

THE GENOA TRIBUNE

ESTABLISHED 1890
A LOCAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER
Published every Friday,
Morrison Building, Genoa, N. Y. E. A. Waldo.

Subscription.
One year \$1.00
Six months50
Three months25
Single copies15
If no orders are received to discontinue the paper at the expiration of the time paid for, the publisher assumes that the subscriber desires the paper and intends to pay for it. No subscription will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Advertising.
Business notices with headings placed among regular reading matter, five cents per line, up to twenty lines, over that four cents. Local readers and special 3 cents per line for each insertion. No charge less than 10 cents. Rates for space advertising are reasonable, and the value of this publication as a medium through which the people of Southern Cayuga and Northern Tompkins may be reached, is unquestioned. Write for space rates.

Notices of entertainments, socials, sales, etc., inserted once free for more than that a slight charge will be made.
Obituaries, five cents per line. Cards of thanks twenty-five cents.

Job Printing.
This office is well equipped to do first class printing of every description at moderate prices.

Friday Morning, Nov. 3, 1911

Dickens' Last Letter.
The last paragraph of the last letter written by Charles Dickens reads:
"But I hope I may be ready at 3 o'clock. If I can't be—why, then I shan't be. Ever affectionately, C. D."
This was written an hour or so before the fatal seizure. Every word droops below the level from which each starts, each line of writing descends across the page, the simple C. D. is very shaky, and the whole letter is broken and weak. Charles Dickens was not "ready" at 3 o'clock. He died at ten minutes past 3 p. m.

A Father's Vengeance
would have fallen on any one who attacked the son of Peter Bondy, of South Rockwood, Mich., but he was powerless before attacks of Kidney trouble. "Doctors could not help him," he wrote, "so at last we gave him Electric Bitters and he improved wonderfully from taking six bottles. It's the best Kidney medicine I ever saw." Backache, Tired feeling, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, warn of Kidney trouble that may end in dropsy, diabetes or Bright's disease. Beware, Take Electric Bitters and be safe. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c at J. S. Banker's, Genoa, and F. T. Atwater's, King Ferry.

He Did.
"Love is a tender thing," said he.
"Then why not tender it?" said she timidly.

The Portuguese Rebanadas.
A dish as much eaten by the Portuguese as mince pie by Americans is the rebanadas. It is of Moorish origin and is easily and quickly prepared, as befitted the habits of a nomadic race. Thick slices of bread are soaked in new milk, fried in olive oil and then spread with honey and eaten hot. The result is something delicious, and those who have once tasted the rebanadas will want to taste it again.

Balked At Cold Steel.
"I wouldn't let a doctor cut my foot off," said H. D. Ely, Bantam, Ohio, "although a horrible ulcer had been the plague of my life for four years. Instead I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my foot was soon completely cured." Heals Burns, Boils, Sores, Bruises, Eczema, Pimples, Corns. Surest Pile cure 25c at J. S. Banker's, Genoa, and F. T. Atwater's, King Ferry.

Old newspapers, for shelves and putting under carpets, at this office 5 cents a package.

John W. Rice Co.
AUBURN, N. Y.

We are now ready to show you a splendid assortment of reliable merchandise for Fall.

Dress goods and trimmings in all the new colorings; Priestley's black dress goods at all prices, guaranteed to give satisfaction. New linens of all kinds, napkins, lunch cloths, tray cloths, pattern table cloths, etc., at low prices.

New suits and cloaks that fit perfectly. We make a specialty of garments for stout figures and can fit you regardless of your size.

We invite you to look at our stock. Always pleased to show you.

Are You Happy?

If you are it is safe to say that you enjoy good health, as it is impossible to be happy unless you are well. Noted physicians will tell you that bad stomachs and torpid livers are the cause of 95 per cent of all diseases. For the past 42 years SEVEN BARKS has proved to be the unequalled remedy for all STOMACH, LIVER and KIDNEY troubles, and the greatest tonic and blood purifier known. It makes your digestion what it should be and keeps your entire system in good condition. Price of SEVEN BARKS is but 50 cents a bottle at all druggists. Money refunded if not satisfied. Address LYMAN BROWN, 68 Murray St., New York, N. Y.

BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES.

Always Fresh and Clean, as They Are Issued Only Once.
There is as great a difference between the systems of issuing and redeeming the notes of the Bank of England and of the banks of the United States as there is in the appearance of the notes themselves.

The English note is somewhat longer and much broader than ours, is of rough white paper, with ragged edges, and is printed on one side only, with a few words and with no pictures or designs, while ours are completely covered on both sides with vignette and lattice work.

Our notes are issued again and again until they become so worn that they are no longer serviceable. A Bank of England note is never issued more than once. Every note that comes in is canceled at once, and then it is stored away with other canceled notes to be preserved for a certain period, when it is destroyed by burning.

It takes many clerks to keep the record of notes issued and paid, and so accurately is this work done that the date when any note was issued, the person receiving it, the time when it was paid into the bank and by whom, can be ascertained from the books. If the time was within five years the note itself can be produced. Many are the stories of attempts to counterfeit these notes, which have always been failures. As the average time between the issue and the payment of the notes is only five or six days the fact that a counterfeit is in circulation is known almost at once, and the system of English bankers and merchants of keeping the numbers of the notes received and paid gives the clew whereby the offender is quickly apprehended.—Exchange.

A TIP ON CHECKS.

Advice by a Woman Who Always Fills Out the Stub First.

The west side woman was paying with a check for some articles she had bought at a department store, and she was carefully filling in the stub of her check book first. "Oh, don't stop for that," urged her shopping companion, who was in a hurry. "You can do that when you get home."

Unmoved, the west side woman finished the stub with special care, then wrote the check, gave it to the salesman and said to her impatient friend: "Before I was married I took care of some of my father's accounts. The first time he ever asked me to fill out a set of blank checks for him so he could sign them he told me: 'One rule you must always observe—write the stub first. Make a vow to yourself, like unto the vow of Jephthah, that you will never write a check until the stub is filled. If for any reason you should fail later to write the check it would be a simple matter to cancel the stub, but if you write a check and leave the stub blank you open the door to a hundred chances of mistake. No one's memory can be trusted on that subject. Never try to trust yours. Let the law of 'the stub first' be to you as the law of the Medes and the Persians.' I have always found it perfectly easy to follow that rule, and that is one reason I have a bank account today. My husband is never afraid I will make him any trouble with it."—New York Press.

A Safe Proceeding.
Lord Lyons, English minister at Washington during the war between the states and afterward ambassador to France, was a diplomatist to the core. He was exceedingly tactful in action and had the rare art of keeping his own counsel. When Sir Edward Blount called upon him one day at the embassy in Paris he found that a well known journalist had preceded him. The visitor was laying down the law in a loud tone, and when, after his departure, Sir Edward was received he took the liberty of saying:
"May I be allowed to ask if it is quite wise to discuss state secrets in such a loud tone? I heard every word that was said, my lord, as I sat in the ante-room."
"Ah!" said Lord Lyons. "But even then you could not hear what I said, for I said nothing."

Ancient Stone Workers.
Egyptian stone workers 4,000 years ago had a surprising knowledge of what are considered modern tools. These pyramid builders operated with solid and tubular drills and straight and circular saws. In handling the tubular drills, which were of superior quality, the skill of the artisan was so remarkable that the cutting marks in granite show no indication of wear of the tool, while a cut of a tenth of an inch was made in the hardest rock at each revolution. A hole through both hard and soft material was bored perfectly smooth and uniform.

Her Account.
"I should like to open an account at this bank, if you please."
"We shall be glad to accommodate you, madam. What amount do you wish to deposit?"
"Oh, but I mean a charge account, such as I have at the big dry goods stores."—Chicago Tribune.

Explained.
"Now they claim that the human body contains sulphur."
"In what amount?"
"Oh, in varying quantities."
"Well, that may account for some girls making better matches than others."—London Opinion.

The necessity of circumstances proves friends and detects enemies.—Epictetus.

THE FARM LAWYER.

The New York courts hold that a certificate of deposit is not a negotiable instrument.

Where a note is voluntarily destroyed by the payee for the purpose of canceling it no action can be maintained on it as a lost instrument by the payee or any other person for him.

A railroad ticket for transportation paid for at the ordinary rate is not a contract within itself, but a mere evidence of contract which the law creates and which lies behind the ticket.

Capacity to understand the effect of making one's will and not actually understanding is the test of mental capacity to make a will.

ECONOMY OF SHEEP.

Improve Fertility and Take Nothing From the Soil.

When the small farmer adopts a permanent system of farming he will turn to sheep. He must have some way to conserve his soil fertility, and of all farm animals the sheep stands supreme in this particular, writes George McKerrow in the Orange Judd Farmer. The part that they have played in the development of other farming districts, notably England, should attest their value in intensive farming.

The type of sheep required for the small farm and the profit which can be derived from them when rightly kept is too little known. It is hard to realize that they can be made profitable by feeding on grain and tame hay, while heretofore they have roamed over and lived through a large part of the year on the native grass. But such is possible if we will only go at it in the right way.

In getting a flock the first thing to consider is the breed. It must be adapted to conditions. One essential is to get a type that can produce a prime mutton carcass and a heavy fleece at the same time. The dual purpose sheep has become a reality.



The Cheviot sheep has a fleece that is moderately long, straight and free from kemp (or the short coarse hairs that go by this name) and covers well all parts of the body down to the hocks. The ewes are excellent milkers and good mothers, losing few lambs even when untended by the shepherd. They are very docile and not given to straying. The fleece of the Cheviot weighs five to seven pounds in the ewes and a half more in the lambs. Ewes weigh up to 170 pounds and the rams a third more.

and it is no longer necessary to sacrifice mutton conformation for wool producing qualities or the reverse.

Aside from their mutton and wool producing qualities, sheep have an economic value to the farmer. I have seen them devour burdocks and ragweed with relish, while they had an abundance of good tame grasses. If a trip were taken through a rural community of any highly developed section it would be found that nearly all the most progressive farmers keep sheep. They know that sheep take practically nothing from the soil. The care of them is important, but is an exceedingly pleasant task and requires very little labor during the busy season.

There is a pleasure in caring for good sheep that cannot be equaled in any other branch of farming. Nothing will instill a love of farm life in a boy sooner than the care of such animals. I know this by experience. When kept in fenced pastures they are not susceptible to disease. Stomach worms are the greatest menace, but may easily be avoided by keeping the lambs off old sod in warm weather. The northwest will not give up her supremacy in sheep raising, but "the old order changeth, yielding place to the new."

Coal For the Hogs.

Soft coal or charcoal is to the hog as pie to the boy. Give it to them in frequent doses. If a big bunch of pigs are allowed to sleep together in cramped quarters, in bad weather, they will pile up and the small under pigs suffer. Easy to separate them into lots of eight or ten each. A sow pig farrowing at one year old will, if she and her offspring produce the average number of animals, round up a herd of 500 at the end of the fourth year, provided there are no slips, no deaths, no runs.

Keep the Best Lambs.

It takes some grit to say "No" when the butcher gets his eye on the nicest lamb you have—the one you wanted to save for yourself—but that very lamb will by and by bring you a great deal more than the meat man will give you for it how if you keep it and do well by it. Get your gumption up, then, and say: "No, sir. I'm going to keep that lamb myself."

THE CHIC RUCHE.

A Revival of the Elizabethan Effect.



A SMART NEW RUCHE.

Every now and then there is an effort made to revive the Elizabethan and Medici ruffs, but as a rule the idea is not taken up with enthusiasm. The ruche pictured is reminiscent of these old world models, but as you see the adaptation is most becoming and suitable for twentieth century wear. A full plaited brussels net ruche is attached to a wide collar of chiffon, edged with a band of satin and Irish lace insertion. The cuffs match the neck arrangement.

Conversation.

Conversation is one of the blights of civilization. People spend thousands of dollars in education, in books, in travel, in theater tickets, and all in order to be able to carry on a conversation.

As a consequence the women talk about cooks and clothes and the men about weather and women.

Conversation may be divided into chats, arguments, piffle and palaver, with gossips and quarrels as side issues. Conversations are fortunately forgotten as soon as they are over; otherwise people would be so mortified over their insane remarks that they would seek new friends every day, fearing to meet old ones.

The idea that when people meet it is necessary for them to talk has grown out of helpless self distrust. Not over five out of a million people say anything when they converse.

The trouble is that were we to try to develop the art of keeping still we should immediately begin to talk about it.

Fringed Evening Frock.

Fringe trims all the up to date garments this fall. It appears on hats, dresses and wraps alike. On the pretty frock designed for a young girl's



GIRL'S FROCK OF FLAME CHIFFON.

party costume an antique fringe of dull silver adorns the skirt drapery and the fichu bodice.

Black Velvet Foliage.

Now that fruit is one of the most popular forms of hat trimming we have gone in for foliage extensively. The new kind is made of black velvet. The oak leaf is quite fashionable; also the wide leaves of fruit trees. The velvet used is rather thin and is applied to green or black rubber stems. It is often used to trim a hat without the addition of anything else. It is especially effective on all white hats, as the maple combination does not decrease in popularity as the season rolls on. In truth, it is more in evidence than ever.

Cause For Joy.

Madge—Well, the edict has gone forth. Smaller hats are coming in. Marjorie—I'm so glad. Now I'll be able to keep them in my lovely hatbox and not have to use the storeroom.

FARMERS' SUPPLY HOUSE.

HURRAH, BOYS!

Fall is here, winter is coming! It will soon be time for those

FUR COATS

and this is the place where you can get the natural colored hides and No. 1 quality; every coat is guaranteed; also wool lined and leather Work Coats. We have also a few Blizzard Storm Coats guaranteed water proof or money refunded. The best stock of stable and covering Blankets ever in Genoa. Call and look the stock over before buying elsewhere. No trouble to show goods. Remember the place.

B. J. Brightman, Prop.
Genoa, N. Y.

BEECH-NUT BRAND

Sliced Beef

Did you ever eat a Beech Nut Sliced Beef Sandwich? The smoky flavor of the meat is very appetizing, great for indoor or outdoor luncheons. Per large can 30c. Purple stamps at

Edwin B. Mosher's,
SPOT CASH STORE,
Poplar Ridge, N. Y.

Going Out of the Jewelry Business.

I offer my entire and complete stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and silverware at a great reduction, and for much less than it can be purchased for elsewhere. So I invite all my old customers and their friends to give me a call and I'll prove my statement. Goods as represented or money refunded.

Confidential loans on all kinds of securities.

J. B. Liberman,
JEWELER AND BROKER,
Colonial Building. 109 E. State St., Ithaca, N. Y.

How Funds Increase

Every little saving has a magnetic influence for good. An account with the AUBURN TRUST COMPANY is accumulative in effect, and soon attracts more dollars.

Your account is invited.

3 1-2% Interest Paid on all Deposits

Money deposited the first three days in November draw interest from the first.

The Auburn Trust Co., Auburn, N. Y.

It Is Dangerous to Borrow.

A man who was too economical to purchase or to subscribe for a paper, sent his little boy to borrow the copy taken by a neighbor. In his haste the boy ran over a \$4 stand of bees, and in ten minutes looked like a warty summer squash. His cries reached his father, who ran to his assistance, and, failing to notice a barbed wire fence, ran into that, breaking it down, cutting a handful of flesh from his anatomy, and ruining a \$4 pair of pants. The old cow took advantage of the gap in the fence and got in the corn field, and killed herself eating green corn.

Hearing the racket, the wife ran, upset a four-gallon churn full of rich cream, into a basket of kittens, drowning the entire litter. In the hurry she dropped a \$25 set of false teeth. The baby, left alone, crawled through the spilled milk and into the parlor, raining a brand new \$20 carpet. During the excitement, the elder daughter ran away with the hired man, the dog broke up 11 setting hens, and the calves got out and chewed the tails off four fine shirts—**Ex.**

Profanity.

The effort which the Roman Catholic church is making to stop the use of profanity, is one of the most important reforms undertaken in a century. The power and strength of the movement was apparent last Sunday when thousands of men, members of the Holy Name societies of Western New York, marched in the city of Rochester.

Profanity is a habit, both bad and unnecessary. It is offensive to most ears, and pleasant to none. We have gotten beyond the day when any one believes that profanity adds emphasis to a narrative. The use of profanity is decreasing in the United States and so marked is the sentiment against it becoming that the profane man is made to feel that he is offensive in most circles, and the boy seeking employment finds that a clean tongue is a large asset.—**Ex.**

Why Is It?

The Seneca Falls Revue says: "There are merchants and dealers in Seneca Falls who deserve better conditions, a bigger population, greater activity and largely increased trade; but what are they doing to bring about these results? They want the local papers to 'boom' and 'boost' the town, which, of course, is helpful to them, but in what way do they show their appreciation of the zeal of the local press? Do they advertise their wares and invite people here? Are they doing their part toward helping along the town? Do they do anything to keep trade at home? The volumes of the local papers do not carry the advertisements of nearly all the tradespeople, who are anxious for trade, and who are willing to acknowledge the virtue there is in advertising. Do they ever stop to think of these things?"

The same conditions exist in other towns besides Seneca Falls. For instance, Genoa.

A Gift With a Thought.

What other Christmas present costs so little and means so much as a subscription to The Youth's Companion—52 weeks for \$1.75? It is a gift which benefits not only the one who receives it, but every member of the same household.

If you do not know The Companion, if you are at all uncertain just send us a postal card asking for sample copies.

Not only is The Companion the best gift you can choose for the money, but the easiest to choose. Keep the loving Christmas thought bright and unwearied by making your gift The Youth's Companion.

The one to whom you give the subscription will receive free The Companion's Calendar for 1912, lithographed in ten colors and gold, and you, too, as giver of the subscription, will receive a copy of the Calendar.

The subscription price is now only \$1.75, but on January 1, 1912, it will be advanced to \$2.00.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, 144 Berkeley St., Boston, Mass. New Subscriptions Received at The Tribune Office.

Subscribe for THE TRIBUNE.

WASHING AWAY THE LAND.

Erosion of the Drainage Basins of the United States.

Investigations by the United States geological survey of the erosion of numerous drainage basins of the United States show that the surface of the country is being removed at the average rate of about an inch in 760 years. Though this amount seems trivial when spread over the surface of the country, it becomes stupendous when considered as a total or even in separate drainage basins. The Mississippi river, for instance, carries annually to the sea 136,400,000 tons of dissolved matter and 340,500,000 tons of suspended matter, and of this total the Ohio river carries 83,350,000 tons and the Missouri river contributes more than twice as much. The Colorado river, which has built up for itself a vast delta, brings down more suspended matter than any other river in the United States, delivering annually 387 tons for each square mile of its drainage basin or a total of 100,740,000 tons.

The rivers of the United States carry to tidewater every year 270,000,000 tons of dissolved matter and 513,000,000 tons of suspended matter. This total of 783,000,000 tons represents more than 350,000,000 cubic yards of rock or 610,000,000 cubic yards of surface soil. If this erosive action had been concentrated on the isthmus of Panama at the time of American occupation it would have excavated the prism for an eighty-five foot level canal in about seventy-three days.

A FAMOUS DWARF.

Borulwaski, the Pole, Was Handsome, Scholarly and Witty.

A notable dwarf, who had a long lease of life over parts of two centuries—he was born in 1739 and died in 1837—was Borulwaski, the Pole, of whose debut an interesting tale is told. As a boy of fifteen, when he was just one inch higher than a two foot rule, Borulwaski was presented to the Empress Maria Theresa, who was so charmed by his good looks and grace that she seated him on her lap and gave him a hearty kiss. To the queen's question as to what he considered the most interesting sight in Vienna the dwarf replied, "What I now behold, so little a man on the lap of so great a lady." This speech rendered the little fellow a great favorite.

He became a special favorite of Stanislaus II., who took him to England and introduced him to George III., and for more than half a century Borulwaski made his home at the English court.

This dwarf, who at his tallest was a yard and three inches, had a sister whose head just reached her big brother's shoulders. Borulwaski was not only a handsome and courtly man, but a scholar of repute. He lived in five reigns, and when he died, lacking only two years of reaching the century mark, he was laid to rest in Dunham, side by side with the Palstaffian Stephen Kemble.

A Dark Smoke.

Funny thing about smoking! If a man were compelled to puff a good cigar with his eyes shut the operation would lose its zest. A man who had undergone a slight operation upon one of his eyes had to stay in a darkened room for a week with his optics bandaged. After a few days his doctor told him he could take a gentle smoke if he liked. He jumped at the chance and to his amazement found it afforded not the slightest pleasure. To be sure, men often smoke in the dark, but there's always the rosy glow of the lighted end to be seen and the faint outline of the cloud of smoke in the air. There's no more fun in a sightless smoke than a saltless egg or a kiss implanted upon your own hand. What's the psychology of it.—New York Press.

Universal Language.

He spoke his love in German—she answered not a word. In French he tried to woo her—the maiden never heard. He tried his luck in English, in Irish—all in vain; in Turkish, Greek and Latin, and in the tongue of Spain. And then an inspiration came to the anguished youth. "The universal language," he cried. "I'll try, forsooth!" He kissed the demure maiden and pressed her to his breast. She understood that language, and you can guess the rest.—Pearson's.

Thorough Mourning.

Mandy, who had just become a sorrowing widow, was sorting out several suits of black underclothes. Her friend asked in great astonishment: "Mandy, what fo' yoh done got them black undergarments?"

"Cause when Ah mourns Ah mourns."—Everybody's Magazine.

Both Curious.

Collector—Look here, the firm I represent wants to know when you're going to settle this bill. Debtor—Could I get a job with the concern you work for? My curiosity and theirs seem to coincide.—Toledo Blade.

Grammar and Greed.

Mrs. Fenish says that if she could have another chance she would rather marry a man who splits his infinitives than one who hates to break a dime.—Galveston News.

Belief.

"Do you believe in a hereafter?" "You bet. I have several enemies who are too strong for me to punish myself."—Chicago Record-Herald.

One has to spend so many years learning how to be happy.—Ellot.

Opportunity for the Farmer.

The profitable cultivation of basket willow in the United States is an opportunity that should not be overlooked by farmers who are anxious to add to their income by the cultivation of a crop on land that is now lying idle. Basket willow, like a number of other farm crops, is one of the smaller opportunities so often lost sight of in the general desire to grow crops on a large scale with the thought that there will be corresponding large returns. American farmers are apt to overlook the combined results from many small crops that can be handled with comparative small expense. European farmers keep a strict account of these, and in the aggregate often reap a rich reward for their thrift.

The demand for basket willow as an article for manufacturing basket ware and furniture is constantly growing. In this connection it is interesting to know that the United States is a very large purchaser of basket willow rods from France, Germany, Holland, Belgium, and Austria, while there are millions of acres of waste or undeveloped lands in this country capable of producing enough basket willows to supply the world. There is an annual importation of approximately one million pounds of basket willow rods ready for the basketmakers' use. Approximately four times this amount is imported in the form of manufactured basket ware and willow furniture. The total value of this material is about \$300,000, which might as well be paid to the American farmers if they knew how to grow the crop successfully.

That the growing of basket willows is a profitable farm crop may be seen from the figures of yield contained in a United States Forest Service circular entitled "Practical Results in Basket Willow Culture." An acre of well-managed basket willows, calculating the yield at 3,000 pounds of dry sap-peeled rods at 5 to 7 cents a pound, will give a net profit from \$75 to \$135 per acre. The cost of cultivating and harvesting basket willows is variously estimated at from \$50 to \$75 an acre. Of course the above figure of yield is above the average for the United States, but even if the yield should be only two-thirds of that obtained on the experimental farm at Arlington, Virginia, the net profit would still be far better than that of most other crops.—Scientific American.

Try a Special Notice in THE TRIBUNE They bring quick returns

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Poultry wanted at Carson House, Genoa, Tuesday morning, Nov 7 Will be at Carson House Monday night. Black Minorcas and Brown Leghorns, 8c per lb. White Leghorns, chickens and others under 4 lbs each. 9c lb Hens and chickens over 4 lbs each 10c Ducks 11c; turkeys 17c to 18c; young pigs and pork wanted. Guinea fowls.

S. C. HOUGHTALING, Both phones R. D 5, Auburn.

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Shropshire yearling rams; will weigh 190 pounds or better, at reasonable prices FLOYD DAVIS, Ludlowville, N. Y., R. D. 9. Residence, Lake Ridge.

Miller phone. 14w2

FOR SALE—2 good cows cheap, due April 1. ED DOYLE, Genoa, R. D. 14w3 Hazard phone 18M

FOR SALE—85 Brown Leghorn hens 1 year old. C. B. JEFFERSON, 14w2 Ludlowville, N. Y. R. D. 10

FOR SALE—Three thoroughbred Shropshire bucks, one yearling and two lambs, at grade prices. BEST MOSELEY, Ludlowville, R. D. 13w2 Miller phone.

Twenty Choice Rams for Sale—Hampshires, Suffolks, Daineses, Oxford and Southdowns, one and two years old Will be sold immediately at farmer's prices in order to make room. E. S. HILL & SON, Freewille, N. Y.

18w2 R. H. Station, Peroton

FOR SALE—Full blood choice white Pekin ducks; also full blood Indian Runner ducks.

FRED J. KING, King Ferry, N. Y.

Grade Shropshire ram for sale.

E. H. SHARP, Genoa, N. Y.

FOR SERVICE—Registered Chester White boar. A. M. BENNETT, 13w6 Venice, N. Y.

FOR SALE—April hatched White Leghorn pullets. J. W. WAGNER, 13w3 Atwater, N. Y.

We will grind cider Tuesdays and Saturdays during November. 5tf COUNSELL & SNYSHALL, King Ferry.

Will start cider mill Saturday and will make Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Jelly made also. 11w4 C. J. WHEELER, Genoa

FOR SALE—Piano and some household goods. LOUISE G. BENEDICT, Administratrix, Genoa, N. Y.

FOR SALE—At bargain prices, large stove wood or coal, good horse, platform wagon, carriage, cutter, pleasure sleigh, harnesses, robes, etc 50tf A. J. HURLBUT, Genoa

Highest market price for cattle lambs, calves, hogs and poultry 51J1 WHELEY WILBUR, King Ferry.

The People's Cash Store
Our aim is to satisfy our customers

JUST ARRIVED.
Everything in Men's and Boys' warm Footwear
We have a large assortment of Felts and Rubbers.
Also a special lot of heavy Wool Hose. All at reasonable prices.
Come in and look them over before buying.

George S. Aikin,
KING FERRY, NEW YORK.

HORSES
=:FOR = SALE=:
I have left for the West to purchase another lot of horses which will arrive and be on sale at my stable
Saturday, November 4.
This stock will be the same high class stock I always handle but the price will be about \$25 less per head than usual. Every horse as represented or no sale and money refunded.
J. M. GRIFFIN,
26 Water St., Auburn, N. Y.

HEALTH HINT FOR TODAY.
How to Fight Colds.
Never go to bed chilly; it is the surest way to take cold. Exercise hard for five or ten minutes before retiring, put your feet in cold water, followed by vigorous rubbing, and take a hot water bottle to bed for your feet. When you feel a cold is coming take whatever remedy you are accustomed to use for breaking it. Most families have some sure cure, but neglect to use it until the cold has a grip. A mustard foot bath and hot lemonade are good, provided one can keep warm at night. It should not be taken by mothers who must be out of bed several times at night with their children. A simple cure that will break a cold if taken at first symptom is a teaspoonful of powdered ginger in a glass of hot milk.

To Aid the Cause.
Pledges of \$1,562, headed by one of \$500 by Miss Emily Howland of Sherwood, were given Wednesday at the annual meeting of the New York State Woman's Suffrage Association, in Ithaca for the furtherance of the cause in this state.
A novel plan of campaigning before the convening of the next legislature was proposed by Mrs. McKenzie of New York. It provided for an automobile speechmaking tour from Bowling Green, New York city, through the streets of the city and in every hamlet on the way to Albany. Prominent women are to be the speakers.
Colonel Theodore Roosevelt is expected at the George Junior Republic at Freville Friday, when the suffragists make a trip there, and an effort will be made to get Colonel Roosevelt to speak on the suffrage cause.

THE UNEMPLOYED.
The solution of the unemployed problem in the big cities is in the transportation of men who want to work to places where men are wanted to work.—Terrence V. Powderly.
Many Children are Sickly.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen & Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

THE GENOA TRIBUNE and Tribune Farmer, \$1.55.

MISS BIRD BURRITT
68 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.,
Carries a full line of up-to-date Millinery and Hair Goods.
From Auburn to Boston one fare plus \$2 round trip, Thursday, Nov. 9. Final return limit, 15 days, with stop-over privileges in either direction, at Pittsfield, Palmer, South Framingham, Springfield or Worcester, Mass.
New York Central Lines.

Get Your "Ball-Band" Rubber Boots Now!
This bad weather is sending the people in for this famous quality footwear. We don't know how long our stock will last. Be sure to get yours by buying NOW!
D. W. SMITH, Genoa.

Our Special Notice Column Brings Results—Try One.

Village and Vicinity News.

—B. J. Brightman has been quite ill with asthma and bronchitis this week.

—Mrs. Frances Wilbet is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Cora Green.

—The First National Bank will be closed on Tuesday, Nov. 7, election day.

—Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Whitbeck visited friends at Seneca Falls and Auburn this week.

—The village was full of "ghosts" Tuesday evening and every house received a visit from them.

—Mr. and Mrs. Menzo Mabey of Auburn were guests of Genoa friends a short time this week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Weeks of Locke were visitors at Wm. Sharpsteen's over Tuesday night and Wednesday.

—Miss Anna Myer and friend, Marion Darrow, of Interlaken spent the week-end at the home of the former in Genoa.

—President Taft has issued his annual Thanksgiving proclamation setting aside Thursday, Nov. 30, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

—Lewis D. Morton, T. B. Smith, wife and daughters, all of Berkshire, were over-Sunday guests of the former's daughter, Mrs. D. W. Gower.

—Mrs. Ernest Mead and sister, Mrs. Mortimer Weeks of Colorado, returned Wednesday evening from Syracuse where they had been visiting their sister, Mrs. Bodley, since Saturday.

—Rev. J. B. Doran, pastor of St. Hilary's church, returned to his home at Scipio, Saturday last, after spending two weeks at Clifton Springs. He is improving, but was not able to conduct services last Sunday.

—The first snow of the season here fell Wednesday night and Thursday, with a cold north wind. If that was a sample of what we are to have for the next few months, we may as well prepare for an old-fashioned winter.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. Decker returned to their home in Skaneateles Saturday, after spending several weeks with their daughter and son, north of the village. Mr. Decker has husked over one hundred bushels of corn this fall. He is in his ninety-third year.

—The following is a list of the resident pastors who will be at Auburn Seminary during the coming winter: Nov. 6, President M. L. Burton, Smith college; Dec. 4, Rev. S. Parkes Cadman of Brooklyn; Jan. 15, Rev. Henry Vanduyke, D. D., L. L. D., of Princeton; Jan. 22, John Grier Hibben, D. D., of Princeton; Feb. 5, Rev. Hugh Black, Union Theological seminary; March 4, Rev. George Hodges, Cambridge, Mass.; April 1, Rev. George Jackson, Toronto.

—The death of Mrs. S. J. Hand, widow of Hiram Hand, occurred quite suddenly at her home near this village, on Wednesday afternoon, after a few weeks' illness. Although it was feared by her family and friends that she would not recover, her death was quite unexpected at this time. Mrs. Hand herself only last week said she was going to get well and expected to go to California, as usual for the winter, and she would not consent to have a special nurse besides her sister who was with her all through her illness. One was secured, however, and attended her from Sunday morning until she died. A reply to a telegram sent to her daughter, Mrs. Mattie Mitchell at Riverside, Calif., was received Wednesday evening, stating that she would leave at once for Genoa. It is expected that she will arrive some time during Monday, and the funeral will be held Wednesday at 1:30 o'clock at the house and at the Presbyterian church at 2:30. Burial in Genoa cemetery.

—John G. Law and wife of Moravia were Sunday guests in town.

—Bryant Hibbard of Syracuse was an over-Sunday guest at J. S. Banker's.

—The American Good Roads Congress will meet in Rochester Nov. 14-17.

—Mrs. Eva Hewitt and Mrs. Ella Ford of Auburn spent Sunday afternoon in town.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Grant of Ludlowville were recent guests at F. W. Miller's.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Seymour were Sunday guests of Arthur Laudon and wife at Poplar Ridge.

—H. J. Knapp of Fayetteville and brother of Lebanon, N. H., were guests of the former's son, A. H. Knapp and family this week.

—Mrs. G. W. Rawley went to McGraw last Saturday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Charlotte Rawley Townsend, who died Wednesday evening in the Cortland hospital.

—Mrs. Sarah Haight of Barker, who has been spending several weeks at Poplar Ridge, was in town Monday. She expects to return to her home in Niagara county Nov. 9.

—Another victim, making 31 in all, of the wreck on the Lehigh at Manchester in August, is reported. James Hyde, a G. A. R. man, died Sunday at his home in New York, as a result of injuries received, although at the time his injuries were not thought to be serious.

—An exchange says: "Now is the time when parents should know where their children are in the evening and what sort of companions they have. A little wise and diligent solicitude just now when their children are young will prevent many paternal heart-aches in the future and keep many a girl and boy from going astray."

—Joseph Pulitzer, editor and proprietor of the New York World and the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, died Sunday on board his yacht, Liberty, in the harbor of Charleston, S. C., after an illness of only 48 hours. Death came from heart trouble, caused by acute indigestion, it is believed. He was 64 years old, and for the past 22 years had been totally blind. He was born in Buda Pest, Hungary.

—Miss June Skinner of Syracuse spent Sunday with her father, Dr. J. W. Skinner. Mrs. Corena Skinner of Syracuse, with her mother, Mrs. Buxton, and sister, Mrs. Harry Hopper of Indianola, Iowa, also her sister, Mrs. Walter Jackson of London, England, were in town Saturday afternoon last, and spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Buxton's brother, E. D. Cheesman, at Belltown. Mr. Cheesman of Auburn also spent Sunday at the same place.

—Miss Amanda Knapp, who suffered an operation on Oct. 16 in the Moravia hospital, died Sunday evening last. She was recovering nicely from the operation, when erysipelas developed, causing her death. The funeral was held at the Methodist church at Locke on Wednesday at 11 o'clock with burial in Genoa cemetery. The deceased was about 57 years old and had been in ill health for the past year. She resided about four miles east of this village, with her brother, LaVerne Knapp. She also leaves two other brothers, Fred of Moravia and Horace of Dryden.

—W. A. Counsell and family will leave to-morrow for Union Springs, where they will reside on Center St. On Monday evening, a farewell party was given for them at the home of Mrs. Counsell's mother, Mrs. Lois Smith. About fifty people, including Geo. Atwater and wife and Mrs. Shangle from Belltown, were present and a pleasant evening was spent with games and visiting. Refreshments were served at a late hour, and all joined in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Counsell good fortune in their new place of residence, and expressed regret at their departure from Genoa.

—Miss Lena Gilkey spent last week with Moravia friends.

—Mrs. Bert Gray and son are visiting relatives in Auburn.

—A. J. Hurlbut sold his horse Thursday to J. H. Smith of Lansingville.

—Leslie Egbert and Mildred Lanterman of South Lansing were callers in town Sunday.

—Mrs. L. S. Conklin and Mrs. Eugene Conklin of Auburn spent Friday with their nephew, F. D. Brinkerhoff.

—Mrs. Benj. Arnold, Sr., of Seneca Falls came Wednesday afternoon to the home of her mother, the late Mrs. Hand, arriving just after she passed away.

—Genoa W. C. T. U. will meet on Saturday, Nov. 11, at 2:30 o'clock at the home of the president, Mrs. W. W. Beach. Note the change of date from the regular time.

—Lester Cooper of Cortland, died at his home in that city, Wednesday, aged 69 years. He was for twenty-seven years the senior member of the firm of Cooper Bros., machinists and foundrymen.

—For the first time in the history of the town of Urbana the license question is to be voted upon at the fall election. Hammondsport is in the town of Urbana, and the principal business of the people is in grapes and wine.

—Silver Spray Flour at \$1.35 per sack at Genoa Mill.

—Upon the recommendation of the Worthy Grand Master of the State of New York, Rev. K. F. Richardson, grand chaplain of the State of New York, International Order of Good Templars, has been called to Albany county to participate in the No-License campaign being conducted there and will spend three days beginning Nov. 1, 1911, addressing mass meetings and such other work as may be found necessary to promote the great cause.—Port Byron Chronicle.

—Two dogs got in the flock of sheep of Chas. Cook at Poplar Ridge on Sunday last, and about thirty sheep were bitten. Six of them were so badly lacerated that they had to be killed. Joseph Titus, a neighbor of Mr. Cook, went to his assistance with a shotgun and was successful in killing one of the dogs—a big bull dog—which is thought to have been the same dog which had done considerable damage among sheep in that vicinity before. Mr. Titus also shot a wild goose recently.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ray G. Smith left yesterday for a visit with relatives in Huron, Michigan.

—Mrs. F. E. Briggs, who suffered a surgical operation in Cortland Hospital Tuesday, is doing nicely.

—Claude Small, who has not been in good health for several months, left Monday for Clifton Springs where he will have treatment in the Sanitarium.

—Abram Nostrand located a swarm of bees in the cornice of the Congregational church some time ago and Tuesday with the aid of his son, Harry, the crop of honey was harvested. Nearly one hundred pounds of sweetness were taken.—Moravia Republican.

Presbyterian Church.
Sunday morning theme, "Is Your Heart Right?" Sunday school as usual. Evening theme, "Say and do not." Endeavor meeting at 6:45. All are invited.

The trustees and elders of the Presbyterian church wish to express their appreciation for the kindness and courtesy recently shown them by the Baptist society in allowing the use of their church for services.

The "Ever Faithful" class of the Presbyterian Sunday school is showing its faithfulness, both in working and giving for the good of the church and society. It recently gave five dollars for church expenses, five dollars for cement walk, and \$1.68 for the Freedmen's offering. This little class consists of a few small boys ranging in years from 8 to 13, who earn by pennies and nickles all they give.

If you have anything to sell, if you want anything, have lost or found an article, make it known through a Special Notice in THE TRIBUNE.

The Biggest Jewelry Store Says

You pay the penalty if you abuse or neglect your eyes, you will suffer the headaches, the pains in the temples, back of the head, etc.

These are also warnings to you to see some one who is competent and above all, will tell you the truth. You will find our examinations thorough and our corrections exact. Thousands of cases successfully fitted testify to our ability and methods. It costs you nothing to find out; we do not FORCE glasses on you, we only prescribe them when absolutely needed. Come to us while you think of it.

A. T. HOYT,
Leading Jeweler and Optometrist,
HOYT BLOCK, MORAVIA, N. Y.

Moore—Ferris.

A beautiful home wedding took place at the spacious home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ferris at Five Corners, N. Y., on Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1911, at high noon, when their only daughter, Bertha May, became the bride of Dannie Ellison Moore.

The house was profusely decorated for the occasion, the color scheme of yellow, white and green being used. The ceremony took place beneath a floral bell of white carnations and amilax, suspended from an arch of green and white, and the ceremony was performed by Rev. E. L. Dresser, pastor of their home church. The bride's dress was white silk laced-down with pearl trimming and yellow bugle fringe, and she carried a shower bouquet of white roses. The man and matron of honor were Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Mead, while the best man was Harry L. Ferris and the bridesmaid was Miss Julia Hunt of Interlaken, a former classmate of the bride. Little Miss Martha Elizabeth Kaizer from Macon, Ga., was flower girl. The bridal march was played by Miss Mildred Lanterman of South Lansing, cousin of the bride. After congratulations, a very fine dinner was served to about ninety relatives and friends of the young couple.

The bride received a large number of beautiful gifts of silver, cut glass, linen, a beautiful lamp, rugs and some household furniture, besides about forty dollars in money.

The out-of-town guests were Dr. John Kaizer and daughter and Mrs. Fred Chase of Macon, Ga.; Mrs. Chas. Hines and Miss Harriet Hines of Ithaca; Mrs. Mary Hunt, Miss Clara Hunt, Miss Clara Ferris, and Mrs. Henry LaMay and son of Auburn; Misses Jennie and Lena Hunt of Interlaken; Mr. Edmond Ferris, Mr. and Mrs. Glen Ferris, Miss Ida Mildred Ferris, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Ellison of Poplar Ridge; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Tapper and daughter of East Genoa; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Egbert and son and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lanterman, Miss Mildred Lanterman of South Lansing; Mrs. E. L. Dresser of Ithaca; Mrs. Della Flannigan of Binghamton.

The newly wedded pair were carried away by Harry L. Ferris in his auto for Ithaca, where they took the evening train for Buffalo, Niagara, New York and Albany.

May a long and happy life with prosperity be their blessing is the wish of the writer. H. E. F.

Verdict for \$18,000.
The jury in the action of Antonine Leone, by guardian, against the New York, Auburn & Lansing Railroad company in Supreme Court Wednesday afternoon returned a verdict of \$18,000 for the plaintiff said to be one of the largest judgments ever rendered in Cayuga county in an action of the kind. Attorney Cobb of Ithaca for the defendant company made a motion to set aside the verdict and for a new trial, which were denied by Justice Sawyer.

Attorney Frank S. Coburn with Robert J. Barritt as counsel, conducted the case for the plaintiff, who, with her left leg and part of her left arm gone as a result of being run over while on her way to school in the city of Auburn, was a prominent figure in the court room. Another action in behalf of her brother, who also lost an arm at the same time, is pending.

Auction.
The undersigned, administrator of the estate of Miss Sara Cobb, deceased, will sell at public auction at her late residence at Ledyard on Saturday, Nov. 11, commencing at 12 o'clock sharp, the following property: household goods consisting of Howe ventilator, 3 parlor stoves, bedroom suite, bureau, mattresses, tables, carpets, chairs, sewing machine, black walnut haircloth parlor suit, writing desk, blue flame oil stove with oven, quantity kitchen utensils, washing machine and many articles not mentioned here.

WALTER L. CORRY, Administrator,
Stephen Myers, Auct.

New York, Auburn & Lansing R. R. Co.

ITHACA-AUBURN SHORT LINE
TIME TABLE NO. 11. IN EFFECT DEC. 4, 1910

SOUTH BOUND—Read Down			STATIONS			NORTH BOUND—Read Up		
27	23	21		22	24	28		
Daily	Daily	Daily		Daily	Daily	Daily		
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		
6 20	1 40	8 30	AUBURN	11 09	5 05	8 50		
6 34	1 54	8 45	Mapleton	10 54	4 51	8 36		
6 44	2 04	8 56	Merrifield	10 43	4 41	8 26		
6 53	2 13	9 05	Venice Center	10 34	4 32	8 17		
7 07	2 27	9 20	GENOA	10 19	4 18	8 03		
7 17	2 37	9 31	North Lansing	10 08	4 08	7 53		
7 35	2 50	9 50	South Lansing	9 55	3 55	7 40		
8 00	3 15	10 15	ITHACA	9 20	3 25	7 05		
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		

Additional Trains between Ithaca and Rogues Harbor leave Ithaca 7:00 a. m., (daily except Sunday) 9:20, 11:15, (daily except Sunday) 12:15, (Sunday only) 2:00, 3:25, 5:15 and 7:05 p. m. 9:00 p. m. (Saturday only.)
Returning leave South Lansing for Ithaca 9:50 a. m., 2:50 p. m. 3:55, 7:35 p. m. Also leave Rogues Harbor at 7:40 a. m., (daily except Sunday) 11:50 (daily except Sunday) 12:50, (Sunday only) 5:50 p. m. 9:35 p. m. Saturday only.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of GENOA

GENOA, N. Y.

Over
400 ACCOUNTS
with Deposits of over
\$90,000
Your account invited.

Band will be closed Tuesday, Nov. 7, election day.

J. D. Atwater, Pres. Fox Holden, Vice-Pres.
Arthur H. Knapp, Cashier.

Underwear Season at Hand.

I have selected the best values of underwear for men, women and children of the season; the kind that don't shrink and good wearers. A big stock of sweaters for men, women and children, the latest style and colors. Nobby up-to-date hats and caps.

Some fine Suits of Rochester tailor make in the most up-to-date styles and colors. A big line of raincoats and overcoats. Fresh line of Douglas shoes from \$2 to \$4 for men and boys.

Suits made to measure with great satisfaction.

M. G. SHAPERO.

New Assortment of Flannelette Garments.

Dressing Sacques, House Dresses, Night Gowns in different styles and prices.

Always pleased to show goods and these garments will please you.

MRS. D. E. SINGER,
GENOA, N. Y.

THE people of this vicinity are just as hard to please as any—and just as quick to appreciate a good article.

The Best Feed of All Kinds.
Corn. Corn Meal, Cracked Corn.
Dairy Feed, Bran and Mids, Gluten,
Cotton Seed Meal, Alfalfa Meal.

Chick Food
Meat Scrap, Bone and Meat Meal, Cracked Bone, Oyster Shell, Grit

Famous Silver Spray Flour
Gold Medal, Ceresota, Superlative, Regal, Wm. Penn, etc.

The Genoa Roller Mills.
J. MULVANEY, Prop.

ITHACA TRUST COMPANY

110 N. TIOGA ST. ITHACA, NEW YORK

A Helpful Service

is what we offer to the people of Ithaca and vicinity. A service that means something to each and every one of our customers—a real Bank Service.

Each and every customer gets the benefit of our equipment for the protection and safe-guarding of his money; the benefit of our facilities for the transacting of his financial affairs; and on request, our very best advice on business matters and investments.

This service will prove of value to YOU, why not open an account with us now and take advantage of it?

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

A Great Economizer

OF MONEY, OF TIME, OF LABOR

The "Free" Sewing Machine.

The easiest running, the most durable, the best constructed, and the finest appearing machine. And what is more, this machine is insured.

When you buy your machine you buy a machine that is insured against damage by fire, water, cyclone, or breakage for a period of five years.

Don't fail to see this wonderful trouble-saver when in the store, or, if you are interested, drop us a card and we will send you full description booklet free of charge.



Farmers!

Here's the Money Maker.

The Chatham Mill. The secret of big crops is planting pure seed; the way to get such seed is to use the Chatham Mill. It's the greatest farm machine on earth; it cleans, grades and separates all at one operation. It puts an end to the dealers kicking on your grain when delivered to the market, runs easy and handles from 60 to 100 bushels per hour. Set up and ready for operation at our store. Call and see them; we also have a full line of farm wagons, the Betendorf, Studebaker and Troy. Machinery and machine extras of all kinds. Single and double harness, whips, stable and cover blankets, in fact we carry everything to make the farmer happy.

FEED OF ALL KINDS

Whole corn, corn meal, corn and oat feed, wheat feed, oats, State bran, oyster shell, grit, beef scrap, alfalfa meal. All feed made at our own plant and delivered free of charge any where in the village. Pillsbury, Gold Medal and Star Pastry Flour. If you haven't tried it better do it now.

J. G. ATWATER & SON Clear View and Genoa, N. Y.
Dealers in Lumber, Coal, Feed, Farm Implements, Etc.



French's Market? Yes!

You will always find a full supply of Choice, Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats

constantly on hand.
Cash paid for Hides and Poultry.
Mrs. Price's Canning Compound.

S. C. FRENCH, Genoa, N. Y.

Place your Insurance with the **VENICE TOWN INSURANCE CO.**
\$1,150,000 IN FARM RISKS!

WM. H. SHARPSTEEN, Secretary,
Office, Genoa, N. Y.

SATURDAY NIGHT SERMONS

BY REV. SAMUEL W. PURVIS, D.D.

THE MILLS OF THE DIVORCE GOD.

Text: "Whosoever putteth away his wife," etc.—Matthew v, 32.
"For better, for worse, till death us do part."—Marriage Ceremony.
"Mr. and Mrs. Firsttime, allow me to present my wife, Mrs. Gayburd." Confusion and perplexity play on the faces of the Firsttimes. "Pardon me; I should have said 'the new Mrs. Gayburd.'" There's much laughter and congratulations. "It surely doesn't seem six months since we entertained him and the last Mrs. Gayburd. Time flies so quickly," says Mrs. Firsttime. "Sloux Falls?" asks her husband laconically.

One of the largest questions before the American people today is that of divorce. Figures alarm. They vary from Maine, with one divorce to six marriages, to the last government figures with a national average of one in twelve. Our nation leads in drink, murder, suicide, divorce. We are nearing where Rome was when the storm broke, where France stood before the reign of terror. The nation's sky is dark and would be ominous were it not for signs of better things.

Light and Shadow.

Possibly we exaggerate the divorce evil, or, rather, underestimate the other side. Houghton, the eminent sociologist, says: "American men and women today hire their wives and husbands as they do their horses and carriages. When they are not suited they dismiss one and hire another. Women mostly think you can hire, tire and fire." Hire! Tire! Fire! Is that the order? Sometimes. In theatrical circles, most prolific in divorce, Mr. Mat Goodfellow may write charmingly of "Why Beautiful Women Like to Marry Me." In the "smart set," where "affinities" come and go rapidly, among some heiresses who are put on the auction block and sold to the highest bidder, and among some millionaires who have much money and no work, divorce is the correct thing, and that happy consummation with the taking on of a new amour is heralded as a leading news. But back of that is the ten hundred thousand happy men and women who through poverty, sickness, calamity, are faithful to each other "till death them do part." They form the backbone of the great American republic. Feel thankful that you do not live in the foul moral sewer, the nauseous mess, that constitutes the testimony of cabby who carried maddy up the steps too drunk to walk and of the sergeant in the "red light" district who told of the escapades of mildred. The devil's meal is mostly bran that goes as grist to the mills of the divorce god.

The Road to the Mill.

I believe in lawful divorce just as well as lawful marriage. But just as long as the front door of marriage stands wide open day and night the back door of divorce will be left conveniently ajar. It is not only to divorce, but to marriage, that attention should be turned. A man anxious to "do" a rival, a social clothes rack craving the title of "Mrs." before her name, an anxious minded mamma, the pocketbook of an overworked papa, are mighty important factors in many marriages. As a rule, a fairly wise normal marriage does not end in the divorce court; the figures show that. It is the hasty, impulsive, foolish marriages that end on the rocks. A Pennsylvania village stepped smilingly into the limelight for recognition when a young fellow took a dare to propose to a strange girl visiting in the town. She caught the spirit of the joke. They applied for a license; were married before midnight. It should be impossible to marry without six weeks of public announcement through pulpit or press. There's a town in Delaware where marriage is a local industry, and another Jersey town until recently was just as infamous. We read daily of couples "married by phone," in a cage at a circus, on a merry-go-round at the picnic, on top of the Ferris wheel at the county fair—all sorts of fantastic situations that furnish "fun" for their friends. They are followed by a hail of rice, indecent suggestions, old shoes and obscene postcards. It's a great "lark," surely, but it takes at least three dunces to complete the ceremony.

The Cure For the Cancer.

The viciousness of our present divorce evil lies in lax divorce laws, acrecy, quickness, larger number of causes (or lack of causes) and permission of speedy remarriage. One western judge announced he would grant divorce to any couple three days after filing. He was swamped with applications. Divorce should be at least as public as marriage. Screening the parties by a secret order, as a friendly judge did recently in New York city, is as scandalous as the divorce while you wait plan of the western judge. Many shrink from publicity. The newspaper is a good policeman. Of course matrimony develops friction with some well nigh intolerable, but marriage presupposes patience and forbearance. "Incompatibility" is as elastic as the most fickle conscience needs or the occasion demands. Remarriage forbidden within a year would check the speed of lustful applicants. Uniform laws would give some legal safeguards. But way down deep underneath must be a more sacred view of marriage, better home training of both men and women and a public sentiment by those in high social rank that the union is "till death us do part."

THE MERE MAN'S VIEWPOINT

THE BOY FINANCIER.

By BYRON WILLIAMS



FIGURING.

who was drilling her class in composition and sought to impress upon the children the value of originality? "Now," said she, "each take your pencil and paper and write something. Do not copy from a book or write anything you have heard. Write what you think—in fact, write just what is in you!"

This is what little Willie wrote: "I ain't goin' to imitate nobody. I ain't goin' to copy nobody ner write nothin' I've herd. I'm gist a-goin' to write what's in me. I've got a peppermint, a napple, three likorice drops, six cookies, a handful of dried apples, a pece of pie and a big billed dinner ma cooked inside of me—and I guess that's all!"

We begin early with our children to teach them to be provident, but unfortunately we begin at the same time to teach them to have a taste for sweetmeats, ice cream and the like.

When the boy is still in swaddling clothes we buy a bank and begin slipping into it pennies and nickels. When he is old enough to understand we explain to him the banking system and put him in charge of the bank. If the bank is locked Willie will work for hours to shake out the pennies. When he has succeeded in robbing the monetary fastness he goes down to the candy store, and the following day there is not only a bank failure, but the doctor as well.

You chide the boy for his improvidence, and he immediately resolves to outdo Rockefeller. In an hour you hear a great hubbub back of the barn and begin to miss things from the woodshed. You investigate and discover that Willie is giving a circus—a three ring affair with a menagerie and a concert. Willie is all three rings and the concert. Shep and Tiger make up the menagerie, and the protesting assistance of the family rooster. The admittance is three pins, and crooked or rusty ones don't go.

And then as the Fourth of July draws near Willie assures you that he is going to run a stand—a lemonade stand. At the time of the announcement he says he—just Willie—is going to run a stand. After he has borrowed all your lemons, half the sugar and has purloined the cellar door for a counter you go out and find he has taken in three partners—Stubby and Fatty and Billy. They have nailed your best umbrella to a 2 by 4 upright to protect the stock from the sun.

As you come up all four boys are yelling. "Lemo—sweet lemo, only five a glass; right this way for your lemonade!" or words akin to these.



WAITING FOR CUSTOMERS.

To harangue the crowd is wearisome work, however, and each merchant now and then stops long enough to take a drink of his own nectar, thereby quenching his thirst and likewise proving that the lemonade really can be drunk with-out instantaneous death as the penalty.

And just as you are beginning to tremble for the financial security of that lemonade firm the parade comes in sight. Stubby and Fatty and Billy bolt a glass of "lemo" each, jump over the stand, scurry down the street and disappear in the crowd.

Willie sees his firm dissolved with-out legal authority, tries to call the members back, cries out, "Aw, you arc great fellers! run a stand!" drinks the residue of the lemonade jar, trankles until his already rotund tummy gives evidence of no longer standing the strain, tips over the empty jar and follows his companions. The firm of Stubby and Fatty and Billy and me is dissolved.

"It does beat all," says father, "why I can't get Willie started on saving his money."

UTILIZATION OF FEED BY CATTLE.

It is a fact of common knowledge that marked differences exist between individual animals as regards the returns which they yield for the feed consumed. A current statement is that a good feeder has a greater digestive power than a poor one or that the power of assimilation of the one animal is superior to that of the other, and it has been assumed that the advantage of the better type of animal lay in its ability to produce more flesh or fat from a unit of feed than could the poorer one. It has also been commonly taught and seems to be generally accepted by animal husbandmen as an established fact that young growing animals not only make actually larger gains than more mature ones, but likewise more economical gains.

The influence of type and age upon the utilization of feed by cattle has been investigated by officials of the department of agriculture and the result published in bureau of animal industry bulletin No. 128.

Two steer calves were selected as the subjects of this investigation, one a pure bred typical beef animal of one of the well known beef breeds, the other a "scrub" of mixed breeding. Exhaustive feeding trials were carried out with these animals, including twenty-four experiments with the respiration calorimeter.

The feeding stuffs used were of the same kind for both animals in all the periods, and the different grains used were mixed throughout in the same proportions for each steer. At intervals during the time the digestibility of the total ration and the nitrogen balance were determined for each animal.

While the results fail to show any material difference between the physiological processes of food utilization in the two animals, they do show clearly an economic superiority of the pure bred over the scrub steer, due, first, to his relatively smaller maintenance requirement and, second, to his ability to consume a larger surplus of feed above the requirement. Both of the facts tend to make the actual production of human food in the form of meat and fat per unit of total feed consumed by the animal notably greater by the pure bred animal.

In the case of the pure bred animal especially and to a less degree in that of the scrub rations containing less available energy and notably less digestible protein than the amounts called for by the current feeding standards for growing cattle produced entirely satisfactory gains in live weight.

A distinct influence of age upon the maintenance requirement was observed between the ages of fourteen and thirty-nine months, the requirements decreasing relatively as the animals matured. The gain in weight of the scrub as compared with that of the pure bred steer consisted more largely of protein, with its accompanying water and to a smaller extent of fat, and therefore represented a materially smaller storage of feed energy. This was also indicated by the results of the block test.

The animals were killed on Jan. 4, 1908. The scrub was rated as "common" and the pure bred graded as "prime." The total dressed weight and the weight of the several wholesale cuts show the considerably higher percentage of dressed weight in the case of the pure bred which is characteristic of the beef animal and likewise the predominance of the loin cut over the less valuable cuts of the fore quarter in the beef animal as compared with the scrub, and the marketable meat of the retail cuts shows that the proportion of more valuable cuts was notably greater in the pure bred.

Salting Butter.

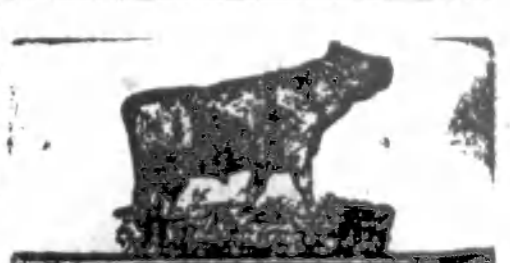
Improper salting of butter is a fault which appears frequently. This generally takes the form of uneven salting or the use of impure salt, says American Cultivator. Only the best dairy salt should be used, and it requires to be dredged on evenly in a dry state. Uneven salting, combined with too little working, is certain to result in objectionable drops of water, because water forms where the patches of salt dissolve, and it can be pressed out only by more working. After salting the butter should be worked a little and then left for about an hour for the salt to dissolve before the final making up. About half an ounce of salt to the pound of butter is generally required, though tastes differ in this respect. In any case the salt should be carefully weighed out and evenly distributed. It also should be stored in a dry place.

Give Colts Grain.

Farmers, don't forget that your draft colts need some grain this fall. When pastures are short a little grain will effect wonders in a colt's development. They may be left to eat with the mares, but it is better to provide a place of their own when they get the amount intended for them. There is no feed better than oats for young stock, but it is also a good idea to give a little corn. A little feed at this time will do much to make big drafters out of them.

Feeding Sheep From Racks.

The day of feeding stock of any kind, and especially sheep, on the ground has gone by. It is a most wasteful way. Sheep will drag more hay out on the ground and spoil it for their own eating or that of any other animal than any other farm animal. Racks are cheaper than hay.



KRESO DIP

STANDARDIZED

EASY AND SAFE TO USE
INEXPENSIVE.

KILLS LICE

ON ALL LIVE STOCK.
DISINFECTS.
CLEANSSES.
PURIFIES.

It has so many uses that it is a necessity on every farm.

CURES MANGE, SCAB, RINGWORM, SCRATCHES
Destroys All Disease Germs

DRIVES AWAY FLIES
FOR SALE BY

J. S. Banker, Drug'st.,
Genoa, N. Y.

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLETS

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

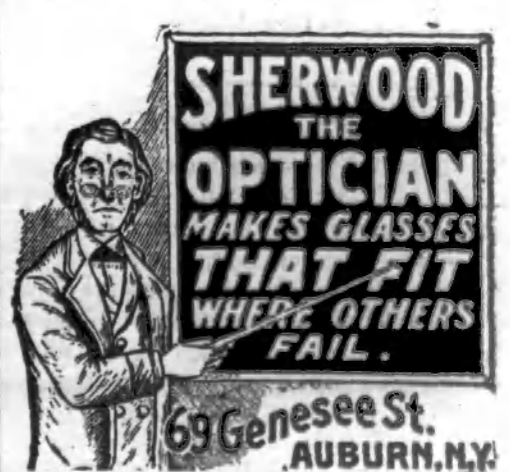
WITH Dr. King's New Discovery

FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES.
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

A Wrinkle Remover

Many women are wearing a prematurely old look through defective eyesight. There are wrinkles on her forehead which have no business there. When reading is an effort and the brow puckers, it is time to consult

Fred L. Swart,
the eye-fitter, who will fit you with glasses that will make reading a pleasure and smooth out many a wrinkle. New location, Cady Block, 10 South Street, AUBURN, N. Y.



NEW HOME

THE SEWING MACHINE OF QUALITY.

NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.
If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset at the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.



Quality Considered it is the Cheapest in the end to buy.
If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.
The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

Farmers, Take Notice!
Many of you have old plow points, thrown in the old junk pile. Now I can draw them out for a small cost to you and some have told me they have worked better than when new. Now is the time to get your wagons and farm tools repaired, wood work and irons repaired at Huson's, Genoa, N. Y.

For The Farmer.

Paint the ladders and store them away in the barn.

With hay at twenty dollars a ton who would not be a hayseed.

It is so easy for a little rip in the horse blanket to get larger! Start for needle and thread the minute you see such a rent.

As the end of the year approaches let us be up and doing all the outdoor work that has been put off, lest winter catch us unprepared.

Selling the farm and moving into town to join the store-box club is a good deal like trading off the best cow for a yellow dog. Don't do it, brother, as long as you can plow a straight furrow.

For the poultry, lay in a good supply of road dust or sifted coal-ashes, as it will be needed for dust baths.

A load of gravel scattered around houses and coops would greatly contribute to the health of many a flock.

A hen will eat at least a bushel of corn a year if she can get it. Put aside that amount for each one, and see that each one gets her share.

When pin-feathers come out with difficulty, wrap a piece of muslin around your finger to pull against.

Secure a lot of leaves or other light litter for use, during cold weather, in making the hens exercise. Idle hens become mischievous and unhealthy stock.

Gather in the poultry that have been allowed to roost outdoors. The sooner they become accustomed to the house the better it will be for their health and improvement.

Clean, dry bedding is a prime requisite in the care of live stock. There are no exceptions to this rule.

"People who do not like the country because there is so little going on, are those in whose heads there is less going on than even in the country."

Mix your griddle-cakes, waffles, fritters, etc., in the upper part of a double boiler instead of in an ordinary mixing bowl, and you will find the handle very useful to hold it by when frying them.

Nut butter is a pretty good substitute for meat now that the latter brings such high prices. Run walnuts or shell-barks through a food-chopper, and rub into them about one-third as much good fresh butter. Spread on crackers or bread.

One housekeeper has prevented many a burned roast or overbaked cake by setting the alarm clock to the proper time to open the oven door. Then she goes about her work in other parts of the house, knowing that she will hear the imperative call at the right time.

It isn't very long before the "good fellow" is a poor fellow.

Women are vain, but men are much more so and with far less reason.

Many a man is in great fear that he will get all that is coming to him.

If our mistakes teach us nothing it were hardly worth while to make them.

Here is a good question for lycuums to discuss this winter: "How much is enough?"

He was an ambitious youth, the simple life was not for him. He was determined to go upon the stage. His persistence won the day. He now drives the stage between Upham's Corners and Newton Center.—From November Farm Journal.

Large Salt Production.

The United States produced 30,305,656 barrels of salt in 1910, valued at \$7,900,344, according to figures compiled by W. C. Phalen and just published by the United States Geological Survey. This was an increase of 198,010 barrels over the production of 1909 but a decrease in value amounting to \$443,487. The six leading producers of salt in 1910 were New York, Michigan, Ohio, Kansas, Louisiana and California. Nearly 99 per cent of the salt consumed in the country was contained from domestic sources, the United States having long been independent of foreign production.

Salt is thought of mostly in connection with cooking and seasoning, but it has a great many other important applications. It is used largely in the preservation of fish and meat, in the dairy industry, and in chemical metallurgical processes. It is also used as a source of chlorine employed in the manufacturing of bleaching powders and in the chlorination of certain gold ores.

One of the main sources of salt is common sea water and some of the California product is obtained from the ocean. When sea water is evaporated to dryness, salt is among the first compounds to be deposited. The last are the potash and magnesium compounds, these being the most soluble. The great Stassfurt potash deposits are overlain as well as underlain by salt, and it is the opinion of geologists that potash may accompany some of the known salt deposits in this country.

Starts Much Trouble.

If all people knew that neglect of constipation would result in severe indigestion, yellow jaundice or virulent liver trouble they would soon take Dr. King's New Life Pills, and end it. It's the only safe way. Best for biliousness, headache, dyspepsia, chills and debility. 25c at J. S. Banker's, Genoa, and F. T. Atwater's, King Ferry.

Old newspapers, for shelves and putting under carpets, at this office, 2 cents a package.

A Progressive Platform.

The Prohibition party of Cayuga county, acknowledging Almighty God as the source of all power, and pledging itself to every reform well calculated to advance the prosperity and happiness of our citizens, hereby declares in favor of the following:

1. Absolute Prohibition of the manufacture and traffic in alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes; Prohibition officials to enforce the law.

2. A county Prohibition law to enable citizens of each county to prohibit the liquor traffic therein during the period before complete state-wide Prohibition. Election of local Prohibition officials to enforce the law.

3. Initiative, referendum and right of recall.

4. Direct primary nominations under a statute which shall protect the political rights of minor parties.

5. Short ballot plan reducing the number of elective state officers, giving to the governor power of appointment analogous to the power of the president to appoint a cabinet.

6. Direct election of United States senators.

7. Protection of womanhood by relentless efforts to suppress the so called "White Slave Traffic."

8. Protection of the rights of wage earners, laws insuring safe and sanitary conditions where labor is employed; abolition of sweatshops and child labor; such hours as will insure to labor time for culture and recreation. Equitable employers' liability law and all measure to safeguard the rights of both employer and employe.

9. Conservation of our material resources and protection of our waters from pollution.

10. Public control of public utilities and a proper governmental control of corporations.

11. An equitable system of taxation.

12. Suffrage without limitation as to sex, but with reasonable educational qualifications.

13. Extension and enforcement of civil service laws.

14. Honest, energetic, impartial enforcement of all law.

15. Uniform divorce laws.

16. Protection by congress of Prohibition territory from interstate shipments of liquors and against the issuance of internal revenue tax receipts by the government for the sale of liquors in such territory.

18. A permanent non-partisan tariff commission.

19. The extension of the postal savings bank system and the establishment of parcels post.

20. We declare that the election of good men who are candidates of parties committed to the license system does not bring the state any nearer to the adoption of the policy of Prohibition which we regard as of first importance, and we deplore the nomination, endorsement or support of such candidates by the Prohibition party.

PROHIBITION CANDIDATES.

For Member of Assembly, LEROY CARL, Auburn, N. Y.

For District Attorney, WALTER H. WOOD, Union Springs.

For Coroner, CHARLES H. BRESEE, Auburn.

Production of Precious Stones.

It may perhaps be surprising to many people to learn that the United States produces almost every variety of precious stone—from diamonds down. The precious stones produced in this country last year had a value of \$295,797, against \$534,380 in 1909, according to an advance chapter from "Mineral Resources of the United States" on the production of gems and precious stones in 1910, by Douglas B. Sterrett, just published by the United States Geological Survey. The large decrease in the output of a few of the more important gem minerals—tourmaline, turquoise, chrysoptase, etc.—says Mr. Sterrett, readily accounted for the fall in the value of production. As an instance of this decrease in production, about 84 tons of rough turquoise were produced in 1910, as compared with more than 17 tons in 1909.

All the diamonds produced in this country in 1910 came from Arkansas and California, the output of Arkansas amounting to about 200 stones. Several diamonds were found in California last year, one of which weighs about half a carat and another between 1 1/2 and 2 carats. The latter is a brilliant, clear flawless stone, with a tinge of yellow.

Colorado yields some very pretty agates and some are being successfully handled in the tourist trade, but a number of these stones sold each year at the summer resorts of the State are imported from Germany, where they have been polished. Others are native stones polished abroad, although some are polished in the United States. In Montana a sapphire weighing over 44 carats has been found. This stone when discovered had been very much the shape of a rough diamond crystal, on account of which it had very great refractive power.

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes, it's some satisfaction to know that many people can wear shoes a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease into them. Just the thing for Patent Leather Shoes, and for breaking in New Shoes. Sold Everywhere, 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen B. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

AT LAST THE MYSTERY IS SOLVED

The Unexpected has Happened and a Real Surprise Awaits You Here.

For Think What It Means to be Able to Buy a

A \$2.00 Silk Umbrella for	9c	4.00 Boys' Fine School Suits	1.98
75c pair of Boys' Knee Pants for	9c	2.00 Children's Shoes all styles	98c
20c Men's, Women's and Children's Hose	7c	\$15 Ladies' Caracul Coats for	8.98
10c Handkerchiefs for Men & Women for	2c	\$12 Men's Fine Worsted Suits for	4.98
3.00 Ladies' Fine Panama Skirts for	98c	15c Lion Brand Collars only	3c
25c Police and Firemen's Suspenders	9c	1.00 Ladies' Fine Lawn Waists	34c
4.00 Men's and Women's Douglas Shoes	1.98		

and thousands of other bargains too numerous to mention.

Sale Commences Friday, Nov. 3rd, at 9 a. m. and lasts for 10 days only.

I. GOLDMAN,

Open Evenings.

86 to 88 State St., Auburn, N. Y.

SANDY'S SCRIPLES.

They Almost Kept the Tourists From Getting the Boat.

A couple of tourists staying at a village which is in close proximity to a well known Scottish loch had a fancy one fine Sunday to go for a row on the loch. They accordingly sallied forth in search of the boatman, whom they met just leaving his house, dressed in his Sunday best and carrying a Bible under his arm.

"We want to go for a row," said one of the tourists.

"Dae ye no' ken it's the Sawbath?" answered Sandy. "Ye'll no' get a boat frae me the day, forby I'll hae ye tae ken that I am an elder o' the kirk."

"Yes, yes," expostulated the tourists, "that's all very well for you, but we don't require you with us. You can go to church; we can row ourselves."

"Aye, aye," said the elder, "but jist think what the meenister'll say."

"Never mind the minister," was the reply; "he will know nothing about it. We will pay you well."

"Ah, weel," said Sandy. "I'll no' let ye the boat, bit I'll tell ye whit I'll dae. Dae ye see yon wee boatie doon among the rushes? Weel, she's ready wi' the oars inside. Jist ye gang doon there an' row oot tae the middle o' the loch, an' I'll come doon tae the bank an' swear at ye. Bit never ye mind; ye jist row on an' I'll call for the money on Monday."—London Ideas.

CROWNED HIMSELF.

An Impromptu Ceremony in Which King George IV. Figured.

That was a curious sort of impromptu coronation in which his majesty King William IV. of England figured. Things did not go very well with Earl Grey's government after the second reading of the first reformed bill had been carried by a majority of one in 1831, and one Friday in April they suddenly got the king to go down and prorogue parliament in person. Somebody went off to the Tower to fetch the crown, and with a scratch body of attendants his majesty drove down to the house of lords. What happened there is described in Greville's memoirs.

The king ought not properly to have worn the crown, never having been crowned, but when he was in the robing room he said to Lord Hastings: "Lord Hastings, I wear the crown. Where is it?" It was brought to him, and when Lord Hastings was going to put it on his head he said, "Nobody shall put the crown on my head but myself." He put it on and then turned to Lord Grey and said, "Now, my lord, the coronation is over."

The crown did not fit very well, we are told, but the prorogation was successfully effected.—London Chronicle.

Serving Soup.

If anybody were asked to suggest why the soup plate was made broad and shallow the almost certain answer would be that such an arrangement facilitates the cooling of the soup to a temperature comfortable to the mouth. We believe that utilitarians drink tea out of a sancer for the same reason. While that may be the explanation of the peculiar shape of the soup plate, the advantage indicated is surely insignificant compared with the obvious disadvantages which may probably arise from exposing so large a surface of nutrient fluid to the air. Soup should be served in a cup, a low broad teacup, and the method, which is becoming more usual, is hygienic. Too deep a vessel would be an error on the other side. Its advantages would be canceled by its great drawback. We should miss some of the delicate flavors of the soup.—London Lancet.

Stage Scenery.

Walter Pritchard Eaton, the dramatic critic, believes modern dramas are too elaborately staged. In "The Question of Scenery" in the American Magazine he says:

"After all, it was not the Elizabethans who were stupid because they could enjoy the drama on a bare stage. It is we who are stupid because we cannot enjoy the drama unless the stage is littered with 'realistic' scenery. We have no faith in our own imaginative powers. It would be a good thing for the drama if all scenery were abolished for the next ten years. Having learned to get along without it, we would perhaps keep it in its proper place for awhile after it returned. Its proper place is as a pictorial and suggestive background to the actors and the play and nothing but a background."

Ruined by Jestings.

The Antiochenes themselves brought about the ruin of the beautiful city of Antioch, the ancient capital of the Greek kings of Syria. These people were famous for their biting and scurrilous wit as well as their ingenuity in devising nicknames. When the Persians under Chosroes invaded Syria in 528 the Antiochenes could not refrain from jesting at them. Ample revenge for this was taken by the Persians, who totally destroyed the city.

Would Do His Own Biting.

The British gentleman new to our shores stepped up to the cigar counter and requested of the "clerk" a cigar. "What will you have, a bit cigar?" asked the "clerk."

"No; I'd rather bite it myself," replied the Briton.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Man Are Beacons.

Every man is the center of perpetual radiation like a luminous body. He is, as it were, a beacon which entices a ship upon the rocks if it does not guide it into port.—Amiel.

HEALTH HINT FOR TODAY.

Diet and Obesity.

Obesity cannot be controlled entirely by diet, although it is the principal factor. It is customary to reduce the amount of water taken to not more than one quart, the normal quantity being two quarts, including all drinks. The foods to be especially avoided in obesity are sweets, pork, veal, prepared dishes, potatoes, white bread, oatmeal, hominy, rice, fats, beefs, carrots, turnips, parsnips, cream and soups. Fish and lean beef are the least objectionable of the meats. Stale graham is the best bread.

How to Make Cleaning Compound.

Mix one ounce of borax and one ounce gum camphor with one quart boiling water. When cool add one pint of alcohol. Bottle and cork tightly. When wanted for use shake well and sponge the garments to be cleaned. This is an excellent mixture for cleaning soiled black cashmere and woolen dresses, coat collars and black felt hats.

How to Amuse the Baby.

Put the youngster on a thick rug or blanket on the floor, dip his wee fingers in molasses and give him a feather taken from a pillow. He will sit contented and satisfied for hours trying to get the feather off his fingers. When one feather gets too sticky, substitute a fresh one and be rewarded by a smile of approval from his lordship.

YOUNG MEN

Look to Your Personal Appearance

The tendency of young men to be better dressed than they used to be is very noticeable within the past few years and has led us to select the classiest stock of Young Men's Clothes that we have ever carried.

This spring promises to be quite a new era in Young Men's Wear.

Snappy, Vigorous Models in Smart Fall and Winter Suits and Overcoats.

\$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$18, \$20, 22, 25

Immense assortments in all the best plain and fancy fabrics.

SAPERSTEIN

THE CLOTHIER AND OUTFITTER,

56 State St., Auburn, N. Y.

Outside High Rent District.

WE INVITE YOU TO AUBURN

Auburn's largest Talking Machine and Piano Store offers you the best assortment of Victor-Victrolas in this part of the state, \$15, \$25, \$40, \$50, \$75, \$100, \$150, \$200.

There isn't a home anywhere that wouldn't be better for having a Victor.

Come in and let us entertain you with some good music by the world's most famous singers. You can have these in your own home whenever you wish, by owning a Victor Victrola.

CHAPMAN'S,
110 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.
Arthur E. Perkins, Mgr.