

The Genoa Tribune.

VOL. XXII. No. 15

GENOA, N. Y., FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 8, 1912.

EMMA A. WALDO

From Nearby Towns.

Five Corners.

Nov. 4—The time will soon be here for us to write 1913. This year has seemed a very short one.

The young people had a fine time last Thursday evening moving horse blocks, wagon wheels and stoneboats. Leon Curtis attended the Halloween social which was held at the home of Frank Young and wife at East Genoa last Thursday evening. He reports a good time, a large crowd and a success financially.

G. W. Atwater made a business trip to Auburn last Friday. He did not don his broadcloth coat. How saving some people are of their clothes!

John and Claude Palmer spent Friday in Auburn.

Claire Lick has been spending some time with his sister, Mrs. Will Ferris.

Miss Florence Stevenson of Venice spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents, Charles Stevenson and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Swartwood drove to Trumansburg Saturday to spend a few days with their sons, Percy, Lee and Jay. Mr. Swartwood is contemplating purchasing a farm over there. Little Ruth stayed with Mrs. Rachel Sanford and Ella Algett during her parents' absence.

Mrs. Will Ferris and Mrs. Wesley Coon and two daughters spent Saturday and Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lick, near Moravia.

James Curtis and wife of Groton and Harry Curtis of Genoa spent last Sunday with their parents, here. Wonder why Harry returns to Genoa by Forks of the Creek? The road must be better that way, of course.

Mrs. Dannie Moore gave a very interesting report a week ago Sunday evening of the C. E. convention at Binghamton which she attended as a delegate.

Mrs. Lois Smith of Genoa is spending this week with her brother, G. W. Atwater and wife.

The first snow of the season here Saturday night last. One man was so anxious for a sleighride he phoned for one of the neighbor's bobs, but before he could get the parties on the phone, it stopped snowing.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Kelley and daughter visited at Robert Buckley's near Moravia recently.

Nov. 6—As next Sunday is World's Temperance Sunday, the regular Sunday school will be given up to an appropriate temperance program at 12 o'clock. There will be recitations and singing by the children.

Mrs. Wm. Ferris was in Ithaca Tuesday and Mrs. Sanford and Mrs. Algett were there to-day.

M. A. Palmer is still confined to the bed with shingles.

Mrs. Elisabeth Palmer of Cortland is at the home of her son, Allie Palmer.

George Atwater received quite a bad scalp wound Tuesday morning. He had started for King Ferry, and having forgotten something which he intended to take with him, was turning around, when the horses became frightened at Robert Ferris' auto, and Mr. Atwater was thrown out in such a way that his head was cut quite severely, and the coat and overcoat which he was wearing, were torn into shreds. Dr. Hatch was called and sewed up the wound, taking twelve stitches. The wound is not serious and there were no other injuries. Mr. Ferris took Mr. Atwater to King Ferry to vote in the afternoon. The horses did not run and they had never before acted afraid of an auto.

Ensenore Heights.

Sherwood.

Nov. 4—After a very brief illness, Mrs. Jennie Cruthers died Oct. 25, at the home of her father, Geo. Blowers near Sherwood. A husband, one daughter, a father, one brother and many warm friends are mourning her loss.

Mrs. Charlotte Letchworth and Mrs. Hattie Bay of Buffalo were recent guests of Isabel Howland.

Mrs. Deland has been visiting her daughter, Miss Dorothy who is a teacher at S. S. S.

Mrs. Jarvis and Mrs. Bremer of Syracuse have been the guests of their friend, Jessie Hoxie.

Mrs. C. F. Comstock who has been ill for several weeks is slowly improving.

Miss Isabel Howland gave a Halloween party to the members of S. S. S. on Friday evening of last week. The evening was pleasantly spent with dancing and games.

The Maccabees gave a reception last Thursday evening in honor of the Grand Deputy who is doing district work.

Miss Lillie Allen of Union Springs is visiting her friend, Mrs. F. V. Slocum.

Mrs. Eunice Battey is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Susan Simmons of Syracuse.

Don't forget to come to Sherwood Friday evening, Nov. 8, and hear the bird man. The second entertainment in the course will be that evening, given by Edward Avis, the great bird imitator. The program sounds very alluring. Come and enjoy one evening before the traveling gets so bad you can't get anywhere.

Fred Slocum and family are soon to leave here for a home near San Diego, California.

Lansingville.

Nov. 4—Wilmer Stout and George Stout have been improving their houses by a new coat of paint.

Miss Hattie Smith and Dorothy Long of North Rose visited the former's sister, Miss Julia Smith, over Sunday.

Mrs. Alice Bartholomew of Naples has been a guest of Mrs. Lucy Baker and Mrs. S. J. Barnes.

Albert Baker has rented F. G. Alexander's house until spring, and has moved there. He boards at Wilmer Stout's.

S. I. Barnes is spending a few days with his son in Auburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bower visited friends in Genoa and Groton last week.

Mrs. S. A. Emmons of Ithaca, who has been visiting friends in this vicinity has gone to spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Irwin Haskin in New York city.

Mr. Arnold of Ithaca has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Glen Quigley. Wilbur Boles and wife and Wm. Minturn and family spent Sunday at the home of L. A. Boles and wife.

John Barnes and son of Auburn visited the former's father, S. I. Barnes, Sunday.

Mrs. Cyrenus Reynolds has been entertaining her sister-in-law, Mrs. Quigley of Michigan.

Course in Dairy Work.

A twelve weeks' course in dairy work is to be given at the New York State College of Agriculture from Nov. 19 to Feb. 14. The purpose of this course is to give young men a practical and technical training which will fit them to operate creameries, cheese factories, milk stations, and test the various dairy products. Tuition is free to residents of New York state.

In addition to the regular winter-course announcement, the dairy de-

East Venice.

Nov. 5—Myron Boyer and wife, Will Smith and family visited at Jesse Jacobs' last Sunday near East Venice.

Mrs. Hattie A. Shaw of Ithaca visited her niece, Mrs. Jesse Jacobs, a few days last week.

Edson Jacobs visited his son Jesse and family recently.

Miss Winifred Arnold of East Venice has been seriously ill for some time, but is improving.

Herman Taylor who has been quite sick is better at this writing.

The house on the Young's farm now occupied by Jesse Jacobs is being painted by Perry Hodge.

Jesse Jacobs who was sick with pleurisy is able to see to his work again.

LeRoy Jacobs, wife and little son Gordon visited at Jesse Jacobs' Sunday last.

Jesse Jacobs was in Moravia on business Saturday.

Will Hurlbut and family visited at Herman Taylor's Sunday.

Merrifield.

Nov. 5—The L. A. S. will meet in the church parlors Wednesday afternoon of this week.

John Mather has returned to his home in Moravia, after spending a couple of weeks with his daughter, Mrs. C. A. Morgan.

E. J. Morgan and family spent Friday in Ithaca.

Mrs. R. E. Eaker is spending a few days with friends in Auburn.

Mrs. Lucy C. Gray of Deposit is visiting her son, D. H. Gray and family.

Mrs. Edward Coleman and son Albert of Auburn were guests of Wm. Weyant and family, part of last week.

Walter White and wife went to Auburn Sunday and brought their little son home from the City hospital.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Delaney, Oct. 31.

Resolutions.

Whereas: It has pleased our Divine Master, in his infinite wisdom to take from our number, Brother Henry Armstrong, therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the members of East Venice Grange, No. 895, do hereby tender his parents and friends our heartfelt sympathy in their great sorrow and affliction, and also be it

Resolved, That these resolutions be placed in the minutes of the Grange and that a copy be sent to the parents of the deceased and also to the local paper.

(Signed) L. A. Taylor,
Chas. E. Stanton,
Emma Sisson.

Executor's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned executor of Janette Smith, deceased, will sell the place lately owned by her, situate near Atwater, in the western part of the town of Genoa, on the 9th day of November, 1912, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., at the Court House in the City of Auburn, at public auction to the highest bidder. Terms of the sale will be 10 per cent. down, balance cash on delivery of the deed. Dated Oct. 15, 1912.

The above sale is hereby adjourned to November 16, at the same hour of the day and place.

J. WALLACE SKINNER,
Executor of Janette Smith.
Amasa J. Parker,
Attorney for Executor.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the nose.

North Lansing.

Nov. 5—Charles Bower and wife were in Venice a few days last week.

Hundreds of bushels of apples at the evaporator.

Mrs. Katie Teeter is among relatives here.

Glenn Bacon is repairing his tenant house where Ralph Hare lives.

Mrs. Dorothy Wilcox is sick.

Charles Osmon is able to be out again.

Mrs. May Darling and son DeForest were guests of her parents Saturday and Sunday.

Manley Beardsley was in Spencer Sunday and Monday, called there by the illness of his niece, Mrs. Lewis Howell.

The threshers are most welcome these days.

James Brooks is having some repairing done to his barn.

Mrs. Quinten Boyles was taken suddenly sick Sunday night. The doctor was called, also again Monday morning.

Great sympathy is felt for Dr. Willoughby of Genoa in his affliction, in the death of his wife. She had often accompanied the doctor when visiting his patients and thus had become acquainted with the people.

Alson Karn has been doing some repairing on his house.

Mrs. Hannah Stevenson of Five Corners has returned to her home after spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. William Stanton.

Mrs. Mary Small was sick all last week but is improving.

F. A. Mangang of Ithaca spent a few days last week at Wm. Pearce's and Charles Bower's.

Loads of apples and cabbage could be seen almost any time last week and there seems to be trouble in getting cars enough. Everybody in on a rush.

Friends are much gratified that Mrs. Myra Miller is able to leave the hospital. The operation was a success, and recovery speedy.

Poplar Ridge.

Nov. 5—Mrs. Thomas Tighe spent last Tuesday afternoon in Genoa.

Mrs. John Jones, who has been at Clifton Springs for a few weeks, has returned to her daughter's, Mrs. Gordon Montgomery.

A shower was given Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Matthews at Miss Iva Mosher's last Tuesday evening.

Frank Briggs, who has been for some time with the Poplar Ridge Hardware Company, has accepted a position with Treman & King of Ithaca.

A collision Sunday evening between a motorcycle, ridden by Alfred Painter, and an automobile carrying Douglas Tandy and party, resulted unfortunately for the motorcycle rider, he being badly bruised and cut, necessitating several stitches in a scalp wound. It is said that neither machine carried a light.

Miss Ethel Allen, who has been suffering with a sore foot, has very much improved under X-ray treatment administered by Dr. Austin of Auburn.

Allen Landon and George Baker report having luscious red-raspberries with the promise of more were the weather favorable.

An Interesting Meeting.

The West Genoa and Five Corners W. O. T. U. held their quarterly tea at the pleasant home of Mrs. Carrie Crouch on Wednesday, Oct. 30. A short business meeting was conducted by the president, after which the report of the county convention was read by the delegate, Mrs. Jennie. The corresponding secretary nice letter from our new

Mary Martha King.

The funeral of Mary Martha King was held from her home two miles southwest of King Ferry, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and was largely attended. The deceased was 82 years of age, a lifelong respected resident of this vicinity and had lived the greater portion of her life in the house in which she passed away.

Miss King had been an invalid for four decades and her trouble, a weakness in the lower limbs, was of a nature that the physicians were unable to diagnose. Five years ago she sustained a stroke of apoplexy and gradually declined in health until the time of her death. She had resided for many years with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Slocum.

The funeral services were largely attended and burial was made in the King Ferry cemetery.

Keeping Apples.

The following suggestion as to keeping of apples till almost early summer has been found effective and is pertinent just as this kind of fruits is being gathered: Along toward spring the sound apples in a barrel get few and these are wet and musty, but if you think you would like a barrel of luscious ones next April or even May, pick out some nice big ones this fall, wrap each separately in a piece of newspaper, pack them separately in a barrel, then head them up and forget all about them for half a year. There will be some soft ones when spring comes, but their newspaper wrappers will be unbroken and they can easily be picked out as they are reached. You will think you never knew how delicious a fine, big, mellow Greening, Spy or King could be at that unusual season.

Tompkins County Court.

The November term of county court convenes in Ithaca on Monday, Nov. 11, at 10 a. m. Following is a partial list of trial jurors:

Ithaca—Jay Carpenter, J. W. Hook, Grant Cole, Frank W. Grant, George W. Perry, John Carlson, Charles Sprigg, John Rockwell, William Jarvis, Charles E. Butts.

Dryden—Clayton Dana, Arlington Marsh, Zina Dusenbery, Herman Brown, Clarence Cornelius, Philip S. Snyder.

Lansing—Jason Newman, Frank Tichenor, Jay Bunnell, Frank Whipple, J. P. Knottles.

Groton—D. K. Galusha, Walter Stevens, John Guthrie, jr., Charles Datcher.

A Gift With a Thought In It.

There's one very simple way out of the Christmas shopping problem: don't shop, but sit quietly at home and subscribe for The Youth's Companion. The chances are, too, that no present you could buy for the young friend or the family you delight to honor could confer so much pleasure as this gift of The Youth's Companion for a whole round year—fifty-two weeks' issues, and the fifty-second as keenly anticipated and enjoyed as the very first.

There will be stories for readers of every age; sound advice as to athletics; suggestions for the girl at college or making her own way in the world; good things for every member of the family—all for \$2.00—less than four cents a week.

The one to whom you give the subscription will receive free all the remaining issues of 1912, as well as The Companion Window Transparency and Calendar for 1913, in rich, translucent colors. It is to be hung in the window or over the lamp shade. You, too, as giver of the

M. KEMPER-WILLOUGHBY, M. D.

GENOA, N. Y.
Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.
Miller 'Phone.
Special attention given to diseases of digestion and kidneys.

H. E. ANTHONY, M. D.

MORAVIA, N. Y.
Office hours 7 to 8:30 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.
Miller 'Phone. Bell 'Phone.
Special attention given to diseases of Eye and
FITTING OF GLASSES.

DR. J. W. SKINNER,

Homeopathist and Surgeon, Genoa, N. Y.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children. Cancer removed without pain by escharotic. Office at residence.

PAINT SHOP

Repainting Carriages, Cutters, etc., also Repairing
A. T. Van Marter,
Genoa, N. Y.

R. W. HURLBUT,

Real Estate, Loans, &c. Farms and Village Property.
P. O. Locke, N. Y.

FIRE!

E. C. HILLMAN,
GENERAL FIRE INSURANCE.
Levanna, N. Y.

Agent for the following companies: Glens Falls, The Home, Fire Association of Philadelphia, The Sun of London, The Queen, and The Spring Garden. Regular trip every thirty days.

Eye Trials of To-day.

Looking facts in the face is the way the wise ones act. Those who look another way at the trials of to-day add to the sufferings of to-morrow. If your eyes are weak, if a film covers over them, or they ache, or burn, or bother you in any way, don't delay in consulting me. I will tell you what you ought to do. I make a specialty of careful and thorough eye examination. Fred L. Swart, the eye fitter, 10 South St., Auburn, N. Y., Cady block, up one flight.

J. WILL TREE,

BOOK BINDING
ITHACA.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Genoa, N. Y.

Rev. T. J. Searis, Pastor.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

11 a. m., Preaching service.
12:05 p. m., Sunday school.
Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.
7:30 p. m., Evening worship.
Mid-week Service, Thursday evening, at 7:30.

A Cordial Welcome Extended to all.



not only keeps cold out, but conserves body-heat; body-fat serves the same purpose. It enables us to resist unsettled elements and serves as the great source of our body-heat.

ARMAGEDDON OF THE SCRIPTURES

Startling Presentation of Coming Events.

PASTOR RUSSELL'S VIEWS.

Churches of All Denominations and the Civil Powers of Earth Are About to Unite in Common Cause—Powerful Influence Preparing For the Battle of Armageddon—A Reign of Anarchy Will Be the Result of the Warfare Until The Messiah Takes Control.



Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 3. — The Brooklyn Academy of Music was crowded to the limit today to hear Pastor Russell's discourse on the "Battle of Armageddon." His text was: "He gathered them together unto a place called in the Hebrew tongue Armageddon."

(Revelation xvi. 16.) The speaker said: Armageddon in the Hebrew signifies the "Hill of Megiddo," or Mount of Destruction. It was famous as a battlefield in Old Testament times.

The Lord has seen fit to associate the name Armageddon, with the great controversy between Truth and Error, right and wrong, God and Mammon, with which this Age will close, perish, and the New Age of Messiah's glory be ushered in. He has purposely used highly symbolical figures of speech in the last book of the Bible, evidently with a view to hiding certain important truths until the due time for their revelation. But even in the due time, the Bible assures us, "None of the wicked shall understand" (Daniel xii, 9, 10)—none who are out of heart harmony with God—but only the wise of His people—the "wise virgin" class of the Master's parable.

I have long avoided presentation of my understanding of our text and its context. I take it up now by request and because I believe it is due time to be understood. I disclaim any special inspiration. In some particulars my views agree with those of other Bible students, and in other respects they disagree. Each hearer must use his own judgment, do his own Bible study, and reach his own conclusions.

Kindly remember that I am not responsible for the figures of speech used by the Lord. My interpretations do indeed constitute a terrible arraignment of institutions which we have all revered and which embrace good people, of good words and good works. God's salutary people in these various institutions, being comparatively few, are ignored when systems as a whole are dealt with in prophecy.

The Dragon, Beast, False Prophet.
Our context tells us that three impure spirits (teachings) will go forth from the mouths of the Dragon, the Beast and the False Prophet, and these three will be in accord, and symbolically the doctrines are represented by "frogs." These three doctrines are to have a mighty influence throughout the civilized earth. They are to gather the kings and their armies to the great Battle of Armageddon.

The ecclesiastical kings and princes, and their retainers of clergy and faithful adherents, will be gathered in solid phalanx—Protestant and Catholic. The kings and captains of industry, and as many as can be influenced by them, will be gathered to the same side. The political kings and princes, with all their henchmen and retainers, will follow in line on the same side. The financial kings and merchant princes, and all whom they can influence by the most gigantic power ever yet exercised in the world, will join the same side, according to this prophecy.

These "doctrines of demons," represented by the "frogs," will lead many noble people in this great army to assume an attitude quite contrary to their preference. For a time the wheels of liberty and progress will be turned backward and medieval restraints will be considered necessary for self-preservation—for the maintenance of the present order of things.

In giving this interpretation, it is necessary for us to indicate what is symbolized by the Dragon, the Beast, and the False Prophet. Bible students of nearly all denominations agree with us that the "Dragon" of Revelation represents the purely Civil Power. Protestant interpreters generally agree that the "Beast like a leopard" (Revelation xiii, 2) represents the Papacy. But fewer still, we fear, will be ready to support our view that Protestantism is the "Image of the Beast" (Revelation xiii, 15) in our context given another name, "the False Prophet." We urge no one to accept our interpretation, nor shall we think hard of any who refuse it. We will neither slander nor otherwise injure them now, nor threaten them with eternal torture. They have the same right to their views that I have, and the same right to make them known to others. And I, for one, will be very glad to consider anything which opponents may set forth as their interpretations of our text.

"Unholy Spirits Like Frogs"
The symbolism of Scripture, rightly understood, are always forcible. When the Holy Spirit used a "frog" to symbolically represent certain

doctrines or teachings, we may be sure the true application will fit well. A frog has a sage look, a wise look. It swells itself up in an apparent endeavor to impress the beholder. Its great mouth well represents its chief power, used to croak.

Applying these symbols, we learn that an evil spirit, influence, teaching, will come from the Protestant churches federated, from the Church of Rome, and from the Civil authorities, all in full agreement. The spirit of all will be boastful: an air of superior wisdom and knowledge will be proudly assumed—all will croak in harmony. All will tell of dire results that would follow, involving the interests of both the present and the future life, if their counsel be not followed. However conflicting the creeds, the differences will be ignored in the general proposition that nothing ancient must be disturbed, or looked into, or repudiated.

The Divine authority of the Church, and the Divine right of kings, aside from the Church, will not be allowed to conflict. Any persons or teachings in conflict with these boastful and unscriptural claims will be branded as everything vile, at the mouths of these "frogs" speaking from pulpits and platforms and through the religious and secular press. The nobler sentiments of some will be strangled by the philosophy of the same evil spirit which spoke through Calaphas, the high priest, respecting Jesus. As Calaphas declared it expedient to commit a crime in violation of justice, human and Divine, to be rid of Jesus and His teachings, so this "frog" spirit will approve of every violation of principle necessary to their self-protection.

The croaking of these "frog" spirits or doctrines will gather the kings and princes, financial, political, religious and industrial into one great army. The spirit of fear, inspired by the croakings of these "frogs," will scourge the passions of otherwise good and reasonable men to fury, desperation. In their blind following of these evil spirits, evil doctrines, they will be ready to sacrifice life and everything on the altar of what they mistakenly suppose is justice, truth and righteousness, under a Divine arrangement.

For a brief time, as we understand the Scriptures, these combined forces of Armageddon will triumph. Free speech, free mails, and other liberties which have come to be the very breath of the masses in our day, will be ruthlessly shut off under the plea of necessity, the glory of God, the commands of the Church, etc. All will seem to be serene, until the great social explosion in our context described as the "great Earthquake." An "earthquake," in symbolic language, signifies social revolution, and the declaration of the context is that none like unto it ever before occurred. (Revelation xvi, 18, 19.) Jesus described it as a time of trouble such as never was since there was a nation.—Matthew xxiv, 21.

The Lord Will Gather Them.

The false, frog-like teachings will gather together into one host the great, the rich, the wise, the learned and the kings of the earth, to battle. At this juncture Divine Power will step forth, and our text tells us that HE shall gather the marshaled hosts to Armageddon—to the Mountain of Destruction. The very thing which they sought to avert by their union, federation, etc., will be the very thing they will hasten. Other Scriptures tell us that God will be represented by the Great Messiah, and that He will be on the side of the masses. Thus we read in Daniel xii, 1: "At that time shall Michael [the Godlike One—Messiah] stand up"—assume authority. He will take possession of His Kingdom in a manner little looked for by many of those who erroneously have been claiming that they were His Kingdom, and authorized by Him to reign in His name and in His stead.

Jesus declared, "His servants ye are unto whom ye render service." Some may be rendering service to Satan and to error, who claim to be rendering service to God and to righteousness; and some of these may be serving ignorantly, as did Saul of Tarsus, who "verily thought that he did God a service" in persecuting the Church. The same principle holds true reversely. As an earthly king does not hold himself responsible for the moral character of each soldier who fights in his battles, so the Lord does not vouch for the moral character of all who will enlist and fight on His side of any question. "His servants they are to whom they render service," whatever the motive or object prompting them.

The same principles will apply in the coming Battle of Armageddon. God's side of that battle will be the people's side, and the very nondescript host, the people, will be pitted at the beginning of the battle. Anarchists, Socialists, and hot-headed radicals of every school of reason and unreason, will be in the forefront of that battle. The majority of the poor and the middle class prefer peace at almost any price. A comparatively small number, God's consecrated people, will at heart be longing for Messiah's Kingdom. These will hide the Lord's time and wait patiently for it; they will be of good courage, knowing the outcome outlined in the "more sure word of prophecy," to which they have done well to take heed, "as unto a light shining in a dark place until the Day dawn."—1 Peter i, 19.

The masses will be restless of their restraints, but will be conscious of their own weakness as compared to the kings and princes, financial, religious and political, which will then hold sway. Besides, the masses have no sympathy with anarchy. They realize truly that the worst form of government is better than none. The masses will seek relief through the ballot and peaceful re-adjustment of earth's affairs for the elimination of evil, for

the placing of monopolies and utilities and the supplies of nature in the hands of the people for the public good. The crisis will be reached when the upholders of law shall become violators of the law and resistors of the will of the majority as expressed by the ballot. Fear for the future will lead the well-meaning masses to desperation; and anarchy will result when Socialism falls.

The Cloud's Silver Lining.
Horrible would be this outlook for the future did we not have the infallible Word of God assuring us of a glorious outcome! Divine Wisdom has withheld until our day the great knowledge and skill which is at the same time breeding millionaires and discontents. Had God lifted the veil a thousand years sooner, the world would have lined up for its Armageddon a thousand years sooner. But that would have been too soon for the Divine purpose, because Messiah's Kingdom is to be the great Thousand-Year-Sabbath of the world's history. God in kindness veiled our eyes until the time when the gathering to Armageddon would immediately precede Messiah's taking to Himself His great power, and beginning His reign.—Revelation xi, 17, 18.

"Send Them Strong Delusions."

St. Paul wrote prophetically of our time, that it would be one of serious trial and testing to many professing to be Christians. The reason for this he states—they received not the Truth in the love of it. (11 Thessalonians ii, 10, 11.) They preferred their own erroneous theories, the Apostle explains, and therefore God will give them over to a "strong delusion," and let them believe the lie which they preferred, and let them suffer for missing the Truth which they did not love. Thus they will be in the condemned host, "fighting against God," because of their lack of love for the Truth.

It is sad to say that we all as Christians have been laboring under a thorough delusion respecting God's Plan. We have claimed that Christ set up His Church in Kingdom power, and that the Church has been reigning on the earth as His representative. On the strength of this delusion, Jews and heretics have been persecuted to death as opponents to Christ's Kingdom. All the while we thoughtlessly repeated the Lord's prayer: "Thy Kingdom come: Thy will be done on earth, as in Heaven." We knew that the Redeemer said that He would come again to make us His Bride and joint-heirs; but we ignored the Scriptures. We were drunk, as the Scriptures symbolically say, "all nations were drunk" with the false doctrine. It is this false doctrine that will constitute the "frog" spirit which soon will begin to croak and to prepare for Armageddon.

The Bible presentation is that the world is a section of the universe in rebellion against Divine authority, under the captivity of Satan and his associated fallen angels. By Divine grace Jesus has already "tasted death for every man," and the merit of that sacrifice must, eventually, grant Adam and his posterity a full, fair opportunity for the attainment of everlasting life. All who thus see the Divine program and are walking in the light may know something at least respecting the "times and seasons." These brethren "are not in darkness, that that day [and that battle of Armageddon] should overtake" them "as a thief"—unaware.

Armageddon Not Yet but Soon.

For forty years the Armageddon forces have been mustering for both sides of the conflict. Strikes, lockouts and riots, great and small, have been merely incidental skirmishes as the belligerent parties crossed each other's paths. Court and Army scandals in Europe, Insurance, Trust and Court scandals in America, have shaken public confidence. Dynamite plots, charged by turns on employees and on employers, have further shaken confidence and tended to make each distrustful of the other. Bitter and angry feelings on both sides are more and more manifest. The lines of battle are daily becoming more distinctly marked. Nevertheless Armageddon cannot yet be fought. Other matters intervene, according to prophecy.

Gentle times have still two years to run. The "Image of the Beast" of our context must yet receive life—power. The image must be transformed from a mere mechanism to a living force. Protestant Federation realizes that its organization will still be futile unless it receive vitalization—unless its clergy directly or indirectly shall be recognized as possessed of apostolic ordination and authority to teach. This prophecy indicates will come from the two horned beast, which, we believe, symbolically represents the Church of England. Eight-handed activities of Protestantism and Catholicism, operating in conjunction for the suppression of human liberties, await this vivifying of the image. This may come soon, but Armageddon cannot precede it, but must follow—perhaps a year after it, according to our view of the Prophecy.

Still another thing intervenes: Although the Jews are gradually sowing into Palestine, gradually obtaining control of the land of Canaan, and although reports say that already nine-tenth millionaires are there, nevertheless prophecy requires an evidently larger number of wealthy Hebrews to be there before the Armageddon crisis be reached. Indeed we understand that "Jacob's trouble" in the Holy Land will come as the very close of Armageddon. Then Messiah's Kingdom will begin to be manifested. Thenceforth Israel in the land of promise will gradually rise from the ashes of the past to the grandeur of prophecy. Through its Divinely appointed prince, Messiah's Kingdom, all-powerful but invisible, will begin to roll away the curse and to lift up mankind.

MADE OVER NURSERY RHYME.



Little Bo-Peep sat fast asleep
Beneath a big tree near the sty:
A pig, round and fat,
Saw her as she sat,
And said with a grunt: "O-ho-my!"

And little Bo-Peep stayed fast asleep
Till a bee buzzing round stung her ear!
Then up she did spring
And cried: "What a sting!
I would best get away from here."

So home she did go (and not very slow!)
And showed to dear Mother her ear:
And dear Mother said,
As she wrapped up her head:
"A naughty 'bee stung you, my dear."

DAY'S DIET FOR SCHOOLBOYS

Appetite is Best Guide, Says Prominent London Physiologist—Few Important Essentials.

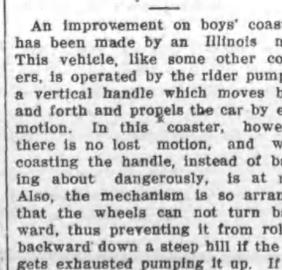
The subject of school feeding, on which a conference is to be held at the London Guildhall, was discussed recently by a prominent London physiologist, says the Daily Mail of that city.

"As to the actual amount of food a schoolboy needs, the appetite is the safest guide," he stated. "Four meals a day are required. Breakfast is always an important meal with the schoolboy (particularly if he has had a light supper the night before) and is should be a full, hearty meal. "It may begin with a moderate dish of porridge, with plenty of sugar and rich milk; after this eggs and bacon or fish, plenty of bread and butter, weak tea (made with hot milk) and a moderate amount of marmalade. A raw apple makes an excellent ending for breakfast. By 11 o'clock a rusk or dry biscuit and a glass of cold milk will probably be appreciated. "Dinner at one o'clock should be the heavy meal of the day and should combine a generous amount of all of the three important food elements—proteins (meats and cheese), fats and carbohydrates (starches and sugars). Vegetable soup, roast or boiled butcher's meats, green vegetables and potatoes and a pudding or cold sweet form a reasonable menu. The child should drink water with his dinner, not milk, as the latter when taken with heavy food retards digestion. "Regularity of meal times and plenty of time over the meals (to prevent the 'bolting' of food) are also of the utmost importance if the full benefit of the food is to be obtained."

FIND PLEASURE ON COASTER

Vehicle is Operated by Small Boy Pumping Vertical Handle—Won't Go Backwards.

An improvement on boys' coasters has been made by an Illinois man. This vehicle, like some other coasters, is operated by the rider pumping a vertical handle which moves back and forth and propels the car by each motion. In this coaster, however, there is no lost motion, and when coasting the handle, instead of banging about dangerously, is at rest. Also, the mechanism is so arranged that the wheels can not turn backward, thus preventing it from rolling backward down a steep hill if the boy gets exhausted pumping it up. If the



Boys' New Coaster.

coaster gets along too fast down a hill when it is headed that way a very effective brake can be brought into play and stop it at once. The vehicle is designed to safeguard the boy, as well as give him pleasure.

Honey Fudge.

One and one-half cups of white sugar, one cup of brown sugar, one-half cup of milk, one ten-cent bottle of honey, tablespoon of vinegar, small piece of butter. Boil sugar and milk until it forms a soft ball in water, add the honey and boil until it forms a soft ball in water, add vinegar and butter, beat until creamy.

Once Was Enough.

"I wonder," mused little Harry, who was studying his Sunday school lesson, "if men will ever live to be 500 or 600 years old again?" "No, I guess not," replied his six-year-old sister. "The Lord tried the experiment once and they got so bad he had to drown most of them."

1849 Auburn Savings Bank 1912

ASSETS \$6,044,258 01. SURPLUS \$531,431.05.
DAVID M. DUNNIN, President. NELSON B. ELDERD, 1st Vice-President.
GEORGE UNDERWOOD, 2nd Vice-Pet and Att'y WILLIAM S. DOWNS, Treas & Secy
ADOLPH KEIL, Assistant Treasurer

PAYS 3 1-2 per cent. on Deposits

One Dollar will open an Account

In This Bank

Loans Money on good farms at 5 per cent.



Trustees.
EDWIN R. FAY
DAVID M. DUNNING
GEORGE UNDERWOOD
NELSON B. ELDERD
GEORGE H. NYE
WILLIAM E. KEELER
HENRY D. TITUS
ROBERT L. ROMIG
WM. H. SEWARD, JR.
HENRY D. NOBLE
FREDERICK SEPTON
JOHN DUNN, JR.
WILLIAM S. DOWNS

ORGANIZED 1865
Cayuga County Savings Bank
CORNER OF SCHENCK & STATE STS.
AUBURN, N. Y.
W. F. WAIT, President. D. WADSWORTH, Jr., Vice-President.
W. H. MEAKER, Treasurer. E. D. METCALF, Vice-President.

INTERESTS PAID ON DEPOSIT
Loans made on approved mortgages
All Business Strictly Confidential.

French's Market? Yes!
We will grind your Sausage on short notice.
Choice, Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats
Cash paid for Hides and Poultry.
Also fresh ground bone for poultry always on hand.
S. C. FRENCH Genoa, N. Y.

FOR SALE!
Potato Crates, Russelloid Roofing, Second hand Buggies and Democars, Osborne Corn Harvesters and Binding Twine, Bettendorf and Sterling Farm Wagons, Light and Heavy Harnesses, Dodd and Struthers Pure Copper Cable Lighting Rods, Edison Phonographs and Records.
G. N. COON, King Ferry, N. Y.
Call, phone or write for prices.

Our Ready-to-Wear Department

Is complete in every detail. New garments are being received daily.

COATS—A wonderful assortment in the new mannish mixtures.

SUITS—The latest colorings, the most up-to-date materials in only the latest styles.

DRESSES—To suit every taste, for every occasion.

SKIRTS, PETTICOATS, WAISTS. Everything for a Woman's wardrobe. The quality a little better at the same price, or the same quality at a little better price at;



John W. Rice Company

103 Genesee Street, Auburn, N. Y.

Our big Coat and Suit room is full of new up-to-date garments. Coats for Children, Juniors, Misses and Women made of the most fashionable materials. Children's Coats at \$4.50 and up to \$15. Junior Coats at \$8 and up to \$25. Misses' Coats at \$10 and up to \$30. Women's Coats at \$10 and up to \$50. Suits and Dresses all sizes made of serge, rough materials, velvets, corduroys, etc. Some splendid values.

Paid your Subscription Yet?

THE GENOA TRIBUNE
ESTABLISHED 1890.
A LOCAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER

Published every Friday, Morrison Building, Genoa, N. Y. E. A. Waldo.

Subscription.
One year \$1.00
Six months75
Three months50
Single copies05

If no orders are received to discontinue the paper at the expiration of the time paid for, the publisher assumes that the subscriber desires the paper and intends to pay for it. No subscription will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Rates for space advertising made known on application. Readers to per line. Specials 50 per line. Cards of thanks 50c.

Job Printing. This office is well equipped to do first class printing of every description at moderate prices.

Friday Morning, Nov. 8, 1912

Good roads spell prosperity.

Grade up the eggs before shipping them.

There is no grain so safe for horse feeding as oats.

Do not feed heavily when horses are not working.

After the colt is halter broken he should be trained to lead.

Grind the corn you feed the old sheep. Their teeth may be poor.

Pasture for pigs should be short, as fresh grass is more easily digested.

Turn the sows and pigs out in the pasture when the grass affords a good bite.

Almost 10 quarts of 4 per cent. milk is required to make one pound of butter.

To make the most profit out of chickens, stuff your birds from hatch to hatchet.

Hogs can be fed on good pasture at 20 per cent more profit than in a dry lot on mill feed.

There is no feed that can quite compare with skim milk to keep the young pigs growing.

It is best to teach chicks to roost on perches as soon as they are weaned from the hen.

Rose buds and bugs arrive about the same time. The latter cause trouble among the grapes, too.

The cow must have pasture or its equivalent in order to do her best. That's why silage is so valuable.

The heifer bred too early always remains stunted in growth and her milk flow is shortened for all time.

The full feed to the idle horse has cost the life of many a good one. Adjust the feed to the work the horse does.

Rape, sown now, on good rich soil, will make hog pasture by the last of May. Use 5 pounds per acre if sown broadcast.

The harder and faster the work a horse has to do the more nutritious, the stronger and more liberal must be his food.

The cheapest culture for all fruit trees except pears is to plow deep in the spring and sow five pecks of cowpeas to the acre.

Properly handled and cared for the farm mare can do nearly as much work while raising the colt as she would otherwise.

The first two weeks of a chick's life there is danger it will overeat, but after that it is safe to let them help themselves.

A strawberry bed that has borne for two seasons has passed its greatest usefulness, as far as high quality berries is concerned.

It is best to hatch turkeys away from the hen house, and other places frequented by chickens, to keep them from getting lousy.

Castrate the lambs when about ten days old. The operation is easily performed at this age, and the lambs are not so likely to bleed to death.

In the case of young sows it is doubtful whether either rye or rape will furnish sufficient feed for maintenance and proper development.

Try replacing the windows in the calf and cow barn with muslin and see what an improvement there will be in the air, and still keep the flies out.

When pigs keep up a terrific rooting of the ground, charcoal, sulphur, cinders, lime or bone meal will probably be very much appreciated in their ration.

The commercial fruit grower can afford his own spraying outfit, but the farmer must largely depend upon the commercial sprayer to save his orchard for him.

If you can grow alfalfa you may rest assured that grain will be yours, not only from the greater feeding value but also from the greater productivity of the farm.

Straight breeds of cattle sell better than mixed ones. Whatever you do, don't get Jersey blood mixed up with beef.

SCREAM OF SPOTTED HYENA

Shrill Cry of This Animal One of the Most Uncanny Sounds of Nature.

The shrill falsetto scream of a spotted hyena coming in to feast at a "kill" is one of the most uncanny sounds in nature—so writes Maj. J. Stevenson-Hamilton, who has had many interesting opportunities of observing these animals while warden of the Transvaal game reserves, in his book, "Animal Life in Africa."

Soon after dark the hunter who is watching near a carcass will hear a long-drawn howl coming from somewhere far away in the forest. It is answered from another side, and presently the chorus is taken up from all directions. As the night draws on, the cries approach, until at last one issues from the bush close at hand. Now a stealthy shape shows itself for an instant on the edge of the bush, a maniacal shriek smites the ear, and is followed by an interval of dead silence. Suddenly there comes a babel of the most extraordinary noises—wheedling chucklings, screams of merry laughter, and occasionally the typical long-drawn "who-oo!" the first syllable pitched in a deep bass key, while the second rises to a piercing scream.

One hyena, bolder than the others, rushes forward and seizes a portion of the carcass, and then, if the watcher does not betray his presence, the whole troop closes in upon the bait. A gunshot may disturb nobler game, and the hunter must therefore drive away the scavengers with stones.

I was fishing in the Sabi one evening a few hundred yards from the compound fence, and the shadows had already gathered before I began to retrace my steps. Just as I was leaving the bank, a most extraordinary series of sounds came from the recesses of a bush 50 yards away. There was a shriek as of some human being in distress, followed by a number of low gurglings and chucklings, and then another shriek.

Knowing that no natives were in the bush, I stood wondering what it could be, and as I listened to the noise, several of my servants, with assegais and lights, came running at top speed through the compound gate. They stopped on seeing me, and said, "We thought some one had been taken by a lion."

The sounds still went on, now resembling the walls of an infant, when suddenly the familiar "who-oo!" set all doubts concerning the nature of the animal at rest.—Youth's Companion.

PUT YOURSELF INTO TASKS

Only in That Way Can You Obtain the Real Pleasure of Joy of Creating.

While every man who makes a living is not a genius, yet the real joy of creating can belong to each of us in just as real and true a way. If we put into farming, or banking, or our school work, the sense of making something, we get the great treasure out of it. When we fill any task with ourselves, we make something. A girl says, "I made the room tidy," which simply means she put something of herself into the disorderly room, and so beautified it. After she had made it tidy, it reflected something of herself; it looked some idea of order such as he had in her own mind. A boy says, "I made a good recitation in school yesterday," and he is right, for, although the lesson was already there, it had to wait for him to come along and make it a recitation.

So it is everywhere. Making anything means, no matter how simple the task, that we bring out something that did not exist before; and that that something is to some degree like the maker of it. We get out what we put in. If any one wants to be miserable, the surest way is just to do things without putting his whole heart and self into them. Think of the mere outside of the tasks, and they are not worth doing. But once put yourself into them, and all that is changed.—From George Lawrence Parker's "Making a Living" in St. Nicholas.

Sweet Thing.

Scarecrows are not the most beautiful things in the world, though once in a while you find one that is somewhat picturesque. But a farmer in New York has a scarecrow that is distinctly valuable. It is a sweet thing.

The farmer thought that something about the scarecrow was not as usual, and he went to find out what it was. He found that bees were swarming about the figure, and that one leg of the scarecrow was filled with honey comb. It was a queer place for a swarm of wild bees, but the farmer did not object to their trespassing on his property. He let them alone and after they had stored up a good supply of honey he coaxed them into a hive and set them up to housekeeping in his orchard. Then the children had fresh honey on their pancakes.

For Individual Soap.

A chemical friend of the Scientific American suggests that a campaign be started against the common cake of soap. About 50 years ago there was sold a form of soap for travelers consisting of a block, about two inches by four inches, in which small leaves of soft paper saturated with soap were bound. Each leaf contained enough soap for one washing of the hands. It is suggested that one might profitably dispense through a penny-in-the-slot machine a paper towel in which is folded a sheet of soap paper, for convenient use in public lavatories.



LITTLE TROUBLE WITH TULIPS

These Beautiful Flowers May Easily Be Made as Successful Here as in Holland.

Horticulturists visiting Holland bring back tales of how "Dutch bulbs" are grown for the world in the land reclaimed from the Zuider Zee. The soil is sandy, superb in drainage and naturally poor, but proper handling has made it a rich one. After reading of the Holland methods, the writer has this year produced tulips that are second to none, some being more than two feet in height and very robust with large flowers. The method of care is herein given in the hope that some who have given up hope may be able to grow these beautiful flowers to a satisfying degree of excellence. Many other lots have been visited that are very fine, where the care and culture has been very similar to that followed by the writer.

The two strong points in growing good tulips are deep planting and plenty of water. To provide good drainage (a supposed essential) the writer dug out a bed to the depth of 18 inches, mixing the soil with some sand and one-fourth horse manure that contained a large per cent of planing-mill shavings, used for bedding. This was replaced and trodden down until within six inches of the surface. Then a mixture was made of one-half good garden loam, one-fourth sand, and one-fourth pulverized sheep manure. The soil was smoothed on the bottom of the bed, one inch of this special soil placed evenly over the surface, the tulip bulbs placed upon it and the balance of the special soil placed on top. After being wetted down it was about six inches from the surface to bottom of tulip bulbs. A little ridge of earth was placed around the bed so that when given a liberal watering the water could stand two inches deep before soaking down, which latter it did very rapidly. Then three inches of fresh stable manure was placed on top for a mulch and the bed was heavily watered, when no rain fell, twice each week. The tulips so produced were second to none in local gardens. They were all singles, of the Gesneriana type. Those in one bed inspected that were especially fine were placed the same depth as herein noted, in almost pure adobe, covered with four inches of manure and kept well watered. Lack of drainage did not seem to affect them adversely. To sum up, the two chief points are deep planting and heavy watering.

NEW YORK SCHOOL GARDENS

Even in the Heart of the Crowded Metropolis These Beauty Spots Are to Be Found.

School gardens, for some years a feature of education in smaller towns, have at last taken root in New York. Even in the heart of crowded Manhattan it has been found possible to turn a bit of the school yard into a garden and there to let the children grow flowers and vegetables. In some schools each class has its plot, in others there was enough room to provide a plot for each child, but this, except in the rural outskirts, is rare. In one school, where it was impossible to raise plants from the earth, a goodly part of the cement-paved playground was given over to boxes which afforded a home for growing plants. There is a large society, called the School Garden association, of which the president is Van Evrie Kilpatrick, principal of P. S. No. 52. The photograph printed herewith shows one of the classes of P. S. No. 54, Manhattan, at Amsterdam avenue and One Hundred and Fourth street, working its little garden patch.

Where Every One Loves Gardens.

In Japan every one loves gardens. knows gardens and makes gardens. The children amuse themselves with toy gardens instead of mud pies, and model relief maps in the sands of school playgrounds. In the recent war the soldiers, after long marches, amused themselves by making little home landscapes before their tents. In more remote times emperors and shoguns abdicated and joined or established monasteries in Kioto, that they might the better meditate upon the eternal truths, and enjoy gardens of their own designing. Priests, nobles and court ladies all observed the conventions and practiced the rules of landscape art.

Of the making of gardens and illustrated garden books there was literally no end in the island centuries before the restoration.—From Eliza Ruhmah Schimmore's "The Famous Gardens of Kioto" in the Century.

Oregon Children Make Gardens.

More than 50,000 children in the state of Oregon are said to be busy making gardens. This activity is due to an industrial contest through which it is intended to teach the children the true dignity of labor. The superintendent is responsible for the idea and all parents as well as all teachers in the state were called on to help carry out the plans supplied by the board.

BEST ASSET POOR MEMORY

Why James is Regarded With Favor by the Inhabitants of His Boarding House.

James is a very popular negro in a boarding house and is accounted unusually reliable. He receives, therefore, frequent gratuities and is exceedingly prosperous.

This in spite of the fact that he has one of the greatest capacities for forgetting of any one to be met with even among the employes of a boarding house.

What, then, is the secret of his reputation for being a reliable man? One boarder has studied the problem and gives the answer:

"He never refuses to execute a commission, is always apparently attentive to any order given him, and when the angry boarder blows him up for his failure to do what he was told he takes it meekly and stoically.

"He seems such an easy mark that the boarder goes on and on with his abuse until he feels that he has gone too far. Then he grows ashamed of himself and silps James a quarter.

"Thank you, sir," says James, and they both feel better, and the boarder remarks, "James is a pretty good boy after all."

GOT AHEAD OF THE PAPERS

Height of Wisdom Exhibited by Mr. Tobe Sagg on His Periodical Visit to Kansas City.

"Whenever I am in Kansas City," stated Mr. Tobe Sagg, of Goshkonong, "and feel stealin' g'er me a low, ferrile yearning to put myself in the clutches of a total stranger, ramble 'round in apocryphal places and fill my system with aqua fortis and dog feed, to be found next morning by the pious monks of St. Bernard, groping dazedly and ready to burble to the police my real name and address and the customary lie that I have been trimmed of \$3,752 in cash and notes—well, when I feel any such microbes gnawing at my I order up to my room in the hotel a pitcher of ice water and lock the door, click the ice awhile, look through the bottom of the empty tumbler 46 consecutive times, and then go to bed with my \$25.15 under my pillow, to make next morning serenely content in the knowledge that I have deprived the newspapers of an interesting item and cheated the folks at home out of a story that would have been told on me unto the third and fourth generations of them that hate me."—Kansas City Star.

Arctic-Bounty.

The account of the four years' stay of Viljalmar Stefansson and Dr. Anderson in the Arctic regions of America, during which they made long journeys alone with nothing to depend upon for a living but the hospitality of the natives and their rifles, furnishes a new illustration of the remarkable productiveness of the far north. Persons are likely to suppose that it is the tropics which are most spontaneous in the production of food for human beings. The fact is that the contrast between equatorial and Arctic regions is not so very great in this regard. Early explorers of the region of the upper Amazon found they must carry supplies or starve to death. There is game there, but it cannot be reached in the jungles. This was the experience of James Orton, the American traveler, and in his work on the Amazon he recalls the fate of the mighty Pizarro, who tried to penetrate that country, but retreated from it upon a diet of lizards, dogs, saddle leather and sword belts just in time to save his life. Similar experiences are to be encountered in much of tropical Africa. It is true that some tropical islands give their inhabitants a free but monotonous living, but, then, so will the ice-bound country around the mouth of the Mackenzie.

Generous Offer Declined.

Dr. Portal, the favorite medical attendant of Louis XVIII. of France, was offered an unusual reward for his services. Having cured Vestris of a severe illness, the famous dancing master said to him, "My dear doctor, I should never dream of offering you money. Between artists there can be no dealings except those of gratitude. To demonstrate mine, I will give you a valuable hint as to your department. I have often noticed that you have a most ungraceful way of carrying yourself. I can remedy that in a few lessons, and teach you how to enter a sick room in such a way as to please the most exacting patient. We can begin now if you like." Much to the amazement of Vestris, Portal declined this offer, and so lost the esteem of his illustrious patient.

Device Needed by Aviators.

Aviation devotees are giving some attention to the demand for a magnetic compass which will not be affected by the vibrations of the machine. The same difficulty is being experienced by the armen as was encountered by those who had occasion to descend in submarines. Some English flyers are experimenting with a device which has been tried with more or less success on submarines and which was devised by the commander of a submarine boat. It consists of the usual mariner's compass, floating in oil, contained in a case which rests in a bed of horsehair. The horsehair is not packed at all densely, but its springiness is so great and enduring that it makes an excellent cushion against the vibrations of the machine.

QUINLAN'S
Special Millinery Exceptionally Priced

It will be impossible for you to find in the city such millinery values as these, representing as they do the most up-to-date styles at a mere fraction of real value.

A lot of new Patterns Hats value up to \$15, now selling from \$2 to \$5.50.
150 untrimmed Hats, value up to \$5, now selling from 50c to \$1.49.
Children's Hats, special from 98c to \$1.98
\$1 Wings and Quills, special at 25c and 50c.

25 per cent. off on all Tailored Suits for Saturday Only.

Ladies' and Misses' Coats, three-quarters and full length at \$9.98, \$12.50, \$13.50, \$15, up to \$39.50.
Street Dresses of Serge and Corduroy \$5, \$6.50, \$7.98, \$9.98 to \$16.50.
Afternoon and evening Dresses of Charmeuse, Chiffon and Net in all the new shades Charmeuse Dresses from \$7.50 to \$23.50.
Chiffon and Net Dresses from \$19.50 to \$59
Separate Skirts in Serge and Mixtures \$3.98 to \$16.50
Separate Skirts in Corduroy \$6.50 to \$15
\$2.50 Messaline Skirts in a variety of colors, special \$1.98
A new line of Standard Waists just received, high neck and long sleeves, prices \$1.25 to \$5.98.

QUINLAN'S,
Millinery, Cloak and Suit House,

145 Genesee Street, Auburn, N. Y.

New Coats Arriving For Several Weeks Yet.

Smart snappy garments (one of a kind) in the soft warm materials so stylish now. Watch out sharp and get the latest or if you want a BIG BARGAIN in Coat or Suit we have them—goods bought earlier in the season and now being sold at greatly reduced prices.

BUSH & DEAN,
ITHACA, NEW YORK.

The store that sells Wooltex Coats, Suits and Skirts.

Autumn Excursion

Fare from Auburn **\$8.60** Round Trip

NEW YORK
November 14
Final Return Limit, November 23rd

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

For further information consult local ticket agents.

BLANKETS

If you only knew what pleasure the horse could take covered in the stable and in the storm with a good blanket you would certainly give yours the best.

We have them in all sizes and styles, also a new line of single and team harness, made to order, every strap guaranteed.

FEED

We buy our bran, midds and corn by the car which enables us to sell cheaper than our competitors. Get our prices on Pillsbury Flour in bbl. lots. It is cheaper than any Spring Patent was ever sold for in Genoa before.

J. G. ATWATER & SON Clear View and Genoa, N. Y.
Dealers in Lumber, Coal, Feed, Farm Implements, Etc.

Place your Insurance with the

VENICE TOWN INSURANCE CO.
\$1,200,000 IN FARM RISKS!

WM. H. SHARPEY, Secretary,
Genoa, N. Y.

SPECIAL TEN DAYS' SALE AT McCONNELL'S

Here are some big values in seasonable merchandise to be offered for the next ten days. Our stocks are overstocked and must be reduced.

CLOAKS AND SUITS

We show a mammoth assortment, nowhere else will you find such values as we offer.

All \$10 Coats, sale price \$ 8.75
All \$12 Coats, sale price 10.00
All \$15 Coats, sale price 12.50
All \$17.50 Coats, sale price 15.00
All \$20 Coats, sale price 18.00
All \$25 Coats, sale price 23.00
Suits, tailor made, satin lined, navy and black; very latest styles, regular \$20. Sale price \$15.00
Corduroy Suits, navy, brown and gray. Worth 25.00. Sale price 19.00
All wool dresses at 1-3 off

BLANKETS AND COMFORTABLES

All at special reduced prices.
100 pairs blankets, white, gray or tan. Special 47c pair
Blankets, white, gray or tan; regular 1.00. Special 89c
Blankets, white, gray or tan; regular 1.39. Special 1.19
Comfortables, silk-aline covered, white, sanitary, cotton filled. Worth 1.19. Sale price 89c
All comfortables worth from 2.25 to 3.00. Special 1.98

CHILDREN'S COATS

In all the popular materials at lower prices than elsewhere. Don't fail to see our big assortment. Prices from 1.98 up.

OUTING FLANNEL

One case outing flannel, dark and light colors. Regular 10c. Sale price 8c yard
All very best colored outing. Sale price 10c yard
Domet flannel, worth 6c. Sale price 4 1-2c

OUTING NIGHT ROBES

For Men and Women. Special at 45c

SHIRT WAISTS

10 dozen Marquisette waists. Regular 1.50. Sale price 98c
Grev wool shirts, latest styles. Sale price 90c

UNDERWEAR

Big values for Men, Women and Children.
1 lot of Men's fleeced pants, 47c value. Sale price 25c
50 doz. Men's fleeced underwear, regular 50c. Sale price 39c
Ladies' ribbed vests and pants, 39c value. Sale price 25c
Ladies' union suits, big value at 50c suit

DRESS GOODS

Wool Dress Goods, 36 inch wide. Sale price 23c
Wool mixtures, 36 inch wide. Regular 59c; sale price 45c
Storm Serges, pure wool. Regular 59c; sale price 47c
Mixed Suiting, 54 inch wide. Regular 1.00; sale price 65c yd
Mixed Suiting, 54 inch wide. Regular 1.19; sale price 93c
Whipcord Suiting, 56 inch wide. Regular 1.50; sale price 1.35
Novelty Cheviot, 52 inch wide. Regular 1.25; sale price 1.15
Polo Cloaking, 56 inch wide. Regular 2.50; sale price 2.00
Chinchilla Cloaking, 56 inch wide, 3.75 value; sale price 3.00 yd

VELVETS AND CORDUROY

For Suits and Dresses, 27 inch wide; special value at 1.00 yd

WHITE GOODS

15 pieces White Waisting, 12 1-2c value; sale price 9c yd
White Madras Waisting, 36 inch wide, 18c value; sale price 12 1-2c yd
Mercerized Waisting, 22c value; sale price 15c yd

PRINTS

Very best prints, light and dark; sale price 6c yard

GINGHAMS

Apron Gingham, fast colors, 8c value; sale price 6c yd
1 lot Dress Gingham, regular 12 1-2c; sale price 9c yd
Scotch Gingham, 32 inch wide. Regular 25c; sale price 19c
1 lot Dress Gingham. Regular 9c; sale price 6 1-2c yd

CURTAIN LAWNS AND SCRIMS

Curtain Lawns. Regular 15c; sale pr. 11c
Curtain Scrim, lace edge, regular 25c; sale price 19c yd
Plain Curtain Scrim; sale price 15c yd

SHEETINGS

Unbleached Sheeting, worth 6c; sale pr. 5c
Bleached Muslin, worth 9c; sale pr. 7 1-2c
Double width, seamless bleached sheeting best grade, worth 30c; sale price 25c yd
Ready made sheets, 50c value; sale pr. 39c
Pillow cases, regular 12 1-2c; sale price 10c

SWEATER COATS

Boys' and Girls' sweater coats; sale pr. 50c
Ladies' and Men's sweater coats, worth 1.50; sale price 95c
Ladies' all wool sweater coats, worth 3.00; sale price 2.25

60 Beautiful Styles Free



Drop a postal card to-day and receive a style book free, showing 60 styles of Women's, Misses' and Children's Coats and Suits in all the newest styles and materials.

You can buy a high grade Suit or Coat for less than you pay for a cheap and inferior article.

SUITS FROM - - \$12.50 UP
COATS FROM - - 9.00 UP

THE AUBURN GARMENT CO.,
62 North St., Auburn, N. Y.

FOUNDED 1838

MOSHER, GRISWOLD & CO.

Hats, Clothing
Furnishing Goods

GLOVES.

For real comfort, as well as good form, most men have different ideas about Gloves. The style that pleases one is not always pleasing to others.

The immense variety of styles and colors, both Foreign and Domestic Makes in our Fall showing, covers all differences of Glove opinion.

These Gloves are all ready for your inspection, and we will be glad to show them to you.

MOSHER, GRISWOLD & CO.
87 and 89 Genesee St., Auburn

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR SALE—40 cords stove wood, \$1.50 per cord; 4 stoves, oak dining set, several other pieces household furniture, 250 shocks corn in any quantity, some farm tools, etc

Martha E. Davis,
1/2 mile north Week's Corners,
15w2 King Ferry.

FOR SALE—2 Jersey cows, new milkers
M T Underwood,
15w2 Genoa

FOR SALE—Three Shropshire rams from \$7 to \$10 each. Also Berkshire boar \$25

Gno. L. Ferris & Son,
15w2 Atwater, N. Y.
Miller phone.

FOR SALE—25 good grade ewes and ewe lambs. W. P. SHAW, Genoa.
14w8

FOR SALE—3 year old registered American Merino ram, Indian Runner ducks, White Pekin drakes.

Frank H. Corey, King Ferry, N. Y.
14w2 R. D. 27

Four thoroughbred Shropshire yearling rams for sale; to close them out will sell at \$10 each.

Floyd E. Davis, Ludlowville, N. Y.
14w2 R D 9, Miller phone.

FOR SALE—Piano, couch, lounge, washstand, dishes, feather beds, pillows, saw, etc

LOUISE G. BENEDET, Genoa, N. Y.
101f

FOR SALE—Grade Shropshire ram, coming 2 years old. A. J. Bothwell,
12w4 Genoa, N. Y.

We wish to announce to the public that we will run our cider mill Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. COWSHALL & SHUSHALL,
101f King Ferry.

We pay the highest market price for poultry, Mondays and Tuesdays.
21f WEAVER & BRIGGS, Genoa.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Indian Field road. Inquire C. B. Kenyon, King Ferry, N. Y. 254f

Seventy-five farms and other pieces of real estate for sale, mostly in Cayuga county, N. Y. Write for new catalogue.

C. G. PARKER,
174f Moscow, N. Y.

A LITTLE OUT OF THE WAY BUT IT PAYS TO WALK.

Is there any wearing quality in the \$3 to \$5 more that you pay?

Let's get right down to brass tacks. If you pay \$18.00 to \$20.00 for the ordinarily accepted standard of a \$15 suit just what are you getting for your money?

Are you donating \$3 to \$5 of your hard earned cash for the pleasure of helping some man fix up his store? Or do you expect to get full value for your money for every cent you put into a suit or overcoat?

Honestly, now, wouldn't you rather get that same suit, same fabric, same color, same workmanship, same quality, and get it for \$15.00 instead of \$20.00? Of course you would, and you can.

Come to Saperstein's, occupying a modest store at 56 State St., and you will find \$20 value for \$15

Men's Fall and Winter Suits and Overcoats, **\$15.00**

Always \$20.00 Value.

New Colors, New Patterns and Every Desirable Fabric.

Saturday Special Just One Day at This Price
Men's 50c Shirts - - - 43c

SAPERSTEIN, The Clothier,
56 State Street, AUBURN, N. Y.
AWAY FROM HIGH RENTS.



Did the Election Results Please You?

Whether your answer is yes or no, we guarantee that our Fall and Winter Clothing will please you. Just now our west window is filled with \$25 Suits and Overcoats. Each and every one well worth the money. Our store is filled with good values from \$10 upwards.

No matter who's elected you always get your money's worth of

C. R. EGBERT,
The People's Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher,
75 Genesee St., AUBURN, N. Y.

Come to the big special 10 days sale. You will find big values in every department.

McConnell & Son,
85 Genesee Street, Auburn, N. Y.

No More Killing

of pullets or laying hens should be entertained. Considering the scarcity of meats, indications are that eggs and fowls will be higher than ever. If you have ten hens or wish to increase your flock to 1000 you can have enough Pratt's Poultry Regulator to last one, two or three months; and if it does not save food, increase the egg production and prevent disease, your money is refunded where you made the purchase. Pratt's Lice Killer, Animal Regulator and all Pratt preparations are guaranteed.

J. S. BANKER, Drugs, Genoa, N. Y.

When you buy SHINGLES you want those which will give you service at the lowest cost per day. Cheap shingles will not meet this requirement.

TRANSFER BRAND Red Cedar SHINGLES are the highest grade shingles produced. Ask your Dealer or write us.

The Transfer Lumber & Shingle Company
North Tonawanda, New York

We have CITY HOMES to EXCHANGE for FARMS. What have you to offer? THE PEOPLE'S AGENCY, 93 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.



Village and Vicinity News.

—Election returns on 8th page.

—Thanksgiving only three weeks away.

—No school last Tuesday, Election day.

—C. A. Cannon of Auburn was in town Tuesday to vote.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Springer were recent guests of relatives in Moravia.

—Mrs. Eva Hewitt of Auburn was a Sunday guest at D. C. Hunter's.

—J. B. Liberman of Ithaca, well known in this section, has an adv. in this issue.

—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Mead left this week for Colorado, to visit his brother, Henry Mead and wife.

—Mr. and Mrs. Merritt Winn of Ellsworth were guests of the latter's brother, F. C. Hagin and family, Wednesday.

Our own make winter bran and midds at Genoa Mill. 13

—Mrs. W. W. Potter and son of Auburn, who have been spending two weeks at Mrs. E. Alling's, will return home on Sunday.

—About seventy-five pounds of honey was removed from the cornice under the bay windows of a residence in Port Byron last week.

—On Wednesday, Mrs. Frank Sellen, Mrs. Ella Truman and Mrs. A. J. Hurlbutt were entertained at Mrs. Benton Brown's at North Lansing.

—The food sale at Hagin's store last Saturday for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid society was well patronized, the demand exceeding the supply. The society netted about \$9 from the sale.

If you want to BUY, SELL OR RENT A FARM, consult THE PEOPLE'S AGENCY, 93 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

—Dr. Henry W. Stough, with his party of helpers, began a six weeks' evangelistic campaign in Auburn last Sunday. Thirteen churches have united in the movement, and a large tabernacle has been constructed on Grover street in which to hold the meetings.

—Mrs. F. Adolph received quite serious injuries Wednesday night, by falling down the stairs at her home. She went to lower an upstairs window and, in the darkness, made a misstep and fell down the winding stairs, landing on the floor of the room below. She suffered much pain yesterday.

—The season for trapping fur bearing animals opened Friday, Nov. 1. The season on skunks closes Jan. 31. They may be taken in any way except digging them out of their holes which is unlawful. Muskrats may be taken from Nov. 1 to April 1, but the takers must not disturb the animals' houses. All trappers and hunters' must have a license.

MONEY LOANED on good security and on short notice. THE PEOPLE'S AGENCY, 93 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

—Ethel L. Bovee, wife of Dr. M. K. Willoughby of Genoa, died in the Auburn City hospital on Sunday last, after many days of intense suffering from blood poisoning, resulting, it is believed, from an abscess of the ear. Her age was 29 years, and besides her husband, she is survived by her father and sister of Chaumont, N. Y., and another sister, residing at Watertown. A short funeral service was held at the Tallman-Walker undertaking rooms in Auburn on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at which Rev. T. J. Searls of Genoa officiated. Quite a company of Genoa friends attended the service. The remains were taken to Buffalo for cremation, in accordance with the wish of the deceased. Dr. Willoughby is expected to return to-day from Chaumont, where he went from Buffalo. Dr. and Mrs. Willoughby came to Genoa nearly two years ago, and have made many acquaintances in this vicinity, who join in expressing sympathy to Dr. Willoughby at this time. Mrs. Willoughby was an excellent trained nurse, and took a few cases after coming here, and often assisted her husband in his practice. In this capacity, especially, she will be gratefully remembered by those whom she served.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Gay opened their house last Thursday evening to a crowd of Hallowe'en merry-makers. About forty were present, and nearly all were attired in fancy or grotesque costumes. Several of the gentlemen entertained the company by singing popular songs in concert. Tables were set in the large dining room, and an elaborate Hallowe'en menu was served. As is usual on Hallowe'en, the spirit of fun and frolic prevailed, and all joined in the good time.

—Fireman's dance at Armstrong's hall, Friday evening, Nov. 15. McDermott's orchestra of six pieces will furnish the music. The executive committee consists of Chas. Foster, B. F. Samson, Wm. Steele, Seymour Weaver and Bert Grey.

Pictures framed to order. Good selection of mouldings in stock, at Hagin's store, Genoa. 15tf

—Mrs. Frank Miller, who went to Owego about two weeks ago to visit A. A. Miller and family, was taken very ill last week, and was in a critical condition for several days. She is reported to be improving now. Mr. Miller and son went to Owego Saturday.

—The old soldiers are looking forward to a grand treat next summer when the veterans of the civil war and auxiliary organizations of the G. A. R. will visit Gettysburg to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the battle on that historic battle ground. The expenses of all sailors, soldiers, and marines who served in the civil war will be paid by the government. The occasion will be a grand reunion of the Blue and the Grey. Tents, bedding and provisions will be furnished free.

PARMS BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. Inquire of THE PEOPLE'S AGENCY, 93 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

—First snow Saturday night.

—F. C. Hagin has just completed a new henhouse.

—Mrs. W. Beardsley of Venice Center called on Genoa friends Wednesday afternoon.

—The Ladies' Aid society of Venice Center will hold a dime social at the home of Warren Beardsley on Friday evening, Nov. 15.

—One of the Western colleges is arranging its curriculum to put in a chair of scientific temperance. This college has a man in the field raising the money.

—Hon. Andrew D. White of Ithaca, first president of Cornell University, celebrated his 80th birthday on Thursday, Nov. 7. He is said to be in good health and takes an active interest in public affairs.

—Captain William Clark of Constantia, known all over the state as the "Father of the Barge Canal," was committed to the insane asylum at Ogdensburg recently. The canal was probably one of his first insane ideas, says an exchange.

FOR SALE—For \$2,000, house and lot 57x200 ft., good sized garden, pleasantly situated on Main St., Genoa, N. Y. LOUISE G. BEMMEL, Adm'r. Genoa. 49tf

—Election returns in the county showed that all the Republican county officials were elected except G. V. Loughborough, county treasurer, who was defeated by John A. Thomas, the candidate of both the Democrats and Progressive Republicans. Assemblyman Grace, Senator Hewitt and Congressman Payne were all re-elected.

—Many editors throughout the country have made a vigorous and continuous fight against the city mail order house. This has been done in the interest of the home merchant, and without money and without price. If the editors had received regular advertising rates for all they have said against these enemies of the country merchant, they could now be wearing diamonds.—Ex.

—The 30th annual session of the American Baptist Congress will be held with the First Baptist church in Ithaca, Nov. 12, 13 and 14. Many prominent clergymen and speakers, including several college presidents, members and supporters of the society from different parts of the United States, will be in attendance and take part in the discussions. On the last day of the Congress, the "Problem of the Rural Church" will be presented in able papers, followed by a discussion of the subject from different standpoints by several clergymen and members of the Congress.

Eighty-four Years Young.
Last Sunday was the 84th anniversary of John Myers' birthday. On Saturday and Monday he received a regular cyclone of postal cards from his many friends—not less than one hundred and sixty-three beautiful cards. He thanks each and every one who so kindly remembered him on that day. It really did him good. He was quite rejuvenated. On Monday, he felt so young and frisky, that he went into the field and husked corn all day just like a boy. On Tuesday, he went to the polls and put in a straight ticket for that good old progressive party, that has been progressing ever since Lincoln's time.

WATCHES.

We are always ready to sell you the right kind of a timepiece at the right kind of a price. There is nothing better than the best and no honest man can sell an honest article lower than the low water mark. There is a limit both ways and we come up to the limit and offer you as good as you can get as cheap as it can be sold. If you want an honest, reliable watch at the lowest possible price, come and see our line of the latest Ladies' and Gentlemen's watches.

A. T. HOYT,
Leading Jeweler & Optometrist,
HOYT BLOCK. MORAVIA, N. Y.

Fall and Winter Clothing

at Genoa Clothing Store.

My stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats is more complete than ever before, in all the latest goods and best of tailoring.

Separate Pants for Men and Boys.

Big variety of School Pants. Sweaters and Underwear for every member of the family.

Sheep lined Coats, Chore Coats, Overall of the best goods and make.

Gloves and Mittens from 25 cents to \$2.00.

A big stock of Rubber Footwear in different combinations of the Wells-Goodyear brand and other reliable makes. 4-buckle Arctics, light weight, medium and extra heavy. 4-buckle all rubber Arctics to wear over shoes.

Leather tops for heavy stockings.

Rubber Boots of the best brands.

Douglas Shoes of all the latest styles in button and lace.

Rubbers for Men and Boys.

Hats and Caps, Umbrellas, Neckties, Boston Garters, &c.

GENOA CLOTHING STORE.

M. G. Shapero

Don't Put it Off Any Longer
Buy some "Hon-ty" right away.
Get those hens laying—paying.



J. H. Cruthers, Genoa.

An Irishman was painting a house and working with great rapidity. Some one asked him why he was in such a rush. "I'm trying to get through," the Irishman replied, "before the paint gives out"—From "Success Magazine."

Ladies, Attention!
On and after Nov. 1, I will have on display at Smith's Store, Genoa, a nice line of feathers, wings, breasts, plumes, ribbons and velvets to close out. Will do trimming and remodeling of hats. Would like to see my old customers, also all others who would like work done.

13tf
Mrs. S. Wright.

You cannot tell the truth about the drink traffic in soft phrases, nor without hurting the sensitive ear. It is a tale of horror, of destruction, of sorrow, of tragedy, of misery and death.

—Liel Jones, M. P.

Our feed mill at the Genoa elevator is now ready for custom business. We can handle grain or ear corn; Will grind Tuesday and Friday of each week.

J. G. ATWATER & SON.

Ithaca Auburn Short Line

New York, Auburn & Lansing R. F.
In Effect July 20, 1912.

SOUTHBOUND—Read Down				STATIONS				NORTH BOUND—Read Up					
27	23	21	201			200	22	24	28				
Daily	Daily	Daily	Daily	except Sun.				except Sun.					
P M	P M	A M	A M			A M	A M	P M	P M				
6 20	1 45	8 30	6 40			9 23	11 09	4 59	8 59				
6 35	2 00	8 45	6 55			9 38	10 54	4 44	8 44				
6 46	2 11	8 56	7 06			8 56	10 43	4 33	8 33				
6 55	2 20	9 05	7 15			8 44	10 34	4 24	8 24				
7 10	2 35	9 20	7 30			8 29	10 19	4 09	8 09				
7 21	2 46	9 31	7 41			8 18	10 08	3 58	7 58				
7 40	3 00	9 50	8 05			8 05	9 55	3 45	7 45				
8 05	3 25	10 15	8 30			7 30	9 20	3 15	7 10				
P M	P M	A M	A M			A M	A M	P M	P M				

Additional Trains between Ithaca and Rogues Harbor leave Ithaca 7:30 a. m., daily except Sunday) 9:20, 11:15, (daily except Sunday) 12:15, (Sunday only) 2:00, 3:15, 5:20 7:10 p. m. daily, and 9:30 p. m. Saturday only

Returning leave South Lansing for Ithaca 8:05 a. m. daily except Sunday, 9:50 a. m., 3:00 p. m., 3:45, 7:40 p. m.

Also leave Rogues Harbor at 11:50 (daily except Sunday) 12:50, (Sunday only) 5:55 p. m., daily, and 10:05 p. m. Saturday only.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of GENOA

GENOA, N. Y.

Start That Account Now.

Deposits made in the Interest Department up to and including Monday, Nov. 4, draw interest from Nov. 1.

Please note: Bank will be closed Election Day, Tuesday, Nov. 5.

J. D. Atwater, Pres. Fox Holden, Vice-Pres.
Arthur H. Knapp, Cashier.

Stott's Diamond Patent Bread Flour

has a record back of it, which means that it is one of the very highest quality Spring Wheat Patents on the market. Ask for barrel prices.

We are also manufacturing a Blended Flour which we will guarantee to give perfect satisfaction.

We have on hand a full stock of Bran, Midds, Hominy, Gluten and Dairy Feed, Corn, Corn Meal and Feeds, Meat Scrap, Grit and Shell.

Our Motto is one price to all.

Genoa Roller Mills.

Gloves = Mittens

A fine line of Gloves and Mittens for Men, Boys and Children. Work Gloves, Warm Gloves, Fancy Gloves, Driving Gloves for Ladies and Gentlemen at

Hagin's Up-to-Date Grocery,

"Where you buy those good books," Genoa, N. Y.

The Store of Smart Millinery.

All the new and latest styles at reduced prices.

Kathryn M. Flynn,
95 Genesee St., Up Stairs, AUBURN, N. Y.
Successor to Mrs. R. L. Wood.

Closing Out Sale.

I offer my \$15,000.00 stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware for less than cost. You can buy a Lady's or Gent's Watch, complete and perfect, case guaranteed for 20 and 25 years, 15 and 17 jewelled movements, price was \$25, now \$15. Diamonds mounted in all styles at the same ratio of discount. I mean positively what I say as I wish to discontinue the Jewelry business and remain in the Loan business only. This sale will continue until January 1, 1913. Call and inspect the goods and get prices. Goods sold on my own personal guarantee as represented or money refunded.

J. B. Liberman,
Jeweler and Broker, Colonial Building,
109 East State St., Ithaca, N. Y.



SOMETHING for the LITTLE ONES

SIGHT OF CAT IN THE DARK

When Feline is in Search of Mouse
Where the Light is Dim Pupils
of Eyes Open Wide.

Some persons will tell you that cats can see in the dark. Now nothing can see in the dark, but some animals can see with a great deal less light than others, just as some cameras will take a picture with less light than others. You open or close the lens in a camera according to the amount of light, or else you speed up the shutter or slow it down.

The human eye does this automatically, as the pupil expands or contracts according to the amount of light to which it is exposed; but cats can expand or contract the pupils of their eyes at pleasure, just as you open or shut the stops in the lens of your camera.

When cats are not particularly anxious to see anything the pupils of their eyes become nothing but narrow slits, like this:



Pupils at Ease.

But when a cat is hunting a mouse in a room where there is very little light, or when the cat is being hunted by some bad boys and wants to see every move the boys make, it opens the pupils of its eyes until they are perfectly round.



Pupils Open Wide.

If you happen to be between the cat and the light you will see a peculiar gleam in this wide open pupil, which is the reflection of the light at the back of the cat's eye.

LANGUAGE USED IN SPORTING

Many of Terms is Our Inheritance
From Middle Ages—Phraseology
Extended to Man.

Much of the language used in various sports is our inheritance from the middle ages. Different kinds of beasts when in companies were distinguished by their own particular epithet, which was supposed to be in some manner descriptive of the habits of the animals. To use the wrong form of these words subjected the would-be sportsman to ridicule.

Many of these terms have passed away, but some of them are still retained. This list from the middle ages is still good usage today. A "pride" of lions, a "lepe" of leopards, a "herd" of harts and of all sorts of deer, a "bevy" of roes, a "sloth" of bears, a "singular" of boars, a "sunder" of wild swine, a "route" of wolves, a "harras" of horses, a "ray" of colts, a "stud" of mares, a "pace" of asses, a "barren" of mules, a "team" of oxen, a "drove" of kine, a "flock" of sheep, a "trite" of goats, a "skulk" of foxes, a "down" of hares, a "nest" of rabbits, a "clowder" of cats, a "schrewdness" of apes and a "labor" of moles.

Also, of animals when they retired to rest, a hart was said to be "harbored," a roebuck "bedded," a hare "formed," a rabbit "set." Two greyhounds were called a "brace," but two harrars were called a "couple." There was also a "mute" of hounds for a sinner, a "kennel" of raches, a "litter" of whelps and a "cowardice" of cats.

This kind of descriptive phraseology was not confined to birds and beasts, but was extended to the human species and their various propensities, features and callings.

Care of Persian Girls.

"Great care is taken that the Persian girls shall conform to the recognized standard of beauty, which requires her to have a cypress waist, a full-moon face, gaseous eyes and eyebrows that meet," says a traveler. "Her eyes, brows and hair must be black as night, her lips, cheeks and gums as red as blood, her skin and teeth as white as almonds, and her back, limbs and fingers long. If these conditions are minutely absent they are enrolled, as far as possible, by art. Persian women are always painted, and their faces are adorned with gold and silver ornaments."

Furs! Furs!

Biggest line ever.

Ladies' Fur Coats in Pony, Caracul, Russian, Marmot and if you want finer, in Alaska Seals, etc. We can order for you, any quality, any price and guarantee you a saving of 20% in Muff and Collars.

We are showing big lines in Coneys, Raccoons, River Minks, Opossums, Wolf, Jap Minks, Russian Mink, Amica Mink, China Wolf, Beavers, Foxes, Martins. We have suits in immense lines that you cannot fail to be pleased and we guarantee to save you 10 per cent. Don't fail to see our lines of

Cloaks in Ladies' and Children's.

We are showing strong lines, the latest and most up-to-date are arriving every day. We are showing just a little bit different from the other lines shown by our competitors. Buy your coats from us and we will save you money. Dress Goods and Silks, stocks the largest ever. One of the cleverest, biggest and most up-to-date Dress Goods Stocks shown in the city of Auburn. If you can't see them, send for samples. Remnants of Dress Goods at big reductions.

Holmes & Dunnigan,
79 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

All interurban cars stop directly in front of our store.

EGZEMA AND OTHER SKIN TROUBLES

Instantly relieved and quickly cured by
ITCHIKILL
EGZEMA in its most virulent and obstinate form has succumbed to the curative and healing qualities of ITCHIKILL. EGZEMA OINTMENT though a new remedy to the public it has been in use for generations with but one result, a complete cure. ITCHIKILL is perfectly harmless, will not injure the most sensitive skin, immediately stops the itching where applied, and a few applications will convince the most skeptical that they have at last found a cure. Price 50 cents. Can be obtained through all up-to-date druggists, or direct from manufacturers. Write CONTINENTAL DRUG CO., Dept. L, 2209 Third Ave., New York City.

SHERWOOD THE OPTICIAN
MAKES GLASSES THAT FIT WHERE OTHERS FAIL
59 Genesee St. AUBURN, N.Y.

REDUCED FARES
NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

From Auburn to New York . . . \$8.60
Round trip, November 14, Autumn Excursion. Return limit, November 23rd.

For Railroad tickets or additional information consult nearest New York Central Lines ticket agent, or address General Agent, Rochester, N. Y.

Ladies! Save Money and Keep in Style by Reading McCall's Magazine and Using McCall Patterns

McCall's Magazine will help you dress stylishly at a moderate expense by keeping you posted on the latest fashions in clothes and hats. 50 New Fashion Designs in each issue. Also valuable information on all home and personal matters. Only 50¢ a year, including a free pattern. Subscribe today or send for free sample copy.

The Resurrection of Christ — Its Results

By REV. WILLIAM EVANS, D. D.,
Director of Bible Course of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT: I Cor. 15.

1. The resurrection of Christ was the seal of God's approval upon the truthfulness of the claims of Jesus. The claims of Christ imply either divinity or blasphemy. Jesus Christ, in view of his claims, was either God or the most colossal fraud, or the greatest impostor that ever lived. His claims stand unequalled in the history of the human race, and on the absolute fulfillment, even to

the very letter, of all these claims, Christ bases his right to divine recognition. He claimed that it was his prerogative to forgive sin; that he was the only way to God; that outside of him there was no peace and no way of access to the Father; that unless he was trusted and believed in with a whole heart there was absolutely no hope of seeing heaven; that he was the divinely appointed Redeemer of the world, and that the world's redemption and salvation depended absolutely upon him alone; that the power of life and death was in his hands; and that all the Old Testament predictions received their fulfillment in him. So strong were these claims that on one occasion the Jews were exasperated with him and said, "What sign showest thou us if thou be all that thou claimst to be?" In answer to this challenge, Christ referred to his resurrection and said, "If I do not rise again from the dead, do not believe my claim." On his resurrection, therefore, Jesus Christ based the vindication of all his claims—as Paul says, "He was declared to be the Son of God by his resurrection from the dead." So long as Christ's resurrection remains an accredited fact of history, then that Galilean peasant, Jesus of Nazareth, is indeed and in truth the Son of the Most High God, and the Saviour of the world.

Christ's enemies realized the importance of Jesus' resurrection, and because of this, bribed the soldiers to say that the disciples came and stole away his body. What a comfort the resurrection is to the believer, who has placed his hope and confidence in the life to come in Jesus Christ the Savior of the world! The world may deride, and mock, and sneer, and ridicule, but the believer exclaims, "I know that my Redeemer liveth," and this is ample evidence that the believer's faith has not been misplaced.

II. The resurrection of Christ is a guarantee of our own resurrection. Paul's thoughtful and inspired inference from Christ's resurrection is this: "Because he lives, we shall live also." In the words of Dr. Parker, the apostle is continually amplifying. Place an acorn in his hand and immediately he feels the weight of a mighty oak. Give him one little bulb, and immediately you have touched the fountains of his eloquence and he describes gardens and paradises and heavens. Paul saw the whole in the part—he saw our resurrection in Christ. If Christ rose from the dead, then the graveyard is not a permanent thing. The apostle will have every little child brought back. The resurrection shall be accompanied by a shout—does this shout intimate or signify the spirits leaving heaven and going to the graveyard claiming their bodies? Who knows?

Without the resurrection of Christ, there is no certainty of our own resurrection and that of our loved ones. If Christ be not risen then all who have died have perished eternally. Then we have no hope of seeing those who have gone before. But we have a better hope than that. "Because I live, ye shall live also." As in Adam all die, so in Christ shall all be made alive. "For if the dead rise not, then is not Christ raised."

Firm and fast as the grave now seems to hold the bodies of our dear loved ones, it is now doomed as a fruit of Christ's resurrection, and will be compelled one day to relax its grasp, and yield them up to us again. Empty as was Joseph's sepulchre when the angel stood before it, so shall one day be every grave on earth, when another angel shall sound his trumpet and it shall ring through all the regions of the dead, and still all to life again.

III. The resurrection of Christ manifests his victory over death and the grave. Up to this time, death's claims had been undisputed. All opposition to that dead enemy had been without effect. Sin reigned in the realm and sovereignty of death, and death reigned in sin. The purpose of Christ's coming into the world and assuming human form was that he might by his own death abolish death as the wages of sin. It was when he rose and left the dead that Satan's empire fell. Christ's victory over death was dramatically complete on the day of his

Advertising Talks

PROFESSIONAL ADVERTISING

BY BERT M. MOSES.

Everybody now recognizes advertising as something reputable except the lawyers, dentists and doctors.

Even the preachers of Dallas, Tex., gave up their pulpits on a recent Sunday to laymen, who talked on advertising.

But the professions of law, dentistry and medicine still conceive it to be more honorable to seek and accept "free readers" than to pay for legitimate publicity like other good citizens.

A young man devotes several of the best years of his life, together with many remittances from home, to acquiring knowledge and skill in the profession.

When he seeks to turn that knowledge and skill into a livelihood, ethics and precedent limit him to a little tin sign tacked up beside the door.

He is like the south pole—he must wait until somebody comes along and discovers him.

The whole proceeding is more than ridiculous—it is almost brutal. If a man knows how to cure disease—if he knows how to fill teeth—if he knows how to draw up a contract—the public is entitled to also know about it.

And that man, being a resident of the land of the free and home of the brave, has the right to realize on his skill and knowledge by making his merits known.

To remain silent and let those with established practice gather in the coin is silly and preposterous, and the marvel is that a perverted proposition like that should ever have secured a foothold.

I think if I had the ability to do anything well—if I possessed the necessary skill to render a valuable service to the community—I would surely advertise that skill and ability in the newspapers and pay for the advertising.

And in doing this I would have fully as much respect for myself as those misguided professional folks who do nearly every kind of advertising except the kind that costs money, and maybe I'd feel even superior to them.

Advertising is as honorable as the professions themselves, and the time is about here to lift the ban and let the young men free when they depart from college with the parchment under their arms.

I'd rather be an honest advertiser than the blind follower of a code that dates back to the days that are covered with dust.

ADVERTISING THAT PAID

John Arbuckle Declared He Spent Millions in Publicity, But It All Came Back.

John Arbuckle, the millionaire coffee man of New York, advertised in the want columns of the Sunday newspapers for two business assistants of high caliber. The number of replies he received astonished him and he sent a photograph of a pile of them three feet high and several feet in circumference to one of the New York newspapers with a letter, in which he said in part:

"Advertisement is the life of a newspaper—so I take the liberty of sending you a photograph of the answers I have received from the advertisement I put in last Sunday's newspapers. These answers come largely from men of large business caliber (\$5,000 to \$10,000 a year salary men). I have spent millions of dollars advertising, but it has all come back to me many times over. When you have a good honest thing advertise it freely and you will be amply repaid for the money you have spent in advertising.

"Many of the newspapers, referring to my advertisement, take it for granted that I am making arrangements to retire from business. I have no idea of retiring, but hope to die in harness. A friend of J. Pierpont Morgan asked him how old his father was when he retired from business. Mr. Morgan said: 'Over eighty years of age, and he would be alive today if he had not given up his business.'"

Advertising cannot make a success of a poorly managed business, and most businesses which have succeeded through advertising had with them the capacity to succeed without advertising. Advertising simply shortens the time and emphasizes the success.

Questions of Values.

The late Marshall Field stopped one of the smallest cash boys in his store and said:

"My boy, how much do they pay you?"

"Four dollars a week, sir," replied the boy.

"That is more than twice as much as I got when I was your age."

"Well," said the boy, "perhaps you were not worth so much to your firm as I am to mine."—Farm and Fire.

NEW NEWS OF YESTERDAY

One Sentence of Jackson's Was Not Answered.

Thurlow Weed's Explanation of His Reason for Not Printing Daniel Webster's Speech, Favoring the United States Bank.

By E. J. EDWARDS.

"Only once during all the years that I was editor of the Albany Journal while Daniel Webster was alive—and those years were twenty-two in number—did I refuse to print in full a speech of Webster's; and I did that in spite of the fact that I was a staunch personal admirer of Webster and my paper give him unwavering support," said Thurlow Weed, the great New York state political leader.

"The circumstances of that refusal were these," continued Mr. Weed. "Andrew Jackson, as you know, was the great opponent of the United States Bank. Daniel Webster was its great defender. He was relied upon by those interested in having the charter of the bank renewed to persuade a majority of the United States senate to vote for renewal. Indeed, Webster made one of his greatest speeches in support of the bank. Excepting his speech in reply to Hayne, I do not believe that he ever made a finer speech.

"Well, I received a copy of his United States bank speech a day or two after it was delivered. All the anti-Jackson men of my part of New York state looked to the Albany Journal, which I had started as an anti-Jackson organ, for the report of the speech. But they were disappointed. I did not print it.

"Almost at once I received a call from Ambrose Spencer, chief justice of the state's highest court, and one of the state's great intellects; he was the father of John C. Spencer, who was secretary of the navy in Tyler's cabinet. Judge Spencer's manner was very stern as he told me that he had called to inquire why I had not printed Daniel Webster's great speech on the United States bank.

"Well, Judge," I said, "after reading the speech I decided that I could not print it."

"He turned upon me with some anger and asked if I thought that I was a greater man than Daniel Webster."

"I said that I certainly did not, but that after reading Webster's speech I had turned to Andrew Jackson's communication to confess in which he opposed the granting of a new charter to the United States bank and there I had found one sentence which Webster, great as he was, had not answered and could not answer.

"Judge Spencer with great dignity asked me to point out that sentence. I took Jackson's message and marked a single sentence. It was this:

"To recharter the United States bank will be to make the rich richer and the poor poorer."

"That sentence," said I to Judge Spencer, "will appeal to every American citizen except the few who possess great riches, and until some one so speaks as to show that to recharter the bank will not make the rich richer and the poor poorer, I shall certainly not attempt in my paper, even by indirection, to take issue with Andrew Jackson."

"Judge Spencer looked at me with a queer expression for a moment, and then, taking his hat, went from my office without saying another word." (Copyright, 1911, by E. J. Edwards. All Rights Reserved.)

Stevenson Dreamed a Plot.

Stevenson used to assert that the inspiration for his finest work was given to him in dreams. It was the "Brownies" or "Little People" who made his unconscious brain the vehicle for their activities. He tells the story of how he came to write "Doctor Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." "I had long been trying to write a story on this subject, to find a body, a vehicle, for that strong sense of man's double being which must at times come in and overwhelm the mind of every thinking creature. For two days I went about racking my brain for a plot of any sort; and on the second night I dreamed the scene at the window, and a scene, afterwards split in two, in which Hyde, pursued for some time, took the powder and underwent the change in the presence of his pursuers. All the rest was made awake, and consciously, although I think I can trace in it much of the manner of my Brownies."

Slayer Notified Police.

The Cupar (Scotland) police were horrified the other evening to receive the message "I have shot my father. Come and arrest me," over the telephone, from William Houston, living on an estate near Cupar, Fife. On investigating they found that the crime really had been committed. The young man and his father went out shooting, but shortly afterwards the son returned alone and told the estate overseer of the murder, adding: "I'm going to telephone the police." The old man was found dead, his face covered with blood, and a gun and revolver beside him. The youth is thought to be insane.

Necessities.

"The government ought to establish cooking schools all over the country."

"Yes; there's only one thing more important than the cooking school."

"What's that?"

"There ought to be schools for teaching poor girls the rudiments of bridge-what."

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice to Creditors. By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Mary J. Branch, late of the town of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the executor of said estate, at his place of business at K-og Ferry, County of Cayuga, on or before the 26th day of April, 1912. Dated October 24, 1911. CARL J. THAYER, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of DeLoe Allen, late of the town of Venetia, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the administrator of said estate, at his place of business at K-og Ferry, County of Cayuga, on or before the 1st day of May, 1912. Dated, King Ferry, N. Y., October 28, 1911. G. S. AIRKIN, Administrator.

The Thrice-A-Week Edition OF THE New York World

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly

No other Newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

The great Presidential campaign will soon begin and you will want the news accurately and promptly. The World long since established a record for impartiality, and anybody can afford its Thrice-a-Week edition, which comes every other day in the week, except Sunday. It will be of particular value to you now. The Thrice-a-Week World also abounds in other strong features, serial stories, humor, markets, cartoons; in fact, everything that is to be found in a first-class daily.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE GENOA TRIBUNE together for one year for \$1.65.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

Dentists.

J. A. Spaulding, D.D.S.
H. W. Reynolds, D. D. S.

Preserving the natural teeth our specialty.

Fillings, gold, porcelain, silver and gold inlays. Crown and bridgework just like the natural teeth.

Plates that fit.

Vitalized air for painless extracting. Write or phone for appointment.

Bell 57-J. Miller 90.

ON THE BRIDGE, MORAVIA.

FARMERS Please Notice!

Wood and iron work of all kinds. Wagons and farm tools repaired on short notice.

WILLIAM HUSON, Genoa

IF YOU ARE ILL

from any disorder of the STOMACH, LIVER or KIDNEYS, or if your bowels are inactive at times, or you should suffer from headaches, get a 50 cent bottle of SEVEN BARKS of your druggist. If you are run down and don't feel as young and chipper as you used to, give SEVEN BARKS a fair trial; it will purify your blood, clear your system and brain, and make life worth living. It is absolutely harmless, is highly palatable, and will not disturb the most delicate stomach.

For sale at druggists at 50 cents per bottle. Don't fail to try it. Address

LYMAN BROWN, 68 Murray St., New York, N.Y.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell our Special Accident and Health Policies, issued to men and women; giving \$3,000 death, and \$15 weekly benefits; costing but \$5 a year. All occupations covered—easily sold. No experience necessary; exclusive territory; large commissions with renewals given; permanent income guaranteed NATIONAL ACCIDENT SOCIETY, 320 Broadway, New York. Est. 25 years. 1344

WANTED—Good homes wanted for boys and girls under 14 years of age, where they will be received as members of the family; apply to Children's Department, State Charities Aid Association, 289 Fourth Ave., New York City.

Our feed mill at the Genoa elevators is now ready for custom business. We can handle grain or ear corn. Will grind Tuesday and Friday of each week. J. G. ATWATER & SON

IF IT'S MONEY you want, we have plenty to loan on good security. THE PEOPLE'S AGENCY, 53 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

Foster, Ross & Company
THE BIG STORE

AUBURN, N. Y.

China, Glassware, Lamps, Kitchenware

The stock in this department is now at its best--Auburn's best, and shopping for Thanksgiving and Holidays can be done more leisurely and more deliberately than later on.

Whether you are thinking of yourself or others we can serve you well. Qualities and Prices are right--Thoroughly right.

DINNERWARE

We are now showing about 50 open stock patterns (can be had in sets or single pieces) in Tableware ranging in price from \$10 to \$250, comprising English and American Porcelain, Austrian and Bavarian China, Syracuse China, English Bone China, Royal Worcester, Haviland and Japanese. Among them are such noted old patterns as Blue Willow, Blue Copenhagen, Blue Spode, Blue Union, Bombay, Japan, Crown, Persian and Blue Howo.

112 Piece, \$10. Old English Blue Willow, Old English Blue Copenhagen, Old English Red Persian, American Gold Line Border, American Pink and Green border.

112 Piece \$18. American Royal Burbar border, American Royal Winton border, American Yellow French Rose.

112 Piece \$15. American fine grape border, American rose festoon border, American shaded green border.

\$25. Delicate bordered Austrian China

\$35. Green lined Syracuse China.

\$45. Heavy Gold Band Bavarian

\$35, \$50, \$75, \$100 for Haviland & Co. 112 piece sets

GLASSWARE

Corning and Dorflinger Cut Glass Bowls, Pitchers, Glasses, Sugars and Creamers, Vases, Bon Bons, etc. From \$1.00 up. Heisey Colonial Tumblers, Goblets, Sherbets, Wines, Finger Bowls, etc. \$1 per dozen

Fine etched Optic Tumblers, \$1 a dozen. Fine etched Optic Wines \$2 a dozen

Fine etched Sherbets, Goblets and Finger Bowls \$2.50 a dozen

SILVERWARE

Rogers' Knives, Forks and Spoons, \$3.50 per dozen

R. C. Knives, Forks and Spoons \$2.50 doz. Crown Knives, Forks and Spoons \$1.50 doz.

LAMPS

Oil Lamps \$1, 1.50, 2.50, 4.00 up. Gas Lamps, 2.50, 3.50, 5.00 up

Electric Lamps \$5, 7.50, 9.00, 10.00 up

Kitchen Wares

Russwin Food Cutters 1.50. Not choppers and squeezers.

Savory Roasters and Cookers, always satisfactory \$1 and 2.00

Guernsey Cooking Ware. Ramikins and Custards 75c to 1.00 doz. Casseroles, Bean Pots, Tea Pots, Coffee Pots, Rarebit Dishes, Fish Dishes, Potato Dishes, etc. 25c to \$2 each

Wear Ever Aluminum Ware. Sauce pans 25c to 1.50; preserve kettles 50c to 2.50; double boilers 1.25 to 2.50; tea kettles 3.50

Onyx Enamelware. The best low priced ware made. Articles range in price from 10c to 1.50, including kettles, sauce pans, pails, cake pans, tea and coffee pots, tea kettles, dish pans, roasters of all sizes.

All White High Grade Enamelware. Prices range from 10c to 2.50 in pans, pails, kettles, tea and coffee pots, pitchers, bowls, slop jars, etc.

Foster, Ross & Co.

The KIFFOHN CABINET



COMPANY DISHES.

What a feeling of security it gives a housekeeper to have in her store room, pantry or cake box some of the needed accessories for a meal. She is a more gracious hostess and one which it is a delight to visit. Behind the forced smile of welcome, how many a heart has sunk because there was nothing in the house to offer a friend.

Just have a few things that are kept for emergencies, and if used are quickly supplied. One does not like to offer boughten cakes or cookies to guests, as the recipes which we consider so choice and of which we are justly proud, make such delightful things at much less cost.

A small cake which can be put into the store room in a jar and covered to keep from drying will keep for months, and be sure your friends will always ask for it. The recipe is:

Fruit Cake.—Seed and cut in quarters a pound of dates, add a cup of cocoanut or other nuts as desired; two cups of flour, a cup of shortening, a teaspoonful of cinnamon, a grating of nutmeg, teaspoonful each of vanilla and lemon, less of lemon if it is not agreeable, a teaspoonful of soda dissolved in half a cup of boiling water, a cup and a half of sugar, a teaspoonful of salt and three well beaten eggs. Add the soda and water the very last. Bake in gem pans, a tablespoonful in each. This recipe makes about thirty small cakes, which will keep and grow better with age.

There is something uncommonly appetizing about sardines used in sandwiches. One may always have a few boxes of these on hand for a quick lunch.

Pimento cheese, with saltines and coffee, is a dessert which will be enjoyed.

A cup of dry cheese grated and mixed with a little tabasco sauce or cream, red pepper and onion juice or other seasonings, will keep, if covered with a cloth dampened with vinegar.

The delicious sauces which may be added to ice creams and make them so much more elegant may be put up in fruit season, and will always be ready when needed.

Salmon mixed with cocoanut and a few chopped pickles, moistened with a small amount of salad dressing, served on lettuce, makes a very nice salad, and not a common one.

A few cooked peas left from dinner, if washed from the sauce in which they were served, added to a slice or two of tomato, a bit of chopped onion and a lettuce leaf makes another salad good enough to set before company.

Nellie Maxwell

The KIFFOHN CABINET



BEST be the hands that toil to aid
The great world's ceaseless need—
The hands that never are afraid
To do a kindly deed.

WAYS TO USE PEANUTS.

Peanuts are good with bread crumbs prepared as a loaf baked, served with tomato sauce as a meat loaf.

When the nuts are ground and mixed with creamed butter or sweet cream, a very good sandwich filling results.

For salad, they are good in combination with cabbage or sprinkled over lettuce, served with French dressing.

Peanut butter makes a variety for the flavor of soup, using the peanut butter and one tablespoonful of butter with two of flour for the binding of a cream soup.

Peanut Butter Fudge.—Boil together five minutes two cups of confectioner's sugar, a half cup of sweet milk, and four level tablespoonfuls of peanut butter. Pour into a buttered platter and cut in squares when cool enough.

Peanut Nougat.—Shell and remove the skins from a pound of peanuts; chop fine and sprinkle with a fourth of a teaspoonful of salt. Put a pound of sugar in a clean granite sauce pan and stir over the heat until melted. When a rich brown, add the nuts and pour into a greased pan. Mark off in squares. If the nuts are added as soon as the sugar is melted, the candy is of a different consistency, liked by many.

Peanut Candy.—Prepare a quart of peanuts, as above; roll them with a rolling pin until like coarse bread-crumbs. Boil together six ounces of butter and a pound of light brown sugar for ten minutes, stirring constantly to keep from burning; add the peanuts, and when cool mark off in squares. If carefully made, this is by far the best peanut candy one may make at home.

Nellie Maxwell

OUT OF THE NIGHT

Why Nancy Lost Her Timidity of the Forest.

By JEAN DICKERSON.

The flames whispered about the dogs in the great fireplace and outside of the bungalow the trees lashed to and fro in the strong wind. The rain drummed steadily on the roof without one break in the steady downpour until Nancy tossed her magazine aside and walked the floor to steady her nerves.

She was all alone in this little mountain lodge; all about her was the primeval forest filled with numberless vague terrors of the night.

Nancy was afraid. She had been alone since three o'clock that afternoon when her guest, Mrs. Carruthers, had suddenly left for home in response to a telegram brought through miles of dripping forest by a messenger from Bidwell station.

Timothy Finn, the man of all work, had harnessed the horses to the buckboard and taken Mrs. Carruthers to the station. At the last moment, Timothy's wife, Mary Finn, had climbed in beside her husband, announcing that she had a dozen errands to be attended to in the village and that she would be home with Tim in time to prepare Miss Nancy's dinner.

In the haste of their departure and the last hurried good-bys from Mrs. Carruthers, Nancy did not realize the significance of being left alone in that isolated spot.

When the sound of the wagon wheels had died away and there remained only the rain and the wind and the fire on the hearth she felt a sudden pang of terror at the loneliness.

The Finns were addicted to drink when opportunity offered, and Nancy shuddered as she realized that it might be hours before they returned—and they might not come home until morning!

She had fastened every door and window and had drawn the curtains closely and pinned them at the edges



She Was All Alone.

so that no curious eye might discover that she was alone.

Hours passed. She tried to read, but the printed words held no meaning for her. She opened the piano, but the sound of the instrument only intensified the stillness.

The clock in the corner chimed ten and still there was no cessation of the rain nor of the lashing wind.

Nancy thought of her father down in the close, hot city, and she knew he was counting the days till Friday, when he would run up to the lodge for his week's stay. Every other week Simon Mead spent up here in the mountains. There was usually a jolly party of young people here, too, chaperoned by Mrs. Mead, but now she had gone to the city with her husband and Mrs. Carruthers and Nancy Mead had been left alone for a few days.

"I don't care how intoxicated they are if they will only come," declared Nancy for the tenth time, as she listened in vain for the sound of returning wheels. "I simply can't stay here alone all night."

The clock struck 11, and almost as if it had been waiting for that hour there followed the sound of a human voice outside, a man's voice calling for help.

Nancy shuddered. Perhaps it was the Finns coming home. She tipped up the stairs that ran to the half story under the eaves and pushed aside a small casement window. The rain fell on her hair and face, but the night air felt cool and refreshing. There was no sound of wheels, but again came the man's voice.

"Bungalow, ahoy! Help!"

It was not the rich brogue of Timothy Finn, nor was it the voice of a backwoodsman that called.

Nancy harkened to its call, shuddering at its growing feebleness, not daring to go forth in answer to it, for she had from a child been afraid of the night with its thousand terrors, and this forest was a maze to her after sunset.

The voice sounded again; it was from the lake. Some man had met with an accident, and perhaps might die unless she could go to his aid.

Then the voice became silent and Nancy uttered a little sob and dashed down the stairs to the coat closet. She wrapped herself in a large ulster

and set herself out into the dripping night.

She called once timidly, and the wayfarer heard her and answered with a note of hope in his voice.

Nancy made her way toward the lake, now and then bumping into trees or stumbling over roots, for in the pitch darkness she could not see a hand's breadth before her.

"Here!" said the voice close at hand, and Nancy floundered through the wet leaves until she touched something alive. Suppressing a desire to scream, she asked bravely:

"What is the matter?"

"I believe I've broken my leg—I've been lying here for several hours. I saw the lights of the bungalow, but it was so quiet there I was afraid it was deserted. If you can call one of the men he might help me inside." It was a pleasant, refined voice with a note of authority.

"I will help you in," said Nancy firmly, and she bent down to assist him.

He was a big man, and heavy and whatever agony it cost him to crawl over the hundred yards that led to the bungalow no one but himself ever knew. Nancy went beside him, helping him over the rough places and at the front steps supporting him into the house.

When the door closed behind them he sank forward on the great bear-skin rug and fainted away.

Nancy quite forgot to be afraid.

With an unconscious stranger upon her hands, she thought of nothing else. She ran from medicine closet to pantry and thence to the stove, where she heated a kettle of water. She made him as comfortable as possible on the soft skins on the floor, propped his head with pillows, restored him with stimulants and then sat down and looked at him.

He was a youngish man, perhaps in his early forties, handsome, and evidently well-dressed in spite of the mud that he had accumulated since his fall.

"I am sorry that I cannot send for a doctor just yet," she murmured shyly. "I hope you are not suffering much pain."

"Thank you—a little twinge now and then." He winced as he spoke. "You wouldn't have to go far to find a doctor to-night—I'm Dr. Milbank, the only physician within fifteen miles!"

"Oh, I've heard of you," murmured Nancy.

He nodded. "I was on my way to the Dexter place—they sent for me and I had to leave my horse back there in the woods and walk. I fell over a root and am quite sure I've broken my leg. When your men get around I believe I can direct them how to set it." And with the last words he drooped off to sleep.

He slept until the gray dawn pierced the curtained windows with a wan light. Timothy Finn and his wife crept home, shamefaced and penitent, and followed Nancy's stern bidding with alacrity. Dr. Milbank awoke to a blazing fire and such rough medical assistance as the girl and her servants could render.

Dr. Milbank remained at the bungalow for several weeks as the guest of the Meads, and when he went away, cured, it was with the image of Nancy Mead enshrined in his heart.

Nancy had quite lost her timidity of the forest at night.

"I can never be afraid of it again for imagine it filled with horrors," she sometimes says, "for you know I found my husband there!"

And Timothy Finn and his wife take half the credit for this romance to themselves.

(Copyright, 1912, by Associated Literary Press.)

KNEW METHODS OF ARMOUR

As a New Employee, Charlie Tole Made Himself Solid With the Eccentric Boss.

When Charlie Tole went to work for the Armour's in Chicago, he learned that it was the habit of Philip Armour to get down to his desk every morning at half past 6 o'clock. A month after Tole took his job, Philip returned to town, and the following morning Charlie was at his desk at 6:30 for the first time in his life.

Mr. Armour walked in at 6:33, pinched himself to see if he was awake, and then stared at Tole. Charlie went on with his arduous labors.

"How long have you been working here?" asked the magnate.

"Oh, about a month," replied Charlie carelessly.

"Do you get down to work at this time every morning?" continued Armour, immensely pleased.

"I do," said Charlie, "when you're in town."

This brutal frankness made a hit with Armour, and always after that Tole was one of his favorites.

When Christmas came he called Charlie into his office, produced a handsome gold watch and chain, handed it to Tole, and said graciously:

"You have rendered valuable service to this business, and I think it deserves recognition. I give you this as a sign of my appreciation."

Tole took the watch, examined it appreciatively, and then gravely handed it back.

"No," he said slowly. "I'm sorry, but I can't accept that, Mr. Armour." "Why not?" asked the big man, in amazement.

"Because," explained Tole, "I've been informed that, if you ever give a man a present, you never raise his salary."—Popular Magazine.

The Reason.
"He follows her like a dog"
"Ah, his is pussy love!"

GOV. WILSON IS OUR NEXT PRESIDENT

His Electoral Vote
Will Be 397.

PROGRESSIVES SECOND

House of Representatives Is
Overwhelmingly Democratic.

WILL ALSO CONTROL SENATE

Sulzer Elected by 150,000 In
New York State.

New York, Nov. 6.—Woodrow Wilson has been elected president of the United States.

Indications are that the Democratic majority in the electoral college will be overwhelming.

Governor Wilson has carried Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Wisconsin, Kentucky, Maryland, Tennessee, Nebraska and Oregon, all the Southern states and has probably carried Missouri, Iowa and North Dakota.

Former President Roosevelt has carried Illinois, while the rock-ribbed Republican state of Vermont is in doubt between Taft and Roosevelt. That ancient bulwark of Republicanism, Pennsylvania, is in doubt between Wilson and Roosevelt, with the chances in favor of Roosevelt.

Michigan, equally strong in past years in its allegiance to the Republican party, has probably been carried by Roosevelt.

In 1908 Taft carried Illinois by 179,122, Indiana by 10,731, Maine by 31,584, Maryland by 605, Massachusetts by 110,425, Connecticut by 44,660, Michigan by 159,908, Missouri by 620, New Jersey by 82,759, New York by 202,602, Ohio by 69,591, Oregon by 24,481, Pennsylvania by 297,001, South Dakota by 27,270 North Dakota by 24,795, Iowa by 74,439, Wisconsin by 81,115 and Vermont by 28,056.

The Democratic victory in many of these rock-ribbed Republican states was due entirely to the split in the Republican party and to the candidacy of former President Roosevelt. In most of the states Roosevelt got the labor vote and the radical Republican vote, which has been dissatisfied with the Taft administration and the Payne-Aldrich tariff law. In other words, Colonel Roosevelt for the time being, at least, has practically annihilated the Republican party in the states mentioned.

In all states where Roosevelt and the Progressive candidates for governor have run second to Wilson and the Democratic candidate for governor, the Progressive party will have control of the election machinery over the Republicans beginning with next year's municipal campaigns. This control will extend to 1914 in the state elections for governor and members of the legislature.

The Progressives may have elected 14 congressmen and it is certain that Victor Berger, the Socialist, has been defeated in his Wisconsin district.

Uncle Joe Cannon Defeated.

"Uncle" Joe Cannon, who has represented the Eighteenth Illinois district since the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, has gone down to defeat.

Scattering and incomplete returns from Missouri indicate that Wilson has carried the state by not far from 20,000. Major has probably been elected Democratic governor. The indications are that both the upper and lower branches of the Missouri legislature will be controlled by the Democrats.

In California one of the interesting features of election day was the part taken by the women in their first presidential election. In Los Angeles the vote of the women was extraordinarily heavy and was heavily Progressive. In San Francisco there were many women clerks of election and in one district 80 women did picket duty to prevent the election of Wolf for state senator and the constitutional amendment permitting the re-establishment of race tracks, which Wolf espoused.

The few returns received from Louisiana have brought some disappointment to the Progressives of that state. The strong anticipated Roosevelt sentiment seems to have eaten into the normal Democratic plurality by less than 10 per cent. In many

WOODROW WILSON
New Jersey Governor Elected by Democrats to Presidency.



© 1912, by American Press Association.

parts of the state Debs ran ahead of Taft.

A dispatch received from Denver states that the vote was unusually heavy all over the state, but that because of the long ballot and the many constitutional amendments submitted to the people the result in Colorado is still in doubt.

The Detroit Free Press says that Roosevelt carries Michigan by from 75,000 to 100,000, based on official returns from over half of the counties in the state. Ferris (Democratic) for governor will probably be elected by 25,000 plurality.

According to the latest figures, congress will be Democratic in both branches. The house will probably stand 294 Democrats, 125 Republicans, 15 Progressives and one Socialist.

According to the same figures the Democrats, who had 43 in the upper house of the last congress, gained nine, which will bring their number up to 52 in the next congress. The Republicans will have 44, leaving the senate Democratic by a majority of eight.

The New York legislature will stand as follows: Senate, 33 Democrats, 18 Republicans; assembly, 101 Democrats, 57 Republicans, two Progressives.

The Democratic party will be in absolute control of the national government after March 4 next, president, senate and house.

Colonel Roosevelt's son-in-law, the Hon. Nicholas Longworth of Cincinnati, has slipped in by a narrow margin, as did also Seneca Payne of New York and John Weeks of Massachusetts.

The Democratic gain in Massachusetts was not anywhere nearly as great as the enthusiastic Bay State leaders imagined. In Ohio the indications are that the Republicans will have only two or three congressmen, while in the present house they have five. There will be 13 Republican congressmen from New York as against 14 in the present house.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATIC

Sulzer Elected Governor With Both Branches of Legislature.

New York, Nov. 6.—There was great rejoicing last night at Democratic state headquarters over the smashing victory for Governor Wilson and for Representative William Sulzer. Secretary John A. Mason of the committee was in charge of headquarters.

Soon after dusk the returns from the counties in which voting machines are used flashed the result and from that hour it was known that a great Wilson victory was at hand and that Sulzer was to be the next Democratic governor of the state.

Moreover, these returns indicated that both branches of the legislature would be Democratic by heavy majorities. Secretary Mason said last night:

"Wilson and Sulzer have carried New York state by 200,000 plurality. Two-thirds of the assembly and senate and assembly would be Democratic by heavy majorities.

Secretary Mason said late last night:

"Wilson and Sulzer have carried New York state by 200,000 plurality. Two-thirds of the assembly and senate will be Democratic. The delega-

tion from the state to the House of Representatives will be Democratic by a large majority. It is a political revolution. The campaign has been a clean one. It has been forcibly conducted and the returns show that the Democratic party is united in the state as it has not been in many years."

There were Democrats at headquarters that say that if Governor Dix had been renominated he would have carried the state certainly by 100,000 plurality. Several of these Democrats expressed the conviction that Assemblyman Alfred E. Smith of New York city would be speaker of the assembly and Senator Robert F. Wagner president pro tem. of the senate.

For the first time in memory of men, the Democrats have come down to the Harlem bridge with a Democratic plurality. This is what Mr. Mason meant when he said a revolution has taken place up state. It is easily discernable, though, that this Democratic upstate plurality could not have occurred except for the tremendous split in all up-state counties in the Republican party.

The New York Democrats have also elected their associate judges of the court of appeals. And that's all any party had to elect in this state this year.

CONGRATULATES WILSON

Colonel Roosevelt Telegraphs the President-elect His Best Wishes.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Colonel Roosevelt sent the following telegram to Governor Wilson: "The American people, by a great plurality, have conferred upon you the highest honor in their government. I congratulate you thereon.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The colonel then issued the following statement:

"The American people, by a great plurality, have decided in favor of Mr. Wilson and the Democratic party. Like all other good citizens I accept the result with good humor and contentment.

"As for the Progressive cause I can only repeat what I have already so many times said, the faith of the leader for the time being is of little consequence, but the cause itself must in the end triumph, for its triumph is essential to the well being of the American people."

ELECTORAL VOTE.

Latest Returns Give Wilson 397, Roosevelt 107 and Taft 27.

STATES.	Wilson	Roosevelt	Taft
Alabama	12	0	0
Arkansas	9	0	0
Arizona	3	0	0
California	13	0	0
Colorado	6	0	0
Connecticut	7	0	0
Delaware	3	0	0
Florida	6	0	0
Georgia	14	0	0
Idaho	4	0	0
Illinois	29	0	0
Indiana	15	0	0
Iowa	13	0	0
Kansas	10	0	0
Kentucky	13	0	0
Louisiana	10	0	0
Maine	6	0	0
Maryland	6	0	0
Massachusetts	18	0	0
Michigan	15	0	0
Minnesota	12	0	0
Mississippi	10	0	0
Missouri	18	0	0
Montana	4	0	0
Nebraska	8	0	0
Nevada	3	0	0
New Hampshire	4	0	0
New Jersey	14	0	0
New Mexico	3	0	0
New York	45	0	0
North Carolina	12	0	0
North Dakota	5	0	0
Ohio	24	0	0
Oklahoma	10	0	0
Oregon	5	0	0
Pennsylvania	38	0	0
Rhode Island	5	0	0
South Carolina	9	0	0
South Dakota	5	0	0
Tennessee	12	0	0
Texas	20	0	0
Utah	4	0	0
Vermont	4	0	0
Virginia	12	0	0
Washington	7	0	0
West Virginia	8	0	0
Wisconsin	13	0	0
Wyoming	3	0	0
Totals	397	107	27

Governor Wilson Is Srenaded.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 6.—Serenaded by Princeton students and townspeople who swarmed down to congratulate him on his election to the presidency, Governor Wilson standing on a chair on his front porch said: "I myself have no feeling of triumph tonight. I have a feeling of solemn responsibility. I know that a great task lies ahead of the man associated with me and ahead of myself; therefore I look upon you with the plea that with your best purposes, your purest impulses, you will stand behind me and support the men of the new administration.

"I believe very heartily that a great cause has triumphed; that the American people know what they want and when they know what they want they have the men and the purpose to attain it."

Progressives to Control Machinery. New York, Nov. 6.—In all states where Roosevelt and the Progressive

candidate for governor have run second, the Progressive party will have control of the election machinery beginning with next year's municipal campaign.

This control will extend to 1914 in the state elections for governor and members of the legislature. In New York state in all counties where Oscar S. Straus, the Progressive candidate for governor, has run second, the Progressives will have control of the election machinery beginning with next year's municipal elections.

This control will also extend, according to law to 1914 when a governor is to be elected and when a legislature is also to be elected, which will elect a United States senator to succeed Ellhu Root.

New York City's Vote.

New York, Nov. 6.—The city of New York has given Wilson for president a plurality of 123,000 over Roosevelt, who got 61,700 more votes than Taft. Wilson's vote was 184,725 greater than Taft's.

In Manhattan and the Bronx Wilson's plurality is 67,235 over Roosevelt. Taft got 35,000 less votes than Roosevelt and 102,786 less than Wilson.

Brooklyn gave Wilson a plurality of 37,865 over Roosevelt. Taft was 57,879 votes behind Wilson and 20,000 back of Roosevelt. In 1908 Taft's plurality in Brooklyn over Bryan was 23,033.

The plurality in the whole city for Sulzer, Democrat, for governor, is 107,253 over Straus, Progressive, who ran 66,597 ahead of Hedges, Republican.

Colonel Annihilated Republican Party.

New York, Nov. 6.—Former President telephoned to friends in the Union League club last night stating that he had practically annihilated the Republican party and that the Progressive party would be the party of the future and be in control of the national committee and national convention of 1916. Also Colonel Roosevelt stated in these messages that the Progressives would be in control of New York state and would control the state convention of 1914.

Wilson Carries His Home State.

Trenton, Nov. 6.—Governor Wilson has carried his home state of New Jersey by approximately 25,000 plurality. Indications are that the Democrats have carried through their legislative ticket, insuring a Democratic United States senator to succeed Senator Briggs in the person of former Congressman Hughes of Paterson.

McCombs Congratulates Wilson. New York, Nov. 6.—Chairman McCombs sent this message to Governor Wilson:

"You have carried New York by a tremendous plurality. You have also carried Massachusetts by 60,000 plurality; Minnesota by 25,000. It is a clean sweep."

Roosevelt Carries Oyster Bay.

Oyster Bay, Nov. 6.—Colonel Roosevelt carried Oyster Bay, his home town by a plurality of 292 over Woodrow Wilson, the vote standing: Roosevelt, 510; Wilson, 218; Taft, 67. The colonel's own election district vote gave Roosevelt 231, Wilson 86, Taft 28.

South Carolina Gives Wilson 60,000.

Columbia, S. C., Nov. 6.—Wilson has carried South Carolina by more than 60,000 plurality. The entire Democratic congressional representation is elected and Benjamin R. Tillman will be returned to the United States senate without opposition.

Champ Clark Is Re-Elected.

Montgomery, Mo., Nov. 6.—Incomplete returns indicate beyond a doubt that Champ Clark, speaker of the house, has been re-elected to congress from this district for the ninth time.

Wilson Carries North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 6.—Governor Wilson swept the state with a plurality of not less than 55,000. The Democratic state ticket was elected and a complete Democratic congressional delegation.

Joe Cannon Goes Down to Defeat.

Danville, Ill., Nov. 6.—Early indications were that the vote in this city would be more than 2 to 1 for Roosevelt over Wilson and Taft. The indications were that former Speaker Cannon went down to defeat.

Wilson Wins Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Nov. 6.—Governor Wilson, according to returns available, has won Wisconsin by considerable plurality, with Taft in second place. The Socialists claim the election of Berger and Gaylor.

Wilson Carries Ohio by 200,000.

Columbus, Nov. 6.—Democratic State Chairman Finley claimed Wilson had carried Ohio by 200,000 and that Cox's plurality for governor will be as high or higher.

Oregon Gives Wilson 15,000 Majority.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 6.—Early predictions are that Wilson will carry Oregon by 15,000, with Roosevelt second. Suffrage is probably carried by a small majority.

Wilson Sweeps Georgia.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 6.—The Atlanta Journal claims that Wilson has swept the state by an unprecedented plurality and that the entire congressional delegation is Democratic.

THOMAS S. MARSHALL
Democrats Elect Indiana Governor to the Vice Presidency.



Oklahoma Wilson by 20,000 Majority.

Oklahoma City, Nov. 6.—Early counting of the vote in Oklahoma indicated that the state had gone for Wilson by 20,000 as compared with 11,889 plurality for Bryan in 1908.

Roosevelt Carries Vermont.

Montpelier, Vt., Nov. 6.—Colonel Roosevelt will get the electoral vote of Vermont. Returns from 46 towns complete give him 3,093 compared with Taft 2,781, Wilson 1,616.

Connecticut Goes For Wilson

Hartford, Nov. 6.—Connecticut has gone for Wilson and Governor Baldwin, the latter running ahead. Both have safe leads.

Florida's Six Votes For Wilson.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 6.—This state gives her six electoral votes to Wilson by big majority.

Caleb Powers Re-Elected.

Middleboro, Ky., Nov. 6.—Caleb Powers has been re-elected to congress.

Payne Probably Re-Elected

Auburn, Nov. 6.—Payne carried Wayne county for congress by 500. Is probably re-elected.

BALLOT BY COUNTIES

Vote for Presidential Candidates In New York State.

The following table shows the approximate vote by counties for president:

County.	Wilson	Roosevelt	Taft
Albany	19,000	15,000	10,000
Allegany	3,200	4,000	3,000
Broome	6,681	3,313	2,550
Cattaraugus	6,500	6,000	4,400
Cayuga	6,800	6,700	2,900
Chautauque	4,000	10,000	11,000
Cheung	7,200	4,000	3,100
Chemango	4,100	4,800	1,700
Clinton	3,287	3,827	1,187
Columbia	5,000	3,700	2,000
Cortland	2,500	3,800	1,900
Delaware	5,746	5,702	2,444
Dutchess	9,600	10,000	2,000
Erie	40,000	25,000	31,000
Essex	32,000	3,300	1,900
Franklin	3,700	4,700	1,600
Fulton	3,500	4,000	2,600
Genesee	3,200	3,800	2,000
Greene	3,800	2,800	1,500
Hamilton	6,600	400	200
Herkimer	6,400	3,300	3,800
Jefferson	7,100	8,400	4,450
Kings	108,916	52,864	71,072
Lewis	2,500	2,100	1,800
Livingston	3,600	4,300	2,100
Madison	3,600	4,000	2,800
Monroe	22,000	20,000	18,000
Montgomery	5,200	6,100	1,500
Nassau	8,300	4,500	6,900
New York	169,454	65,952	102,245
Niagara	8,600	7,000	4,300
Oneida	14,600	12,100	8,700
Onondaga	19,000	18,000	12,500
Ontario	5,500	5,000	3,000
Orange	9,000	11,500	3,000
Orleans	3,100	3,800	1,500
Oswego	5,800	7,800	4,300
Otsego	6,600	6,300	2,100
Putnam	1,350	1,400	900
Queens	27,421	9,232	14,519
Rensselaer	14,500	11,500	4,000
Saratoga	9,443	3,033	3,741
Rockland	4,332	3,090	2,319
St. Lawrence	5,900	9,000	5,200
Saratoga	6,500	5,000	3,700
Schenectady	5,572	5,430	2,713
Schoharie	3,800	3,200	1,200
Schuyler	1,700	1,500	1,000
Seneca	3,200	2,100	1,700
Steuben	8,850	7,594	4,544
Suffolk	7,000	5,100	4,800
Sullivan	4,000	2,800	1,800
Tioga	2,800	3,200	1,400
Tompkins	3,204	2,112	1,938
Ulster	9,940	8,075	3,285
Warren	8,000	2,800	2,000
Washington	3,900	3,400	2,600
Wayne	4,142	4,938	2,660
Westchester	2,900	3,100	3,200
Westchester	23,600	15,750	14,700
Yates	1,451	1,792	901
Totals	689,862	494,709	421,407
Plurality for Wilson	205,153		

RESULTS FROM ALL OVER

Latest Election Results In Condensed Form for Busy Readers.

Baltimore, Md.—Wilson has carried the city by at least 20,000 plurality. The entire state has gone Democratic by not less than 40,000. Five Democratic congressmen have been elected with the Sixth district in doubt and the chances favoring the Democratic candidate.

Buffalo—The Queen city gave Wilson 26,210; Taft, 14,433; Roosevelt, 20,763.

In the gubernatorial contest Sulzer led with 29,328. Straus was second with 20,801. Hedges received 14,433.

Hart was the only Republican elected in Erie county.

Troy, N. Y.—Troy complete gives Wilson 7,235; Taft 5,828; Roosevelt 2,014. Sulzer ran far ahead of Wilson and his plurality will be over 2,000.

Schenectady, N. Y.—Lunn, the Socialist candidate for congress, has lost his own city by over 1,000. Reynolds, Democrat, has carried the city.

Utica, N. Y.—Complete returns in Utica give Taft 5,002, Wilson 5,483 and Roosevelt 3,199. In 1908 Utica gave Taft and Sherman a plurality of 1,032.