like them we'll boast of the land we love
And her proud flag streaming high:
We'll sing aloud for the bright green hills,
While the ocean waves reply.

They dared to look in the flashing eye
Of the storm king when he passed.
A shout went up and a peal of joy
Rang out on the wintry blast.

The grass is green where they calmly rest,
Those veterans true and brave;
Their memory shines like a radiant star
O'er the land they died to save.

To Impress the Young.

It is a beautiful thought that at five minutes to noon on Memorial day all work shall cease and all flags be lowered. For five minutes of grand silence, in prayer and thought, let the living pay devotion to the dead. Let comrades and the people remember during those five minutes that for the preservation of our beloved country more than 550,000 patriotic Americans gave up their lives in the great struggle fifty years ago. This observance will mean much to the young and the coming generations, impressing upon them the duty of honoring the dead who gave up their lives for their country and their flag and teaching them annually a lesson in the fundamental truths of virtue, liberty and independence.

"Honor the Knightly Dead."

The honor, strength and safety of a nation depend upon the martial spirit of the people. To cherish and perpetuate this is our sacred duty. To place flowers upon the graves of the brave men who fell in battle is a privilege which the living should proudly claim. We thus honor the knightly dead and instil a knightly spirit into those who still live.—General Joe Wheeler.

Foster, Ross & Company

THE BIG STORE

AUBURN, N. Y.

JUNE, NINETEEN SEVENTEEN

June this year comes to us under very extraordinary conditions and our plans for the usual daily sales have received much careful search and attention. In these times of uncertain, in many cases unreasonable prices, we are striving to make this store more and more a place where you will find that your interests are safe. Every day during June there will be unusual offers from some one department and in a word we promise you that every one of these specialties will have a price attached which cannot be duplicated in the near future.

The popularity of these June Sales is now far reaching and this year we are determined to present you with more opportunities than ever

FOR SENSIBLE ECONOMIES

We hope to see you often during the month. Come!

Program of June Sales

Friday,	June	1	Silks
Saturday,	"	2	General
Monday,	"	4	Muslin Underwear
Tuesday,	"	5	Wash Goods
Wednesday,	"	6	Laces and Trimmings
Thursday,	"	7	Suits, Coats, Skirts
Friday,	"	8	Wool Dress Goods
Saturday,	"	9	General
Monday,	"	11	Gloves and Handkerchiefs
Tuesday,	"	12	Linens
Wednesday,	"	13	Upholstery
Thursday,	"	14	Waists
Friday,	"	15	Rugs, Linoleums, etc.
Saturday,	"	16	Men's Day
Monday,	"	18	Ladies' Neckwear & Ribbons
Tuesday,	"	19	Wash Dresses
Wednesday,	"	20	White Goods
Thursday,	"	21	China and Glass
Friday,	"	22	Trunks, Leather Goods, Auto Robes
Saturday,	"	23	General
Monday,	"	25	Hosiery and Underwear
Tuesday,	"	26	House Furnishings
Wednesday,	"	27	Notions, Toilet Goods, etc.
Thursday,	"	28	Hammocks, Porch Shades, etc.
Friday,	"	29	Infants' Wear & Art Goods
Saturday,	"	30	Umbrellas & Ladies' Sweaters

Keep this before you. Each evening the Daily papers will give details of the goods on sale the following day.

Foster, Ross & Company

Decoration Day

Most all holidays call for new clothes. To be distinctively well dressed for $18 to $25 is to meet ambition more than halfway.

That's where we come in -- giving all the value that's possible to put into a suit.

Marshall's Clothing Store

131 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

Decoration Day Specials.

An entirely new line of Hats of the unusual sort especially produced for Summer Wear.

Special! Extra! Friday and Saturday

One lot of hemp shapes black and colors	79c to $1.49
New lot of Panamas 8 different shapes	98c to $1.89
All the new shapes in Leghorns	$1.98 to 2.98
About thirty trimmed Hats all good	$1.49 to 2.49

This is unusually early in the season to make such radical price reductions on the season's newest and best Millinery. Buy now.

PECK'S MILLINERY,

15 South St., Auburn, N. Y.