

The Genoa Tribune.

VOL XXVI NO. 47

Genoa, New York, Friday Morning, June 15, 1917.

Emma A. Waldo

DR. J. W. SKINNER,
Homeopathist and Surgeon, Genoa, N. Y.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children. Cancer removed without pain by escharotic. Office at residence.

DENTIST

J. A. Spaulding

Wheat Block, Moravia, N. Y.

Write or Phone for Appointment
Bell 40-M Miller 70

E. B. DANIELS

UNDERTAKER

Moravia, N. Y.

Telephone Connections for
Day and Night Calls.

UNDERTAKING

WILLARD CUTLER

Embalmer and Funeral Director

Main St., Moravia
Bell 'Phone Miller 'Phone

J. WILL TREE,

BOOK BINDING
ITHACA.

FRED L. SWART,

Optometrist.

Masonic Temple, South St.
AUBURN, N. Y.

Shur-On Eye Glasses.

FIRE!

E. C. HILLMAN,

GENERAL FIRE INSURANCE

Levanna, N. Y.

Agent for the following companies:
Glens Falls, The Home, Fire Association
of Philadelphia, The Sun of London, The
Queen, Royal of Liverpool and Fidelity
Underwriters, also Windstorm or Tornado
insurance at low rate.

Reular trip every thirty days.

REMOVAL

CLARENCE SHERWOOD

the Optometrist is now located at

79 GENESEE STREET

OVER

HOLMES & DUNNIGAN

next to the H. R. Wait Co., opposite

the Trolley Ticket Office.

Eyes Examined, Glasses Fitted,

Broken Lenses Duplicated.

Lansingville.

June 11—The E. L. business meeting for the annual election of officers was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baker on Friday night. The following officers were elected: President—James H. Casterline. 1st Vice Pres.—Edith Gallow. 2nd Vice Pres.—George Stout. 3rd Vice Pres.—Lillian Stout. 4th Vice Pres.—Bertha Baker. Sec.—Nellie Minturn. Treas.—Archie Fish.

Organists—Bertha Baker, Edith Gallow.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Gallow entertained the following guests Sunday in honor of the former's birthday: Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Gallow, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Calhoun and James Casterline and family.

Mrs. Lida Reynolds spent a few days with Mrs. Jonathan Lobdell last week.

At an evening party the hostess had coaxed a protesting guest to sing. After the song she went up to him smiling. "Oh, Mr. Jenkins," she said, "you must never tell me again that you can't sing—I know now!"—Argonaut.

NOT ENOUGH CHILDREN

ever receive the proper balance of food to sufficiently nourish both body and brain during the growing period when nature's demands are greater than in mature life. This is shown in so many pale faces, lean bodies, frequent colds, and lack of ambition.

For all such children we say with unmistakable earnestness: They need Scott's Emulsion, and need it now. It possesses in concentrated form the very food elements to enrich their blood. It changes weakness to strength; it makes them sturdy and strong. No alcohol.

Scott & Emulsion, Bloomfield, N. J.

From Nearby Towns.

Ledyard.

June 10—Children's Day exercises were held in the church here yesterday and were enjoyed by a full audience.

Mr. and Mrs. VanMarter of Syracuse were Sunday guests at W. J. Haines.

Miss Nellie Peck, a former pastor's daughter, is visiting Mrs. Carrie Haines.

Mrs. Frost, Mrs. Minard and Mrs. Main attended a Ladies' Aid meeting at the home of Mrs. Richard Thorpe at Venice last Wednesday. About twenty ladies were present. Mrs. Frost explained the Red Cross work, and the ladies expect soon to take up the work.

The district superintendent was an over-Sunday guest at the parsonage. Mrs. Winn is not as well at this writing. Her many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Mr. Young who has been in poor health for some time is confined to his bed.

Dr. Frost is entertaining a friend from Moravia.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tilton and family visited Mrs. Tilton's parents on Sunday.

Mrs. Kirkland is spending a few days at Burdette Streeter's.

Mr. and Mrs. Minard and Mrs. Frost were in Moravia on Saturday.

We were treated to another deluge last night. Rain came down in torrents for half an hour and every place was flooded.

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Brightman were guests of the former's father and sister on Sunday.

The fruit trees which bloomed so freely and gave promise of abundant fruit have suffered from the cold wet weather and indications now are that the fruitage will be small.

Jerry Mahaney is spending the day in Auburn.

The first summer meeting of the Ledyard Cornell Study club for Red Cross work will be at the home of Mrs. Locke Wednesday, June 20. An informal discussion will be led by Mrs. Hoag and others who attended the meeting in the Thrift special at Aurora. Roll call topic, Current events.

Sage.

June 11—Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Collins of Groton are spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Terpening and other relatives in this vicinity.

Fay Smith was called to Halseyville Saturday by the illness of his uncle, Paris Robinson.

Among those from this place who attended the circus in Ithaca were Carlton Furman and Clara Cuatt, Charles Cuatt and Nellie Furman, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wager and Henry Teeter.

Henry Teeter is going to raise the roof and put on a hip roof on the barn where he lives and put on a new roof on the barn of the lower place.

Fay Smith and sister, Mrs. Nellie Tuller and daughter Lucy attended Children's Day at East Lansing.

North Lansing.

June 12—Afton Kilmer of Rochester spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Kilmer.

Mrs. Alice Foley of Rochester is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Phillip Kilmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Barnett of Auburn spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Burt Moseley.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevenson and little son George of West Groton are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dana Singer.

Mrs. Helen Osmun is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. J. Brink.

Mrs. Henry Shangler of Moravia is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Benton Buck.

Mrs. Mabel Sharpsteen of Scranton, Pa., has been visiting relatives here.

Dennis Doyle, Howard and Karl Tarbell and Kirby Sharpsteen motored to Otsego lake Monday night fishing.

Teacher in physiology class: "What is the office of the salivary glands?—Pupil: "The mouth."

Merrifield.

June 12—The Misses Bessie and Flossie Grant of Auburn were recent guests at the home of the former in this place.

The Baptist L. A. S. will meet in the church on Thursday afternoon.

The weekly prayer-meeting will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Coulson on Wednesday evening.

Miss Nettie Chapman of Auburn spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Chapman.

The pastor and boys of the Baptist church will meet to clean the church yard Saturday afternoon.

Frank Murphy, who is ill and has lately returned from the North Woods, is staying with his mother, Mrs. Patrick Shaw, for a time. His wife who has employment in Auburn comes out every Saturday evening and remains over Sunday. Miss Mayme Murphy of Auburn visited her mother last Sunday.

A council has been called to meet at the Baptist church June 29 for the purpose of ordaining to the gospel ministry, Irving Powers, present pastor of the church.

At the late spelling contest in Auburn, James L. Welch of this place received a credit of 92%.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Parker will reside at Scipio in part of Daniel Gleason's house.

Mrs. Clarence Smith and daughter, Geraldine of Moravia were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Smith last week.

Patrick Donovan has purchased a fine piano for his daughter.

William Orchard is on the sick list, under the care of Dr. Hoxsie.

Miss Nina Donovan of Auburn was the guest of her parents Tuesday last.

Rev. Bernard Heffernan, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Heffernan of Aurora, who was recently ordained to the priesthood, said a high mass at Scipio Center Sunday, June 10. He leaves soon to take up his duties in the West. There was a large congregation to greet him. The singing for the day was by Mrs. Lee Connell of Genoa and her sister, Jennie Shiels of Venice, former members of the King Ferry choir.

East Genoa.

June 12—John Davis has returned to his home, after an absence of several weeks with his sister, Mrs. Robert Armstrong.

Clifford Pierce and Fred Smith were in Moravia Friday.

Lizzie Holden and D. Fallon were guests of her daughter, Mrs. Ruth Sharpsteen, on Sunday.

Miss Nina Thayer has returned from Auburn, where she has been assisting Mrs. George Sincerbeaux.

Mrs. Frances Rundell is at the home of her sister, Mrs. Ida Lester.

Mr. and Mrs. John Armstrong of Groton, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Green of Venice and his sister and mother spent Sunday at the home of Bert Pierce and family.

Bert Smith and Mrs. May Tarbell are appointed census takers in this district, No. 5.

Miss Luella Baker was called home on account of the illness of her mother.

Harvey Dunham, an uncle of Mrs. Bert Smith, died in Moravia Monday.

Mrs. William Starner of the Forks of the Creek was a caller at the home of Frances Bothwell recently.

Venice Center.

June 11—W. Beardsley is spending a few days in Cortland on business.

Mrs. Geo. Crawford, who has been quite seriously ill for some time, is said to be improving. She was able to take a short ride on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Beardsley have sold their property here to Joseph Atwater, possession to be given about Nov. 1. They expect to go to Cortland for the winter.

Mrs. S. E. Beardsley spent the week-end with friends in Genoa.

Rev. F. H. Gates of Cortland, at one time pastor of the Baptist church in Genoa, delivered a very pleasing address at the church in this place Sunday evening.

Miss Margaret Donovan has been quite sick for a few days, but is some better.

Poplar Ridge.

June 12—Mrs. E. O. Sprague is at Farleys for a time.

Mrs. Lydia H. Weader, who died at her grandson's, William Aldrich, in Syracuse June 5, of pneumonia, at the advanced age of nearly 87 years, was one of the oldest residents of this community. Mrs. Meader was a woman of many sterling qualities, loved and respected by a large number of friends and acquaintances. Her funeral was largely attended Saturday afternoon at the north Friends meeting house.

Quarterly meeting was held at the north Friends meeting house Friday and Saturday of last week. A number from over the lake and other places were present.

Mrs. Ethel Pattington and Mrs. Mabel Georgia and sons came from Detroit, Mich., to attend their grandmother's, Mrs. Meader, funeral. Mrs. Georgia returned Sunday. Mrs. Pattington expects to remain for a short time when her mother, Mrs. Aldrich, will return to Detroit with her.

A camp is being set up in Roy Sherman's field for the accommodation of the 18 convicts who came this week to help repair the state road.

Dr. and Mrs. W. I. Hoag of Indianapolis, Ind., were recent callers on friends in town.

The Ladies' Aid which met at Mrs. Nellie Culver's last week was not as largely attended as usual on account of the rain.

The ladies will meet next Tuesday afternoon at Mrs. C. E. Peckham's to sew and knit for the Red Cross. All are invited.

Mrs. Louisa Foster left for her old home at Westerly, R. I., to spend the summer.

Nearly all the children and some grown people have been entertaining German measles.

Rev. Mr. Hickok of Wells college conducted the services at the church Sunday.

Lake Ridge.

June 7—Miss Laura E. Wooley spent a few days last week in Ithaca.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Davis and Mr. and Mrs. William Davis motored to Smithville last Saturday returning home Sunday. Mrs. William Davis remained for two weeks to visit her mother and sister.

Mrs. Elizabeth Fenner is somewhat improved after her recent illness.

Mrs. William Lane is greatly improved at this writing.

Erwin Butts is slowly gaining after his long illness.

Mrs. Harry Smith entertained the sewing circle of King Ferry at her home on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Dwight VanNest spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Earl Mann of Belltown.

Mrs. Estella Bissell and Herbert VanNest spent Wednesday in Ithaca.

Mrs. Helen Teeter of Ithaca is visiting Mrs. L. A. Fenner and other friends in this place.

Mrs. Jessie Bush spent the last week in Syracuse.

Benjamin Worsell was in Ithaca Wednesday.

The Ladies' Aid society met at the home of Mrs. Robert Nedrow.

Ensenore Heights.

June 12—Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Barnes have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Muriel Janet to Clarence Leslie Mason of Venice. The ceremony will take place at high noon June 20, at their home.

Willis Wardwell is driving a Ford of the latest model.

Mrs. Grace Chapin and children, Dorothy and Claude of Philadelphia have come to spend the summer recess with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Barnes.

The Neighborhood Bible Study Class will meet at the home of Mrs. Frank Barnes on Friday afternoon.

Charles Wyant and Mrs. Ida Peterson of Auburn visited their sister, Mrs. Eva Van Liew, Sunday. Mrs. Van Liew is very low at this writing.

Miss Nettie Chapman of Auburn spent Sunday at the home of her mother, Mrs. E. A. Chapman.

Your patriotic duty—buy a Liberty Loan Bond.

King Ferry.

June 12—The marriage of Miss Margaret Murray, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Murray, to Philip Tyrrell of Genoa, will take place soon.

Chas. Drake of Lansingville visited his brother, Oris Drake, on Sunday, who is in poor health.

Mr. and Mrs. Alden Brightman and son of Syracuse called on their aunt, Mrs. M. Crouch, Monday.

Doris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Hand of Genoa, spent last week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Smith.

Mrs. Lewis Atwater of Scipioville was a guest of A. W. Atwater and family Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Smith, Mrs. Andrew Stilwell, Mrs. Mary Tilton and Mrs. Fred Tuttle attended the funeral of their cousin, Mrs. Frances Tilley of Auburn Tuesday.

Frank Young and son and daughter of Auburn were guests of Edwin J. Young and family Saturday and Sunday.

Jay Shaw of Syracuse was recently at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Shaw here.

Mr. and Mrs. James McDermott and son Gordon and Mr. and Mrs. Ray McCormick motored to Buffalo Sunday to the home of Mrs. McDermott's mother, returning home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Cook and son of Sherwood were guests at A. B. Smith's, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. White and family and Mr. and Mrs. Frank White of Merrifield called on their aunt, Mrs. M. Crouch, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Lamey and son, Clair Lamey, and Mr. and Mrs. John Cummings and family motored to Cayuga Sunday for the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Harris, Mrs. May Kibler and Mrs. George Stearns motored to Aurora Sunday and called on Mrs. Lizzie Jones.

Thomas Smith, who has been in very poor health all the spring, was taken to Dr. Skinner's hospital Sunday. Ed Fessenden motored to Genoa with him. Mr. Smith will remain for a time to be cared for. Mrs. Smith will remain there also for a while.

Miss Mazie Cummings of Auburn spent several days with her father, Peter Cummings, and sister, Dottie.

Miss Anna Dempsey of Auburn recently visited her mother, Mrs. M. Dempsey.

There will be a bake sale held at the King Ferry High school Saturday, June 16, from 2 o'clock on for the benefit of the school piano. adv.

By a proclamation of Governor Whitman, all residents of New York State, both male and female, between the ages of 16 to 50 years inclusive, are required to register on or before June 25, 1917. All residents of school district No. 2, town of Genoa, will register at the school building, King Ferry, N. Y. Registration hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Early Thursday morning, the alarm was given that the garage of King Ferry was on fire. The fire company came quickly to the scene with their chemical engines and with lively help the men soon had the fire under control. Had it not been discovered just in time it would have done great damage. There were two cars in the garage, one belonging to C. Jefferson of Ludlowville which was badly burned, also the truck car of F. Callahan which was burned. T. C. McCormick also was the loser of some harnesses which he had stored there. Julian Corey, the manager of the garage, in breaking a window in was badly cut on the wrist, so that Dr. Hatch was obliged to take several stitches. Had it not been for the fire engines the building would have been destroyed. We are proud of the fire company.

June 12—Henry Young of Syracuse has been spending a part of the past week with his brother, E. J. Young, and his cousin, Mrs. R. A. Ellison and their families. This was a farewell visit, prior to his leaving for Brooklyn where he expects to go at once on board a battleship as one of the U. S. Marines. This is Mr. Young's third term of enlistment, having served two terms on board the battleship Rhode Island. He is the possessor of three medals won

Five Corners.

June 11—This weather beats anything that anyone ever saw before—even those that have existed for nearly one hundred years.

Mr. and Mrs. Lockwood Palmer, who are here taking care of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Major Palmer, went to Ithaca last Friday to pack their household goods and have them moved here, as they will remain with their parents for a while.

Miss Mabel Snyder is now at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Marshall at the Forks of the Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. Dwight VanNest of Lake Ridge recently visited Mr. and Mrs. Earl Mann at Belltown.

Mrs. Jane C. Mosher returned to her home in Auburn last Sunday afternoon, after spending a week with her brother, C. G. Barger.

Henry Barger of Ludlowville spent last Sunday with his parents here.

Mrs. E. C. Corwin entertained the Birthday club last week Thursday in honor of Mrs. Carmi Chaffee, only one member being absent. The club gave her a very beautiful present and she received numerous other gifts. A very fine supper was served, and the afternoon was one of pleasure to them all.

The remains of John H. Hollister of Coxsackie were brought here last Friday night and placed in the receiving vault until Saturday morning and were then buried in the cemetery here.

Mrs. Wilbur Cook was able to visit her people, Mr. and Mrs. David Knox, one day last week.

Mr. Dans and family of Carbondale, Pa., have recently moved in Adelbert Alexander's tenant house.

Harry Smith spent several days last week at West Groton, where he had a very sick horse.

Clarence Boles, who is assisting George Husted with his farm work spent last Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lester A. Boles.

Mrs. Wm. White is quite poorly.

Mr. and Mrs. Dannie Moore, accompanied by Mrs. Cora Burrows, motored to Auburn last Friday.

Mrs. Cora Burrows was an over-Sunday guest of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Wood. Mrs. Burrows will live at the home of her daughter, Mrs. B. F. Sigler at North Lansing, instead of Claude Palmer's as was stated in last week's items. Mr. Sigler came this morning and took a load of household goods to his home.

E. C. Corwin and family attended the circus at Ithaca last week Wednesday, also Clarence Hollister and family.

Chas. Aikin received the sad news of the critical illness of his mother, and although he had hired out to work for E. C. Corwin for the summer, he had to leave and with his family has gone near Geneva to his mother's to assist in caring for her.

Mr. Briggs of West Groton has now hired out to E. C. Corwin in the place of Mr. Aikin.

There is a man who does not attend church services very often, but is sure to go when it rains. Then he will take some other man's rubbers to wear home, and the latest was an umbrella. As it rained he thought he would have one that would keep him from getting wet. So look out for your rubbers and umbrellas also.

It takes a man of push to propel even a wheelbarrow.

during his former service for obedience, sharpshooting and expert rifleman. He expects to see much fighting before the war is over.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH NOTES.

Sunday morning worship at 10:30. Sermon theme, "Whom Do We Choose, Jesus or Barabbas?" Sunday school at 12 or before.

Sunday evening service at 7:30. Leader of the Christian Endeavor, Mrs. Charles Cornell. Subject of meeting and of the sermon, "What Is Reverence and Why Should We Be Reverent," Heb. 12:18-23.

Prayer meeting on Thursday at 7:30.

A Red Cross meeting with Miss Lena Garey next Monday afternoon from 2 to 5. All ladies invited to come and sew.

FROM PARIS.

A Crispy Model From the City of Beautiful Gowns.



GIRLISH LINES.

Figured taffeta is here put up with a net of the same shade, blue, the bodice and girdle being outlined with metal ribbon. Two upstanding ruches are used to accentuate a high waist and a hip line below the net.

VINES FOR SHADE.

What to Choose to Screen Your Porch or Your Back Fence.

Vines for shading purposes require dense, rowdy foliage. One of the ways to get this after the proper ones have been selected is to insure good soil, plenty of water and frequent cultivation. Vines must make their growth quickly and uninterruptedly to make good screening or shading, and for this reason hardy perennial ones are best.

To show rapid top growth a vine must have a large root mass. This can be assured by planting in a specially prepared trench or pit excavated to a depth of eighteen inches. If the subsoil is hardpan or sticky clay, drainage material consisting of broken stones, large clinkers from the furnace or other mineral rubbish should be put in the bottom to a depth of three inches.

Dense growing vines are gross feeders and soon exhaust the soil in the trenches if it is not naturally good and kept up yearly. All those recommended prefer a soil with an alkaline reaction, which is secured by the use of

lime. If a good soil is not available make one from chopped up sods or good garden loam, adding one-third the bulk of well rotted horse manure.

For screening a north porch there is nothing better than the Dutchman's pipe vine (aristolochia), a vigorous and rapidly growing vine, bearing when grown in sunshine brownish flowers resembling a pipe.

Another good vine for the north porch is the new form of the Virginia creeper, known as Ampelopsis engelmannii, with very dense foliage of a light green color turning to crimson in the fall.

Both these vines for shaded places should be cut off a foot from the ground every winter and new shoots run up every spring, as this insures a more dense growth of foliage.

The bignonia when grown semi-dwarf is a good vine for the trellis. It bears profusely large trumpet flowers and is a rank grower. It should be cut back to a foot in height annually as it tends to make coarse stems if allowed to grow at will.

The hop vines (Humulus lupulus) are very good for screening from the sun, growing very luxuriantly.

The quinquina is especially good for low porches, where a dense shade is desired. It is evergreen and of a deep green color.

Many persons like honeysuckle for shade, and it is good if properly grown so that the foliage is well distributed all over the vines. In order to accomplish this it should be grown on a trellis of wide mesh so that it can be cut back to the porch floor each winter and the old growth removed. Frequent clippings during the season will insure a continuance of bloom during a longer period. The best variety for screening is halleana, yellow and white and very fragrant.

Afternoon Togs.

Combinations of afternoon blouses on the elaborate type made to wear with separate skirts that may be made at home or bought in the shops are very successful. They give the appearance of a whole dress and are all right for ordinary afternoon social occasions.

Lingerie Gowns.

A striking feature of many Paris lingerie gowns of net is the knee length blouse worn over a narrow underskirt, and the blouse in most instances is elaborately embroidered, by hand.

Farm Bureau Secured.

Through the efforts of the Carlisle (Pa.) chamber of commerce a farm bureau has been established for the county in which the city is located. The county officials were interested in the plan, and the county commissioners, at the suggestion of the chamber, appropriated \$1,000 to help defray the expenses of the bureau.

How to Clean Woolens With Cornmeal and Salt.

Any light woolen material may be cleaned by this method: Mix cornmeal and salt in equal parts; then spread out the material or garment on a white cloth on the kitchen table and cover it with the cornmeal and salt mixture. When it has been on for a short time cover your clothes brush or scrub brush with a soft white cloth and go over the entire surface of the garment. After it has been brushed thoroughly shake well and hang in the open air. The same process may be used with white doestkin gloves.

DON'T LET MILK SPOIL

ON THE FARM, IN TRANSIT, OR IN THE HOME

Whole milk, skim milk, and buttermilk are highly nourishing and valuable foods. These foods spoil quickly when allowed to get warm or when exposed to bacteria and molds present in the dust and the air.

Keep Milk Continuously Clean, Cold and Covered.

This injunction applies equally to the producer, the wholesaler, the dealer, the consumer.

Unclean milk sent from the farm sours and spoils more quickly than clean milk. Pasteurization makes milk safer.

Milk, to keep properly, should never get warmer than 50° F. until it is consumed. The lower the temperature the better the milk will keep.

Bacteria—such as those which cause milk to sour—develop very slowly and cause little change in milk kept at such low temperatures.

A slight rise in temperature, even for a short time, permits these bacteria to multiply rapidly and bring about rapid deterioration of the milk, which may render it unfit for ordinary use.

Don't leave your milk bottles on a hot porch or doorstep. A short exposure in the sun or a warm place hastens the spoiling even of cold, bottled milk.

Have the milkman put your milk into the refrigerator. If this is impossible provide, in warm weather, a box with ice, or a bucket of water in a shady place, for the milk.

At any rate, have the bottles left in the coolest and shadiest place about your premises.

Don't leave milk in bottles or vessels in a warm room for a moment longer than is necessary.

Never pour milk, which has been exposed to the air, back into a bottle containing other milk. Keep such milk cold and covered in another clean utensil.

Keep Milk Clean

Milk, when warm, is an ideal cultural medium for bacteria. Keep milk clean. You can keep it clean only by keeping it covered so that the bacteria and molds from the air will not get into it.

Keep your milk bottles covered either with caps or by placing glasses over them. Keep them covered in the refrigerator and in the kitchen or dining room.

Never pour milk into an unsterile bowl or pitcher. Scald all vessels into which milk is poured for keeping

or serving. Cool these utensils after scalding, before you put milk into them.

Before you open a bottle of milk, wash and wipe the outside of the cap with water and a clean cloth. The little depression at the top of the bottle collects dust or water, or milk, which may attract flies. Lift out the cap with a pointed instrument, so that the outside of the cap, which may be contaminated, will not be pushed down into the milk.

Clean and scald the refrigerator where milk is stored, regularly with hot sal-soda solution. See that the drip pipe is kept open and clean.

Even in the cleanest refrigerator, never keep milk in an open vessel. Milk absorbs odors easily.

If there are babies or little children in your home, clean, cold, covered milk is absolutely essential.

Clean Empty Bottles

Finally, clean empty bottles. Rinse thoroughly with cold water every milk bottle, as soon as emptied, and then wash with hot water. This helps your milkman to give you clean milk.

Never take milk bottles into a sick room. If you have an infectious or contagious disease in your home, boil the milk bottles, and do not return them without the express sanction of your local health officer or attending physician.

Don't Throw Out Skim or Sour Milk

Clean skim milk is a valuable food, containing all the nourishing elements of whole milk except the fat or cream. It is useful in cooking cereals, soups, sauces, cocoa, etc., and is a palatable, nourishing beverage.

Sour milk and buttermilk can be used with soda in making hot breads, or sour milk can be easily turned into cottage cheese, or clabber. Sour cream is a good shortening for cakes and cookies, and is useful for salad dressings and gravies for meat.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture will be glad to send you additional information about the care and use of milk.

DEMONSTRATE THRIFT IN YOUR HOME

A Bank Should Be the Solidest Institution in a City

In time of Panic

It must be prepared to meet the demands of a frightened public.

In time of Depression

It must be ready to give assistance to its customers.

At all times

It must invest its depositors' funds so that while paying a reasonable return, these funds will be absolutely safe under every condition.

We are conservative, we are careful in loaning our depositors' money, we use every care in making investments but we are solid and able to meet the above requirements. In this way we believe we are acting in the safest way for the good of the community.

Open an Interest Account with us---Your money will be safe.

ITHACA TRUST COMPANY



Published every Friday
Tribune Building, Genoa, N. Y. F. E. A. Waldo

Subscription.
One year \$1.00
Six months .50
Three months .25
Single copies .05
If no orders are received to discontinue the paper at the expiration of the time paid for, the publisher assumes that the subscriber desires the paper and intends to pay for it. No subscription will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid. Rates for space advertising made known on application. Readers 50 per line. Specials 40 per line. Cards of thanks 50c.
Job Printing. This office is well equipped to do first class printing of every description at moderate prices.

Friday Morning, June 15, 1917



FOR YOUNG FOLKS

Sleepy Time Story About an Always Welcome Spring Visitor.

AN OLD AMERICAN LEGEND.

How an Indian Maiden Rescued a Handsome Young Warrior From a Wicked Magician—A Strange Race in the Forest Destroys a Sorcerer.

Well, said Uncle Ben to little Ned and Polly Ann, this evening I am going to tell you about

THE BLUEBIRD.

As you know, the bluebird is one of the first birds that come to us in the spring.

According to the old Indian story, the first bluebird was a brave, a young man who had been changed by a wicked magician into a bird with red and blue feathers just like the bluebird. He was to be a bird until some beautiful maiden would consent to marry him.

One day Minda, a young Indian girl whose father and six brothers had all been killed by a bad magician, was out in the forest gathering sticks. The bluebird flew down to the branch of the tree beside her, and Minda, who had never seen a bluebird before, admired it. She was astonished when the bird spoke to her, telling her that he was a young man who had been turned into a bird. He asked Minda to marry him. Though at first she would not agree, she at last became his wife. After that the but in the woods where Minda and her mother and little brother lived was always warm and comfortable, for the bluebird, who had now become a handsome young man, hunted and fished and brought wood for the fire.

One day the old magician called and asked the young man to run a race with him. That was the way he had killed Minda's father and brothers. Minda and her mother were frightened when the young man agreed to race with the old magician.

The next day they all went to the lake where the magician lived.

Now, it always happened that whoever lost a race to the old magician came rushing in at the end, knocked his head against a stone post and dropped dead. So the young man ran his best and was as swift of foot as the old man. The magician then changed himself into a fox and passed the young man. The young man then changed himself into a bluebird and got in front of the old magician. The magician next turned himself into a wolf, then into a deer, then into a buffalo. After that he was unable to take on any new forms, and the young man, who was now bird and now man, won the race, and the bad old magician ran his head into the stone post.

"My work is done," the young man said to his friends. "I must leave you. Only my bride may go with me."

Then he and Minda, his wife, were changed into bluebirds, and they flew away, singing as they went.

And they were the first bluebirds. Since then, so the Indians say, bluebirds have always been seen on earth to cheer the heart of man each year with their promise of the banishment of that cruel old magician, Winter.

And if you will listen to their songs you will hear them caroling their promise, "Tru-ly, tru-ly!"

World's Largest Flagstaff.

A huge log 250 feet long and weighing eighteen tons was recently transported from British Columbia to London to be erected as a flagstaff in Kew gardens.

Upon its arrival in London a number of cranes, operating simultaneously, slid the timber free from stanchions and deck houses and dropped it into the water, where a line was secured to its butt to tow it up the Thames river to Kew, where it was erected.

HOW SHALL WE PAY FOR THE WAR?

A Constructive Criticism on the House Revenue Bill.

LOANS BETTER THAN TAXES

Five Reasons Why Excessive Taxes at the Outset of War Are Disadvantageous—Great Britain Example Worthy of Emulation—How the Taxes Should Be Apportioned.

By EDWIN R. A. SELIGMAN, McVickar Professor of Political Economy, Columbia University.

On May 23, 1917, the House of Representatives passed an act "to provide revenue to defray war expenses and for other purposes." In the original bill as presented by the Committee of Ways and Means, the additional revenue to be derived was estimated at \$1,810,420,000. The amendment to the income tax, which was tacked on to the bill during the discussion in the House, was expected to yield another \$40,000,000 or \$50,000,000.

In discussing the House bill, two problems arise:

I. How much should be raised by taxation?

II. In what manner should this sum be raised?

I. How Much Should Be Raised by Taxation?

How was the figure of \$1,800,000,000 arrived at? The answer is simple. When the Secretary of the Treasury came to estimate the additional war expenses for the year 1917-18, he calculated that they would amount to some \$6,000,000,000, of which \$3,000,000,000 was to be allotted to the allies, and \$3,000,000,000 was to be utilized for the domestic purposes. Thinking that it would be a fair proposition to divide this latter sum between loans and taxes, he concluded that the amount to be raised by taxes was \$1,800,000,000.

There are two extreme theories, each of which may be dismissed with scant courtesy. The one is that all war expenditures should be defrayed by loans, and the other is that all war expenditures should be defrayed by taxes. Each theory is untenable.

It is indeed true that the burdens of the war should be borne by the present rather than the future generation; but this does not mean that they should be borne by this year's taxation.

Meeting all war expenses by taxation makes the taxpayers in one or two years bear the burden of benefits that ought to be distributed at least over a decade within the same generation.

In the second place, when expenditures approach the gigantic sums of present-day warfare, the tax-only policy would require more than the total surplus of social income. Were this absolutely necessary, the ensuing havoc in the economic life of the community would have to be endured. But where the disasters are so great and at the same time so unnecessary, the tax-only policy may be declared impracticable.

Secretary McAdoo had the right instinct and highly commendable courage in deciding that a substantial portion, at least, of the revenues should be derived from taxation. But when he hit upon the plan of 50-50 per cent, that is, of raising one-half of all domestic war expenditures by taxes, the question arises whether he did not go too far.

The relative proportion of loans to taxes is after all a purely business proposition. Not to rely to a large extent on loans at the outset of a war is a mistake.

Disadvantages of Excessive Taxes.

The disadvantages of excessive taxes at the outset of the war are as follows:

1. Excessive taxes on consumption will cause popular resentment.

2. Excessive taxes on industry will disarrange business, damp enthusiasm and restrict the spirit of enterprise at the very time when the opposite is needed.

3. Excessive taxes on incomes will deplete the surplus available for investments and interfere with the placing of the enormous loans which will be necessary in any event.

4. Excessive taxes on wealth will cause a serious diminution of the incomes which are at present largely drawn upon for the support of educational and philanthropic enterprises. Moreover, these sources of support would be dried up precisely at the time when the need would be greatest.

5. Excessive taxation at the outset of the war will reduce the elasticity available for the increasing demands that are soon to come.

Great Britain's Policy.

Take Great Britain as an example. During the first year of the war she increased taxes only slightly, in order to keep industries going at top notch. During the second year she raised by new taxes only 9 per cent. of her war expenditures. During the third year she levied by additional taxes (over and above the pre-war level) only slightly more than 17 per cent. of her war expenses.

If we should attempt to do as much in the first year of the war as Great Britain did in the third year it would suffice to raise by taxation \$1,250,000,000. If, in order to be absolutely on the safe side, it seemed advisable to increase the sum to \$1,500,000,000, this should, in our opinion, be the maximum.

In considering the apportionment of the extraordinary burden of taxes in war times certain scientific principles are definitely established:

How Taxes Should Be Apportioned.

(1) The burden of taxes must be spread as far as possible over the whole community so as to cause each individual to share in the sacrifices according to his ability to pay and according to his share in the Government.

(2) Taxes on consumption, which are necessarily borne by the community at large, should be imposed as far as possible on articles of quasi-luxury rather than on those of necessity.

(3) Excises should be imposed as far as possible upon commodities in the hands of the final consumer rather than upon the articles which serve primarily as raw material for further production.

(4) Taxes upon business should be imposed as far as possible upon net earnings rather than upon gross receipts or capital invested.

(5) Taxes upon income which will necessarily be severe should be both differentiated and graduated. That is, there should be a distinction between earned and unearned incomes and there should be a higher rate upon the larger incomes. It is essential, however, not to make the income rate so excessive as to lead to evasion, administrative difficulties, or to the more fundamental objections which have been urged above.

(6) The excess profits which are due to the war constitute the most obvious and reasonable source of revenue during war times. But the principle upon which these war-profit taxes are laid must be equitable in theory and easily calculable in practice.

The Proposed Income Tax.

The additional income tax as passed by the House runs up to a rate of 60 per cent. This is a sum unheard of in the history of civilized society. It must be remembered that it was only after the first year of the war that Great Britain increased her income tax to the maximum of 34 per cent, and that even now in the fourth year of the war the income tax does not exceed 42½ per cent.

It could easily be shown that a tax with rates on moderate incomes substantially less than in Great Britain, and on the larger incomes about as high, would yield only slightly less than the \$322,000,000 originally estimated in the House bill.

It is to be hoped that the Senate will reduce the total rate on the highest incomes to 34 per cent, or at most to 40 per cent, and that at the same time it will reduce the rate on the smaller incomes derived from personal or professional earnings.

If the war continues we shall have to depend more and more upon the income tax. By imposing excessive rates now we are not only endangering the future, but are inviting all manner of difficulties which even Great Britain has been able to escape.

Conclusion.

The House bill contains other fundamental defects which may be summed up as follows:

(1) It pursues an erroneous principle in imposing retroactive taxes.

(2) It selects an unjust and unworkable criterion for the excess-profits tax.

(3) It proceeds to an unheard-of height in the income tax.

(4) It imposes unwarranted burdens upon the consumption of the community.

(5) It is calculated to throw business into confusion by levying taxes on gross receipts instead of upon commodities.

(6) It fails to make a proper use of stamp taxes.

(7) It follows an unscientific system in its flat rate on imports.

(8) It includes a multiplicity of petty and unproductive taxes, the vexatiousness of which is out of all proportion to the revenue they produce.

The fundamental lines on which the House bill should be modified are summed up herewith:

(1) The amount of new taxation should be limited to \$1,250,000,000—or at the outset to \$1,500,000,000. To do more than this would be as unwise as it is unnecessary. To do even this would be to do more than has ever been done by any civilized Government in time of stress.

(2) The excess-profits tax based upon a sound system ought to yield about \$500,000,000.

(3) The income-tax schedule ought to be revised with a lowering of the rates on earned incomes below \$10,000, and with an analogous lowering of the rates on the higher incomes, so as not to exceed 34 per cent. A careful calculation shows that an income tax of this kind would yield some \$450,000,000 additional.

(4) The tax on whiskey and tobacco ought to remain approximately as it is, with a yield of about \$230,000,000.

These three taxes, together with the stamp tax at even the low rate of the House bill, and with an improved automobile tax, will yield over \$1,250,000,000, which is the amount of money thought desirable.

The above program would be in harmony with an approved scientific system. It will do away with almost all of the complaints that are being urged against the present. It will refrain from taxing the consumption of the poor.

It will throw a far heavier burden upon the rich, but will not go to the extremes of confiscation. It will obviate interference with business and will keep unimpaired the social productivity of the community.

It will establish a just balance between loans and taxes and will not succumb to the danger of approaching either the tax-only policy or the loan-only policy. Above all, it will keep an undisturbed elastic margin, which must be more and more heavily drawn upon as the war proceeds.

CUTLASSES USED IN DOVER BATTLE

British Fought as in Days of Old to Repel Foes.

WARSHIPS LOCKED IN FIGHT

English Rammed, Torpedoed and Swept Enemy's Decks at Close Range—Germans Cried to Be Saved and Then Opened Fire—Two Destroyers Defeated Six.

Two British destroyers on patrol duty in the English channel off Dover the other night came upon a flotilla of six German destroyers, and then ensued an encounter which will live long in the history of naval engagements. German destroyers were torpedoed and rammed. Every gun aboard the combatants was working, sweeping the decks and tearing gaps in the sides of the opposing craft. There was the locking together of a British and German destroyer, and the men fought furiously in a hand to hand battle.

German seamen of a rammed destroyer climbed aboard one of the British boats, and a midshipman fought them back with an automatic pistol. They were killed or driven again into the sea by sailors who came to the midshipman's aid.

The British destroyers were the Swift and the Broke, and, although they had received many wounds, they returned to port.

It was intensely dark, but calm. The Swift sighted the enemy at 900 yards, and the Germans instantly opened fire. There were six German destroyers, according to German prisoners. The Swift replied and tried to ram the leading enemy destroyer. She missed ramming, but shot through the German line unscathed and in turning neatly torpedoed another boat in the enemy line.

Again the Swift dashed at the leader, which again eluded her and fled, with the Swift in pursuit.

In the meantime the Broke had launched a torpedo at the second boat in the line, which hit the mark, and then opened fire with every possible gun. The remaining German boats were stoking furiously for full speed.

The Broke's commander swung round to port and rammed the third boat fair and square abreast the after funnel. Locked together thus, the two boats fought a desperate hand to hand conflict. The Broke swept the enemy's decks at point blank range with every gun, from main armament to pom-pom, Maxim, rifle and pistol.

Cutlass and Bayonet Used.

Two other German destroyers attacked and poured a devastating fire on the Broke, whose foremost gun crews were reduced from eighteen to six men. Midshipman Donald Gyles, although wounded in the eye, kept all the foremost guns in action, he himself assisting the depleted crews to load. While he was thus employed a number of frenzied Germans swarmed up over the Broke's forecastle out of the rammed destroyer and, finding themselves amid the blinding flashes of the forecastle guns, swept aft in a shouting mob.

The midshipman, amid the dead and wounded of his own gun crews and half blinded by blood, met the onset single handed with an automatic pistol. He was grappled by a German who tried to wrest the pistol away. Cutlasses and bayonets being among the British equipment in anticipation of such an event, the German was promptly bayoneted by Seaman Ingleson. The remainder of the invaders, except two who feigned death, were driven over the side, the two being taken prisoners.

Two minutes after ramming, the Broke wrenched herself free from her sinking adversary and turned to ram the last of the three remaining German boats. She failed in this object.

The enemy then disappeared in the darkness. The Broke, altering her course, headed in the direction of a destroyer which, a few minutes later, was seen to be heavily afire, and whose crew, on sighting the British destroyer, sent up shouts for mercy. The Broke steered slowly toward the German, regardless of the danger from a possible explosion of the magazines, and the German seamen redoubled their shouts of "Save, save!" and then unexpectedly opened fire.

Ends Treacherous Attack.

The Broke, being out of control, was unable to maneuver or extricate herself, but silenced the treacherous with four rounds; then, to insure her own safety, torpedoed the German.

The British casualties are set down as comparatively slight, and the spirit of the wounded is illustrated by the conduct of the Broke's helmsman, Seaman William Rowles, who, though hit four times by shell fragments, remained at the wheel throughout the action and finally only betrayed the fact that he was wounded by reporting to his captain, "I'm going off now, sir," and fainted.

A number of the wounded only presented themselves at sick call the following day, one stoker giving the surgeon the ingenious excuse, "I was too busy, sir, clearing up the rubbish on the stokers' mess deck."

The destroyer Broke was under command in the naval battle of Commander Edward R. G. R. Evans, who was second in command of Scott's antarctic expedition.

1917 CAMPAIGN POSTER ADOPTED BY STATE WOMAN SUFFRAGE PARTY.



WOMAN'S BURDEN A DOUBLE ONE

Leader Shows Need of War Service and Suffrage.

IN AID OF DEMOCRACY.

What True American Now Can Doubt That Women Here Are as Patriotic, as Courageous, as Women of Europe?

And Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse.

"What true American man can doubt that the women of America are as patriotic and courageous as the women of Europe?" asks Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, chairman of the New York State Woman Suffrage party in an address just delivered at Rochester in connection with the suffrage convention in that city. Continuing, Mrs. Whitehouse says: "Now, in the crisis which our country is facing, we cannot appeal for woman suffrage because of the work we have done. We have not had the opportunity to prove that we are as able, as patriotic, as courageous as the women of Europe are."

"But in asking for the vote this autumn we have the greatest appeal of all to make, and we make this appeal at the moment when our men are going to fight for those things which, as the president says, 'We have always carried nearest our hearts—for democracy, for the right of those who submit to authority to have a voice in their own government.'"

New Spirit Abroad.

"There is a new spirit abroad in the world today. It is stirring not only among women who have been politically oppressed, but among men who have suffered the same disadvantages. It is the spirit of democracy. There is a demand on the part of self-respecting men and women to have a voice in their own government. This spirit has led even in Germany to insistent and astonishing demands for electoral reforms—not as yet to include women."

"The allies are fighting for democracy. Our sons, our brothers, our husbands, are going to fight for it. The spirit is everywhere—it is here now."

"The women of New York state should be proud to work for the things which our men are fighting for. We ask all women to work for these things now—not to the exclusion of doing all else we can for the soldiers, for the government, but in addition. During the next five or six months we can carry on our double task, and then after Nov. 6 we can give ourselves with an uncounted increase of efficiency to the service of the nation of which we shall then for the first time become true citizens."

SUFFRAGE PARTY TO AID CENSUS

In Westchester and Nassau counties and in some assembly districts in New York city the Woman Suffrage party has been given entire responsibility for the taking of the state military census, providing enrollment reports, etc. In every county the Woman Suffrage party has offered the services of its organization to the Home Defense Committee.

Status For Federal Amendment.

Six full suffrage states have petitioned congress on behalf of a federal amendment to the constitution—Washington, Oregon, Kansas, Arizona, Utah, California. North Dakota, which has enjoyed a 1917 suffrage awakening, is the first of the coming suffrage states to take similar action.

FRANK A. VANDERLIP SPEAKS FOR SUFFRAGE

"As the men of England, the greatest politicians of the day, have come to consider the right of the ballot belongs to women, so the men of America will come to do," said Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the National City bank of New York, in an interview published at Utica in connection with his addresses in behalf of the Liberty Loan.

Continuing, Mr. Vanderlip said: "The men are not taking the suffrage question seriously, but they will as the war situation develops. They have yet to appreciate the value of the women in this great crisis."



MRS. FLORA M'DONALD DENISON, Honorary President of the Canada Woman Suffrage Association Now Campaigning For Suffrage In New York State.

SIX MILLION WOMEN TO VOTE

England's franchise reform bill, which has passed to second reading in the house of commons, provides for the emancipation of 6,000,000 British women. Both Premier Lloyd George and Mr. Asquith, former premier, committed themselves as strongly persuaded that England could no longer delay extending the franchise to women.

SMALLEST REPUBLIC GIVES WOMEN THE VOTE

Women have been given the right to vote in the republic of Tavolara, the world's smallest nation, which, according to recent dispatches from Paris, has just declared war on Germany and Austria.

The new adversary of the Teutonic powers is a small island situated northeast of Sardinia. It is about five miles long by three wide and rises abruptly out of the sea to an altitude of half a mile.

Tavolara was known to the Romans as Bucina and was famed for its pearl fisheries. Until 1882 it was an absolute monarchy, the last sovereign being Paul I. Upon his death a revolution made the island a republic under the protection of Italy. The republic has a president who is elected for a term of ten years.

MINISTERS FOR SUFFRAGE.

At a recent meeting of the Redlands Ministerial union a resolution was passed unanimously endorsing equal suffrage for women and placing the association on record as endorsing the splendid work of the women of California for their support of all constructive legislation looking to the betterment of society.

The resolution read: Be it resolved, That this Ministerial association endorse the woman suffrage movement as a reform to be welcomed and encouraged rather than feared and that we congratulate the women of our own country as well as of the state of California for their splendid and intelligent support of constructive measures looking to the betterment of society and especially the amelioration of the lot of women who work and for the protection and conservation of children.

Women In Liberty Loan.

One-half million advertising cards and 50,000 application blanks, on which is signified the intention of the signer to buy a Liberty bond, were sent out from the headquarters of the New York State Woman Suffrage party, 303 Fifth avenue, New York.

These cards supplemented a letter sent out by Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, chairman of the New York State Woman Suffrage party, to campaign district chairmen, up state assembly district leaders and presidents of suffrage clubs in cities of 2,000 inhabitants or over, asking the assistance of suffragists all over the state.

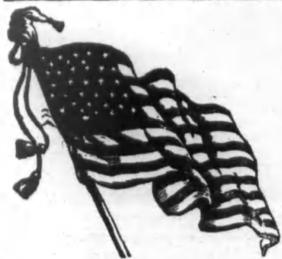
Business Woman For Suffrage.

Miss Bina M. West, supreme commander of the Woman's Benefit association of the Maccabees and a long time suffragist, has expressed her unqualified indorsement of the Susan R. Anthony amendment to the constitution. Miss West is a leading business woman of the country, upon whom devolved the expenditure and investment of all about \$100,000 annually.

THE GENOA TRIBUNE

Published every Friday and entered at the postoffice at Genoa, N. Y., at second class mail matter.

Friday Morning, June 15, 1917



Co-Operation.

"It ain't the guns nor armament, nor funds that they can pay, But the close co-operation, that makes them win the day; It ain't the individual, nor the army as a whole, But the everlastin' teamwork of every bloomin' soul."—Kipling.

McDonald--Walsh.

One of the first June weddings in this vicinity was on Tuesday morning when in St. Patrick's church, Moravia, at 9 o'clock Miss Anna Walsh became the bride of Joseph McDonald of King Ferry. Nuptial mass was celebrated by Rev. W. B. McCarthy, pastor of the church. The Lohengrin bridal chorus was played by Miss Anna Moran.

The bride was attended by Miss Mary McCarragher of Romulus as bridesmaid. Thomas O'Toole of Geneva was best man. The bride was gowned in white silk net trimmed with shadow lace with large picture hat to match and carried a bouquet of bride's roses and sweet peas. Miss McCarragher wore a silk voile trimmed with Irish lace with large picture hat and carried a bouquet of pink sweet peas. Following the ceremony a solo was sung by Miss Theresa Heffernan.

Both bride and groom have a large circle of friends who will wish them much happiness in their married life. After a wedding breakfast, which was served at the Moravia House, Mr. and Mrs. McDonald left on a motor trip. Upon their return they will reside at the McDonald farm near King Ferry.

Commencement at Wells College.

Commencement exercises at Wells college, Aurora, will begin on Sunday, June 17, when the baccalaureate sermon will be preached by the Rev. Kerr Duncan Macmillan, president of the college.

On Monday, June 18, the ivy day exercises will be held. Meetings of the alumnae will be held, and the trustees will hold their annual session.

The graduating exercises proper will be held Tuesday morning, June 19, and President Jacob Gould Schurman of Cornell will give the commencement address. A collation will follow the exercises, bringing the 1916-17 term of the college to a close.

The graduating class numbers 36 young ladies.

Rhubarb For Next Winter.

Sauce and pies from rhubarb are assured next winter to those who will pack rhubarb tightly into a jar and then fill the jar overflowing with a hot heavy sirup made with twice as much sugar as water. Afterwards adjust the rubber and lid and partly seal the jar. Sterilize the jars for fifteen minutes on a rack in a covered pan of vigorously boiling water. The water in the pan should come an inch above the top of the jar. Seal and remove the jars, invert them on a cloth until they are cool and then store them away in a cool dark place. This will make a good pie filling or sauce for next winter.

Died in Aurelius.

At the home of her nephew, George J. Ridley, in the town of Aurelius early Saturday morning, Frances Jackson, widow of Nathan Tilley, died after an illness of two weeks, aged 85 years. She had made her home with her nephew since the death of her husband and had many friends who will be grieved to learn of her demise.

The funeral was held at the house on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock with burial at Evergreen cemetery, Scipioville.

Stale bread can be utilized in a variety of ways in combination with vegetables and meats, in preparing cakes, breads, and puddings, and in other ways.

Genoa Presbyterian Church.

Morning service at 11 o'clock. The pastor would like to meet every man of the Men's Canvassing Committee at the close of this service. There will be a special social canvass made in the afternoon, at which time it is planned to reach every home of the congregation. So far as it is conveniently possible members of the congregation are urged to remain at home on next Sunday afternoon until after the canvassers have called at your home. A fuller announcement concerning the canvass will be made at the morning service.

Sunday school following the morning service. The whole family should be in attendance for oftentimes the children cannot remain unless the older people also stay.

Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Topic: "What is Reverence, and Why Should We Be Reverent?"

Evening service at 7:30. Make it a custom to bring to this evening service some neighbor who is not accustomed to attend church anywhere.

Monday evening at the church at 8 o'clock there will be held a "Church Night" gathering. The desire is to bring together as many as possible of the people of the church and congregation for an informal social time. There will be a brief program, some light refreshment and abundance of time to visit with people whom possibly you have little opportunity to see. Whether rain or shine make your plans now to be present at this gathering.

Mid-week service Thursday evening at 7:30. The topic for study will be "Preparedness for Duty."

The first Sunday in July is the time for the Communion service of the church. It is expected that at that time there will also be some to be received into the fellowship of the church.

Genoa Baptist Church Notes.

Morning services at 11 o'clock. Subject, "Love and Service."

Sunday school will meet at the usual hour.

Sunday evening service at 7:45. The subject for this service will be "Abner the Fool." Come and bring your friends.

Mid-week meeting, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Topic, "The Minister and his relation to the Church."

Scipio Universalist Church.

There will be a Children's day program at the Scipio Universalist church Sunday evening, June 17, at 8 o'clock. The subject of the service will be "Jesus, the Children's Friend." The processional will be followed with recitations and songs.

Rev. H. M. Cary will give the second of his five sermons on Universalism. His subject will be, "The Spiritual Authority and Leadership of Jesus Christ."

Daniel E. Young.

Daniel E. Young, 65, died Wednesday morning at his home in Ledyard. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. Della Webster of Rochester and Mrs. Charles Babbitt of Weedsport, and three sons, Jason Young of Rochester and Leon and Ray Young of Ledyard.

The funeral will be held at 10 o'clock this (Friday) morning from the home in Ledyard. Interment will be in Pleasant Grove cemetery, near Ithaca.

Improve the Stock

If your stock is in poor condition. does not thrive or look well, it will pay you to get a 25-ct. package of Harvell's Condition Powder. There is no foodstuff in the package. It is all medicine. Every ingredient being chosen for its beneficial effect on the stomach, blood and bowels. The animal improves right from the start and quickly recovers flesh, spirits and a bright glossy coat. Price 25-cents Sold by all dealers.

YOUR PRINTING

is
A Valuable Asset
of Your Business

We Help Our Customers to Success
With Presentable,
Profitable

PUBLICITY

Save the Waste.

The woman on the farm can add her help to our country by saving food which is often wasted, for her family.

Canning vegetables at home gives a balanced ration all the year, which means better health; stimulates habits of economy, by preparing in time of plenty for time of need. Also some of our surplus products may be turned into profit.

In time of national distress the woman who helps to conserve the food of the nation is doing just as patriotic a work as the nurse whose work may be more widely known.

The needs of the human body are understood to-day better than ever before and the adage that man eats to live is growing to mean that we are eating the foods necessary to the individual need.

Fruits stimulate and refresh and act as a tonic. Vegetables develop bone and muscle, and people as well as stock should have a balanced ration.

Died.

In Moravia, June 11, 1917, Harvey Dunham, aged 81 years.

Funeral services were held from his late home Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, and the remains were taken to Jacksonville, Tompkins Co., by automobile, for burial.

Scraps of left-over meat or fish can be combined with cereal or other mild-flavored food, both to give flavor and to add nourishment to the total dish.

Special Notices.

WANTED—At once, a housekeeper for all summer, middle aged lady competent to go ahead with work; in country; family of two; work light. Inquire at TRIBUNE office. 47w2

Oats for sale. 47w1 Flora E. Buck, Lake Ridge. WANTED—Sewing by the day. Mrs. Cora Burrows, at B. F. Sigler's, North Lansing. 47w2

FOR SALE—House with barn, henhouse, good garden, in Genoa village, now occupied by Jas. Myer. Inquire of LaMotte Smith, Lake Ridge. P. O. Ludlowville, N. Y. 45w3

FOR SALE—Top buggy in good condition. Carl Reas, Genoa. 39tf

FOR SALE—Garage business. Fine opportunity for anyone with capital. Owner retiring from business. Write immediately. "Opportunity" in care this office. 45w4

Garden to let in this village. Apply to this office.

Pigs for sale. Harry S. Ferris, Atwater. 41tf Miller phone.

I pay the highest market price for poultry, eggs, veal and beef cattle. Leo A. Smith, King Ferry. 36w13 Phone 17-F-2 Poplar Ridge.

WANTED—Hides, pelts, tallow and wool. We pay reliable quotations. Wilbur Bros. & Sllarrow, King Ferry. 34tf

72 acre farm at a bargain. Known as the John Miller farm and occupied by Fred Storms, in town of Venice, Cayuga County, N. Y. Other good bargains. C. G. Parker, Moravia, N. Y. 14tf

Cash paid for poultry delivered every Tuesday. We want your old rubber, beef and horse hides, deacon skins. Weaver & Brogan, Genoa. 14tf

FOR SALE— $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ bu. peach baskets, grape baskets, grape trays, pear kegs and barrels, potato crates, etc. King Ferry Mill Co., King Ferry, N. Y. 3tf

Get on the Firing Line



If you want to succeed in life you must know what is new in business and industry, in invention and science. Get out of the rut; get on the firing line. Read

Popular Science Monthly

the most interesting and useful magazine, and the biggest money's worth. Every month

300 Pictures—300 Articles

all for only 15 cents. All the new ideas and inventions in electricity and wireless, in automobiles and aeroplanes, in shopwork and in farming, and in machinery.

How to make things at home. 30 pages every month, including refrigerators, poultry houses, furniture, automobile shop repairs, etc.

It is full of money-making, step-saving ideas. It is written in plain English for men and boys.

15 Cents a Copy—\$1.50 a Year

Get it from a newsdealer or write direct to Popular Science Monthly, 386 Fourth Ave., N. Y.

FREE You get a copy free if you send 2c stamp for postage and enclose this paper.

Smith's Serve

Rochester

Ice

Cream

IT'S DELICIOUS

There's none better--if there was we'd have it.

Announcement to Subscribers.

¶ We have been considering raising the subscription price of THE TRIBUNE for some time, and it has now become a necessity to do so. The high price of paper alone is sufficient to warrant a raise in price, and everything used in the production of a paper is higher than a year ago. We believe our subscribers understand the situation too well to need any further explanation on our part.

¶ The day of the "dollar weekly" is past, but THE TRIBUNE is the last one in this section to raise above that rate. Ample opportunity will be given each subscriber to take advantage of the old rate. All subscriptions paid before July 1, 1917, will be received at \$1.00. After that date it will be \$1.25 per year, 65 cents for six months.

¶ We wish to call the attention of those subscribers who paid several years in advance at the time of the piano contest, to the fact that the most of those subscriptions expire in 1917 and are now due for renewal. E. A. WALDO, Publisher.

AUTOMOBILES

THE SEASON IS HERE FOR ANOTHER YEAR'S ENJOYMENT. NOTHING WILL ADD TO YOUR PLEASURE AND HAPPINESS EQUAL TO THE OWNERSHIP OF A "STUDEBAKER," "OAKLAND" OR A "BRISCOE" ACCORDING TO YOUR NEEDS.

WE CARRY THE "STUDEBAKERS" IN STOCK, THE OTHERS WE OBTAIN FROM AUBURN.

COME AND MAKE YOUR REQUIREMENTS KNOWN AND LETS WORK OUT YOUR INDIVIDUAL PROPOSITION. WE HAVE A PLAN FOR EXTENDED CREDIT WHICH PUTS THE OWNERSHIP OF A CAR WITHIN YOUR REACH IF YOU DESIRE CREDIT.

--- YOURS FOR SERVICE ---

Atwater--Bradley Corporation
GENOA, N. Y.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING

¶ Am very glad to announce to friends and customers that my line of Suits, Top Coats, Raincoats and Gent's Furnishings is better than ever.

¶ A big line to select from at prices very reasonable. While goods are getting scarce and it costs more to buy stock at the present market prices, the early buyers will surely save money on their purchases, before my present stock is exhausted.

¶ A good many of my customers have used good judgment already in supplying themselves with clothing and shoes for future needs. I still have a good assortment on hand of the Douglas Shoes at the old prices and will sell them while they last to my customers only. Get Your Share! Don't Wait.

GENOA CLOTHING STORE,

M. G. SHAPER.

FARMERS, NOTICE!

The use of Lime promotes the growth of clover, alfalfa and other leguminous plants. The direct result of which is soil improvement. "For the Land's Sake" Try It We have a stock of Ground Lime on hand, and in a very short time, will also have the Burned Lime.

C. J. Wheeler - - - Genoa, N. Y.

Coal, Fertilizer, Cement and Farm Implements of all kinds. Please call or phone and let us know your requirements.



For
General
Adaptability,
economical and
effective cleaning
SAPOLIO
Has
No
Equal

Old Friends Are the Best
Because they have stood the test and are known to be true. Dr. Herrick's Sugar-Coated Pills have been used by more than three generations for relieving biliousness, disordered stomach and constipation. They are to this day the main dependence in thousands upon thousands of families for keeping both adults and children healthy and vigorous. Sold by all dealers.

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT

broken or in any condition. We pay up to \$5 a set, according to value. Mail at once and get our offer. If unsatisfactory will return teeth.

DOMESTIC SUPPLY CO.,
Binghamton, N. Y.



PARKER'S HAIR BALM
A better preparation of merit. Helps 50 gradations dead hair. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 25c and 50c at Drugists.

Village and Vicinity News.

—Mrs. Lafayette Allen spent several days in Auburn last week.

—This town will never prosper on money that is sent to some other town.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Smith of King Ferry are at Dr. Skinner's hospital.

—Mrs. Emmett Trapp suffered a severe attack of acute indigestion this week.

—Lewis Hoagland, who has been ill for a long time, is very low at this writing.

—Thos. F. Welsh attended the funeral of his cousin, John Hyland, at Auburn, Wednesday.

—Messrs. Jones and Russell of Cornell University were Sunday guests of Leland W. Singer.

—Miss Gladys Decker and Mr. Russell Callender of Skaneateles were Sunday guests of Miss Clyde Mastin.

—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Landon and son Sidney of Poplar Ridge were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. W. Myer.

If you have not yet secured your new summer hat, you should call at once at Mrs. Singer's millinery rooms, Genoa.

—Mrs. W. B. Beardsley of Venice Center was a guest of Mrs. Algert and Mrs. Sanford Saturday afternoon and Sunday.

—Commencement day at the Cortland Normal will be Thursday, June 28, instead of Tuesday, the 26th, as we stated last week.

—Patriotism means preserving normal conditions. Do the things you have been doing. Buy the things you are able to buy. Keep the wheels of trade turning.

—Quite a number of Genoa people motored to Auburn Wednesday evening to attend the patriotic mass meeting in the Auditorium, at which Gov. Whitman was the speaker.

—Mr. and Mrs. Mort VanDerbee of Watkins, Mrs. Kate Atwater of Elmira, Mrs. A. C. Atwater and Eugene Atwater of Ithaca spent Wednesday with Mrs. A. J. Hurlbutt.

—Earl F. Keefe was called to Baltimore the first of the week, and will spend some time in West Virginia in the interests of the fertilizer company by whom he is employed.

Wedding invitations and announcements neatly printed at this office.

—Miss Irene Mulvaney has returned from Rochester and is now employed in the office of the Atwater-Bradley Corporation. Miss Christopher has returned to her home in Auburn.

—Mrs. Millard Green and two children, with Mrs. Howard Long, Mrs. Clarence Hyde and Mrs. Florence Kingsbury motored over from Groton Tuesday evening and called on friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Decker of Skaneateles have issued invitations to the wedding of their daughter, Gladys Viola, to Russell Van Dyke Callender at their home on Wednesday, June 27, at 4:30 p. m.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Brown, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Corey and daughter and Mrs. Augusta Cobb attended commencement at William Smith college, Geneva, on Monday last. Miss Emilie Brown of Genoa was one of the graduates.

—The board of education elected on Tuesday for Unit No. 2 of the town of Genoa was W. B. Holden, Morell Wilson and Bert Smith. It is impossible to give this week an accurate list of the boards elected in the various towns, but we expect to have it for next week.

—Harold Sullivan, a former Genoa boy, who has been spending a furlough of several weeks in Auburn and Genoa, will leave Saturday for El Paso, Texas. His numerous friends in Genoa made up a nice purse and purchased a soldier's watch which was presented to him this week.

Summer Millinery Sale, mark down. Call and see Belle Peck, Genoa.

—Frank Sullivan, who formerly lived at the home of John W. Bruton, north of this village, was quite seriously injured recently while at work in the Wickwire shop at Cortland, where he had been employed since last fall. He was taken to the hospital, where he underwent an operation about a week after he was hurt, and he is now gaining nicely.

—The bass season opens Saturday, June 16.

—The East Venice Kitchen Band will give their farewell entertainment at East Venice hall, Saturday evening, June 16.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Springer, Mr. Ferguson and Miss Anna Breen of Auburn spent Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Breen's.

—Attention of subscribers is called to the announcement, which was made June 1, and found on another page in this issue.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Boyer and Mr. and Mrs. Asa Coon of Groton were over-Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Riley.

—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Hiram H. Rapp of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., in the Auburn City hospital, on June 5, 1917, a son—Paul Chadwick Rapp.

Many pretty, becoming styles in hats for ladies, misses and the small miss, at prices to suit all at Mrs. Singer's, Genoa.

—There will be a preaching service in East Venice hall on Sunday, June 17, at 3 o'clock. Rev. Peter Gjurich of Venice Center will preach. Everybody cordially invited.

—The West Genoa Ladies' Aid society will hold their annual ice cream and strawberry festival on Friday evening, June 22, at the Belltown M. E. church. Everybody invited.—adv.

—Groton High school commencement exercises will be held in the Groton theater on Wednesday evening, June 27. Prof. Hugh Findlay of Syracuse University will be the speaker.

—The Nonesuch Dramatic Co. of Sempronius will present the play "Between Two Lives" at East Venice Grange hall, Wednesday evening, June 20. The play is well recommended.

—The Union Springs Advertiser says: "Sixteen of Miss Elma Beebe's young friends gave her a surprise party last Saturday evening, the occasion of her sixteenth birthday."

—Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Muriel Janet, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Barnes of Scipio, to Clarence Leslie Mason of Venice which will take place at the home of the bride's parents on Wednesday, June 20, at high noon.

Will the one who borrowed our sand screen and extension ladder kindly return at once? F. C. Hagin.

—A W. C. T. U. group meeting will be held at Myers, Wednesday, June 27, opening at 10:30 a. m. This group is composed of four Unions—Myers, Asbury, North Lansing and Lake Ridge. The members of these Unions and anyone interested in temperance work are invited to be present. An interesting program has been prepared. Mrs. Mattie D. Beardsley, county president, will be the leader.

—"Business is better than usual in communities where merchants go after it by consistent advertising," says the American Press. There is nothing in the world to depress business in the United States. We are manufacturing more, raising more farm products, labor is paid the highest price in the history of the country, there is more money in circulation and in the banks than ever before. Why not create the confidence necessary to set business going all over the country by advertising?—Ex.

Call at this office for all kinds of Job Printing.

—The flag-raising in this village last Sunday evening was attended by a goodly number, in addition to the members of the Odd Fellows and Rebekah lodges, who purchased the flag and pole. With the members of the lodges grouped in a circle about the flag-pole, a short dedication speech was read by Rev. L. W. Scott. All joined in singing The Star Spangled Banner as the flag was slowly raised to its position by Sherman Wright, Noble Grand of the lodge. Following this ceremony the crowd went to the Presbyterian church where the annual I. O. O. F. Memorial service was held. A large audience gathered, the church being filled. In the pulpit were Revs. F. T. Crumley of Locke, H. C. Odell and L. W. Scott of Genoa. The singing was led by a large chorus choir. The men's quartet of the Baptist choir and a young ladies' quartet of the Presbyterian choir rendered several pleasing selections. Short addresses on the flag—what it has cost our country and what it means to us—were made by Mr. Odell and Mr. Scott. Following these Mr. Crumley preached the memorial sermon for the lodge.

—Livingston county produces about \$20,000 worth of furs annually.

—The new law doubles the tax on dogs and provides for the payment of sheep damages.

—The formal opening of Sylvan Beach occurs July 1, and the first big picnic and outing on the 4th.

—The U. S. Government has placed an order for over a million rifles with the Remington Arms Co. of Ilion.

—Cornell University enjoys the distinction of first rank among universities of the United States for having furnished nearly 2,000 students for patriotic service.

—The annual hop growers' picnic of Central New York will be held at Sylvan Beach on Saturday, July 28. Two or more bands will be present and a prominent speaker will be secured.

—William W. Legg, Jr., Past Master of Cato Lodge, F. & A. M., has been appointed District Deputy Grand Master of the Thirtieth Masonic district, which is composed of Cayuga and Tompkins counties.

—The New York State convention of Baptist churches will be held in Auburn in October, and over 800 delegates are expected to attend. The convention will also mark the centennial celebration of the First Baptist church of Auburn which was organized in September, 1817.

—On Friday, June 22, at 9 o'clock a. m. at the office of the Farm Bureau Manager, Ithaca, Director of Farmers' Institutes, Edward Van Alstyne and Prof. D. J. Crosby, of the State College of Agriculture will meet in conference all persons interested in the assignment of Farmers' Institutes and Extension Schools to be held in Tompkins county the coming winter.

—Under the leadership of Valentine Frees, boys' secretary, and Irving E. Noakes, physical director of Auburn Y. M. C. A., the seventh yearly camp for the members of the Y. M. C. A. will be pitched at Utt's Point, Cayuga lake. The camp will be opened June 26 and run for two weeks, closing on July 10. Special emphasis this year is to be placed on military training and discipline in the camp. No firearms are to be allowed in the camp.

Advertising in THE TRIBUNE brings business.

—Juliette Kinney Lamont, widow of Hon. Daniel S. Lamont, died at her summer home at Millbrook, Dutchess Co., June 5, after a brief illness, aged 63 years. Mrs. Lamont was a sister of Orson A. Kinney of Cortland. She is survived by three daughters. The early home of both Mr. and Mrs. Lamont was at McGraw, N. Y. It is recalled that during President Cleveland's second administration, Daniel S. Lamont was secretary of war.

—A subscriber once received a dun through the postoffice and it made him mad. He went to see the editor about it, and the editor showed him a few duns of his own—one for paper, one for type, one for fuel and several others. "Now," said the editor, "I didn't get mad when these came because I knew that all I had to do was to ask several reliable gentlemen like you to come and help me out, and then I could settle all of them." When the subscriber saw how it was he relented, paid up and renewed for another year.

—In issuing Liberty Loan Bonds in a denomination as small as \$50 the Secretary of the United States Treasury has put it in the reach of almost every American citizen to do a real and actual service to his country. Not all can fight, not all can render personal service in other ways, but those who cannot serve their country in person have the privilege of serving her by lending their money to win her victories. Considering their tax-free quality—free from all federal, state and local taxes (inheritance taxes excepted) and free from any war tax that may hereafter be levied, affording an absolutely net income of 3½ per cent, they constitute an ideal investment for savings.

One reason why more people are not subscribing for \$100 worth of liberty bonds is that John D. Rockefeller is subscribing for \$25,000,000 worth.

Card of Thanks.

Auburn, N. Y.

I wish to extend my most sincere thanks to my many friends in Genoa for the beautiful, and most useful present, which was presented to me by the committee appointed.

G. Harold Sullivan.

Wedding Silver

Were silver to be banished from the list of suitable wedding gifts, the dining room of the new home would be a barren spot indeed.

Half the charm of a wedding would be lost without silver gifts. For years the people have come to this store to buy their wedding silver. Our beautiful designs and moderate prices and quality standards give ample assurance of their worth. Come and see our big display of gifts for the bride and graduate.

A. T. HOYT,
Leading Jeweler and Optometrist,
HOYT BLOCK MORAVIA, N. Y.

Indian Field.

June 13—School will close this week, after being successfully taught this year by Miss Bessie Reynolds.

Mrs. John Connell spent Tuesday in Auburn. Chas. Sevier and family were in Auburn Saturday and Lyle Dunaway was in the city on business last Friday.

Mrs. Sara Potter of Auburn was a guest of her sister, Mrs. F. C. Purinton, Sr., the first of the week.

Mrs. Sevier is entertaining the Sunday school class of Genoa to which she belongs, this afternoon. A dozen or more ladies are present.

Mrs. Thomas Turney and children of King Ferry spent last Friday and Saturday with her sister, Mrs. John Connell and family.

Mrs. Thos. Riley and children spent last week Wednesday in Auburn.

The Examination of the Eyes

to see if glasses are necessary is a scientific piece of work which not everyone is competent. The old method of having the patient read a few letters on a chart has long since been relegated to the past by the expert EYE SPECIALIST.

If you come to us we can prove that our office is equipped with the most scientific and precise instruments known to the optical profession.

A. E. Trea, O. D.,
Eye Specialist
212 E. STATE ST., ITHACA, N. Y.

Ithaca Auburn Short Line

Central New York Southern Railroad Corporation.

In Effect Sept. 21, 1914. Corrected to Nov. 11, 1915

SOUTHBOUND—Read Down				NORTH BOUND—Read Up					
STATIONS	47	23	421	21	31	422	22	24	28
	Daily	Daily	Sunday Only	Daily Except Sun.	Daily Except Sun.	Daily Except Sun.	Sunday Only	Daily Except Sun.	Daily
AUBURN	6:40 P M	1:50 P M	8:30 A M	8:30 A M	6:45 A M	9:20 A M	11:09 A M	11:27 A M	5:00 P M
Mapleton	6:55 P M	2:04 P M	8:45 A M	8:43 A M	7:00 A M	9:35 A M	10:54 A M	11:14 A M	4:45 P M
Merrifield	7:05 P M	2:14 P M	8:56 A M	8:53 A M	7:11 A M	9:45 A M	10:43 A M	11:04 A M	4:35 P M
Venice Center	7:12 P M	2:22 P M	9:05 A M	9:01 A M	7:20 A M	9:55 A M	10:34 A M	10:56 A M	4:27 P M
GENOA	7:24 P M	2:33 P M	9:20 A M	9:12 A M	7:33 A M	10:10 A M	10:19 A M	10:45 A M	4:16 P M
North Lansing	7:33 P M	2:41 P M	9:31 A M	9:21 A M	7:43 A M	10:20 A M	10:08 A M	10:36 A M	4:06 P M
South Lansing	7:45 P M	2:50 P M	9:50 A M	9:32 A M	8:05 A M	10:30 A M	9:55 A M	10:26 A M	3:55 P M
ITHACA	8:10 P M	3:15 P M	10:15 A M	9:56 A M	8:30 A M	11:00 A M	9:20 A M	10:00 A M	3:30 P M

Trains No. 21 and 23 going South, and No. 22 and 24 going North are the motor cars and do NOT stop at Flag stations. Sunday trains No. 422 and 421 are the motor cars and these stop at all stations.

Additional Trains between Ithaca and Rogues Harbor leave Ithaca 10:00, (daily except Sunday) 12:15, (Sunday only) 2:00 and 4:40 daily and 9:30 p. m. (Saturday only). Also leave Rogues Harbor at 10:40 a. m. (daily except Sunday) 12:50 (Sunday only) 2:35 and 5:15 p. m., daily, and 10:05 p. m. Saturday only.

Next Week is Candy Week

JUNE 18 TO 23

See Our Special Display of Candy

Hagin's UP TO DATE Grocery

Genoa, N. Y.

INDIAN HEAD

Use It Instead of Linen

Let the Youngsters Romp!

It's Indian Head, not linen, their little clothes are made of. Indian Head doesn't crush easily as linen does. Costs far less and, besides, will wash and wear and wear. Excellent for every purpose where one wants a durable white wash fabric.

For 80 years Indian Head quality has remained the same. We recommend it unhesitatingly. Ask to see the new linen finish.

Summer Is Here

And you will want those fine Gingham, Percales, Wash Poplins and the prettiest figured LINTEX in Ecru, Pink, Lavender and Blue. They are the thing for summer. Also White Goods from the finest Batiste to Butcher's Linen.

We are still doing a big business in WALL PAPER. We have filled every order without delay. Come and see them.

SHOES

Everything in Canvas from the daintiest Child's to the heavy Harvest Shoe for Men. A general line of Leather Shoes at very low prices.

A new stock of Rugs, Linoleums and Shades at Prices lower than we can duplicate them.

R. & H. P. MASTIN

Watch and Clock Repairing a Specialty.

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. J. P. Newell of Portland, Ore., has illustrated the local option policy by a comparison with the levee system of the Mississippi. He says:

"When the country was first settled the planters looked upon the floods as a necessary evil. Then one here and there began to build levees around his plantation. This proved highly profitable and the practice spread. Piece by piece was reclaimed and the lowlands made habitable. But as the number of levees increased it was noticed that the difficulty of maintaining them increased also. The floods, restricted in area, grew in height. The expense of protection became so great that many could not afford it, and became discouraged. It was found necessary to abandon the local systems and join in large districts comprising all the territory lying naturally together. By this plan a few large levees kept up by all the people of the district are sufficient to afford protection even from extraordinary floods and the difficulty and expense of maintenance are greatly reduced.

"The local option system has worked well for a time, but it has proved insufficient. As the reclaimed district increases in extent, the pressure against the dikes becomes more severe. The liquor power, as its territory is reduced in area, becomes more determined in its efforts to regain the lost ground, for its leaders realize that their dominion everywhere is threatened by successful revolt anywhere. Our safety lies in going forward. If we stop we shall lose all we have gained."

AMERICA'S FIRST DUTY.

The greatest need in America today is the formation of a new national mind, the construction of a new national conscience and a reformation that will bring about a new nation—a nation with a firmer purpose, a clearer vision and a complete understanding of the words patriotism and Americanism.

To bring this condition about, the first problem to be solved is the liquor problem, and the liquor problem's only solution is wiping it entirely and unequivocally off the map. To accomplish the coming of the "New America," every saloon beneath the stars and stripes must be closed.

The great political parties have failed to respond to this call, for they do not want the responsibility, and the time has come for the American people to disregard political parties and rise up in a great army and with all their strength solve the question themselves.

America's danger is not from without; it is from within. Whatever crisis the United States is facing or will face is coming, or will come, from internal causes. It is the American people who have their own problem to settle, their own future to decide. And the first step in this settlement and decision is the elimination of the saloon.—Ex-Governor Patterson of Tennessee.

ALCOHOL AND MEDICINE.

A smashing of ancient idols has occurred in our ideas of the value of alcohol as a medicine. Seventy-five, yes, 50 years ago it was one of the most widely-used remedies, not only in household but also in professional medicine. We gave it to reduce fever and to brace up depression, to improve the appetite and to lessen overeating in sedentary occupations, to stimulate the heart and to lower arterial tension, to break up a cold and to overcome shock. It was believed to ward off infection, to make blood, and to support the strength in septic fevers.

Now we know that it is not a stimulant or tonic, but a depressant; that though in small doses it increases the flow of gastric juice at the beginning of a meal, it checks the process of actual digestion of the food later, so that one influence just balances the other, and in small doses its net effect upon appetite and digestion is just precisely nothing at all, while in large doses it is ruinous.

POLITICIANS FORSAKE LIQUOR.

Not many years ago it was a frequent comment, rarely contradicted, that the man who championed the prohibition cause was committing political suicide. Today, so great has been the change in the sentiment of voting public that a man in public life dares not admit an alliance with the brewery combine or the distillery trust, realizing full well that if he were to do so he would antagonize the decent element in his constituency and arouse suspicion even among those who have no strong moral convictions on the prohibition question.—The Union Signal.

DEFICIT IN PEORIA.

The whisky manufacturing town of Peoria, Ill., is reported as showing a deficit in the treasury, a heavy tax rate, a large police court docket, many arrests, big business at the city prison, and an actual decrease in bank clearings. Quite a contrast with dry Rockford, in the same state.

CAUSE FOR WONDERMENT.

We were just wondering how an intelligent citizen could vote to continue the saloon, and then we read a little

THE KITCHEN CABINET

My character may be my own, but my reputation belongs to any old body that enjoys gossiping more than telling the truth.

FISH DISHES.

The Norwegian people having so much coast line always have fish, yet never seem to tire of it. One of the most delicious of fish dishes is made from canned fish-balls, making a white sauce and serving them hot in the sauce.

The lean varieties of fish they usually boil, such as cod, haddock, red snapper and mackerel. Cut the slices of the well-cleaned fish in diagonal slices, as the fish stays together better, and cook in slightly acidulated water a few whole black peppers and a little salt; then cover and simmer until the fish is tender.

Fish Pudding.—Cook the fish a little underdone in water with a tablespoonful of vinegar and salt and black peppers, and then drain and pound until all the fiber is broken. Now season with butter, cream and fish stock, until it is of the consistency of thin cake batter. Pour into greased molds and steam for two hours and a half. Serve with drawn butter sauce.

Cod en Casserole.—Prepare cod as for frying. Dot the bottom of the casserole with bits of butter, then place in it a layer of fish. Dust lightly with flour, salt and pepper. Dot with butter and repeat. When the fish is all used pour over it a half cupful of water or fish stock, a third of a cupful of orange juice and the juice of half a lemon. Add parsley and onion. Fit the cover tightly and bake until tender.

Baked Salmon.—Clean a four-pound salmon, and stuff with bread dressing made from a cupful of crumbs, half a cupful of finely chopped apple, parsley, onion, and salt and pepper to taste. Add fish stock and a beaten egg to moisten. Wrap in an oiled paper and place in a baking pan with water and butter. Bake in a quick oven for an hour, basting often, so that the paper is kept moist. Thicken the gravy slightly with flour and serve garnished with radishes and parsley, or lemon and parsley.

Fried Cod Roe.—Slice the roe and fry a rich brown in butter. On each slice is laid a slice of lemon and a small butter ball mixed with chopped parsley. Garnish with slices of tomato and serve cold.

Nellie Maxwell The KITCHEN CABINET

We never know how much one loves till we know how much he is willing to endure and suffer for us; and it is the suffering element that measures love.—Henry Ward Beecher.

SOME COMPANY DISHES.

When entertaining a few guests, a few dishes out of the ordinary are always enjoyed.

Mashed Chops.—Boil and mash four medium-sized potatoes, beat until light, season, add the yolk of one egg and two tablespoonfuls of milk. Broil ten chops on one side for five minutes, turn and sear on the other side. Heap the potatoes on the broiled chops in tiny mounds, dip in egg, roll in crumbs and fry in deep fat. Serve with a garnish of peas.

Oyster Cocktails in Peppers.—Cut the stem ends from two or three green peppers and fill with good seasoned cream cheese, adding cream, salt, pepper, chopped chives or onion; fill the peppers after removing the seeds and white pulp, press the mixture into the peppers firmly and allow them to stand for a few hours on ice to get firm. When ready to serve, cut in quarter-inch slices, using a sharp knife. Serve on an individual plate with a cracker for the after-dinner coffee.

Cream Cheese in Green Peppers.—Cut the stem ends from two or three green peppers and fill with good seasoned cream cheese, adding cream, salt, pepper, chopped chives or onion; fill the peppers after removing the seeds and white pulp, press the mixture into the peppers firmly and allow them to stand for a few hours on ice to get firm. When ready to serve, cut in quarter-inch slices, using a sharp knife. Serve on an individual plate with a cracker for the after-dinner coffee.

Cauliflower in Tomatoes.—Peel six tomatoes, cut off the stem ends and scoop out the seeds. Fill the tomatoes with bits of cold boiled cauliflower, add French dressing, put in a tablespoonful of catsup in the middle of each; serve on lettuce leaves as a salad.

Crepe Suzette.—Beat four eggs, add a little sugar and a dash of salt, and whip to a stiff froth. Add a little melted butter and a dash of vanilla, and fold in a little of the stiffly beaten egg whites. Cook in a buttered omelette pan over a moderate fire, turning once.

Crepe Suzette.—Beat four eggs, add a little sugar and a dash of salt, and whip to a stiff froth. Add a little melted butter and a dash of vanilla, and fold in a little of the stiffly beaten egg whites. Cook in a buttered omelette pan over a moderate fire, turning once.

The Nameless Tombstone

Mystery of an Unknown Wanderer Strangely Revealed.

By EVERETT HOLBROOK

In our town there was a mysterious soldier, asleep, with a stone cross above his head, and on the stone were some good words of Scripture and the date of the man's death. There had been a name also, and one might still see the marks of the chisel which had cut off the raised letters.

In the years after the removal of the name from the cross the stranger was not omitted from the roll of honor, wherein he figured by his rank alone. "Lieutenant," the venerable Pastor Congreve would say, with a glance toward the grave and after a moment's pause—"our guest, whose name unhappily we do not know."

On an afternoon in the middle of April a card was brought to me in my office in New York, and I supposed that it foreshadowed a newspaper interview, for the sender was a reporter named Henry Drummond, with whom I had a slight acquaintance. He was an agreeable young man, of a remarkably engaging appearance, and I was able to tell him honestly that I was glad to see him. His errand, as he informed me immediately, had nothing to do with "copy." He had come to avail himself of my legal advice.

"I have recently inherited a lawsuit," said he, "and I want to know what to do with it. You've heard of the middle about the division of the Merrill estate?"

"Yes," said I. "There's a part of it in my native town. As a result of this long drawn controversy one of the finest old residences on the Maine coast has been without a tenant for more than ten years and a great piece of shore front property has had no proper care."

"Aside from your exalted talents," said he, with a smile, "that's the chief reason why I came to you. There seems to be a chance for me to take this property in Kingsford for my share of the loot and escape from the lawsuit. Shall I do it?"

It was not a question to be decided offhand, for I must first learn the value of Drummond's interest in the suit. The details of the matter are unimportant here. Suffice it to say that I was led to advise Drummond to make this settlement, and he did so. In the last week in May we went to Kingsford in connection with the business, and Drummond was a guest with me in my father's house. Thus it happened that he witnessed the rites of Memorial day in the cemetery of Kingsford and heard the roll call of our squadron of the dead.

"Isn't it very unusual," he said to me, "that there should be a nameless soldier in a burial ground so far north? Was this body sent here by mistake?"

Thereupon I told him all that I could remember of the story. The soldier had come to Kingsford on the steamer



"Isn't it very unusual?" he said to me, from Portland. He was found wandering the streets in a dazed condition and was taken into a house where he lay ill and crazed with fever for some days and then died.

"Do you see the gray haired woman over there," I added, "under the crooked pine tree with the girl in white? It was that woman who found the soldier and led him to her mother's home."

"And she spotted the romance by dying," said Drummond.

"She had her own romance," I replied. "She was engaged to one of the Merrill boys. There were two cousins, one of whom inherited the property which has now come to you by the devious ways of destiny. It was not the heir to whom Miss Stanbury was engaged; otherwise she wouldn't be so confoundedly poor today. Her fiance left her all he possessed, which was mighty little. Both the Merrill boys went to the war, both gave their lives, and both are now at rest in the cemetery."

hat is shaded by the twisted pine. The woman with the gray hair was the belle of the region in those days, but she is still Miss Stanbury; so there's the romance, all right. The girl with her is her brother's daughter, an orphan. In fact, that's the whole Stanbury family over there."

"A beautiful girl," said Drummond. And he turned his mind again to the story of the nameless soldier, with an obvious effort, as if constrained by some impulse of his nature, an inborn love of the curiosities of life.

"Couldn't the man tell who he was?" he asked.

"I believe there was some slight paralysis of the muscles of the jaw, resulting from a wound," said I. "My father could tell you. They understood him to say that he was William Pendulum, and his gravestone bore that name for many years. But nothing could be learned about him. He was never traced back beyond Portland. And ten years or more ago, when the war department records were overhauled and saved from chaos and decay, the local G. A. R. investigated this case and came to the conclusion that no such man as William Pendulum was ever in the army. So the name was erased from the stone. There's no doubt, however, that this man was a soldier, with the rank of second lieutenant. His uniform gave no clue to his regiment, however. There was no number on it; it had seen too much service, and he had not a scrap of paper in his pockets."

"Nobody ever knew why he came here, eh?" said Drummond. "Could he have got off the boat by mistake?"

"I wasn't born till some years afterward," I rejoined. "My information is all secondhand and in a very misty condition. If you're really interested I'll introduce you to Miss Stanbury, the elder."

"Both, if you please," said Drummond, with a smile. And we strolled across to the spot where they stood, my friend muttering to himself: "Pendulum, Pendulum. Never heard of a man named Pendulum before."

In spite of Drummond's expressed desire to meet pretty Margaret Stanbury, he devoted himself to the maiden aunt while we remained in the burial ground and during our walk to the little old house where they lived. Moreover, he was enthusiastic in praise of Aunt Jane afterward.

"A fine mind and a true heart," he declared, "a thoroughly cultivated woman and not the least embittered. She could shine in the most exalted circles of society except for the very trivial matter of clothes. Is she very hard up?"

"She is, indeed," I answered, "and Margaret, of course, has nothing. She has an eye on the typewriter, poor girl! But what did Aunt Jane tell you about the soldier?"

"She is sure about the name," said he after a pause. "It was Pendulum, sure enough. It seemed that the unfortunate fellow repeated it over and over again. But Miss Stanbury says that his first name was not William. To her ear it sounded more like Willis. Willis N. Pendulum—that was the way she heard it—but the doctor was strong for William and carried his point. But I always thought that Yankees were smart!"

This explanation hardly seemed to fit the context, and I asked Drummond what he meant.

"Either there are stupid folks in Kingsford or I am misled by a wild delusion," he replied, but declined to give me any clear view of his mind.

"This matter of speaking in riddles," he told me in answer to a protest, "is a reporter's habit. We go out on stories together, and every fellow is trying to beat the others. We keep our points to ourselves, and as it is very hard to refrain from speech entirely we learn to talk without saying anything. And that reminds me that I'm thinking of going back to the trade. I haven't much of a stake except this property down here."

"That's enough to save a lazy man from work," said I. "Cut it up into sites for summer cottages, and you can sell them to the elect of Boston. This place is getting fashionable. I tell you it's a fortune."

"I believe you, my friend," said he. "And yet I'll bet that I go back to reporting."

"You have my permission," said I, somewhat annoyed, but more perplexed.

"By the way," he remarked a moment later, "I suppose you know where Miss Stanbury found Lieutenant Pendulum? No? Well, she found him in front of her own gate."

"What of it?" said I.

"Arthur Merrill, the man to whom she was engaged, was dead at that time, but the news had not reached Kingsford. The cousin, George Merrill, knew it, however, or had known it a few days before. He, too, was dead on the day when your wandering soldier arrived here. He had died in a hospital in Pennsylvania. I got these facts from Miss Stanbury, and your father verified them."

"But what bearing have they on this case?" I asked. "Do you mean that the lieutenant was carrying a last message from Arthur Merrill to Miss Stanbury?"

"No, sir; he was not," responded Drummond promptly. "Arthur had every opportunity to send messages, and he sent them, and they arrived all right, though some weeks delayed. Our friend Pendulum had nothing to do with them."

"Did George Merrill send news of his cousin's death by this man?"

"Certainly not. George had no reason to suppose that there had been any delay. He thought Miss Stanbury knew that Arthur was dead. Your father has seen a letter that proves it, a letter written or dictated by George the day before he died."

"If George had means of writing of course he did not need to send a messenger," said I.

"There has never been a notion in Kingsford, so your father tells me," answered Drummond, "that Pendulum's coming here had anything to do with the Merrill boys or their affairs."

"Then what the deuce are you driving at?"

But Drummond was relapsing into a trance state now and would not give me a sensible reply. When we got home he had a talk with my father and another after supper, and then he hunted me up.

"Come," said he, "let's have a look at my estate."

I went with him, and he led me straight to the broad portal of the great dark house. I heard the key rattle in the lock.

So we came to a room on the second floor and to a shadowy corner of it where stood a tall old clock with a carved case of blackwood.

"Whew!" said Drummond. "Let me get my breath. This is a crisis in the



WE EXAMINED THE WILL THEN AND THERE BY THE AID OF MATCHES.

lives of several people, my friend. However, there's another one downstairs."

"What in blazes do you mean?" I demanded. "Another what?"

"Another clock. But this was the uncle's room."

"Uncle? You mean old Sam Merrill?"

"Yes. The man who in his last years seemed so fond of Arthur, yet left all his property to George, in a will dated five years before."

"I don't understand!"

"William Pendulum," he answered—"Willis N. Pendulum. The will is in the pendulum. And now, by heaven, it is in my hand!"

While speaking he had swung open the door of the clock case, and now he turned toward me so suddenly that we crashed together.

"Light a match!" he cried. And I managed to do it.

I saw a yellow and stained paper in my friend's hand. Before the match burned out we knew the nature of the brief document. It was indeed a will, and the name signed to it was Samuel Merrill.

We did not wait for lamplight, but examined the will then and there by the aid of matches. It seemed quite regular—it was dated 1863—and it made Arthur Merrill and not George the chief heir—sole heir indeed—to the property in Kingsford.

"Arthur left all he possessed to Jane Stanbury," said Drummond. "By this will he was made owner of this estate. It therefore passed to his fiancee. It was never properly at issue in the present litigation. No interest in it belonged to any of the contestants nor could have passed to me. I have signed away my share for nothing, because this estate is legally vested in Jane Stanbury, and I shall never contest her right to it."

"And now," he added as the last match burned out, "do you begin to understand what happened? George Merrill, who was at home on furlough when his uncle died, found this will here in this room. Doubtless he knew that the earlier will had not been destroyed. Upon an impulse he hid this document in the first place that he could think of and never had the moral strength to reveal its existence until the hand of death was on him. Then he told a comrade, one who was a sufferer with him in the same hospital, no doubt. He trusted this man to keep the secret, to disclose the right will, but preserve George's name from disgrace. Why this riddle wasn't read long ago is a mystery to me."

Although this was largely conjecture, it has stood every test of subsequent investigation, and the title of Miss Stanbury to the property has been confirmed by the usual legal means. Whether this has made my friend poorer in all that counts for real value in this world I will not venture to assert. Indeed, he has lost the estate only temporarily, for it will no doubt pass to Margaret Stanbury at her aunt's death, and Margaret and Drummond are to be married early next month.

As for the soldier beneath the stone cross, he is now designated by his rightful name. The clue furnished by his association with George Merrill and by the presumption of his having been an inmate of the same hospital close upon the date of Merrill's death sufficed for his identification after a patient search of records, and his name proved to be Albert Stevens.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of John Nolan, late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the Executor of, &c., of said deceased, at his place of business in the village of King Ferry, town of Genoa, County of Cayuga, on or before the 19th day of October, 1917. Dated April 16, 1917. Jas. H. McDermott, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an Order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Andrew G. Stillwell, late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the administrator of, etc., of said deceased, at his residence in the town of Genoa, County of Cayuga, on or before the 15th day of October, 1917. Dated April 2, 1917. Fred L. Stillwell, Administrator, Albert H. Clark, Attorney for Administrator, Auburn, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Morris Coon, late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the administrator of, etc., of said deceased, at 248 Genesee St. in the City of Auburn, County of Cayuga, on or before the 1st day of October, 1917. Dated March 20, 1917. George A. Coon, Administrator, Albert H. Clark, Attorney for Administrator, Auburn, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Mary Ann Flinn, late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the administrator of, &c., of said deceased, at his place of residence in the town of Genoa, County of Cayuga, N. Y., (P. O. Address: Atwater, N. Y., R. D. 25) on or before the 1st day of December, 1917. Dated May 18, 1917. Frank W. Flinn, administrator, Stuart R. Treat, Attorney for Administrator, Auburn, N. Y.

COUNTY COURT, CAYUGA COUNTY.

Thomas P. Smith, plaintiff, against Edgar Smith et al defendants. In pursuance of a judgment in the above entitled action of partition entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of Cayuga on the 21st day of May, 1917, I, the undersigned Referee in and by said judgment for that purpose appointed will sell at public auction at the front door of the hotel known as McDermott Hotel in the village of King Ferry, town of Genoa, County of Cayuga, New York on Friday, the 6th day of July, 1917 at two o'clock in the afternoon the lands and premises in said judgment directed to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that tract or parcel of land, situate in the town of Genoa, County of Cayuga and state of New York, and being part of Lot No. 33 in said Town and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning in the west line of said lot at the northwest corner of Perian Price's land (now owned by David Price) and running thence north along the west line of said Lot, 2 chains and sixty-nine links, thence east twenty-seven chains and six links, thence south two chains and sixty-nine links to the north-east corner of Perian Price's land, thence west along the north line of said Price's land twenty-seven chains and six links to the place of beginning, containing seven acres and twenty-five hundredths of an acre of land. Also all that other certain tract or parcel of land, situate in the town of Genoa, aforesaid being part of lot No. 33 in said town and bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the northwest corner of lands heretofore conveyed by David Price and Ann M. Price, his wife, to Ann Smith and running thence north one chain and eighty-five links, thence east twenty-five chains and six links, thence south one chain and eighty-five links, thence west twenty-seven chains and six links to the place of beginning, containing five acres of land. Dated May 21, 1917.

Oscar Tryon, Referee. Albert H. Clark, Attorney for Plaintiff, Auburn, N. Y.

The Thrice-A-Week Edition OF THE New York World

IN 1917

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly

No other Newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price

The value and need of a newspaper in the household was never greater than at the present time. The great war in Europe is now half-way into its third year, and whether peace be at hand or yet far off, it and the events to follow it are sure to be of absorbing interest for many a month to come.

These are world-shaking affairs, in which the United States, willing or unwilling, is compelled to take a part. No intelligent person can ignore such issues.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE GENOA TRIBUNE together for one year for \$1.55.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

EGBERT CLOTHES

If that much abused term "Good Value" in connection with a suit of clothes interests you, we know positively that Egbert Clothes will appeal to you.

In addition to the standard quality of the fabrics in Egbert Clothes, you are assured of getting well styled and good fitting garments and at a most reasonable price.

From \$12.50 to \$28.00.

C. R. EGBERT,

The People's Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher
75 GENESEE ST. AUBURN, N. Y.

Decided Reductions

on all Wool Suits, Silk Suits, Jersey Cloth Suits, Coats, etc.

Following our usual custom at this time of the year we have gone over our ready-to-wear spring and summer garments and made radical reductions in price to effect a quick clearance.

All Suits have been included and all the Coats except a few blacks and blues.

Many of these garments are Wooltex make and they are all of excellent quality and absolutely correct styles.

This is an opportunity to secure a Coat or Suit at practically cost and we advise an early selection while the sizes and styles are here for you to choose from. Telephone and mail orders will receive prompt attention.

BUSH & DEAN 151 EAST ITHACA, N. Y.
STATE ST.

AUBURN TRUST COMPANY

RALPH R. KEELER, President. GEORGE W. BENHAM, Treasurer.

Which Will You Appoint

as Guardian for your children—an individual who may die before the youngest child comes into its property, or this Company, whose existence is perpetual? This also applies to Executor, Administrator or Trustee of your Will.

We will be pleased to give you legal advice on this important subject.

ROTHSCHILD BROS.

ITHACA, N. Y.

THE CENSUS

By ARTHUR QUITERMAN
Of the Vigilantes.

THEY'LL send you a sheet of paper, replete with questions on matters of weight. Then read them with care; don't grumble or swear, But answer them quickly and straight.

NOW, don't be a clam! It's old Uncle Sam That wants you to tell what is true. Expecting a tussle, He's feeling his muscle, And part of that muscle is YOU!

DON'T fly in a rage when he asks you your age. And may you be colored or white, But give him a clue as to what you can do. And whether you're willing to fight.

HE wants you to bear a patriot's share In righting a world that's askew. That proverb of Sherman's Is proved by the Germans, And part of the answer is YOU!

HE wants you to tell what you can do well. With weapons or engines or tools. And what you can lend (in case he should send) Like motors or horses or mules.

HE wants you to say you're ready to pay Your country a bit of her dues. He's bound to need millions Of able civilians, And one of them ought to be YOU!

THE WOMEN'S CENSUS

By AMELIA JOSEPHINE BURR
Of the Vigilantes.

UNCLE SAM can't do without us, and he wants to know about us. And we only wish our answers had a richer tale to tell. But this he may be sure of, that he never needs to doubt us. We will do what we are able, and we'll surely do it well. We'll take our part.

We put ourselves on record for the job that we can do. So that when the need is ready he can know we're ready too. Now the God of faithful workers keep the whole great army true. Head, hand and heart!

IT'S been the woman's part in war to stand behind the man. Sometimes to be protected and sometimes to give a shove. But the world today is running on a very different plan, And the women go on duty by the side of those they love. Your boy and mine!

The brother and the husband and the comrade and the son, We fall right into step with them to do what must be done, And, though we wear no uniform, we're soldiers, every one. Come into line!

THE CENSUS GROUCH.

By ANNA STEESE RICHARDSON
Of the Vigilantes.

The Man who rides to the station with me holds the commuters' record for knocking the government.

From the day the Lusitania was sunk by German ruthlessness he has harped on the inexcusable lack of military preparedness in Washington.

Hark to the wall of the Ready Knocker:

"Right when we ought to send an expeditionary force to France, build transports and invent something to sink those ding-batted U boats come the pica-yune politicians in Albany trying to find out what we're worth! 'What language besides English do I speak?' 'Do I own a van?' 'Can I operate a motorcycle?' Those chair warmers in Albany, cataloging cards, ought to be drilling. What do you think of this for pork barrel politics and soft jobs?"

I'd been a meek and patient listener, but right there my bump of patriotism got on the job.

"If you really want to know what I think about it I'll tell you. The military census bureau has taken an important step toward the preparedness for which you have been shrieking.

"When the clerks, most of whom are volunteer workers, women or men barred from military service by age or physical defects, complete this census our state officials will be in a position to protect our homes and to keep our industries in motion. If conscription calls out a number of the engineers, firemen, conductors and brakemen needed for operating our railroads this military census will tell the state and railroad officials where they can find other men to run the roads, so that army supplies can be moved and people like you and me can go to business every day. If the government should suddenly run short of trucks and vans to move supplies the military census bureau, which you deride, can learn in a few minutes from its records just where to locate the needed equipment among citizens. But don't worry, the authorities wouldn't take so much as your new red wheelbarrow or your garden hose without paying for it.

"You people who howl for preparedness shouldn't balk at the first thing you're asked to do in the state's first step toward preparedness."

There won't be room in the back for both of us tomorrow morning. But who cares? Spring is here, and the roads are good.

THE BAND WAGON OR PATROL WAGON?

Rupert Hughes, Soldier-Author, Asks Some Pertinent Questions.

By RUPERT HUGHES
Of the Vigilantes.

Author of "What Will People Say?" etc. Republican institutions mean nothing to a certain element of our citizenry except a bulwark of selfishness. The only rights they will defend are the alleged rights to stay indoors when they are called out, to lock their doors when Uncle Sam knocks and to look out from an upper window and say "Nobody home."

But the New York state census means business. It has got to be taken, and it is going to be taken. Those who do not come at the governor's call will be fetched.

How is a representative government to survive if the action of its representatives is not backed up by the people that elected them?

How is a free people to preserve its freedom if, after suitable debate and a final vote, the decision of the majority is not put into action?

How is a republic to defeat a hostile, marvelously efficient monarchy if the republic is not united and mobilized to its greatest efficiency?

How is a republic to make effective use of its resources if it does not know what they are in detail and in total?

What right has a so-called pacifist to assume that he alone hates war? How can he be blind to the fact that the soldiers and sailors love their homes, their families and their lives as well as he does? Looking about him among his neighbors, can he honestly say that those who are working hardest for victory are bloodthirsty and dangerous persons?

The country having resolved that war has been forced upon it, how is it to end the burden but by the defeat of the national enemy? What bet-

ter protection against war can there be than the demolition of the greatest engine for war ever contrived? If that engine is to be demolished, why wait till it reaches our borders?

The taking of the census is an expensive necessity made possible and economical by the volunteer efforts of many citizens. What right has any citizen to refuse to go to the place of registration, thus compelling some hardworking patriot to come to him or taking from other duties an officer of the law?

Is there no better way of making myself conspicuous than by annoying and delaying patriotic men? Why make myself a disgrace to my family and a nuisance to the neighbors?

Why be yanked into the patrol wagon when I can climb in the band wagon?

FIREMEN AS GARDENERS.

Find a Way to Keep Busy Profitably in Spare Time.

In the ordinary fire station of the average community, where the one platoon system is still in vogue, the men feel the need of something to occupy their time between calls. If there is space for exercise in pitching a baseball or doing some gymnastic work in



FIREMEN CULTIVATING A STREET LOT.

the open air the result is beneficial to all who take advantage of such conditions. It may be, however, that some of the men in the fire department in San Diego, Cal., have found the best way to keep busy profitably and yet always be within call of the station, writes Allen H. Wright, city clerk of San Diego, in the American City.

There has been agitation this season concerning the vacant city lots, and efforts have been made throughout the country to make such patches of land bring in returns in the way of crops, thus relieving the situation incident to the high cost of living. A group of firemen at one of the San Diego stations secured permission to cultivate a lot across the street from their building, which had been left vacant by the removal of an old stable. The soil proved very rich, and the fire fighters soon had the lot in shape for various crops, some twenty different vegetables being grown at one time, including carrots, turnips, lettuce, peas, onions, radishes, etc. The men prorate the cost of water for irrigating the garden patch, share in the labor of cultivating and divide the crops.

At another station in the same city the firemen have devoted their spare time to cultivating flower beds along the sidewalk and training vines up the walls of the building. Comfortable chairs set out under the shade of the pepper tree add to the joys of life.

An Industrial Building.

A special committee of nine citizens representing the banking, manufacturing, retail, insurance and real estate interests the past month began work in Danbury, Conn., toward the formation and incorporation of an industrial company and the erection of a suitable industrial building or buildings. The new and definite undertaking in the industrial interests of Danbury has the backing of the Danbury chamber of commerce and of many business interests of the city. The plan is to make the new industrial company in very truth a community affair and give all who so desire an opportunity to help in this new industrial movement. The incidental expenses of the committee of nine are to be paid out of the general fund of the chamber of commerce, with the idea that after the industrial company is a reality the chamber will be reimbursed.

NEW YORK NEWS

ITEMS IN BRIEF.

Paragraphs of Interest to Readers of Empire State

News of All Kinds Gathered From Various Points in the State and So Reduced in Size That it Will Appeal to All Classes of Readers.

Buffalo's normal school will hold a six week's session this summer.

Forty-one sheep were killed by dogs, near Rushville, last week.

Practically every garden in Cuba was ruined by recent downpours.

Lockport reports 92 births, 27 deaths and 11 marriages during May.

Six of the 11 licenses in Hamburg will be cancelled by the new liquor law.

Mt. Morris Masons have voted, as a lodge, to put \$500 into Liberty bonds.

Cuba's Oddfellows lodge has voted to buy \$1,000 worth of Liberty Loan bonds.

Buffalo's quota of the \$100,000,000 Red Cross fund has been fixed at \$1,500,000.

Lockport believes a great many have evaded the federal registration in that city.

Free mail delivery was inaugurated in Middleport, June 1. Two carriers are employed.

Winters & Prophet opened their canning season at Mt. Morris, by putting up spinach.

Seven licenses must be given up by seven places in Albion, reducing the number to 14.

Rochester's postmaster will appoint 19 clerks at salaries ranging from \$1,200 to \$1,500.

Of the 22,216 men registered in Rochester, exemption from military duty was claimed by 13,483.

Contracts for several million shrapnel shells will be filled at the American Can company's plant in Geneva.

The Niagara Press of Lockport now a weekly newspaper, will, beginning late this week, be issued as a daily.

Governor Whitman in a proclamation, ordered a military census of the state, to continue from June 11 to June 25.

George N. Crouse of Syracuse has been elected president by the state convention, B. P. O. of Elks, in session at Utica.

Two hundred students compose the class of 1917, the largest graduating class in the history of the Genesee normal school.

Excessive coal prices is given by the Medina Gas company as its reason for quitting business. It served 365 consumers.

It is thought Rochester university will refuse to give degrees to girls who marry men who wish to avoid military service.

Because it has less than 35,000 population, Orleans county will not have to build a tuberculosis hospital under the new state law.

Governor Whitman signed the foods and markets bill, complaining, however, that its most important features had been eliminated.

Buffalo brewers have decided to cut the number of saloons in the city. There are now 1,300 and they will be reduced to 900.

The Machold bill, imposing a direct state tax of \$12,843,380 to pay for the annual contributions to the sinking funds, was signed by Governor Whitman.

Billy Sunday shouted to 19,000 persons in New York that "the vilest, most low-down, contemptible, degenerate reprobate on God's earth" was the emperor of Germany.

James D. Anderson, James O. Gallagher and Henry M. Glancy are the commissioners named to select drinking places in Avon which will have licenses after October 1.

Governor Whitman has signed the Foley bill, requiring members of a committee on vacancies on a primary nomination petition to belong to the same party as the nominee.

Olean's First Baptist church has extended a call to the Rev. Percival H. Lynch of Carbonate, Pa. He will succeed the Rev. W. C. Gates, who is now filling a Utica pastorate.

E. D. Kenney of Utica was chosen president of the Optical Society of the State of New York at the closing session in Rochester. The 1918 gathering of the society will be in Utica.

At a meeting held in Corfu, to decide for or against electric lights in the village, over 75 per cent of those present agreed to use the current within 30 days after installation.

Governor Whitman announced that New York state's draft registration would come within 63,000 of the census estimate, the million mark having been passed with four counties to hear from.

Five thousand dollars was appropriated by the Ontario county board of supervisors for the purpose of equipping the local military companies with uniforms, arms and equipment.

The Liberty Loan committee announced that New York city was doing more than its share towards the success of the sale of bonds, but that up-state there was marked "ignorance and indifference" regarding the loan.

State Comptroller Travis has received the first payment on the inheritance tax on the estate of the late J. D. Archibald of New York, the Standard Oil magnate. It amounted to \$1,130,000.

Comptroller Cochrane of Buffalo reported that he had received no bids for a \$510,000 bond issue that city wants to float. The war and Liberty Loan are given as the reason for the failure to secure bids.

Samuel Wolcott, owner of the auto bus which ran off a bridge near Corning and killed Mrs. Charles Buck of Curtis, has learned that a \$10,000 liability policy, which he took out the day before the accident, is good.

In a wreck on the Buffalo division of the Erie railroad, 14 cars of an eastbound freight train were piled up at Burns, seven miles west of Hornell. Most of the cars were loaded with eggs and the loss is about \$10,000.

Last year Jamestown's combined city and school tax was \$32.26 per \$1,000 valuation. This year it is \$28.20, a decrease of \$4.15. The reduction, however, is more apparent than real assessed values having been increased.

The rainy weather at Attica is proving a fine thing for wheat and grass, which now promise to be a fairly good if not a bumper crop, notwithstanding its very poor survival of the winter, but it is delaying the sowing and planting.

Mrs. Julia Kinney Lamont, widow of Daniel Scott Lamont, one-time editor of the Albany Argus, private secretary to Grover Cleveland, and later secretary of war in Cleveland's cabinet, died at her home in Millbrook, Dutchess county.

Local Iron Moulders' Union, 109, of Geneva, has subscribed for \$500 of the Liberty bonds. In addition to subscribing for this amount of bonds from the treasury of the local, the local urges every member to subscribe for as many bonds as possible.

Practically three-eighths of the state's entire income of \$81,000,000 will be collected by the state comptroller's office this year as a result of the new corporation income tax law, which is estimated to return \$30,000,000 annually, according to State Comptroller Travis.

Every County in the state having a population of 35,000 or more, not having a tuberculosis hospital approved by the state commissioner of health, must provide one on or before July 1, 1918, under the terms of a bill which has just received the approval of Governor Whitman.

Governor Whitman has vetoed the Brown bill, which would suspend the labor laws in the state, one of the so-called war measures, passed at the last session of the legislature, declaring his belief that no emergency can arise before the next session of the legislature that would make the bill necessary.

Hermes L. Ames, president of the village of Falconer and chairman of the board of supervisors, is a candidate for the nomination of assemblyman from the First District of Chautauque county. Last year he lacked only 100 votes of winning a nomination from Leon L. Fancher, who had served one term.

Governor Whitman has signed the Murphy bill, placing a tax of \$5 on automobile trailers, and the Hewitt bill, which makes those owning pleasure cars remodelled for use as commercial vehicles, pay a commercial vehicle tax. The latter is aimed at farmers and others who build wagon boxes on their cars.

Mrs. Charles Buck of Reading Center was drowned and three men were injured when an auto bus, running between Corning and Bath, ran off the edge of an embankment into the Cohocton river. Charles Buck, the woman's husband, Ross Vasbinder of Corning and Harvey Hawkes of Painted Post were injured.

Despite the heavy expenditures incident to preparing for war, it cost New York state nearly \$9,000,000 less to conduct its governmental affairs for the 11 months ended May 31 than for the preceding corresponding period. The exact figures, Comptroller Travis announced are: 1917, \$55,051,040; 1916, \$64,048,853.

The Lehigh Valley railway has asked the public service commission at Albany for approval of long sidings upon which fast freights may pass in a number of the western sections of its line. The highways concerned are in the town of Darien, Genesee county, town and village of Caledonia, Livingston county and the town of Farmington, Ontario county.

The Rev. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Episcopal church, New York city, was chosen as the Episcopal Bishop of Western New York to succeed Bishop William D. Walker who died two months ago. The diocesan council understands Dr. Manning will accept the election, although he is now rector of the largest and richest Episcopal parish in the world and would have to sacrifice a salary of \$2,000 to \$3,000.

The DeWitt bill, as urged by the New York State Automobile association, has been signed by the governor, is now law and allows farmers to use their pleasure cars to haul produce to town and goods for their own use without restraint. This measure provides that motor truck fees shall apply only to motor vehicles "constructed or especially equipped for the transportation of goods, wares and merchandise and used or to be used for such purposes and commonly known as auto trucks."

Sherwood.

June 12—Mrs. Lydia Meader, a very highly honored and respected resident of Poplar Ridge, passed away at the home of her grandson, Wm. Meader Aldrich, in Syracuse, June 7, aged 87 years. The funeral was held at the Friends meeting house at Poplar Ridge on Saturday at 4 p. m. It was Quarterly Meeting with that branch of Friends, and many members from other parts of the state were present, who gave loving tribute to the departed.

Miss Emily Howland and niece returned from Clifton Springs on Saturday, making the trip by automobile driver by Geo. Tierney. Miss Alice Otis went to Clifton Springs and returned with Miss Howland.

Miss Carolyn Otis, who has been visiting relatives at Lynn for several weeks, returned on Saturday in time to attend quarterly meeting.

Children's day exercises were given in the churches in this vicinity on Sunday last.

Mrs. Sarah Lyon has returned from New York to spend the summer at her home at Sherwood.

Hiller Star Chapter, O. E. S., will entertain the Grand officers Thursday evening of this week.

The district school holds a picnic on Wednesday afternoon in the school yard.

King Ferry.

June 7—Miss Emily Atwater is in quite poor health. Mrs. Mary Cheesman of Auburn is caring for her.

R. P. Burrows, Reginald Hudson, Joseph and John Lahey of Buffalo were over-Sunday guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur King.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Heatherington and children of Cortland spent several days last week at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Murray.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Dickinson are spending some time with relatives at Auburn.

At this writing O. B. Drake is quite ill, as is also Mrs. Husted Brill.

The remains of Mrs. Andrew Durnin who died on Saturday at the Ithaca hospital were brought to this place to the home of her sister, Mrs. H. Murray, where on Monday the funeral was held at Our Lady of the Lake church.

Miss Mayme Detrick has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. McGoldrick at Seneca Falls.

Miss Pearl Slarrow and Miss Harriett Van Horn of Auburn were over-Sunday guests at the home of the former's brother, A. C. Slarrow.

Miss Genevieve O'Herron and Gordon Wallace of Auburn were Sunday guests at the home of T. C. McCormick.

The community was greatly aroused Sunday morning when the fire alarm was sounded from the home of A. C. Slarrow. The fire company quickly responded to the call and the fire, which was in a chimney, was soon under control.

Mr. and Mrs. Crouch and daughter, Miss Vera Duckenfield of Auburn visited his mother last Sunday.

Venice Center—West Hill.

June 13—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Turney and family of King Ferry were Sunday guests of their mother, Mrs. M. Cannon.

Mrs. John Beebee and Mrs. Jennie Platt were business callers in Auburn one day last week.

Eugene Fulmer and Walter Tilton of Genoa were at their farm Sunday. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Dickerson, Friday, June 8, a son; weight 8½ lbs.

Mrs. Arthur Chase was a caller in Auburn Monday.

John Beebee was a guest of his brother in Union Springs a few days last week.

Miss M. L. Kelly was a week-end guest of her aunt, Mrs. Owen Cannon, west of Poplar Ridge.

Use Jars and Cans Wisely.

Don't have an empty preserving jar in your home next fall.

Concentrate products so that each jar or can will hold as much food and as little water as possible.

Put up jams, jellies and preserves in glasses sealed with cork or paper and paraffin. Pack fruit juices in ordinary bottles.

Dry navy and mature Lima beans for winter use.

Produce in your garden lots of cabbage, potatoes and root crops that can be kept for the winter without canning.—U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Do the best you can and leave it there; but be sure that you do your best.

Ward Family Reunion.

The fourth annual reunion of the Ward family was entertained Thursday, June 7, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Z. D. Ward in the town of Aurelius.

The weather man proved himself to be anything but obliging and gave us all sorts of weather. The day was surely very unfavorable for a picnic, but during showers and between showers, a goodly number reached Mr. Ward's home.

At 2 p. m., 42 people, not including the babies, sat down to a bountiful dinner which was served on the lawn and enjoyed by every one.

Soon after dinner a heavy electric and hail storm drove the company in-doors where we were obliged to light lamps. Several fine selections were played on the Victrola.

The president, Mr. Zacheus Ward, called a business meeting and appointed Mr. Howard Mosher chairman. Mr. Corson Doan, secretary, read a favorable report of the last year's meeting.

The following officers for the ensuing year were unanimously chosen: Mr. Claude Ward, Pres.; Mrs. Albert Wells, Vice Pres.; Mrs. Alden Ward, Sec.; Mrs. Erwin White, Treas.; Mrs. Minnie Ward, Historian. The dinner committee was appointed by the president.

When the sun again showed his smiling face for a few minutes, the company again assembled on the lawn where Mr. Howard Mosher took some snap shots of the group.

A vote of thanks was given Mr. and Mrs. Ward for the enjoyable time. Nearly every one left in the pouring rain to meet again the first Wednesday in June, 1918, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alden Ward near Fleming.

Agrigraphs.

When it comes to canning, how about the wild fruits that grow along the streams or on the hillsides?

Federal and state co-operation promises to remedy the shortage of labor by aiding in recruiting and placing farm hands.

Better buy glass jars for canning and preserving as soon as possible to avoid probable delays at the height of the season.

Have you thought of a community spray outfit where it is too big an investment for small growers? Ask your farm bureau manager about it.

The season is not so far advanced that one cannot still plant a garden. Practice patriotism on July 4 by putting in some quick maturing vegetables. Cornell publication 122 tells which ones.

Thirteen states now have state forests; New York has the largest with 1,826,000 acres; Pennsylvania comes second with 1,008,000 acres; and Wisconsin third with 400,000 acres. But except for planting and fire control New York does not practice forestry on its state lands.

A Peculiar Wrench

Of the foot or ankle may produce a very serious sprain. A sprain is more painful than a break. In all sprains, cuts, burns, bruises and scalds Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil is the best thing to use. Relieves the pain, reduces swelling, is a perfect anti-septic and heals rapidly. Effective also when taken for Cholera Morbus, Cramps and dysentery. Price 25 cts. Sold by all dealers.

Vegetables properly prepared tempt the appetite. When they are soggy cooked or poorly seasoned, much of them will be left on the table.

Many persons are unaware that the green and tender tops of many vegetables, such as radishes, turnips, celery, and beets, contain valuable mineral and other food substances, and are excellent cooked as greens or even as additions to salads.

That vast amounts of nourishing material are thrown out from American kitchens and so made useless for human consumption is well established by the returns from garbage and fertilizer plants showing the amount of fats and nitrogenous material recovered from city garbage.

DON'T FORGET US

When you need anything in the line of neat and attractive Printing.

FOUR DAY SALE

Commences Wednesday a. m. --closes Saturday p. m.

Both sides of your dollar will work if you buy at QUINLAN'S

Clean up of All Wool Suits---High Grade Suits at \$15.00, \$19.00 and \$25.00 Formerly Priced \$25.00 to \$45.00.

Wonderful price reduction in all Wool Coats. Prices sharply cut--- Come in and see

All Silk and Wool Dresses greatly reduced. Spring Millinery Half Price.

WHITE SKIRTS

Splendid variety of White Tub Skirts in the best styles and materials. Pre-Shrunk. Prices begin as low as \$1.25 and soar higher

Summer Wash Dresses here. Prices \$3 98 and up.

Garden Smocks \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.50.

REMEMBER THE SALE LASTS FOUR DAYS ONLY.

145 Genesee Street,

QUINLAN'S,

Auburn, N. Y.

\$50,000 Owners' Contest to Follow Maxwell's Economy Triumph of May 23rd

Hundreds of Maxwells on May 23rd made good our claim that a Maxwell will go further on a gallon of gasoline than any other 5-passenger car—now, from June 16th to 30th, we expect 40,000 Maxwells to make as good or a better showing than was made on historic May 23rd

May 23d was Maxwell Gasoline Economy Contest Day all over the United States and Canada.

Fifty Maxwell cars went a total of 1,983.6 miles on a total of 50 gallons of gasoline.

The average gallon mileage of those cars was 39.67. And these were privately owned Maxwells—in actual daily use.

Those 892 cars averaged 27.47 miles per gallon of gasoline. More wonderful records are being received daily.

We could rest our laurels on this great triumph—but we don't intend to do that.

\$50,000 In U. S. Liberty Bonds To Be Given Away Next Time

Now we're offering \$25,000 in U. S. Liberty Bonds as prizes to the 500 Maxwell owners who make the best mileage on one gallon of gasoline. Every Maxwell owner has an even chance to win a bond.

The other half of the \$50,000 in Liberty Bonds is to go to dealers for helping us with this stupendous undertaking.

If you own a Maxwell your chance to win a Liberty Bond is as good as anybody's.

The contest is open to women as well as men Maxwell owners.

See us at once for details of the contest.

Enter this history-making competition now. Win a Liberty Bond.

ROY DeSHONG, Aurora, N. Y.

John Mastin, Genoa, local rep.



A Friend In Need Is a Friend Indeed

Do you need anything? READ THE HOME PAPER. It will tell you where to buy in town. It will tell you where to sell.

The Home Paper Boosts Home Trade BOOST THE BOOSTER

In These Days

of inferior goods and poor substitutes, we are insisting on the same old qualities of merchandise and giving the rigid guarantee of satisfaction or money cheerfully refunded. That's the kind of a store for you to trade at.

Marshall's Clothing Store

131 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

45 YEARS IN AUBURN.

JOHN W. RICE CO.,

103 GENESEE ST.,

Auburn - - - N. Y.

Bathing Suits

We have just received a big shipment of high grade bathing suits all sizes. Made of wool jersey cloth, satin, taffeta, silk and trimmed with pretty stripe material to match. See our display window.

Wash Skirts

Tub skirts for hot weather wear are ready and we carry all sizes from 24 to 36 waist bands. The lines are perfect. They are made of poplin, pique, linen, gaberdine and khaki cloth. Priced from \$1.75 to \$6.00.

Suits and Coats Reduced.

ALL suits and coats are being offered at a great reduction.

Place your Insurance with the **VENICE TOWN INSURANCE CO.** \$1,600,000 IN FARM RISKS!

WM. H. SHARPSTEEN, Secretary, Office, Genoa, N. Y.

Try Our

:- JOB PRINTING :-