

The Genoa Tribune.

VOL. XVIII. No. 6.

GENOA, N. Y., FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1908.

EMMA A. WALDO.

FROM NEARBY TOWNS

Interesting Items That Our Correspondents Have Gathered For TRIBUNE Readers.

Ledyard.

SEPT. 7—And still no rain. Some farmers have had to stop plowing on account of its being so dry. The threshing is nearly done in this vicinity.

O. T. Lisk does not improve as his friends had hoped since his return from Brooklyn. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Clapp of Ithaca visited him over Sunday.

H. C. Willis returned from his Southern trip on Saturday evening. Mrs. LeFever of Wolcott is the guest of her uncle, J. Veley and family.

The Moravia fair failed to draw as large a crowd from this place as did the Genoa fair.

Elizabeth Mosher of Poplar Ridge visited Marilla Starkweather over Sunday.

Charles Veley has added new improvements to his evaporator and expects to start running it about the middle of the month.

W. J. Haines had the misfortune to lose one of his work horses recently. In turning quickly he broke one of his legs and had to be shot.

Mrs. Luman Wood of Cortland and a friend from the West were calling on friends here recently.

Rev. E. S. Annable of this place is scheduled to speak on Wednesday evening of this week in the Homer. Ave. M. E. church of Cortland on the subject, "Experiences among the Sioux Indians."

North Lansing.

SEPT. 8—Miss Norma Teeter is very sick with congestion of the lungs.

Mrs. Sarah Ryder, who has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. Sarah French, and other friends here, has returned to her home in King Ferry. Burdett Robinson of Locke is doing a number of jobs of masonry here.

The DeCamp reunion was held last Saturday at the home of Mrs. Depton Lobdell. On Monday the Learn family held their reunion at Cascade on Owasco. The following Saturday the Miller family have their family gathering.

Our "campers" came home on Friday. Rather too late in the season and too cool for camping. None of them seem benefited by it, but it is a change from the every day trend of life.

The W. C. T. U. held a parlor meeting at the home of Mrs. Ella Beardsley on Saturday last.

Charles Bower and wife have returned from their visit to Groton and Moravia.

Lansingville.

SEPT. 8—School in the German district will begin Sept. 21, instead of Sept. 28, as was stated last week.

Alfred Underhill of Buffalo and his sister, Mrs. Wilbur, were guests of Mrs. Lester Boles last week.

Miss Sarah Lester of Rochester is a guest of Mrs. Luther Hedden.

Clayton Bower and family, former residents of Lansingville, now of Myers, expect to move to New York next week.

The Lansingville school opened Sept. 8, with Miss Lucile Andrews of Buffalo as teacher.

lice in the Hair. Larkspur Lotion destroys them at once. It is cleanly and a safe preparation to use. 25c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Ensenore Heights.

SEPT. 7—Dewitt Rosecrans is visiting friends at Unadilla.

Chas. J. Baldwin and son Gaylord are camping at Cayuga.

C. A. Morgan and wife visited Howard Morgan and wife at South Lansing, recently.

Miss Grace Weeks, Miss Rosetta Roe and Frank Weeks of Auburn were over-Sunday guests of Miss Bessie Hanlon.

Miss Ethel Pope of Auburn spent Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. Anna Mulvaney of Flint, Mich., is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Herbert Orchard and daughter Mildred, William Bastian and wife and John Retallick of Auburn were recent guests of Wm. Orchard and wife.

Peter McCormick of King Ferry has been spending a few days with relatives in town.

Dr. and Mrs. Frank Kenyon and Geo. VanLiew attended Pomona Grange at Sennett Saturday.

We learn that Mrs. Will Akin of Moravia has offered her point north of Ensenore for sale. It is very desirable property, being one of the most pleasant spots at Ensenore.

Poplar Ridge.

SEPT. 8—The shower on Sunday was very refreshing.

Coral Culver and Claud Peckham returned the first of the week from a trip to Toronto and Niagara.

George Husted and wife spent Saturday in Moravia.

Miss Anna Minard visited at Allen Landon's on Tuesday.

Mrs. L. E. Wood of Cortland and Mrs. Ida Nelson of Illinois visited their cousin, Mrs. S. A. Haines, a few days last week. Mrs. Chas. Wood and Mrs. Titus VanMarter were guests at the same place on Thursday.

Miss Lizzie Peckham is spending a few days with Mrs. Wilson Mosher. Fred Crouch and wife took their two nieces to their home in Lansing on Sunday.

Mrs. Jane Culver is slowly improving. Her daughter Nellie is able to be about again.

Death of William Smith.

The death of William H. Smith occurred at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Roy Sherman, at Poplar Ridge, Wednesday evening, Sept. 2.

Mr. Smith had been in failing health for the past two or three years and had suffered greatly from a complication of diseases. He was born in Coldwater, Mich., in 1849, his parents moving to this state when he was a small boy. He lived the greater part of his life in the town of Scipio. He was married to Emma Gould in the early seventies. Three children were born of the union, who survive him, Glenn Smith of Throopville, Mrs. Roy O. Sherman and Mrs. Alden Sherman of Poplar Ridge. The funeral was held at the home of his daughter on Sunday at 2 o'clock. Interment at Evergreen cemetery, Scipioville.

Don't be Fat. Take off the surplus fat with Rexall Obesity Treatment. It quickly reduces your weight to normal, which enables the heart and lungs to expand, and pre-forms their work naturally. It is a safe remedy. 75c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Five Corners.

SEPT. 8—This place was well represented at the Genoa fair and also some attended the Moravia fair last week.

We are in need of rain. This dry weather makes it very hard for farmers to do their plowing for wheat.

Mrs. Lillian McBride was in Auburn last Saturday and Sunday, the guest of Miss Mazie Morey.

Mrs. H. B. Hunt recently visited Miss Hattie Brink and other friends at Burdette.

Ethel, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hunt, and little Jennie Hollister have the whooping cough, also DeAlton and Leslie Hunt. Robert Ferris and wife returned to-day from Farley's, where they have been spending the summer at their cottage.

Mrs. Mary Howser of Moravia is visiting relatives here for a few days. Mrs. Walter Hunt is under the care of Dr. Hatch of King Ferry.

Mrs. Mary Kenyon of Venice was a guest of her sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Lyon, last week.

Several from here attended the dance at Robert Mastin's new store at Genoa last week Friday evening and report a very enjoyable event.

Mrs. S. S. Goodyear, daughter Cora and son Carl with Mrs. Luella Barger attended the Moravia fair last week. The ladies drove their span of horses alone without the assistance of a gentleman. Mr. Goodyear was not able to make the trip with them, but soon after they left he took his other horse and followed after, like all little children do, not wanting to remain at home alone.

We are glad to say to the many readers of this paper that Dr. A. Rosecrans is recovering from his critical illness. He is seen walking on the street again and riding out. All are very glad to hear of his recovery.

Miss Beth Stanton of North Lansing recently visited relatives here. Master Howell Mosher returned last Saturday from visiting relatives at Venice.

Edward Palmer and wife of Cortland were recent guests of his sister, Mrs. Fred Ford and brother, Allie Palmer.

Mrs. Austin Woolly of Ludlowville, Mrs. Maud Hooker of Johnston, Pa., and Miss Eliza Clark of King Ferry were guests of H. B. Hunt and wife last week.

Our school commences next week with Chas. Lobdell of North Lansing as teacher.

Mrs. S. B. Mead and Mrs. Jay. Atwater attended the W. C. T. U. convention which was held at Auburn this week Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Helen Osmon of North Lansing was a guest of her sister, Mrs. C. G. Barger a few days last week.

The Ladies' Aid society which met at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Jay Smith last week Thursday was largely attended. All enjoyed the afternoon and especially the bountiful repast which was served.

E. B. Stewart is attending the Institute which is being held at Moravia this week.

Mrs. Herman Ferris returned last week from visiting relatives in Auburn.

Mrs. A. Gillow entertained a niece from Candor last week.

Miss Bertha Ferris returned to Cortland Tuesday where she is attending the Normal school.

New cement steps are being made at the Presbyterian church.

In Favor of Lehigh.

Judgment in favor of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company against the Auburn Construction Company in the sum of \$3,286.70 rendered in Supreme court was filed in the county clerk's office last week. The Lehigh claimed the sum of \$2,519.78 for freight and \$3,154.00 for car service, making a total of \$4,673.78. An offset of \$1,488.05 was conceded making the sum of \$3,185.73 for which judgment was asked. In the answer the defendant admitted the freight claim but added a counterclaim of \$1,400. Judgment was rendered as stated above.

Green Ginger Root, big, fat roots, fresh and juicy, 20c. the lb. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

King Ferry.

SEPT. 9—School opened on Tuesday of this week. The teachers are Miss Florence Dates of Lansing and Miss Adelaide Krotts of Ludlowville.

Mrs. Maria Birmingham and daughter, Mrs. Whitney, have returned from Michigan, where they have been spending the past year.

Mrs. Geo. Cheesman of Auburn was the guest of Miss Emily Atwater the first of the week.

Mrs. Franklin Smith and children of Slaterville and Mr. and Mrs. Will Minturn of Ludlowville spent Sunday at A. H. Smith's.

Miss Mary Lewis is spending the week at W. L. Franklin's.

Miss Emily Atwater went to Whitehall on Monday, where she will teach the coming year.

Frank Holland and family spent Sunday with friends in Ithaca.

Roy McCormick has enrolled as a student at the Auburn School of Business.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bradley and son of Glen Ridge, N. J., are visiting his father, Nelson Bradley.

Miss R. A. Grennell was home from Ithaca over Sunday.

While picking apples, Friday last, E. W. Stark was standing on the top round of a ladder when it gave way, and Mr. Stark fell to the ground, about 10 feet. He suffered a fracture of the left arm at the elbow and several bad bruises. He is reported as doing well, but it will be some time before he can use the arm.

Dr. Dommert, dentist, will be at King Ferry Friday afternoon, Sept. 18.

King Ferry had a great Labor day celebration. The Gun club held a trap-shoot and in addition two ball games were played in both of which the home team was victorious. In the trap-shoot, Messrs. Alfred Avery and DeForest Davis were the winners of the prizes. The day's festivities wound up with a dance in the evening at McCormick's hall.

"Happy Bill" Daniels furnished the music for the big crowd of dancers.

Ellsworth.

SEPT. 7—Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Swartz and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Swartz of Auburn were guests of relatives in town the past week, coming by automobile and remaining for two days.

Mr. and Mrs. Seaber and John Silcox of Waterloo came by boat and spent the day with relatives here.

William Berrels and daughter Florence and a school friend from Auburn have been spending a few weeks at Wm. Parmenter's.

Clarence and William Parmenter, Jr., have been spending some time with friends in Ithaca.

The Stephenson family reunion was held Saturday last at the home of Mrs. Cornelia Stephenson.

William Morgan made a trip to Savannah to visit his family over Sunday.

Evans Morgan is with his uncle in Union Springs.

Teachers and prospective teachers are spending the week in Moravia attending institute.

John Linnane has a new corn harvester and he finds all the work he can attend to among the farmers.

Mrs. Thomas Smith has returned to her home from Genoa, where she has been taking treatment of Dr. Skinner, much improved in health.

Mrs. Darling and son of North Lansing are spending a few days at Merritt Winn's.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Shaving Soap Special. Colgate's Shaving Soap. 5c. 8 cakes for 35c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Woman Nominated.

For the first time in the history of the county, a woman has received the nomination for school commissioner in the Second district on the Republican ticket. On Saturday afternoon last at Moravia, in one of the most exciting and hotly contested conventions ever held, Mrs. Anna M. Kent of Springport was nominated for the office on the thirtieth ballot. The convention was in session over four hours, lasting until 6 o'clock. The 70 delegates were kept busy balloting for the following delegates: Mrs. Anna M. Kent of Springport, George W. Atwater of Moravia, William Skillett of Fleming, J. Guernsey Allen of Sumnerhill, Charles H. Greenfield of Niles, W. H. Brinkerhoff of Owasco.

Dr. F. A. Dudley of Genoa was chairman of the convention.

The first ballot stood: Kent, 22; Atwater, 17; Allen, 11; Skillett, 10; Greenfield, 5; Brinkerhoff, 5; and the twentieth ballot resulted as follows: Kent, 31; Atwater, 16; Allen, 13; Skillett, 10. Brinkerhoff and Greenfield withdrew after this ballot. During the rest of the balloting, the votes were wavering until the final ballot was reached, when they stood: Kent, 36; Allen, 14; Atwater, 13; Skillett, 7.

G. W. Atwater, the present commissioner, moved that Mrs. Kent's nomination be made unanimous, and a committee was appointed to bring the nominee before the convention. Mrs. Kent responded in a speech, thanking the delegates for the nomination.

The nomination of Mrs. Kent is very gratifying to her friends, not entirely because it is an unusual thing for a woman to be nominated for the office, but because of the assurance that, if elected, she will prove an efficient commissioner, and that she has earned this reward for her many years of service as a teacher. It is also pleasing to know that by persistent effort, even a woman can win when "she has not the slightest chance" as was stated concerning Mrs. Kent in the early part of her political career. We extend congratulations.

In the First district, Howard S. Murphy of Cato was unanimously nominated by the Republicans for school commissioner. The Democrats in the same district have nominated Miss Catherine Maroney of Montezuma, who is said to be a capable teacher.

Venice.

SEPT. 9—F. C. Hicks entertained his brother and wife of Auburn Sunday.

Mrs. Gusta Tallman visited at Mansfield Hoagland's Sunday.

Mrs. George Brown, who has been quite ill, is improving.

C. D. Divine and wife were in Moravia part of last week.

Genevieve and Willard Hoagland of Dispatch, who have been spending their vacation with their grandparents, have returned home. Their grandmother, Mrs. M. Hoagland, went with them for a brief visit.

J. L. Manchester is on the sick list. Elizabeth Armstrong is visiting her sister, Mrs. Theodore Wallace, near Moravia.

J. C. Misner and family visited at Richard Thorpe's in Fleming Sunday.

Mrs. Munson and Mrs. Whitten of Ithaca, John Taylor of Auburn, Mrs. John Myers, Sr., and Mrs. John Myers Jr., and two children Ruby and Arthur of Genoa spent Sunday with Mrs. Boothe.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Divine went to Auburn for a few days' visit yesterday.

Mrs. Seymour Parks, who has been spending some time with her mother, returned to her home in Auburn yesterday.

County Convention.

The twenty-third annual convention of Cayuga County Woman's Christian Temperance union was held in Westminster Presbyterian church, Auburn, on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. The sessions opened with a large attendance, over fifty being present. A more extended account will be given next week.

Dr. J. W. Whitbeck,

DENTIST



Genoa, N. Y.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, Corner of Main and Maple Streets.

Dentistry done in all branches; best of materials used; satisfaction guaranteed.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain. Specialties—Filling and preserving the natural teeth; making of artificial sets of teeth.

Charges reasonable as elsewhere, consistent with good work.

No Extracting of Teeth after dark

H. E. ANTHONY, M. D.

MORAVIA, N. Y.

Office hours 7 to 8:30 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.

Miller Phone. Bell Phone.

Special attention given to Diseases of the Eye and

FITTING OF GLASSES.

Sherwood Equality Club.

The initial meeting for the ensuing year, of the Sherwood Equality Club was held at the Sherwood Select School building, on Monday evening, Aug. 24. At this meeting, Mr. Wm. Benson of Koalgia, Alabama, gave an illustrated lecture on the condition of the settlement of which he is the head. This community is designed to give an uplift to the colored race on educational and industrial lines. Several thousand acres of land have been secured, buildings have been erected and each student is given practical instruction on that line which will be likely to be beneficial in his or her life work. Cotton being the staple production of the South, does not furnish employment through the year. Its early harvest is followed by a long period of idleness and during this interval, the scanty savings from the cotton are lived up, and many times the future crop mortgaged to defray the necessary expenses of the home. To meet this need, many other industries are taught at this settlement, among which are the making of turpentine and resin, the sawing of lumber, the making of cement and tile, etc. The girls are taught cooking, sewing and other things intended to improve the conditions of the home. All are given a good common school education. Mr. Benson sang several plantation melodies, with the pathos common to the song of the educated colored man. A collection of \$3.12 was received which Miss Howland increased to an amount unknown to the writer.

The second meeting of this club was held on Thursday, Sept. 3. The speakers at this meeting were Miss Emily Howland, Mrs. Ada Comstock and Miss M. E. Hoxsie of Scipioville. The topic was the unique gathering of Suffragettes in London on June 10, 1908. It has been claimed by this body of women that a majority of the House of Commons were in favor of giving full suffrage to women, but the Premier has never allowed the vote to be taken. His reply to their importunities has been that he had no reason to suppose that any great number of women desired the ballot. Their reply was the formation of a procession which marched from a given point to the House of Commons, a distance of three miles. This procession was composed of women of all ranks and conditions from the woman with a title to the domestic servant. They marched six abreast with flags and banners with suitable inscriptions. It can be safely asserted that the demands of an equal body of men would have received some attention—a striking proof of the necessity of the ballot for women.

Elderly People Find our beef, iron and wine especially good in restoring strength and energy; it makes blood, furnishes nourishment and stimulates the appetite. Pts. 50c. Qts. 90c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Box Paper. A genuine Royal Line, Old English Mills with envelope to match; a package usually sold at 15c. Here for 10c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.



GREATEST STATE FAIR

New York Plant Best Equipped In the World.

NEW LIBERAL ARTS BUILDING

Superb Structure, to Be Dedicated by Governor Hughes, Conceded to Be the Finest of Its Kind—An Attractive Week's Programme.

With a \$225,000 building representing the cornerstone of the proposed \$2,000,000 permanent fair grounds the New York state fair of 1908, which opens at Syracuse Sept. 14, will hold a new interest for the people of the Empire State. For the first time during the sixty-eight years that New York has laid claim to an annual exhibition the state fair will be accepted as meet-



LEWIS STUYVESANT CHANLER.
[President of state fair commission.]

ing the demands of the vast manufacturing, agricultural and breeding interests of the state.

Since Governor Charles E. Hughes and the state legislature authorized a new state fair commission to proceed with the building of what is expected to be the most completely equipped fair plant in the world there has been a remarkable development in every department of the fair. This is seen in the entries at state fair headquarters denoting the number and character of the exhibits. Representatives of interests which have made New York the first state in the Union seemed to have joined with a rush in showing the need for the large substantial buildings called for in the plan adopted by the legislature at the last session.

The 80,000 square feet of floor space in the new building to be devoted to manufactures and liberal arts had been applied for before the immense steel girders forming the network for the stone, brick and concrete were in place. Unable to get into the new building, exhibitors turned to the wooden structures, and now they are tumbling over one another in the scramble for space out of doors suitable for exhibiting purposes.

The entries in the live stock, agricultural, horticultural and poultry departments are far more numerous than in former years. The agricultural machinery exhibit will be the greatest ever shown in the state. Commissioner of Agriculture Raymond A. Pearson has arranged the best dairy exhibit ever shown anywhere. Practically all of the large racing stables in the country are entered in the grand circuit meeting, one of the very big features of the fair. Samuel W. Taylor of New York city, who directs the horse show as a representative of Commissioner DeForest Settle, head of the racing and horse show departments, predicts that it will be the most interesting outdoor exhibition of high class horses ever held in this or foreign countries. Encouragement from the legislature seems to have sent the state fair ahead at tremendous bounds.

The most important event in connection with the state fair this year will be the dedication of the Manufactures and Liberal Arts building, with Governor Hughes delivering the principal address from the broad brick ap-



WILLIAM PITKIN.
[Commissioner in charge of farm production.]

proach of the building, which will look out over a plaza large enough for 60,000 people. This will take place on Thursday, when many state legislators will be on hand to inspect the first work on the new fair grounds entrusted to a commission consisting of Lieutenant Governor Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler and Commissioner of Agriculture Pearson, who are ex officio under the state fair act, and five paid members—DeForest Settle of Syracuse, A. E. Perren of Buffalo, C. A. Wieting of Cobleskill, Ira Sharp of Lowville and William

Pitkin of Rochester. Mr. Chanler is president of the commission.

That Governor Hughes and the legislators will be pleased with the commission's work there appears to be little doubt. The building, a magnificent structure, finished in sand white brick and with an arched roof painted a delicate green, is located near the main entrance to the grounds. Besides being of rare architectural beauty, in admirably meets the needs for which it was planned. The great floor space, larger than that in Madison Square Garden, New York, is entirely free from pillars, and skylights extending almost its entire length make it unnecessary for exhibitors to use any artificial light. State engineers declare that there is not a fair building of its equal in the world.

Monday, the first day of the fair, has been designated "Hawatha day," because the Ka-Noo-No Carnival, promoted annually by the Mystique Krewe of Ka-Noo-No, an organization of people who lead in the business and social life of Syracuse, opens on the evening of that day. The purpose of the Mystique Krewe is to provide for visitors to Syracuse during fair week entertainment on the order of that furnished at New Orleans by the Mardi Gras. The grand circuit race meeting opens on Monday, as do the running horse races, which will be the first held in connection with the fair. The first of the horse show classes will be called, and they will have a unique feature in a race on the mile track between four-in-hand trotting teams driven to coaches. This will be the first attempt at a four-in-hand race on a circular track with three or more teams competing.

Tuesday will be Empire State day, when loyal New Yorkers are expected to turn out en masse and show a spirit of appreciation for the great interests represented at the fair. The judging of the different departments will be in full blast, and the race inclosure will have a special feature in the \$10,000 Empire State stake, one of the classics of the trotting turf.

As in past years, Wednesday will be Grange day, and the attendance will be swelled by visitors from the rural



IRA SHARP.
[Commissioner in charge of domestic department.]

districts, always depended upon to support the state fair. A large plot of ground will be given to the use of grangers where they may hold meetings and transact organization business. When the permanent grounds are completed the grangers will have a building for their exclusive use.

Thursday has been designated "Governor's and Legislators' day," and Friday and Saturday will be Intercity Matinee days. The two closing days of the fair will have race track attractions in the events of the Intercity Matinee, the equal of which are seen just once a year in one city of the United States. It means the annual meeting of the amateur reinsmen affiliated with the League of Amateur Driving Clubs, which includes organizations in New York, Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Columbus, Pittsburg and Syracuse. Each year one of these cities is selected as the place for holding a two day meeting, the only meeting which brings together all of the clubs. Fortunately for the state fair and for the state fair visitors, the Intercity Matinee was allotted to Syracuse and the dates fixed for Sept. 18 and 19. By an arrangement with the Driving Club of Syracuse the state fair commission was able to get this big attraction for the fair. The best trotters and pacers used for amateur racing in the country will be driven by their owners to wagons as light and as fast as racing sulkies.

For the past three years the state fair has been attracting in the neighborhood of 150,000 people annually. With the unusual features this year and the railroad companies preparing to almost double the transportation facilities the indications are that the attendance will pass the 200,000 mark.

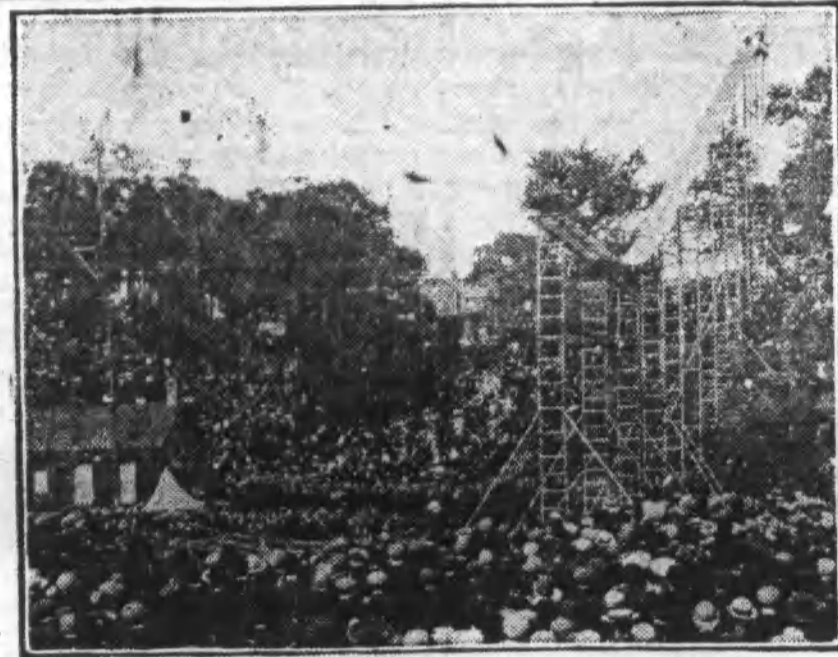
Minor Heir to Try for Record.
The race programme will open on Monday with the stake for three-year-old trotters eligible to the 2:25 class. Other events on Monday's card will be the 2:07 pace, the 2:13 trot and a race for thoroughbreds under saddle. The feature event of the day will be Minor Heir's trial against the world's record. Minor Heir secured at Terre Haute the world's record for the two fastest heats in a race when he won in 2:01 and 2:01 1/4. The week following he went an exhibition mile in 2:00 1/4, just one second behind the world's record, held jointly by Star Pointer and Audubon Boy. As the state fair track is faster than any of the courses Minor Heir has been over this year and he is to have special preparation for this trial, horsemen say that his chances for getting the world's record are good.

Among the sensational performers entered are Allen Winter, winner of the American Derby at Readville, which netted his owner \$30,000; Prince C., winner of second money in the big race; San Francisco, which took third, and the Huntsman, which was fourth. In the free for all trot will be seen Major Delmar, 1:50 1/4; Sweet Marie, 2:02 1/4; George G., 2:05 1/4; Highball, 2:08 1/4, and Ora, 2:05 1/4. Others numbering among the fastest harness of the year entered are: Amy Brooks, Spanish Queen, Jack Leyburn, Sterling McKinney, Margaret O., Hamburg Belle, George Gena, Jerry B. and Major Belmont.

DIVER SCHREYER TO APPEAR.

Daredevil Bicyclist Will Make Plunge From Lofty Height.

For several months members of the New York state fair commission have been hunting through this and many other countries for special attractions with which to entertain crowds outside the race track inclosure. While the state is promoting an annual fair chiefly for educational purposes, to permit the people to learn about the vast man-



DAREDEVIL SCHREYER READY TO PLUNGE.

ufacturing agricultural and breeding interests within its borders and to secure support in the movement for the development of these interests, due regard has been paid for the love of the American people for thrilling exhibitions.

When Max Schreyer, who has been winning fame abroad this year by his sensational feats, was engaged to ride a bicycle down an incline 125 feet long and leave the track while going at a speed of eighty miles an hour to dive into a tank of water ninety feet away, the commission felt that it secured an attraction of the highest order. While Schreyer is known as "Daredevil" Schreyer, he insists that he has no death defying act, and in support of his statement he says he has been performing eleven years and has given 1,000 exhibitions before more than 50,000,000 people.

The apparatus necessary for Schreyer's act has been in process of construction at the state fair grounds for two months. It is so large that it is impossible to have it portable, and in every place Schreyer visits a new structure is built. There is not a building in America large enough for the apparatus—in fact, there are only two buildings in the world suitable for it, the Olympia in London and the Gallery Machines in Paris. Schreyer has performed at both places.

The top of the incline at the fair grounds from which Schreyer will start his daring ride will be 112 feet high. It will be higher by twelve feet than has ever been built for the act. After peddling down the track Schreyer will leave the chute, part from his bicycle and end up in the tank. This exhibit will be given daily during the fair. The actual distance covered in the dive will be 150 feet because of Schreyer's rise after leaving the chute.

GREAT RACE MEETING.

Stars of the Turf to Contest at New York State Fair.

That the state fair will have this year the greatest race meeting in its history is the opinion of horsemen since the announcement of the state fair commission of the entries for the grand circuit events and the special features, which will include a trial against the world's pacing record by Minor Heir, 2:00 1/4, the pacing wonder of the year.

All the big racing stables of the country will be at the fair to compete for the purses, which aggregate \$37,000. The entry for the stake events is larger than was ever secured for a race meeting in this country. These facts promise racing of the highest class and new world's records, for the state fair track is regarded as the fastest in the country.

In addition to the grand circuit meeting, which will extend from Monday to Thursday, inclusive, there will be a series of running horse races which will bring together a large number of stables of thoroughbreds from this and other states. Friday and Saturday will be given up to Intercity Matinee, the one event of the year which the amateur reinsmen of New York, Chicago, Boston, Cleveland, Columbus, Pittsburg and Syracuse compete. The state fair meeting, it would seem, ought to go down in turf history as one of the greatest ever held in this or any other country.

Among the sensational performers entered are Allen Winter, winner of the American Derby at Readville, which netted his owner \$30,000; Prince C., winner of second money in the big race; San Francisco, which took third, and the Huntsman, which was fourth. In the free for all trot will be seen Major Delmar, 1:50 1/4; Sweet Marie, 2:02 1/4; George G., 2:05 1/4; Highball, 2:08 1/4, and Ora, 2:05 1/4. Others numbering among the fastest harness of the year entered are: Amy Brooks, Spanish Queen, Jack Leyburn, Sterling McKinney, Margaret O., Hamburg Belle, George Gena, Jerry B. and Major Belmont.

EXCURSIONS AND REDUCED RATES.

Railroads Arrange Early to Accommodate State Fair Crowds.

The railroad companies are at last awake to the full appreciation of the importance of the New York state fair. Up to three years ago they were still inclined to regard it in the light of a fair sized agricultural show, growing, but not much more than ordinary transportation facilities would be required to carry the people to and from

the grounds. Then they put on a few more special trains, and the next year they increased the number of trains and added a few more excursions, but the demands for transportation were never satisfied. Last year still greater facilities were provided, but the roads were unable to take care of the people who wanted to attend the fair.

Reports came to the state fair commission from cities and villages along every railroad entering Syracuse and also from many places along branches of these roads that hundreds of people anxious to get to the fair had been left at railroad stations because of inability to crowd into the coaches or through failure of trains to stop.

Members of the commission were agreed that this was a very serious condition of affairs, especially so at a time when the fair was to make a big leap in its development by the completion of the first permanent building. There were two courses open to the commission. One was to confer with the railroad officials with the object of learning whether they were prepared to handle state fair business property this year and the other to appeal to the public service commission for the protection of the state's interest represented in its annual exposition.

The second course was not necessary. Railroad officials from all parts of the state went flocking to Syracuse in response to a call from the commission. Were they aware that the railroads had not properly handled state fair crowds? They surely were.

Representatives of the different railroad interests stated unhesitatingly that the demand was, more special trains and more coaches to a train.

The railroad people admitted that they had not provided proper trans-



A. E. PERREN.
[Commissioner in charge of passenger and freight rates.]

portation facilities and gave assurance that they would be prepared this year to accommodate all of the people who desired to use the railroads in reaching the fair grounds. As evidence of their ability to handle the crowds and their readiness to prepare to do so they arranged for a greater number of excursions than have ever been put on during fair week and a further reduction in rates. Agreements were secured by the commission for stopping state fair trains at all stations and for greatly enlarging the territory in which excursions are run.

For the first time this year there will be an excursion to the state fair from New York city, and persons at intermediate points will be accommodated. Special rates will be allowed from all points as far west as Buffalo. The excursion rate territory will be extended to the St. Lawrence river on the north and to the northern Pennsylvania towns on the south. The local passenger agents will be notified a week before the opening of the fair of the special rates and instructed to bulletin them conspicuously.

1849 1907
Auburn Savings Bank,
Established Fifty-Seven Years
Corner Genesee and South Sts., AUBURN, N. Y.
3 1-2 Per Cent. Paid on Deposits
Compounded Every Six Months.
Deposits \$5,142,455 * Surplus \$333,548.

OFFICERS: Edwin R. Fay, Pres., David M. Dunning First Vice Pres., Nelson B. Eldred, Second Vice Pres., George Underwood, Attorney, E. H. Townsend, Sec. and Treas., Wm. S. Downer Assistant Treasurer.

19th YEAR THE AUBURN Business School Registered By Regents
Will Begin Tuesday, September 8, 1908
With the largest first day registration in the history of the institution. One hundred and thirty-five students last year. Business and Shorthand Courses. Competent, experienced teachers. Successful graduates everywhere. An up-to-date school for young men and women who think. Send for illustrated school journal. Further information upon request. Empire Phone 708.
H. F. CRUMB, Principal, AUBURN, N. Y.
51-53-55 Genesee Street. Mention This Paper.

ORGANIZED 1865
Cayuga County Savings Bank
CORNER OF GENESSEE & STATE STS.
AUBURN, N. Y.
W. F. WAIT, President. D. WADSWORTH, Jr., Vice-President
W. H. MEAKER, Treasurer. E. D. METCALF, Vice-President
INTERESTS PAID ON DEPOSIT
Loans Made on Approved Mortgages
All Business Strictly Confidential.

When In Need
Get our prices on Hemlock, Yellow and White Pine, Shingles, Fence Posts, Buckwheat Fertilizer, Salt, Cement, Hominy, Bran, Etc. We will strive to satisfy you in quality and price.
J. G. ATWATER & SON,
Clear View, N. Y.
C. J. Wheeler, M'g'r, Genoa branch.

PORCH AND STAIR WORK
Cisterns Mouldings
Tanks Doors, Windows
CAPITOL WHITE LEAD
The most durable white paint known, Oils, etc.
VERIBEST RUBBER ROOFING.
R. L. TEETER, MORAVIA

Special Attention To Owners In FARMS OR COUNTRY PROPERTY.
THE PEOPLE'S AGENCY,
Office 93 Genesee St., AUBURN, N. Y.
REAL ESTATE AND EXCHANGE SPECIALISTS,
G. N. STUPP. J. N. ROSS.
Want farms or country property to sell or exchange for city homes, investment property or first-class store property suitable for any business purpose, located on prominent business streets. Take a step in the right direction by calling or write us what you have, or what you want, and get quick results.
THE PEOPLE'S AGENCY.

Bunn Studio
402 South Salina St., SYRACUSE, N. Y.
Fine Photographs At Reasonable Prices.
One extra photo on each dozen order during State Fair week. Don't miss the "smile on, smile off," "hat on, hat off" Stamp photos. 24 for 25 cents.

Frederick J. Meyer,
DEALER IN
PIANOS AND ORGANS
Musical Instruments taken in exchange.
Warehouses, 12 John St., AUBURN, N. Y.
TUNER-REPAIRER
Empire Phone 1246.

THE GENOA TRIBUNE.
ESTABLISHED 1890.
A LOCAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER

Published every Friday, except on holidays, by **E. A. WALDO**, Genoa, N. Y.
Morrison Building, Genoa, N. Y.

Subscription.
One year \$1.00
Six months50
Three months25
Single copies05

If no orders are received to discontinue the paper at the expiration of the time paid for, the publisher assumes that the subscriber desires the paper and intends to pay for it. No subscription will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Advertising.
Business notices with headings placed among regular reading matter, five cents per line, up to twenty lines, over that four cents. Local readers and special 5 cents per line for each insertion. No charge less than 10 cents. Rates for space advertising are reasonable, and the value of this publication as a medium through which the people of Southern Cayuga and Northern Tompkins may be reached, is unquestioned. Write for space rates.

Notices of entertainments, socials, sales, etc., inserted free; for more than that a slight charge will be made. Obituaries, five cents per line. Cards of thanks twenty-five cents.

Job Printing.
This office is well equipped to do first class printing of every description at moderate prices.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 11, 1908.

DR. J. W. SKINNER,
Homeopathist and Surgeon, Genoa, N. Y.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children. Cancer removed without pain by escharotic. Office at residence.

FIRE!
E. C. HILLMAN,
GENERAL FIRE INSURANCE.

Levanna, N. Y.

Place your risks in none but sound companies, at reasonable rates. Regular trip every thirty days. The Glens Falls Co. carries the majority of risks in this section; I also have other good companies.

HOMER
Steam Marble and Granite Works

JOSEPH WATSON & CO.,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in—

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES and LOT ENCLOSURES

In Foreign and American Granite and Marble

In buying direct from the manufacturers you save the middleman's profit. By giving our work personal attention we guarantee the best of work and material. We are practical workmen and designers, and furnish original and special designs with estimates on application.

JOSEPH WATSON CO.
HOMER, N. Y.

SHERWOOD THE OPTICIAN
MAKES GLASSES THAT FIT WHERE OTHERS FAIL.
69 Genesee St. AUBURN, N. Y.

Venice Town Insurance Co.

\$1,000,000 in Farm Risks.
Office; Genoa, N. Y.
Average Assessment since Organization of Company, in 1879, \$.78 1-2.
Where can you do better?
Wm. H. Sharpsteen, Secy.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
Promotes a luxuriant growth. Restores fallen hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases & itching. 25c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

JAS. K. BUST,
Carriage Store, 6 Dill St.,
AUBURN, N. Y.

A GREAT CATTLE SHOW

Champion Cows of World to Be Seen at State Fair.

MANY HERDS OF HOLSTEINS.

New York Leads in Best Breeds of Dairy Cattle, and Exhibition Should Attract Unusual Interest—Record Entry For Other Classes.

The New York state fair will have the best live stock show ever seen in this country. This statement, made by members of the state fair commission, might not be readily accepted by persons aware that New York has yet to give a fair of the proportions of some of the western exhibitions were it not explained that New York ranks ahead of western states in the breeding of blooded cattle.

New York has more cattle of the valuable breeds for dairy purposes than any other state. It has come to be regarded as the home of the Holstein-Friesian cattle breeding industry. Since the first of the year the purchase prices of Holstein cattle in the territory within a radius of thirty miles of the state fair grounds, which are just outside the corporate limits of Syracuse, aggregate over \$150,000, according to officers of the Holstein-Friesian Cattle Breeders' association. It would appear, therefore, as though the state had about the very best location for its fair grounds, so far as the cattle classes are concerned.

As evidence that New York leads in the breeding of high class dairy cattle it is pointed out that some western states only this year purchased New York herds for experimental farms conducted by the government and found them the best dairy cattle. For the past two years New York's Holstein-Friesian cattle have been in demand in foreign countries. A few months ago a breeding establishment within an hour's ride of Syracuse shipped a herd that had been purchased for the Japanese government. When these facts are considered, the statement of State Fair Commissioner C. A. Wieting, who was formerly commissioner of agriculture, that visitors to the fair will see the largest show of Holsteins ever together at one time at any exhibition in the world, and also the greatest number of "thirty pound cows" ever shown at one time, is not surprising.

Holsteins will not command all the attention. There will be Ayrshires, Jerseys and Guernseys, besides other breeds not as common at dairy farms. The sheep and swine classes are larger than ever in the fair's history.

The entries just compiled by Secretary S. C. Shaver show that the greatest sires of the cattle kingdom will be exhibited. The herd from Moyerdale farm will be headed by King Segis, No. 36,168, the world's greatest sire of the Holstein breed at four years. He is the only sire of the breed with four twenty-pound junior two-year-old daughters. Their names and butter records for seven days follow: Belle Segis, 21.18; Pontiac Duplicate II, 21.10; Brookside Segis Korndyke, 20.98; Netherland Segis, 20.13. Other famous animals in the herd include Prilly, No. 40,082, the greatest producing cow of the breed and having a seven day butter record of 25.20 pounds and a thirty day record of 98.08 pounds; Betty Lyons Netherland, No. 69,247, the only Holstein cow that has five daughters all with records better than twenty-four pounds each; Segis Aggie De Kol Beets, No. 57,416, sired by the great Paul Beets De Kol, sire of eighty-eight officially tested daughters and the only bull of any breed that has sired a thirty-pound daughter and has a sire that has sired a thirty-pound daughter.

Among the world's records secured by Moyerdale is that held by Grace Fayne II, Homestead, No. 68,828, for butter producing quality at four and five years. The Moyerdale herd will include the four greatest thirty-pound record cows of the breed, as follows: Betty Lyons Netherland, Blanche Lyons De Kol, Segis Aggie De Kol Beets and Grace Fayne II, Homestead.

The exhibit of Wing R. Smith from the Lakeland farm of twenty-four registered head of Holsteins is notable, because while the animals have never been shown in competition they are the results of Mr. Smith's careful selection from the best herds of the state. Mr. Smith's herd is headed by the young sire Prince Segis Korndyke. His sire is Sir Korndyke Monar De Kol, the sire of many splendid bulls and cows. Among the cows in this herd is Frenesta Hengerveld De Kol, with a record of 32.26 pounds of butter in seven days and 123.19 pounds in thirty days, which stamps her one of the truly great cows of the breed. Other cows to be shown with her are Hazel Ophels De Kol, with a twenty-five pound record at three years old; Blanche De Kol Hengerveld, Beauty Bauwerd Hengerveld and Beauty Bauwerd De Kol.

The Stevens brothers and Hastings company will have Maid Mutual De Kol, Susie De Kol Paul, Pontiac Columbo and Pontiac Artis.

Fred Field of Brockton, Mass., will bring his celebrated bull Colantha Johanna Lad, which cost him \$8,000; also De Kol Creamella, the world's champion milk cow, that gave 10,017 pounds of milk in a hundred days and 119.7 in one day, and Aggie Cornucopia Pauline, which was the world's champion butter cow for several years.

These three cows, with seventeen others, will be the most valuable lot of Holstein cattle ever exhibited at any fair in the world.

AN INDIAN VILLAGE.

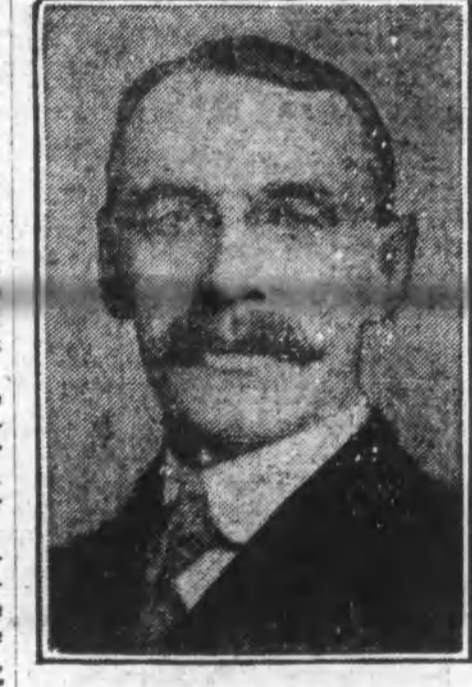
Onondagas Will Live at Fair Grounds as They Did Centuries Ago.

Visitors to the state fair grounds will have a chance to see how the Onondaga Indians lived in the days when their teepees were erected on the ground now covered by some of the large fair buildings. When Father Le Moynes visited Onondaga lake in 1684 he discovered salt springs and came in contact with the first Onondaga Indians he had met within a short distance of the present fair grounds.

The purpose of the Indian village, which is to be conducted by the Mystique Krewe of Ka-Noo-No, the organization which gives annually the Ka-Noo-No Carnival, is to recall to the public mind Indian history and traditions associated with the ground which the state uses for its annual exposition. It will be shown how the primitive red man built fires without matches and lived before he learned the lessons of his civilized white brother.

There will be the unique Indian band composed entirely of real Onondaga Indians, including some of their chiefs in full Indian costume and headdress. Fifty Indians will be seen in this production, and they will live on the fair grounds in their teepees from the beginning of the fair to the close, cooking their own food and sleeping in blankets in primitive fashion. A play will be given by the Indians, the subject of which will be "The Legend of Elawatha."

Preparations have been fully completed for the Ka-Noo-No Carnival, popularly styled "the northern Mardi Gras." This is given by the Mystique Krewe for the entertainment of state fair visitors during the evenings of fair week. On Monday evening the coronation of the king and queen of the Carnival will be seen. A grand spectacle will be furnished in the central square of Syracuse in which fifty young ladies will take part. This will be followed by a water pageant on the Erie canal, which passes through the



ALBERT E. BROWN,
[Treasurer of state fair commission.]

square. The festivities of the evening will wind up with a grand ball at Turn hall, the building owned by the Syracuse Turn Verein.

On Tuesday night there will be a float parade, representing symbolically the city's industrial and commercial life, and on Wednesday there will be a parade of floats depicting history and legends of the Hudson river. The fraternal float parade of various organizations will be seen on Thursday night, and the Carnival will close on Friday night with a floral parade in which 10,000 school children will take part.

AMATEUR REINSMEN.

Syracuse Selected as Place For Big Meeting of the Year.

The leading amateur reinsmen of the country, connected with the League of Amateur Driving Clubs, gather at one place near the close of each racing season for what is known as the Inter-city matinee, an event which attracts unusual interest in the horse world. In the past years it has been held in Chicago, Cleveland, Boston and Pittsburg.

This year Syracuse, which has a club ranking second only to Cleveland in amateur racing, was designated as the meeting place. Fortunately for state fair visitors, the dates for the meeting were fixed for the same week as the state fair, and the amateur races will furnish one of the feature events of the fair.

In these contests, which will be held on Sept. 18 and 19, the trotters and pacers, trained exclusively for the amateur sport, will be driven to four-wheeled racing wagons, so constructed that a horse can draw one a mile within a second as fast as he can draw the lightest racing sulky. Owners, some of whom have invested large fortunes in their stables for the mere pleasure of the sport and without any hope of financial return, will drive. The winner in each class will be awarded a silver trophy.

Senator Horace White, president of the Driving Club of Syracuse, which will be directly in charge of the inter-city matinee, has received entries from New York, Boston, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Columbus and Chicago, which, with the entries from the Syracuse club, promise the greatest amateur racing in the history of the sport in this country. In order to permit state fair visitors to witness the contests between the noted amateur reinsmen the fair commission decided to crowd the programme of grand circuit races into the first four days of the fair instead of having it extend into Friday, as has been the custom.

A Paying Investment.

Mr. John White, of 38 Highland Ave., Houlton, Maine, says: "Have been troubled with a cough every winter and spring. Last winter I tried many advertised remedies, but the cough continued until I bought a 50c bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery; before that was half gone, the cough was all gone. This winter the same happy result has followed; a few doses once more banished the annual cough. I am now convinced that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best of all cough and lung remedies." Sold under guarantee at J. S. Banker's, Genoa, and F. T. Atwater's, King Ferry, drug stores. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

It is a pity when sick ones drug the stomach or stipulate the Heart and Kidneys. That is all wrong! A weak Stomach, means weak stomach nerves, always. And this is also true of the Heart and Kidneys. The weak nerves are instead crying out for help. This explains why Dr. Shoop's Restorative is helping Stomach, Heart and Kidney ailments. The Restorative reaches out for the actual cause of these ailments—the failing "inside nerves." Anyway test the Restorative 48 hours. It won't cure so soon as that, but you will surely know that help is coming. Sold by J. S. Banker.

Salad or Olive Oil. There are many poor and adulterated oils on the market but they do not bear the name of the Sagar Store. Our guarantee reads, "We the undersigned, do hereby guarantee that the olive oil sold by us, having been inspected by the U. S. Custom is not adulterated or misbranded within the Food and Drug Act of June 30, 1906. E. M. Chamoit, Professor of Sanitary Chemistry, Toxicology, Micro Chemical Analysis, Department of Chemistry, Cornell University, also declares the oil we sell to be "high grade and free from adulteration." We believe it the best that comes to this market. Pts. 50c. Qts. 90c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

The Missing Link.

What was said to be the "missing link between man and the ape" was found by Dr. Dubois in 1865 on the banks of the Bengawan river, in central Java. These fossil remains consisted of a skull, a thigh bone and two molar teeth, from which the scientists "constructed" an animal, not human, yet nearer to man than the ape. The "link" was named "Pithecanthropus erectus."—New York American.

"I am a broken man," said the playwright.

"So I should think," was the answer, "for I have seen your pieces."

How to Get Strong.

P. J. Daly, of 1247 W. Congress St., Chicago, tells of a way to become strong: He says: "My mother, who is old and was very feeble, is deriving so much benefit from Electric Bitters, that I feel it's my duty to tell those who need a tonic and strengthening medicine about it. In my mother's case a marked gain in flesh has resulted, insomnia has been overcome, and she is steadily growing stronger." Electric Bitters quickly remedy stomach, liver and kidney complaints. Sold under guarantee at J. S. Banker's, Genoa, and F. T. Atwater's, King Ferry, drug stores. 50c.

A pleasing, good, high grade, truly flavored, amber colored cup of coffee can be had—without the real coffee danger, or damage to health—by simply using Dr. Shoop's new substitute, called "Health Coffee." Pure, wholesome, toasted cereals, malt, nuts, etc., make Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee both healthful and satisfying. No 20 to 30 minutes tedious boiling. "Made in a minute," says Dr. Shoop. If served as coffee, it's taste will even trick an expert. Test it and see. Sold by F. C. Hagin.

Abdominal Supporters are being worn more and more by people with large abdomens as they learn of the comfort and rest obtained by their use. We have a variety of these goods, and number of styles to meet the requirements of the different cases. Prices from \$2.00 up. Let us show you. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Alaska.
After the purchase of Alaska several names were suggested for the new possession, among them Walrusia, American Siberia, Zero Islands and Polario. The name now used was proposed by Charles Sumner, who stated it to be that bestowed by the Indians themselves and given to Captain Cook with the information that it signified "the great land."

A Sure-enough Knocker.

J. C. Goodwin, of Reidsville, N. C., says: "Knocken's Arnica Salve is a sure-enough knocker for ulcers. A bad one came on my leg last summer, but that wonderful salve knocked it out in a few rounds. Not even a scar remained." Guaranteed for piles, sores, burns, etc. 25c at J. S. Banker's, Genoa, and F. T. Atwater's, King Ferry, drug store.

Rexall Straw Hat Cleaner. Renders the oldest, most discolored hat white and stainless as new. 10 and 25c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Mrs. Nowed—Isn't my new hat a dream? Mr. Nowed—Yes, and the price mark is an alarm clock.—Baltimore American.

The Finest Language in the World

Hempstead—my friend Benzon—is one of those invaluable men to whom one turns instinctively in times of tribulation. On that disastrous day when I left the familiar house in West Kensington in the character of a rejected suitor, it was to him I repaired.

"She's refused me," I said dolefully.

"Cheer up, Statistics tell us there are 102 unmarried women to a hundred unmarried men. Therefore—"

"Oh hang your statistics. I want you to help me to get out of the country—to New Zealand."

"Why New Zealand?"

"I want to get as far away from this country as I can."

"I am afraid I can't manage that. But—do you know Calabar?"

"Yes. It's a dog biscuit."

"It may be, but it's also a district on the coast of Africa. A firm of merchants I know have a trading station there. The manager who has been in less than six months' time. I think I can get you the job, if between then and now you acquire a knowledge of the language."

"What language?"

"Calabar. The natives of the Calabar district speak a dialect unlike any other, and the manager of the station must be fully conversant with it."

In the end, after an interview with the head of the firm in question, I accepted the post, the appointment being provisional on my being able to converse in Calabar with a native missionary who was coming to England in four months-time to attend a gathering of African clergymen in London.

The question arose who was to teach me Calabar. Apparently no one in London knew it.

Finally I sought out Professor Peters. The great authority on primitive languages proved to be a shabby little old man addicted to snuff-taking.

"The Calabar dialect," he said, "is a very interesting language. It's a very interesting language."

"Will you teach it to me?" I asked, and explained the situation.

"I'm too busy just now. I can't find time."

"You must teach me," I cried in alarm. "You're one of the very few men in London who know the language."

Still he demurred. On a sudden, however, after an extra big pinch of snuff, he changed his mind and promised me an hour three times a week, and to set me lessons, which, I worked conscientiously, would make me proficient in Calabar in three months.

Greatly delighted at the upshot of the interview, I hastened home to find that my extremely musical landlord, Mrs. Tompkins, was at her piano again. The incident crystallized a nebulous desire to get away from Kensington and the vicinity of Miss Austin. Again I went to see Benzon.

"I'm tired," I said, "of furnished apartments, and landladies who play the piano at the afternoon and evening; and, of course, it will be impossible for me to study under the circumstances. Can you get me in somewhere, a paying guest in a quiet house?"

Within a week, thanks to the invulnerable Benzon, I was installed in Upper Hempstead, and devoting myself seriously to the study of Calabar. My hostess, a Mrs. Vaughan and her two daughters, Hope and Evelyn, completed the household.

Evelyn was a school girl, Hope a few years older, a somewhat clever artist, who illustrated Children's Christmas books. Her days were spent drawing impossible pretty children—princesses, fairies, giants, ogres, and animals with conversational powers.

We rapidly became friends. I wrote some appallingly bad verses to accompany some of her drawings which she couldn't sell, and a misguided publisher then bought them. To balance the obligation she heard me say my lessons in Calabar.

My progress in that tongue was surprising myself and earning me the commendation of the professor.

Every morning after breakfast I used to start translating the Standard Leader into Calabar, and then proceed to English the exercise in Calabar set me by the professor.

At first I used to do this in my sitting room. Presently I got in the habit of staying in the dining room after breakfast. Miss Vaughan used that room for a studio, and we found we worked all the better in company. After luncheon we used

to walk on the beach when neither of us had any special engagement.

Three months after I had moved to Hempstead a letter from Benzon informed me that the native preacher was sailing for England earlier than had been anticipated, in fact, he would be here in a week.

So rapid had been my progress that I felt quite certain of passing. Already I could converse fluently in the tongue to the professor. He was delighted at my proficiency.

"What's that? The black missionary from Calabar arrives next week. Oh, he does, does he? Well, Mr. Trent, stick to your exercises till then, and after you've met him, come and tell me how you've fared."

"I will," I promised, "and I'll set up then," for hitherto I had not said the professor a farthing; he had put it off, saying that he preferred payment at the end of the course.

The week passed rapidly. I worked hard, and, when not studying Calabar, read books about West Africa and discussed my future here with Hope. We promised to exchange letters by every mail. I was also to fill up my leisure time by writing a long fairy tale in verse suitable for a Christmas illustrated fairy book.

All too soon the Calabar native arrived, and an appointment was fixed at the office of the company, Benzon, at my special request, accompanied me, and punctually at the hour aimed we were ushered into the manager's private room and found him engaged with a big, black man dressed in European style.

"Now, Mr. Trent," said the manager, "just converse with our good friend here in his native tongue."

I immediately burst into Calabar speech, welcoming the nigger to the land of King Edward, and trusting he had had a pleasant voyage.

But the man only stared, and at last, when I ceased, he said, "Me no understand," and then began chattering in some gibberish utterly unintelligible to me.

I retorted in Calabar, begging him to answer in his own tongue, but all to no purpose.

Then I knew that Calabar was gibberish utterly different to the language I had been laboriously learning for three months.

"Peters has been having a joke with you," suggested Benzon, when this fact was at last clear, "or else he's taught you aztec or some other outlandish lingo by mistake."

"Mistake," I roared. "I'll go and kill him! Here I have wasted three months of my life!"—and I rushed out of the office in a state bordering on frenzy.

I do not believe I would really have slain the eminent professor had I caught him that afternoon; but he was out, and his servant gave me a letter addressed to me.

"My dear Mr. Trent," it ran, "I am leaving England to-night—it was dated the previous day—for North Borneo to study the hybrid Japanese, said to be spoken by the tribes in the interior. You have by this time, no doubt, discovered that the language I taught you was not Calabar, nor any West African dialect. Many years ago, when I was young and obscure, the dream of inventing a universal language came to me. With infinite care I completed it, only to find that no one would learn it. No publisher would publish a cheap handbook of it, except at my own expense, and I was too poor then to pay a printer's bill.

"So 'Unifeco' as I styled it, died still-born. I put it away, and became in time a professor of languages. I, who had invented the finest language in the world—a language no one knew but myself.

Then you came to me and the temptations to teach at least one pupil Unifeco assailed me and I succumbed to it. Any reasonable claim for damages you like to forward to my lawyer will be met. Faithfully yours, Arthur Peters."

That day, after dinner, Hope and I sat on a bench in a secluded corner of the Heath. We talked in Calabar—I mean "Unifeco." I append a translation of my speeches.

"After all, I expect I shouldn't have liked West Africa. I'm not sorry I'm not going."

"What did you say?"

"That's awfully sweet of you, Hope, it was the thought of being away from you that made the idea of leaving England so unwelcome."

"Don't say 'Mr. Trent,' say 'Walter.'"

"No, I know I shouldn't. I couldn't help it."

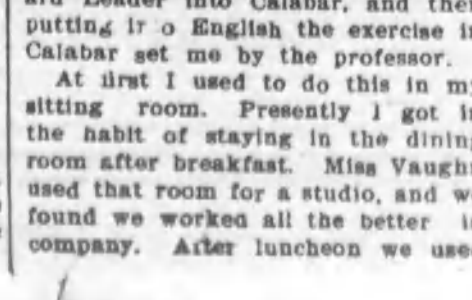
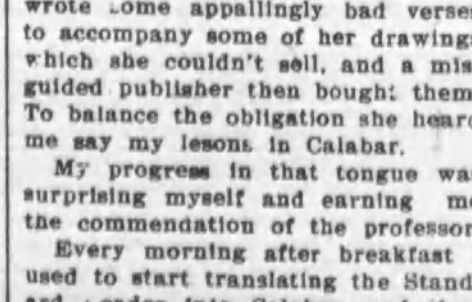
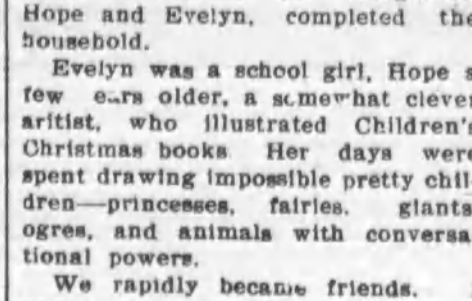
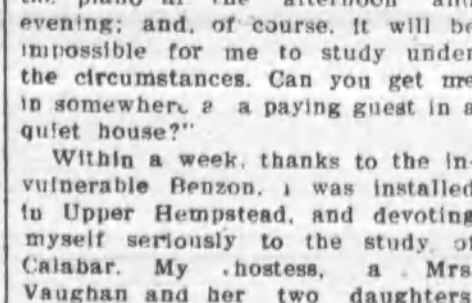
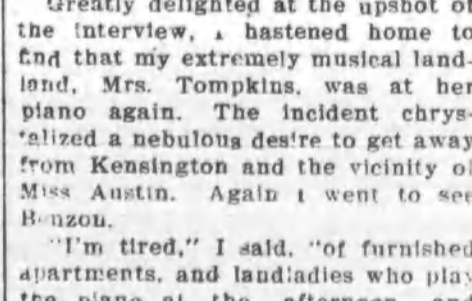
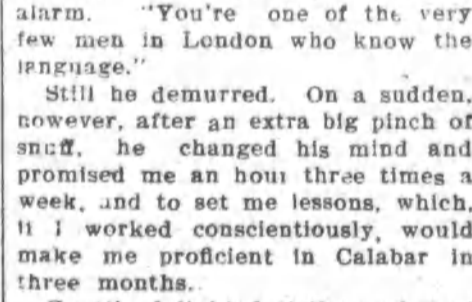
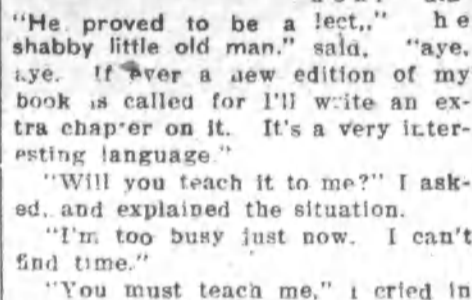
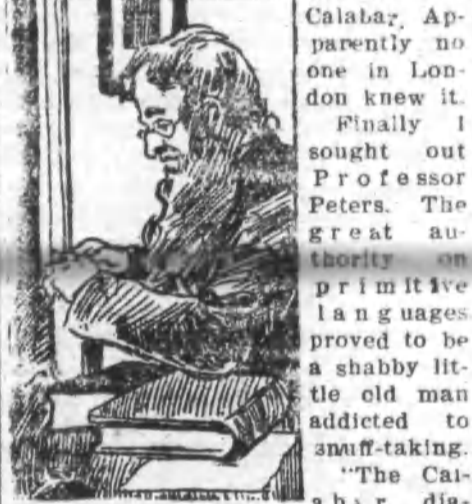
"No, I never kissed Miss Austin in my life."

"No, I never really loved before. How could, when I never met you?"

"I swear it."

"May I tell your mother we're engaged?"

Unifeco is the finest language in the world.



THE GENOA TRIBUNE.

Published every Friday, and entered at the postoffice at Genoa, N. Y., as second-class mail matter.

Friday Morning, Sept. 11, 1908.

The Dominion of the Mind.

Some novel and interesting observations on the action of electricity upon the human body have recently been contributed to Nature-Knowledge by Dr. Otto Pfordten. This German scientist affirms that the action of electrical currents upon the human body may be modified and even neutralized by the state of mind of the person in contact with the current. It is stated in the article that when electricians touch parts of electrical machinery purposely to ascertain whether there is any current in them a powerful current will do them no harm, but an unintentional contact with the same current will prove fatal.

A case is cited where an unexpected shock of 350 volts was terrible, though not fatal, whereas an expected shock of 500 volts made little impression. In another case an expert picked up one end of a broken wire containing 80,000 volts without suffering the least harm. Dr. Pfordten calls this a control of electric fluid and adds, "There is something imposing in this idea that the will power in such a case opposes itself to death as an equal force and comes out triumphant."

A very fine point is involved in this discussion, for it may be that it is the surprise of the unexpected shock and not altogether the power of the current which leads to deadly results. Other students of the subject have reported that electricians have touched dangerous wires when asleep and escaped without serious injury and that an ordinary deadly current did not harm rabbits while they were under the influence of chloroform. The power of the mind in controlling morbid physical sensations and in overcoming certain forms of mental disorder has long been recognized by scientists and philosophers. It is generally assumed that one may invite a serious ailment through the imagination. Conversely a healthy frame of mind or a mind refusing to believe in danger, sickness and pain might be able to counteract evils that would prove serious in the presence of mental indolence and passiveness. Necessity for mental activity and moral courage has been known to cause the sick and weakly to become healthful and strong.

A Foreign Study of the "Panic."

In a recent report to parliament the British commercial agent in the United States, Mr. Seymour Bell, presents a clear and frank opinion of the main causes of the acute financial depression which set in at the close of 1907. Among the causes enumerated are high wages, high cost of living, tremendous industrial activity in the way of improvements and extensions, speculation and personal extravagance. To quote further:

The situation was peculiar. On the one hand, there were the manufacturers with more orders than they could fill and busy enlarging their plants, merchants selling large quantities of goods at satisfactory prices, labor in such demand that even with the addition of the 1,300,000 immigrants it was necessary to employ inefficient workers at good wages. On the other hand, there was dear money owing to scarcity.

When, owing to a failure in New York, light was thrown on the management of some of the large financial concerns in the city, public confidence, which had previously been undermined by certain investigations, gave way completely, resulting in an acute money panic. Careful students of the situation had foreseen a collapse before the end of the year, but did not anticipate that it would come with such suddenness.

Fortunately, warning of the impending trouble was given early, and it was possible to take steps to ward off complete disaster. On this point Mr. Bell observes:

The panic was entirely financial. It has, it is true, brought about a widespread suspension of trade and industry throughout the country, but there has been no throwing on the market of merchandise at ruinous prices, the usual accompaniment of industrial panics. The manufacturers, on the contrary, faced the inevitable and without delay proceeded to curtail the supply and thus reduce such chances as there might have been of glutting the market with unsalable articles.

As to the length of time the present depression will last, it is difficult to form an opinion. It must not be forgotten that the farmers, who form the backbone of American prosperity, have not been affected by the financial situation.

According to the New York Tribune, there are nine Confederate major generals of the civil war surviving and nine surviving Federals of the same rank. As the Federals outnumbered the Confederates three to one at the time, it is a little singular that the southerners show up so well on the survivors' list.

As a social reformer alone Tolstoy would never have commanded world-wide appreciation. It was as novelist, and novelist only, that he gained the peak of supremacy.

The man who does not believe in maintaining playgrounds for the little ones at the public expense has probably never been in a crowded residential district on a summer day.

The death of a veteran of sixty battles, more or less, in an auto accident shows that peace also has her perils no less vicious than war.

The Vice Presidency.

The attitude of men in public life who have reached exalted positions toward the office of vice president is lamentable. Tradition and possibly superstition may have something to do with the reluctance of senators and governors to take the second place on the national ticket. While the career of Theodore Roosevelt has been pointed to as evidence that times have changed and that men of prominence politically are now more than willing to accept the candidacy for vice president, the facts do not bear out the assumption.

Naturally when men of the right caliber who are active in public life feel disinclined to stand for this important office the mind turns to those outside the ranks of officeholders for a candidate. It is often said that good material for presidents abounds everywhere. But the head of the ticket must be more than a man fit for the office. He must be an available leader. With the vice president personal popularity, and all that, is of less importance. Men comparatively unknown to the voters at large have often held second place on the winning ticket. No doubt the reluctance of a nominating convention to go outside for a vice president is due in part to the influence of active politicians, who are slow to concede that governing ability is not confined to a few professionals. An outsider is even made to feel that he would be an intruder should he attempt to bring private ideals into the public service. What the experience of Roosevelt in the office of vice president teaches is that the second office is of great importance and that it is worth while to search for the right man in and out of the ranks of the officeholding class. Recently the law was changed in order to provide for the presidential succession, and it is now possible for an outsider whose qualifications have been gained wholly in private affairs to be called to the executive chair from a seat in the cabinet. A place open to a cabinet officer freshly promoted from private citizen should also be open to a private citizen of the same type arriving by way of the vice presidency.

Modern Militarism.

Probably it is safe to say that there never was a time in the history of the world when the best prepared military nations were more reluctant to appeal to arms than they are today. This is doubtless due in part to the influence of world opinion through organized agitation for peace, against any war that is not primarily a battle for justice. Anti-war feeling is also traceable in no small degree to the fact that the balance of military power is so well preserved among the leading nations that damage to the victor must necessarily be so heavy as to forbid an appeal to arms except in the direst emergency. From this last it may be argued that, in spite of great armaments and the unprecedented attention of military minds to the art of war in all directions, modern militarism really makes for peace.

Time was when wars lasted for a long stretch of years, wasting the people's vitality. Nowadays the issue is usually decided within a period counted by months. Development of the engines of war to the point where the shock of battle and its decision are hastened has reduced the damage done to the belligerents. Even the peace societies, finding the abolition of war difficult, if not impossible, seek to minimize its horrors and its penalties. Yet all this fails to put a premium upon warfare.

Women at Work and Out of Work.

Among the unemployed in New York city who really want work and cannot find jobs are 40,000 women. It is to be supposed that these workless workers have heretofore supported themselves and perhaps helped to support others by toiling for wages. The number seems large for one city, but the fact is that in New York alone there are 400,000 women dependent upon their own exertions for support. Women rush to the large cities in search of employment in shops and factories, in offices and hospitals, and also in the household.

But American women outside of the great cities are not averse to wage earning employment, for there are in this country 6,000,000 women who work for a living. One-half of the unmarried women, it is shown by the census figures, are self supporting. The competition of women with men in the remunerative avocations of life is one of the suggestive signs of the times. It tends to make the status of labor more and more a grave social problem. As wage earners and breadwinners the women now nearly equal the men in number, and their number is constantly increasing. Statesmanship will soon have to take into account the needs of the tea caddy as well as the dinner-pail.

An optimist is a man who believes that ultimately all ice men will use scales that tell the whole truth and nothing but the truth.

The "expert canoeist" is still demonstrating on the quick reduction of the population.

Trees as Soil Builders.

Studies of the various regions of the country and of the trees adapted to culture in each are made by the forest service at Washington, and one aim of these studies recently has been to point out how waste and neglected spots may be turned into wood-lots to serve the double purpose of furnishing timber and improving the soil. Results of these studies and experiments may be had by application to the agricultural department.

Many poor soils now waste spots on the farm would become profitable if planted with the right kind of forest trees and cared for in the right way. Trees will often grow where grain and grass will not, and certain forest trees thrive in the very soil where fruit trees fail. Swamps, stony ridges, exhausted fields and washed hillsides need not be abandoned. There is money in most of them if they are set to work producing wood-lots and forests. But knowledge and judgment are necessary, and a bad guess may be costly.

Many trees do well in these soil-some bearing trees in particular. The farmer is fortunate whose land has no poor spots. Few landowners are so well off. Fertile acres are usually fairly profitable, but the gravel bars, rocky knolls, marshy swales and exhausted and eroded slopes are not. Scarcely one of them need remain unproductive. They will grow timber—pine, locust, poplar, osage orange, oak, chestnut or some other kind. But the soil must be studied and the species selected to suit it. Failure might follow the planting of walnut on soil suited to white pine, or vice versa.

It is decidedly worth while to keep all of the farm at work. The owner pays taxes on all his land and is out of pocket for whatever is not earning him something. Further, by growing a tree crop on land which is too poor to plow the quality of the land itself is improved. Forests add humus to the soil, bettering its character, and it has lately been discovered that the decaying leaf litter has also the power of gathering from the air a certain amount of nitrogen, the most important of plant foods. In this respect the forest does for the soil what leguminous crops, like clover and alfalfa, do. Wood growing on wornout land thus becomes doubly profitable. The land is made useful and improved at the same time.

A Good Word For Trade Schools.

The fact that a green boy who wants to do right will be given instruction in the average machine shop does not solve the apprentice problem, according to a writer in the current Engineering Magazine. Preparation for doing right is back of the success of many, and want of preparation accounts for failure in others who try to become mechanics. Technical schools furnish at once a proving ground and an improving ground, according to this writer, who says:

The boys from these schools are somewhat different from others. A young man who has ambition and persistence enough to go through one of these schools is worth more than the ordinary "scrub" and is more capable, but in justice we must recognize that our shops have many youngsters made of just as good timber.

However, the shop trained boy is liable to get false ideas of the value of his "card", and, moreover, is affected by his home training, whereas the trade school boys enter the shop knowing that they have much to learn. To quote further:

They will try to run their tools and produce the work as directed by the foreman. You will notice that they have learned the lesson to obey at school, while the other boys have not learned this either in school or at home. This defect of home training is being felt throughout the whole country in all departments of work, and what we shall do in the future for good, I do not know, but it is a mystery to me. Many of our shops are willing to teach boys, but what do they get in return? When the apprentice has been in the shop about two years he becomes dissatisfied with his pay and leaves to enter another shop as a journeyman. I believe that manufacturing concerns should require a written certificate as to the past whereabouts of men applying for positions. It would tend to correct this evil.

The decay of any real power of thinking is an adequate explanation of a great deal of the mortality of prosperous middle life, says the London Lancet. The business man of forty is often content to live in the mere practice of habit that he has acquired and dies from stupidity. There is nothing left to keep him alive.

Every foreign observer says the London Spectator, believes that the grand struggle between the "haves" and the "have nots" which is to mark the century will be fought out first of all upon American soil.

Beef is up because cattle are scarce, but the russet shoe, while lower in cut, is higher in price. Seems to be just a scheme to get more of our money.

King Solomon was never sued for breach of promise, observes a contemporary. Being a wise man, he probably never wrote love letters when his intentions were not serious.

That "pretender" to the throne of Morocco seems to back up his pretensions with the real thing in bullets.

That aeroplane capable of carrying two men will probably be capable of dropping the same number.



Visit Our Furniture and Carpet Department 2nd Floor. Smith's Store Genoa, N. Y.



SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR SALE—Few second hand buggies.

6tf B. J. BRIGHTMAN, Genoa. Rhodes Farm grapes are good for the stomach. Onions for sale.

6w4 HARRY C. POWERS, Atwater. FOR SALE—First class horse, buggy and harness for sale cheap. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—A stave silo, 14x24, as good as new.

W. P. FURDY, Moravia, R. D. 18 6w2 Dress making at the Boyer house, Genoa, N. Y.

MRS. POTTER AND MRS. OLIVER, 5ml FOR SALE—7 year-old cow with calf by side.

8tf B. J. BRIGHTMAN, Genoa. FOR SALE—Bay horse 12 years old, weight 1,200, sound, kind and true.

51tf B. J. BRIGHTMAN, Genoa. When you have hens, turkeys, ducks or chickens, to sell, write or phone S. O. Houghtaling, Throopville, N. Y. I will be at Carson's hotel, Genoa, Monday night, Sept. 28, and Tuesday morning, Sept. 29, until 9 o'clock.

S. O. HOUGHTALING. FOR SALE—House and lot in Genoa village, known as the Keefe place, about 1 1/2 acres of land. Enquire of Mrs. Eva M. Hewitt, 23 Eastern Ave., Auburn, N. Y. 48tf

FARM FOR SALE—115 acres on Indian Field road, town of Venice, near railroad, school and creamery; good buildings. For terms write 2916 P. C. STORM, Owosso, Mich.

Trusses. All the best styles are here; we have an experienced truss fitter who has had years of practice; we can give you security and comfort. Prices range from \$1.50 up. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Spices. Fresh for the season's preserving. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Backache is usually a symptom of kidney trouble. It's a trouble that usually grows worse and worse unless you find the right remedy. The right remedy is without doubt Bexall Kidney Cure. 2 sizes, 45c. and 89c. Sagar Drug Store Auburn.

Born. FORAN—To Dr. and Mrs. M. J. Foran of 118 Fayette street, Ithaca, formerly of Auburn, on Sunday, Aug. 30, 1908, a son.

AUBURN TRUST COMPANY.

A Remarkable Showing--
Auburn Trust Company.

Deposits—Aug. 27th, 1906	\$59,357.75
Aug. 27th, 1908	\$782,315.80
Depositors—Aug. 27th, 1906	29
Aug. 27th, 1908	2055

This Company pays interest at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually. All moneys deposited the first six days in September draw interest for the full month.

John M. Brainard, Ralph R. Keeler,
 President. Treasurer.

C. R. Egbert,
The People's Clothier, Hatter & Furnisher,
75 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

Medium Priced Clothing.

By medium price we mean 12.50 and 15.00. At these prices we are showing some of the best values it has ever been our lot to handle.

The patterns are neat and attractive, the quality of the fabrics far better than those of last year; they are made up in a manner that insures a permanent shape and perfect fit.

It would please us to have you look them over and have a try on.



VILLAGE AND VICINITY NEWS.

—Miss Vinnie Hazen of Groton was a recent guest of the Misses Norman.

—D. W. Smith and wife returned Saturday evening from a week's vacation spent at Cascade.

—Mrs. Wm. McAllaster and daughter Lillian spent Monday at A. J. Hurlbutt's at Cascade.

—Frank Gillespie sold his meat market last Friday to John Oliver who will conduct the business.

—The Mohawk and Iroquois will make their last trips for the season of 1908 on Sunday, Sept. 13.

—Dr. and Mrs. Lee Skinner of LeRoy are spending some time with the former's uncle, Dr. J. W. Skinner.

—Lewis V. Smith returned to Cortland Friday last, after spending ten days with his niece, Mrs. Ella Ford.

—Mrs. Mead T. Underwood has been spending a few days with friends at Thousand Island Park this week.

—Miss Helen Ives went to Auburn Monday to commence a course of study in Crumb's business school.

—Mrs. Emeline Shaw returned Tuesday from a few days' visit in Auburn. Her son Leslie spent a few days in Rochester at the same time.

—Emmett L. Karn and family have moved into the rooms over Mrs. Singer's store. Mr. Karn will teach the Forks of the Creek school.

—Mrs. Freeman, Miss Clyde Freeman and Mr. Hoil returned to Buffalo Monday, after being guests at the home of Robert Mastin and family.

A new lot of shirt waists in white and colors at Mrs. Singer's.

—Rev. W. W. Wilbur has accepted a call to become the pastor of the Union Springs Baptist church and assumed his duties last Sunday.

—New York shippers estimate that the season will furnish the largest supply of apples at the lowest prices, that the public has seen in several years.

—The financial statement of the Genoa Agricultural Society is not yet ready for publication. We publish this week the list of special premium winners, and the other winners will be given later.

—Mrs. F. S. Longley and daughter, Miss Sarah Carter, who have been spending the summer in town, left Monday for their home in Rensselaerville. They were accompanied by Frank Scott, Jr., on his way to his home in New York.

—An exchange says that the biggest leak in the United States to-day is caused by the wintering of farm machinery. An implement agent said recently that if the farm machinery of the country was kept under shelter and properly cared for it would drive hundreds of manufacturing plants out of business.

—The funeral of Miss Mary Root Bogart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Bogart, who died in Paris, France, and who for many years was a resident of Aurora, took place at 4:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon, Sept. 3, at St. Paul's Episcopal church, Aurora. Rev. W. H. Casey of Union Springs officiated.

—State fair all next week. Arrangements have been made by the New York, Auburn and Lansing from South Lansing to Syracuse, without change of cars, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. For time table and rates see their adv. on this page. The round trip fare, including admission to the grounds is so low that hundreds of people in this vicinity will doubtless take advantage of this opportunity to visit the great exposition. Take notice that in going, cars run to the fair grounds, but in returning cars leave New York Central station.

—Fine weather for the Dryden fair this week.

—Mr. Arthur Wallace of Auburn was a guest at J. S. Baker's over Sunday.

—Miss Mabel Cannon left yesterday to resume her teaching in Brooklyn.

—Mr. Ray Conklin of Syracuse spent a few days recently at the home of Mrs. E. Ives and family.

—Principal Springer and Misses Flora Alling and Marion Iyes of Genoa school are attending institute this week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wetherby and Mr. Rogers of Auburn were guests at Dr. J. W. Skinner's Monday. They traveled by auto.

—A resort at Myers, in the non-license town of Lansing, run by an Italian, was raided by county officials recently and 20 kegs of beer confiscated.

—Seymour Weaver and Thomas Brogan have been enlarging and rebuilding Mrs. Lafayette Allen's barn and making other improvements about the place.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Rogers and daughter Elizabeth went to Wellsville Monday to spend two weeks with Mr. Rogers' parents, before returning to their home in Albany.

—The Republican nominee for vice-president, Hon. James S. Sherman, will appear and address the people at the New York State Fair, Syracuse, N. Y., Friday, Sept. 18.

—Mrs. J. M. Burt and son returned to their home in Erie, Pa., last Saturday. They were accompanied to Auburn by Mrs. F. C. Purinton who remained over Sunday in the city.

—The postoffice department has issued an order that commencing on Oct. 1, next the postage rate applicable to letters mailed in the United States addressed for delivery at any place in Great Britain and Ireland, will be but two cents an ounce or fraction thereof.

—Calvin Whitman, an aged resident of Moravia, died at his home in that village on Saturday, Aug. 29, at the age of 88 years. Death was due to valvular disease of the heart. He is survived by a wife and seven children, three of whom, Aaron, William and Fred Whitman, reside in the town of Venice. The funeral was held on Tuesday, Sept. 1, at his late home and burial was made at Stewarts Corners in the town of Venice.

Dr. J. W. Whitbeck, dentist, Genoa, N. Y., is prepared to do painless extracting of teeth by the use of Sleep Vapor or Somnoform, the latest and safest anesthetic known, which can be had at his office administered by a physician. He also has for extracting the best preparation for hypodermic; and also a local application for extracting children's teeth, perfectly harmless. In fact, everything in the dental line can be found at his office. Charges as reasonable as in the city or elsewhere, consistent with first-class work.

—The report of the production of gold and silver in California for the year 1907, as compared with the mine production of 1906, shows a decrease of \$2,004,524 in value of gold and of \$66,182 in value of silver, a total falling off in value of the precious metal output of \$2,070,708. The average commercial value of silver in New York per fine ounce in 1906 was 67 cents, and in 1907 was 66 cents. The standard value of gold is \$20.67 and a fraction per fine ounce.

—Miss Lena Gilkey gave a pink and white tea Saturday afternoon in honor of her friend, Miss Townsend, at which she pleasantly entertained twelve guests. There were five nurses in the company, four of whom had been together in the Nurses' Training school in Rochester. The parlors and dining room were decorated in pink and white and the table decorations were pink sweet peas and pink gladiolus. The dainty menu and place cards also carried out the color scheme. The function closed with dancing.

—We are always pleased to receive reliable news items. Send them in.

—Chas. K. Gibson and wife are spending several days with Dryden and Etna relatives.

—Robert Mastin and D. W. Gower were in North Tonawanda on business a few days this week.

—The shower of last Sunday was most welcome and refreshing. The high wind accompanying it did some damage to trees.

—Sherman Wright and D. C. Hunter recently made a trip to North Hector, Seneca county, where the former purchased two fast horses.

—Shea's ice cream speaks for itself. Served every day at Mrs. D. E. Singer's, Genoa.

—Miss Florence Norman has returned to Groton to attend school which opened last week. Miss Isabel Norman was her guest Thursday and Friday.

—Revs. Ivey of King Ferry and Dresser and Allen of Genoa met at the home of the latter on Tuesday to make arrangements for the fall convention of the Genoa, Ledyard and Venice Sunday school association, which will be held in the Five Corners church on Oct. 6, afternoon and evening.

—While assisting in threshing, Tuesday, James McDermott fell from the straw stack and was badly shaken up and suffered some bruises. The fork he was using caught in the carrier of the thrasher and threw him to the ground. No serious results are anticipated now, as he is recovering.

Feed grinding by steam every Tuesday and Friday at the Reynolds mill.

—Miss Jenny Robinson, who has been spending several weeks with her mother and other relatives here, left Monday for Plattsburg to resume her duties as teacher and critic in the Normal school at that place. Miss Robinson's solos at the Presbyterian church during her visit in town have been greatly enjoyed.

—Twenty-two cases of bottled beer and ale, two quarter barrels of beer, one barrel of whiskey in bulk, and one barrel of whiskey in case goods, which were secured at the Cascade hotel by four special excise agents on Aug. 22, were ordered destroyed by County Judge Greenfield on Tuesday morning after a hearing before him.

—Quite a large crowd attended the dance given by Robert and H. P. Mastin in their new store building last Friday evening. Over eighty tickets were sold and there were a large number of spectators in addition to the dancers. Excellent music was furnished by the Burtis Opera House orchestra of Auburn. Refreshments were served on the second floor of the building.

We will pay 7 cents for No. 1 trimmed beef hides. Also veal calves and hogs wanted.

MARBLE & SHAPERO.
—William Dickinson, wife and children of King Ferry are visiting relatives in town. . . Mrs. Luman Wood of Cortland and Mrs. Silas Nelson of Joliet, Ill., have been visiting their cousins, Mrs. Kent and Mrs. MacWhorter. . . Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Dommett will leave Friday for a few days' stop at Thousand Islands. His office will be closed until Sept. 10.—Union Springs Advertiser.

—Postmasters complain of ignorance of the law on the part of many people with regard to the mailing of postcards. Cards with tinsel on them cannot be sent through the mail unless enclosed in envelopes. Postcards placed in envelopes can be sent for one cent when the envelope is not sealed. If the postcards are written on, however, or addressed and then placed in envelopes it changes the class of mail matter and two cents must be paid for postage whether sealed or unsealed. Some cards are placed in thin, transparent envelopes after being addressed, but these fail to pass for one cent. Two cents postage must be paid. To pass for one cent nothing must be written on the card when placed in the envelope.

Nerve Energy and Eyeglasses.

A constant dropping wears away a stone. A slight eye strain injures the health because it is constant. The strain which first manifests itself as a slight discomfort should be remedied at once. This we guarantee to do with glasses.

A. T. HOYT,
Leading Jeweler and Optometrist,
HOYT BLOCK, Moravia.

—On Sept. 26 and 27, under the auspices of the Auburn Ministerial association, Rev. Messrs. Chapman and Alexander, of national repute, will be in Auburn. On Saturday services will be held in the First Presbyterian church and on Sunday in the Auditorium.

—The Freeman's Journal, Cooperstown, celebrated its centennial anniversary Aug. 1. It has had but three owners, Col. J. M. Prentiss, founder, who published it forty years, Samuel Shaw, who ran it for half a century and G. H. Carley, who bought it in 1903.

—Rev. Walter B. Jorris will conduct his last service as pastor of the Scipioville and Scipio churches next Sunday, preaching in Scipioville in the morning and at Number One in the afternoon. The following Sunday he begins his work in Moravia, where he recently accepted a call.

—On Wednesday evening of this week, the fine large pipe organ, which has been in process of building in the First Presbyterian church of Auburn since December last, was used for the first time. Prof. William J. Gompf of Buffalo giving the opening recital. The cost of the organ was \$20,000, and it is said to be one of the most complete in all of its appointments in the state.

—The annual reunion of the Cruthers family was held last Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Crandall in Moravia. Relatives and guests were present from Ira, Cortland, Homer, Scott, Summerhill, Sempronius, Genoa and Locke. The occasion was one long to be remembered by all present. Next year the meeting will be held at the home of Fay Cruthers in Locke.

—At the County fair last week, there were five competing Granges for the cash prizes offered by the society. The exhibit occupied two large tents. The Granges represented were Moravia, New Hope, East Venice, East Scipio and Four Town. The first prize of \$50 was awarded to Moravia; the second of \$30 to Four Town; and the third of \$20 to East Venice. In the baby show contest, the first prize went to Lawrence, son of Mr. and Mrs. Norman G. Arnold of Venice, and the second to Ruth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Emmett L. Karn, who also took a prize at the Genoa fair.

Dressmaking and Ladies' tailoring parlors have been opened at Scipio Center, conducted by Miss A. A. Reilly, who will exercise her best energy to please each and every customer by giving them an up-to-date and well-cut garment, at reasonable prices. The patronage of the people in the surrounding towns will be greatly appreciated. Hours from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and 1:30 to 6 p. m.

Church and Society Notes.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Morning worship at 11 o'clock; subject, "The Rise and Fall of a Life, or The Decline of King Saul." Evening worship at 7:30; theme, "Is the World Growing Better?" Last Saturday afternoon at the close of the covenant meeting four new members were received: Principal G. B. Springer, Miss Helen Ives and Miss Clara Cook by letter, and Mrs. A. T. Smith by Christian experience. Mrs. Smith was one of the charter members of the church. Miss Edith Hunter will sing a solo next Sunday at the morning service. Subject of sermon in the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning, "What is Salvation?" Mr. Lewis Ford of Auburn will sing a solo. All are welcome. No services in the evening.

Peroxide of Hydrogen, Pint bottles 25c. 4 oz. size 10c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

NEW YORK, AUBURN & LANSING R.R.

Special Through Trains to

SYRACUSE FAIR GROUNDS

without change of cars

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 15, 16, 17

Leave South Lansing	6:40 a m	Leave Venice Center	7:36 a m
" Davis	6:45 a m	" Woods Mill	7:41 a m
" Tarels	6:54 a m	" Merrifield	7:48 a m
" North Lansing	6:58 a m	" Kisslers	7:54 a m
" Sills Crossing	7:05 a m	" Mapleton	8:01 a m
" Genoa	7:20 a m	" Whites	8:07 a m
" Myers	7:25 a m		

ARRIVE AT SYRACUSE, STATE FAIR GROUNDS, 9:40 a m

RETURNING—Special train will leave Syracuse, New York Central Station 6:20 p m

Round trip tickets, include admission to the fair grounds and are good returning on day of sale or day following, except that tickets sold on Sept. 17th, must be used returning the same day.

Round Trip Rates, Including Admission.

South Lansing	\$1 85	Venice Center	\$1 55
Davis	1 85	Merrifield	1 45
North Lansing	1 75	Mapleton	1 30
Genoa	1 65		

Beginning Saturday, Sept. 5, 1908 and continuing

2 weeks, we will sell 2 pounds Best Japan Tea, 1908 pick, for 90c, at

HAGIN'S Up-to-Date Grocery, GENOA, N. Y.

NEW LINE OF IMPORTED IVORY WARE
10, 15 and 25c Assortments.

Pitchers, Jardinieres, Plant Jars, Bowls, etc. Drop Handle Baskets, Oil Cans, Axle Grease.

Groceries - Provisions - Fruit.

See Our Beech Nut Window West Side.

We Have

a few pieces left from our annual August sale which we will offer for a few days.

1 Golden Oak Sideboard was	\$35 now	\$23.50
1 White enamel bureau was	15 "	10.00
1 White iron bed was	6 "	3.50
1 8-piece parlor suite was	35 "	18.50
1 Golden oak bureau was	15 "	10.50

and numerous other articles at the same reduction.

Furniture, Carpets,

Wall Papers, Draperies.

G. W. RICHARDSON & SON,

Auburn, N. Y.

THE GENOA TRIBUNE
and N. Y. World \$1.65

Special Sale

ON W. L. DOUGLAS OXFORDS. 50c OFF ON ANY PAIR OF OXFORDS IN STOCK.

PRICE STAMPED ON EVERY SHOE. MAKE YOUR OWN REDUCTIONS.

M. G. Shapero & Son,
GENOA, N. Y.

An Innovation In The County Fair.

Preaching the Gospel of the Anti-tuberculosis Crusade, Opening the Door For Needy Children and Teaching the Wiser Use of State Institutions.

THE State Charities Aid association will send to thirty-six of the county fairs and also to the State Fair at Syracuse a new type of exhibit. This exhibit is intended to foster a more general interest in practical social work in the small cities and rural communities of the state. It consists of three principal divisions—(a) prevention of tuberculosis, (b) caring for needy children, (c) wiser use of state institutions.

This exhibit on the prevention of tuberculosis is intended to bring home to every visitor to a county fair who will take a few minutes to examine and to one who is passing along casually and glance at it purely out of curiosity the fact that the disease which causes the largest number of deaths in the state is a curable and, above all, a preventable disease. The exhibit will consist of maps stating briefly the well known facts about tuberculosis, of charts and diagrams showing its prevalence in various localities, of pictures of hospitals, sanitariums, dispensaries and other provisions for consumptives, models of outside sleeping porches and other facilities to aid outdoor treatment and of the various appliances needed in the consumptive sickroom in order to give the patient proper care and protect other members of the household.

To Arouse the People.
In the small towns and rural districts of the state tuberculosis is almost as prevalent proportionately to the population as in the large cities, and the purpose of the State Charities Aid association in sending out this traveling exhibition is to arouse the people to a realization of the extent of the disease and to show them how it may be cured if taken in time and, most important of all, how it can be prevented.

The county fairs offer a splendid opportunity of reaching the people of the rural districts and bring home to them the essential facts about this disease as to its nature, its extent, how it spreads, how it may be cured and prevented. Over 400,000 people, it is expected, will hear the gospel of the anti-tuberculosis crusade.

Care of Needy Children.
The division of the exhibit that deals with the care of needy children is intended to popularize the work of the State Charities Aid association in providing homes in families for orphans and destitute children, of whom the exhibit shows there are 20,000 in the state, supported at an annual expense of over \$5,000,000.

The association receives such children from local officials and institutions and places them in carefully selected family homes. It maintains that this is quite as much to the advantage of the families as it is to the children. The childless home needs new interest, an enthusiasm awakened by the presence of the child quite as much as the child needs the care of a foster father and mother.

State Institutions.
While the state of New York provides generously for many classes of its dependents, a more general knowledge of the exact nature and purposes of these institutions is necessary to secure their highest usefulness. Too frequently the insane are secluded at their homes until the disease has become chronic, epileptic and feeble-minded and retained until past the teachable age. Cripple children are not sent to suitable hospitals for treatment until too late to secure the best results.

This section of the exhibit will therefore tend to popularize the state institutions by presenting attractive pictures of them and at the same time to suggest a wiser and therefore more humane, effective and economic use.

Two authorized representatives of the State Charities Aid association staff will accompany each exhibit to explain to visitors any of its features in which they may be especially interested, to answer any questions that may be suggested by any feature of the exhibit and generally to assist in popularizing and extending the practical work of the State Charities Aid association for the betterment of public institutions, the care of needy children and the prevention of tuberculosis.

SHOWING THE WAY.

Free literature on the Best Methods of Fighting Tuberculosis.
The most valuable medical advice concerning tuberculosis coming from recognized experts may be had without any charge and will be given to

thousands at the county fairs this fall. An immense amount of appropriate literature will be provided for distribution at each of thirty-six of the largest county fairs by the State Charities Aid association and the state department of health. Among the pamphlets and circulars are a number on tuberculosis, such as "Information Pamphlet," Knopf's essay on "Tuberculosis as a Disease of the Masses and How to Combat It," Rogers' "Working Programme for a Small City," the "Don't" card and the circular entitled "Consumption" issued by the state department of health.

The pamphlet called "State Institutions and How to Use Them Wisely" gives a short sketch of the various state institutions, where they are located, who they are for, what the treatment consists of and how admission for suitable cases may be secured.

Those who are interested in the work of the bureau for the placing out of dependent children in private families will be given blanks showing the steps that must be taken in making application for a child.
The pamphlet on tuberculosis that will be distributed most widely by the State Charities Aid association will be particularly valuable in that it will contain a very brief and concise statement in the simplest language possible of the latest scientific knowledge concerning tuberculosis. There collaborated in the preparation of this pamphlet such experts as Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, chief medical adviser of the department of health of New York city; Dr. Livingston Farrand, executive secretary of the National Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, and Mr. Homer Folks of the State Charities Aid association. It is thus authoritative, and it presents the present day knowledge about the disease in a field way.

The use of all technical terms has been avoided, and the pamphlet has been arranged in every respect so that the subject can be readily understood and grasped by every one.
It is subdivided into sections corresponding to the different sections of the exhibit, so that it will serve as a guide and director of the exhibit and assist in making permanent the impressions derived from the pictures, models, charts, etc., by enabling visitors to take to their homes detailed statements teaching the same truths.

It is believed that the sending of these exhibits to the various county fairs, together with the distribution of literature and the work of the personal representatives of the association, will form a unique and valuable contribution to popular education in social work. In large cities the humanitarian spirit finds expression in organized charities. In rural communities and in smaller cities it too often finds no medium by which to express itself other than agencies to accomplish good in some far-off country. If these exhibits tend to direct the humanitarian impulse, which is fully as strong in the rural districts as in the cities, to practical work for individual and social betterment at home, they will have achieved their purpose.

Old Manners.
A gentleman of the old school said some years ago: "When I was young two gentlemen meeting in the street took off their hats to each other. A few years later, and the bow had ceased. Then came a time when they merely touched the brims of their hats, and now a jerk of the chin and a little grunt, 'H'm, h'm,' is considered sufficient salutation between two men of quality and fashion."
The habit of remaining uncovered in the presence of ladies died hard, but it is a good many years since the late Lord D. was conspicuous as the only man who always stood bareheaded in the crush room of the opera.—Cornhill Magazine.

Daudet's Ideas of Death.
Alphonse Daudet constantly suffered severe physical pain and was unable to sleep without the aid of chloral. He was always speaking about death and especially rejoiced in the theory propounded by an English doctor that death was in itself a delightful sensation, voluptuous, resembling the action of anaesthetics.

Daudet on one occasion dreamed of dying surrounded by his friends and conversing of the hereafter.
He once told Goncourt, who afterward related the incident, that whenever he entered a new apartment for the first time his eye instinctively searched for the spot where his coffin would be placed.

Cheerful Checkers.
Carlyle, in his "French Revolution," states that Louis XVI. played draughts daily during his period of detention at the temple in Paris. It is even stated that he played during that terrible day of the "September massacres," but I am afraid the games contested would not be of much value so far as skill is concerned, for, though the hand might move, the mind would be full of the gloomiest thoughts.—London Mail.

They Take The Kinks Out.

"I have used Dr. King's New Life Pills for many years, with increasing satisfaction. They take the kinks out of stomach, liver and bowels, without fuss or friction," says N. H. Brown, of Pittsfield, Vt. Guaranteed satisfactory at J. S. Banker's, Genoa, and F. T. Atwater's, King Ferry, drug stores. 25c.

Poorest, But The Happiest.
People of Naples May Be Half Starving. Yet Ready to Dance and Sing.
It is estimated that a quarter of a million people in Naples live from hand to mouth; and there are hundreds of children who subsist out of the garbage boxes, and who sleep in churches, and on doorsteps.
The taxes in Italy to provide warships and to keep the nation on a war footing with the other powers are really stupendous. There is a tax on everything, says the Delawareator, grain in the field, fruit on the vine, old bottles. Fuel and food-stuffs are very dear—only labor is cheap. For the very poor, even macaroni is too dear to be indulged in often. There are any number of perambulating street kitchens, where various kinds of soup, cakes and fruit are sold in portions costing one cent. And yet these people seem very happy. Bands of musicians are always playing in the streets; the guitar and mandolin are to be heard everywhere—on the boats, in the hotels—and the stranger is lulled to sleep by a soft serenade under his balcony.

The story teller thrives in Naples, as there are so many idlers there. He collects a little crowd around him and proceeds in the most dramatic way, gesticulating wildly and working his face into the most excruciating expressions, to relate stories of adventure or other events, much to the edification of his hearers, who, to show their appreciation, are often betrayed into giving a sou which might have been better spent for bread or polenta.

The public letter-writer is another street dignitary of importance, and in great demand, especially with timid and buxom maids of all work, who have themselves neglected to learn the art of writing. Of such the public letter-writer holds all the secrets of their lives and is often their adviser as well as amicus.

England's Oldest Castle.
Manchester castle is said to be one of the oldest inhabited houses in Britain. It was old in King Henry's time, for it appears to have been the Romans who first raised its huge gray towers to defend the passage of the river Esk running below its walls. From its perch on Hardknott fell it commands the country from the hills to the shore, a position of immense importance so near to the border. At the time of the Norman invasion the fortress was given to the Penningtons, who have held it ever since.—Westminster Gazette.

Wind and Fish.
A singular correspondence has lately been brought to light between the prevailing direction of the wind on the coast of New South Wales and the average catch of fish. The winds influence the ocean currents, which in turn influence the course of the fish. These influences have periods of three or four years. Thus in 1898 there was a general scarcity of fish, but afterward they became more and more abundant up to 1901. In 1905 there was another scarcity of fish, but the next year they began to return in increasing numbers. The cause of these variations was a mystery until the coincidence with the prevailing direction of the coastal winds was noticed. Now it is thought that by the study of the winds the prospects of the fishermen may be predicted two or three years in advance.—Youth's Companion.

HOW RACE FEELING VARIES.

Chinaman Hated in California, But Not in Mississippi.

If you go to California today, you find an immense and irremissible feeling of race antagonism against the Chinaman, and virtually none at all against the negro. There is race knowledge concerning Chinamen, and though Chinamen there to constitute a race menace, but not enough negroes, says John Sharp Williams, in the "Metropolitan Magazine."
If you go to Vermont, you will find none against either.
If you go to Mississippi, you will find the same irremissible outbreaking of antagonism between the white and the negro races, and very little against the Chinese.

A Chinaman, well dressed and behaving himself, taking dinner at a Mississippi hotel, might excite some little remark, but nothing more. A negro if he were a graduate of Harvard college, spotlessly clothed and just washed, would, if he were admitted to the dinner table at a hotel in my state, excite a riot.
If, on the contrary, he went to a hotel in Vermont, the other guests would doubtless seek an introduction to him, it being an opportunity to see and study something of a new and strange type.

The total absence of this feeling among people who have never felt the presence of the negro as a menace to the moralities of social life, to the white man's civilization or his code of ethics, will be realized, when you remember that Carnegie, Wanamaker, Bishop Potter, of New York, President Roosevelt, have all eaten with the negro, as host and guest, at the same table. You would realize it all the more if you knew.

Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. Shoop's—stop Headache, womanly pains, any pain, anywhere, in 20 minutes sure. Formula on the 25c box. Ask your druggist or doctor about this formula—it's fine. For sale by J. S. Banker.

Embarrassing.
Good anecdotes of Saphir, the great German humorist and editor, are told in Berlin. A young couple, newly engaged, were favored with a letter of introduction to Saphir, which they duly presented. Now, the gentleman was notorious for his effeminate habits and ways, and his appearance at once struck the eye of the observant journalist, who had heard about him. He received the pair with embarrassment, insisted upon their being seated in his most comfortable easy chair, assured them how pleased he was to hear of their engagement and wound up with, "Now, pray, you must, you really must, tell me which of you is to be the bride."

Tan, Freckle and Sunburn are promptly removed by using Rexall's Tan and Freckle lotion. 25c. Sagar Drug store, Auburn.

Don't Neglect Your Teeth

If they need attention, **Come to us; we guarantee our work to be the best; we make no charge for consultation and examination and our prices are within the reach of all.**

Best Set Teeth on Red Rubber \$8.00
A Good Set for 5.00
Broken Plates Repaired..... 1.00
Filled, Gold..... \$1.00 up
Filled, Silver..... 75c up
Cleaned..... 75c
Crown and Bridge Work \$5 per Tooth
Vitalized Air for Extracting..... 50c

Red Cross Dentists,

67 Genesee St., (Cor North)
AUBURN, N. Y.

Empire Phone 486-M Auto Phone 1948
IRA O. CARL
Dealer in
HIGH GRADE PIANOS
Organs of All Makes
Piano Tuning
23 E. Genesee St., AUBURN, N. Y.

Elmhurst Sanitarium!
Private Hospital for general nursing old people and chronic cases, and maternity cases a specialty. Address **MRS. C. A. GRANT,** 630 PARK AVE., SYRACUSE, N. Y. BELL PHONE 1344.

BULBS
BUCKBEE'S BULBS SUCCEED!
SPECIAL OFFER:
Made to Build New Business. A trial will make you a permanent customer. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money refunded.
Sovereign Collection. 50 Choice Bulbs to explore (including) beautiful color: White, Orange, Pink, Blue, Yellow, Purple, Red, Green, Black, and many others. Includes a complete set of instructions and a beautiful booklet, "All about the Best Selection of Bulbs, Bulbs and Plants."
Write to-day Mention this Paper
SEND 25 CENTS in your postage and packing and receive this valuable collection of Bulbs, together with our 32 Illustrated, Illustrated, Beautiful Book, "All about the Best Selection of Bulbs, Bulbs and Plants."
In Commemoration of a centennial, successful business since 1877, I will present Free of charge with this Collection 250 copies of my new book, "All about the Best Selection of Bulbs, Bulbs and Plants." The greatest deal ever offered of the kind. This book is a gem.
H. W. Buckbee 410 BUCKBEE ST. ROCKFORD, ILL.

RUGS MADE
From your old carpets Also dyeing of all kinds. Write for a catalogue fall 1908. See our exhibit at the New York State fair.
SYRACUSE RUG WORKS, Cor. Tallman and Oneida Sts. SYRACUSE, N. Y.

When the Huckster is Most Zealous.
"I never buy anything from a huckster who makes a great outcry about his stuff or seems very anxious to sell," says a South End housekeeper. "For the chances are ten to one that there is something the matter with whatever he has to sell."
"When two men with one wagon come up the street roaring 'appoos' as they can be heard for four or five blocks, I know that some cold storage man has a big stock on hand just about to spoil and that the hucksters know that condition of the apples as well as the cold storage man, hence their zeal and energy to get rid of their stock."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Cure-All.
Are you fat? Walk.
Are you thin? Walk.
Are you nervous? Walk.
Have you no appetite? Walk.
Or do you gormandize? Walk.
Have you lost interest in life? Walk.
Maybe your poor stomach won't work. Walk.
Or perhaps your liver has gone on a strike. Walk.
Cupid may have put a kink in your suffering heart. Walk.
In short, walking seems to be the remedy for all ills, save, perhaps, broken legs.

Room Enough for All.
The National Government authority on milk says that there are 35,000,000 microbes in every cubic centimetre of the lactical fluid. If we accept this statement as one of fact, why should we continue to protest against overcrowding in the Subway cars.—N. Y. Press.

As a rule there's nothing in a name—but sometimes everything a man has is in his wife's name.

BRING YOUR LEGAL PRINTING TO THIS OFFICE--WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY ON IT.

Notice to Creditors.
By virtue of an Order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William A. King, late of the town of Ledyard, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the Administrator of, etc., of said deceased, whose postoffice address is R. F. D. 27, King Ferry, N. Y., at his place of residence in the town of Ledyard, County of Cayuga, on or before the 14th day of March, 1908.
Dated Aug. 6, 1908.
JOHN A. KING, Administrator.
Benjamin C. Mead, Attorney for Administrator, Auburn, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.
By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, N. Y., Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Elijah C. Eaton, late of the town of Venes, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, the administrator of, etc., of said deceased, at her place of residence in the town of Venes, County of Cayuga, N. Y., on or before the 7th day of February, 1908.
Dated August 7, 1908.
MINSIE M. EATON, Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.
By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, N. Y., Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Clara A. Mather, late of the town of Venes, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, the executor of, etc., of said deceased, at his place of residence in the town of Venes, County of Cayuga, N. Y., on or before the 23d day of November, 1908.
Dated April 9, 1908.
FENTON C. MATHER, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.
By virtue of an Order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, N. Y., Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William C. Meader, late of the town of Venes, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the Executor of, etc., of said deceased, at the office of Elisha Cook in Poplar Ridge, Town of Venes, County of Cayuga, N. Y., on or before the 1st day of November, 1908.
Dated April 17, 1908.
LYDIA D. MEADER, ELISEA COOK, Executors.

DEPOSITS BY MAIL
You can have the full benefit of the great strength and complete equipment of the Rochester Trust & Safe Deposit Company in Rochester, N. Y. without the necessity of frequent personal visits to the city.
Banking by mail is simple, and is perfectly safe. It is of special advantage to persons living in the country or smaller towns who want the satisfaction of dealing with an absolutely safe bank.
Upon receipt of a deposit which can be remitted by Post Office Express orders, or a New York draft, a written acknowledgment will be promptly made and a book issued under whatever title you may instruct.

This bank pays 4 PER CENT interest on deposits and its officers pledge themselves to serve your interests faithfully when you entrust your business to it.
The Rochester Trust & Safe Deposit Company
Main St. West, Corner Exchange St. Rochester, N. Y.
Resources over \$21,000,000.00

COME TO THE KARNIVAL
AT
Syracuse
SEPT. 14-19
STATE
FAIR
WEEK
MYSTIQUE KREWE OF KA-NOO-NO

Stop That Cold
To check early colds or grippe with "Preventics" means sure defeat for Pneumonia. To stop a cold with Preventics is safer than to let it run and be obliged to cure it afterwards. To be sure, Preventics will cure even a deeply seated cold, but taken early—at the sneeze stage—they break, or head off those early colds. That's surely better. That's why they are called Preventics.
Preventics are little Candy Cold Cures. No Quinine, no physic, nothing sickening. Nice for the children—and thoroughly safe too. If you feel chilly, if you sneeze, if you ache all over, think of Preventics. Promptness may also save half your usual sickness. And don't forget your child. There is feverishness, night or day. Heroin probably lies Preventics' greatest efficiency. Sold in boxes for the pocket, also in 25c boxes of 48 Preventics. Insist on your druggist giving you

Preventics
J. S. BANKER.

Rubber gloves for household purposes, special for 47c the pair, any size. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Kodaks and photographic materials, fresh and of recent dating. Everything for picture making. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Black Berry Brandy. This is the only drug store in town with the privilege of selling this valuable summer remedy. 50c the pint. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

The Australian Blacks.
It is believed by many persons that the blacks in Australia are dying out. As a matter of fact, says a correspondent of the London Standard, no such thing is happening. The belief, however, is easily explained. As civilization advances, and it is yearly advancing, the blacks recede farther and farther into the back blocks and unknown country save a few who have acquired the craving for opium or drink. These latter succumb amid the advancing wave of civilization and seldom leave any children. Those who have passed inland, if they do not increase, have certainly not decreased. In some few cases whole tribes have died out when civilization has reached them, but these have usually been small tribes.

Poison Ivy Lotion. Immediate relief and permanent cure of ivy poisoning. 25c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

BRING YOUR LEGAL PRINTING TO THIS OFFICE--WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY ON IT.

Notice to Creditors.
By virtue of an Order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William A. King, late of the town of Ledyard, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the Administrator of, etc., of said deceased, whose postoffice address is R. F. D. 27, King Ferry, N. Y., at his place of residence in the town of Ledyard, County of Cayuga, on or before the 14th day of March, 1908.
Dated Aug. 6, 1908.
JOHN A. KING, Administrator.
Benjamin C. Mead, Attorney for Administrator, Auburn, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.
By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, N. Y., Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Elijah C. Eaton, late of the town of Venes, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, the administrator of, etc., of said deceased, at her place of residence in the town of Venes, County of Cayuga, N. Y., on or before the 7th day of February, 1908.
Dated August 7, 1908.
MINSIE M. EATON, Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.
By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, N. Y., Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Clara A. Mather, late of the town of Venes, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, the executor of, etc., of said deceased, at his place of residence in the town of Venes, County of Cayuga, N. Y., on or before the 23d day of November, 1908.
Dated April 9, 1908.
FENTON C. MATHER, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.
By virtue of an Order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, N. Y., Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William C. Meader, late of the town of Venes, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the Executor of, etc., of said deceased, at the office of Elisha Cook in Poplar Ridge, Town of Venes, County of Cayuga, N. Y., on or before the 1st day of November, 1908.
Dated April 17, 1908.
LYDIA D. MEADER, ELISEA COOK, Executors.

DEPOSITS BY MAIL
You can have the full benefit of the great strength and complete equipment of the Rochester Trust & Safe Deposit Company in Rochester, N. Y. without the necessity of frequent personal visits to the city.
Banking by mail is simple, and is perfectly safe. It is of special advantage to persons living in the country or smaller towns who want the satisfaction of dealing with an absolutely safe bank.
Upon receipt of a deposit which can be remitted by Post Office Express orders, or a New York draft, a written acknowledgment will be promptly made and a book issued under whatever title you may instruct.

This bank pays 4 PER CENT interest on deposits and its officers pledge themselves to serve your interests faithfully when you entrust your business to it.
The Rochester Trust & Safe Deposit Company
Main St. West, Corner Exchange St. Rochester, N. Y.
Resources over \$21,000,000.00

COME TO THE KARNIVAL
AT
Syracuse
SEPT. 14-19
STATE
FAIR
WEEK
MYSTIQUE KREWE OF KA-NOO-NO

Stop That Cold
To check early colds or grippe with "Preventics" means sure defeat for Pneumonia. To stop a cold with Preventics is safer than to let it run and be obliged to cure it afterwards. To be sure, Preventics will cure even a deeply seated cold, but taken early—at the sneeze stage—they break, or head off those early colds. That's surely better. That's why they are called Preventics.
Preventics are little Candy Cold Cures. No Quinine, no physic, nothing sickening. Nice for the children—and thoroughly safe too. If you feel chilly, if you sneeze, if you ache all over, think of Preventics. Promptness may also save half your usual sickness. And don't forget your child. There is feverishness, night or day. Heroin probably lies Preventics' greatest efficiency. Sold in boxes for the pocket, also in 25c boxes of 48 Preventics. Insist on your druggist giving you

Preventics
J. S. BANKER.

Rubber gloves for household purposes, special for 47c the pair, any size. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Kodaks and photographic materials, fresh and of recent dating. Everything for picture making. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Black Berry Brandy. This is the only drug store in town with the privilege of selling this valuable summer remedy. 50c the pint. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

The Australian Blacks.
It is believed by many persons that the blacks in Australia are dying out. As a matter of fact, says a correspondent of the London Standard, no such thing is happening. The belief, however, is easily explained. As civilization advances, and it is yearly advancing, the blacks recede farther and farther into the back blocks and unknown country save a few who have acquired the craving for opium or drink. These latter succumb amid the advancing wave of civilization and seldom leave any children. Those who have passed inland, if they do not increase, have certainly not decreased. In some few cases whole tribes have died out when civilization has reached them, but these have usually been small tribes.

Poison Ivy Lotion. Immediate relief and permanent cure of ivy poisoning. 25c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

The Thrice-A-Week World
In The Presidential Campaign Year
More Alert, More Thorough and More Fearless Than ever.
Read in every English-Speaking Country
A President of the United States will be elected this year. Who is he and who is the man whom he will best Nobody yet knows, but the Thrice-A-Week edition of the New York World will tell you every step and every detail of what promises to be a campaign of the most absorbing interest. It may not tell you what you hope, but it will tell you what is. The Thrice-A-Week World long ago established a character for impartiality and fearlessness in the publication of news, and this it will maintain. If you want the news as it really is subscribe to the Thrice-A-Week edition of the New York World, which comes to you every other day except Sunday, and is thus practically a daily at the price of a weekly.
THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD's regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE GENOA TRIBUNE together for one year for \$1.75.
The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$3.00.

The One Sure Way to Have Money.

is to save it. The one sure way to save it is by depositing it in a responsible bank. You will then be exempt from the annoyance of having it burn holes in your pocket and aside from the fact that your money will be safe from theft, the habit of saving, tends to the establishment of thrift, economy, discipline and general understanding of business principles essential to your success; to those wishing to establish relations with a conservatively managed bank, we heartily extend our services.

The Citizens Bank,
Locke, N. Y.

IF YOU ARE NOT CERTAIN

That your headache, dizziness, &c., are not caused by your eyes have them thoroughly examined. I guarantee all lenses fitted by me to relieve the trouble they are adapted for. Best Equipped Optical Parlors in Auburn. I grind all my own lenses and can replace broken lenses while you wait.

Fred L. Swart,

The Eye Fitter, Cor. Genesee and Green Sts., next to postoffice.
AUBURN, N. Y.

J. WILL TREE,
BOOK BINDING
ITHACA.

Orders taken at THE GENOA TRADING BUNK office.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery** FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. **GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.**

Pure Drugs and Medicines At Banker's Book and Drug Store, GENOA, N. Y.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c. Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Write to agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American. A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & Co., 231 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 627 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW Harness Shop.

Having engaged in the harness business at Locke I am now prepared to furnish both hand and machine made harness. Special attention given to repairing.

A. H. BANTA,
Locke, N. Y.

Saturday Night Talks

By F. E. DAVISON — RUTLAND, VY.

PROVIDENTIAL MEN.

Sep. 13, '08.—(11. Sam. 2:1-7 5:1-5.)

To the careless and thoughtless providence seems at times strangely blind. There are probably few men who have not felt occasionally, that if they were running things on this planet they would switch the train onto another track than the one selected. To our vision things appear to be going in a slipshod, haphazard manner, headed for chaos instead of cosmos, and hope deferred maketh the heart sick. Men make up their minds that a certain course of action is the only salvation of a certain project, and lo, the result is just the other way. The idol of the hour is dethroned and an unknown candidate steps into the place of power. There is much shaking of heads and murmuring at ways past finding out.

No perfect machine was ever devised on the instant, no advanced position of the race was ever reached at a single bound. Some one congratulated an eminent oculist on a brilliant operation. Yes," he replied, "but I spoiled a hatful of eyes learning how to do it." The crude, imperfect and unsatisfactory in art, mechanics, government and religion, are evidences of the upward strivings of the race, the quenchless thirst for perfection in everything. It is because of this ambition that every new movement upon the stage of human history is hailed as the fulfillment of a dream, the accomplishment of a prophecy. Men think they know what they want and are disappointed when the expected does not happen. They put their combined wisdom to the task of providing for the general good but appear to be thwarted and deceived by conditions over which they have no control. They think it is high noon when it is only 9 o'clock in the morning. They mistake the tuning of the orchestra for the symphony. They applaud the exordium when they should wait for the peroration. They forget that Calvary is as essential as Bethlehem. The scene shifters are not the heroes of the drama, the outsiders should never be confounded with the kind.

The Hebrew nation had a dream of regal splendor, they wanted a king like other nations who should lift them to a pinnacle of power and observation, and when Saul, the physically perfect was selected, they thought their visions were to be realized, but history shows that Saul was only a scene shifter for the real king who was to come after. David was the man of the hour; for nearly 50 years he sat upon the throne of Israel, but the way had to be prepared for him by the brief and stormy reign of Saul. The people thought they could get what they wanted by a single act, in reality a vast amount of preparation was necessary. And when the hour arrived the man was ready for the hour. The people were disappointed in Saul. He did not measure up to the level of their expectations. But it was impossible to do so. The time was not ripe, the people were not ready, the hour of destiny had not struck. They mistook the footstool for the throne. They confounded matriculation with commencement. Saul's reign was but the prologue of the real drama.

We know something about that in this country. Washington! Lincoln! These are great names, carved higher than all others on the nation's pillars of fame, but they were the evolution of generations. They did not spring full-armed into the arena, their qualities were foreshadowed by many predecessors. The hour was slow of approach. Daniel Webster, John C. Calhoun, the Missouri Compromise, Bleeding Kansas, the Fugitive Slave law, Wendell Phillips, Uncle Tom's Cabin, John Brown, William Lloyd Garrison, were but avant couriers preparing the way. Every newspaper utterance, every pulpit appeal, every state election, every congressional debate, every enactment of law, North and South, for a quarter of a century, was an honest attempt at the settlement of a great difficulty. Nobody wanted chaos, everybody wanted a peaceful, glorious, prosperous nation. All these men were but scene shifters setting the stage for the world starting drama, and when all was ready the curtain lifted and lo! Abraham Lincoln, the man of the hour. He was the consummate development of half a century of American history. His career would have been impossible in 1830, or 1840, or 1850. No man can move forward the hands of the clock of destiny, neither can he set them back. No great crisis in the world's history ever yet caught providence unprepared. God never attempts to put apprentices into positions of finished journeymen. And he does not hurry. Events seem to rush at times but it is only seeming. The actors have been standing in the wings all the time waiting for their cues. Messianism groans because the villain is not punished in the first act; optimism patiently waits for the denouement, knowing that virtue will triumph in the end.

Blind unbelief is sure to err, And scan His works in vain, God is His own interpreter, And He will make it plain.

SHORT SERMON FOR A SUNDAY HALF-HOUR

By Theo. L. Cuyler, D. D.

[Brooklyn, N. Y.]

Tighten the Buckles.

Holding fast the faithful word as hath been taught, that he may be able by sound doctrine both to exhort and convince the gainsayers.—Titus, 1, 9.

It is related that a cavalry officer, with a small number of followers, was pursued by an enemy who were in large force. He discovered that his saddle-girth was becoming loose; his comrades were urging him to greater speed, but he dismounted, tightened the loose buckle, and then rode on, amid the shouts of his companions. The broken buckle would have cost him his safety—perhaps his life. His wise delay ensured his safety.

This incident suggests several spiritual lessons. A very obvious one is that the Christian who is in such haste to rush off to his business in the morning that he does not spare any time for his Bible or for prayer, is quite likely to "ride for a fall" before sundown. One of the most eminent Christian merchants of New York told me that he never met his family at the breakfast table until he had had a refreshing interview with his God over his Bible and on his knees. His family worship afterward was not only a tightening of the buckle for himself, but was a gracious means of safety for his household.

One of the greatest dangers these days is that too many children are growing up even in nominal Christian families—with sadly lax sentiments in many vital directions. They have loose ideas about God's day and God's Book, and very loose practices as to attendance upon God's worship. They start off in life with a broken buckle and when the stress of temptation comes, they are easily thrown to the ground. Fathers and mothers owe to their children as well as to themselves the duty of tightening the saddle-girth. Not only do families suffer from laxity in parental government and godly parental training, but I fear that some congregations suffer from laxity in the teachings of their ministers. No church is very likely to rise higher than its own pulpit. If the shepherd of the flock holds loose doctrines; if he is so "liberal" that he gives away, or throws away, vital truths; if he lets down too many bars that the Bible wisely puts up, then it is no wonder that the flock wanders off into the ways of worldliness. There is no danger in these days of excessive strictness or of "Puritanical" principals or practices. The danger is just from the opposite direction. Would it not be a wise thing if some pastors who see that their churches are being overtaken and demoralized by worldly temptations, should call a halt and tighten their buckles?

The incident at the head of this brief article has a very close application to the maintenance of a vigorous happy and useful Christian life. The very word "religion" is derived from a Latin word that signifies "to bind fast." True religion means the being bound fast to the Lord Jesus Christ in constant dependence on Him and obedience to Him. How to keep up a healthy spiritual life is the daily problem with every Christian. The parable of the buckle gives a hint. True piety is never self-sustaining. We only can "do all things through Christ that strengthened us." Without Him, nothing; with Him everything. Therefore it is that our Bible exhorts us with prodigious emphasis to "pray without ceasing." When we relax in this vitally important duty, the enemies will soon overtake us, and overmatch us, and leave us in the dust. Brethren and sisters, tighten the prayer buckle.

Elevating the Best.

The green of the lower slopes of the Alps never look so vivid, their flowers never so lovely or so bright, as when the eye rises from the grass to the snow, and from the flowers to the glaciers. Alexander MacLaren compares them to the lower reaches and levels of life, which in the same way look fairer and brighter, the flowerets that God's providence sheds along across the grass like a smile, look the brighter and smell the sweeter, because our eyes pass beyond them, and fix on the "great white throne" that towers above them all. If you want life to be blessed and noble, subordinate the present to the future, the material to the spiritual, all the corruptible crowns to the crown incomplete.

It is better to save a man from falling than to lift him after he has fallen.

THE HIGHER LIFE

Selected Gems of Thought from Pre and Pulpit of All Sects.

The Life Imparted To Us.

"The life that Jesus gives is a reconstructive force. The highest virtues, the purest morals and the noblest personalities are the result of the working of His life in the human soul. There is something real, something tangible in the life Jesus imparts. His life may be embodied in thought and feeling, in action and conduct." By the reception of the life He gives each man may become the utmost that God intended him to be.

The Source of Hope.

The retina of the eye predicates light, the auditory canal of the ear, sound. So my desire after God predicates an object of worship and of love. The primary witness of God is in myself, my sense of personality, my free will, my conviction of the sacredness of right and duty, the yearning after holiness, the thrill of sacred emotion which is stirred within my soul by a voice stronger than nature. Yes, this is God. —Rev. F. Willis, Reformed.

In Harmony With God.

Can you reconcile your business with God? Was yesterday's "deal" in harmony with His mind? Will your books stand a heavenly audit? In your office dare you put up the prayer—that is to say, should you dare if you had any realizing belief in the efficacy of prayer—"Abide with me; come not to sojourn but abide with me." Will you reconcile your business methods with God? A ministry which does not force these questions home is sawdust and chaff. —Rev. Chas. Aked, Baptist.

Passive Faith.

Then there is a great deal of faith out in the world that never gets into the churches even for once or twice a year. It is a negative, passive faith. It has nothing against Christ, but it leads to nothing for Him. There are lots of people who will tell you, if you asked them, that they believe in Christ, and yet they are doing nothing for His cause or kingdom. They never have confessed Him publicly. They never have enlisted in His service. —Rev. H. P. Dewey, Presbyterian.

In One Brotherhood.

One with Him, we are one with all of God there is above us, and one with all men here below. And it is because I believe that the arms once outstretched on Calvary's Cross of pain and shame are now flung wide to embrace in one brotherhood men of every race and name and color, that I shall preach Christ to you; Christ crucified, Christ risen, Christ glorified, living, loving, reigning, and in the pursuit of a Ministry of Reconciliation, as though God were entreating by us, shall beseech you, on behalf of Christ, be ye reconciled with God. —Rev. Chas. Aked, Baptist.

Significance of This Life.

The trouble with us is that we give an exaggerated value to these earthly years. But think of all the eternity that is past, and all the eternity that is to come; does it not seem a small matter whether one's stay here is a few years more or a few years less? From the eternal point of view the longest earthly life is but as a moment. The day of our birth was nature's gift to us; it was also God's. The day of our death will be at nature's signal too, but it will be at God's as well.

Our circumstances also are of God, for he has a life-plan for every one of us. —Rev. D. Burrell, Reformed.

Guarding the Way of Life.

Beaside that way of life, guarded by the hedge of law, Christ plants the tree of life, for food and shelter; then digs springs of water for the traveler's thirsty lips, and makes the way of obedience to be the way of good fortune. But youth and folly look longingly over the hedge, they strain their eyes toward the abyss, they rebel against the guards and the laws that make for safety. Strange that the traveler turns away from the cool fountain and the highway of happiness to break through the hedge and plunge into the slough, to drink the poisoned waters, stenchful and holding seeds of death. —Rev. Wallace Smith, Episcopal.

Christ's Love of Man.

The position of Jesus was such as would surely bring upon Him the indignation of the world. He could not alter His message, and He could not escape. His doom; so to that doom He went in a heaving storm of calumny and dishonorable imputation, of reckless scandal and unheard of treachery and falsehood. Rather than give the Heavenly Father any credit for the good Christ did, scoffers blasphemed and ascribed His words of blessing to the devil. The implacable enemies who gathered behind Him on Pilate's pavement and clamored for His blood, had no shadow of a dream that His blood would cleanse the guilty world. They slew him for the truth's sake, and the Son of God reached His consecration's height as the prophet of all men, when, knowing that one single act of recreancy would have poisoned the saving stream of the ages, He bore a faithful witness and became the Alpha and Omega and the great Amen. —Rev. J. C. Ayer, Methodist.

WE HAVE ON HAND

a full stock of yellow corn, yellow corn meal, hominy, bran, wheat midds, buckwheat midds, etc.

CUSTOM GRINDING
A SPECIALTY.

GENOA FULL ROLLER MILLS,
F. SULLIVAN, Prop.



THIS IS NO IDLE TALK.

No rents to pay I can save you money on your Farm Machinery, Farm Wagons, Carriages, Light and Heavy Harness. In fact anything pertaining to Farm Implements. When in town call and look over the Bettendorf, Columbus, Flint and Webber Farm Wagons. Swift's Animal Bone Fertilizers always on hand. Buckwheat Fertilizers a specialty.

R. W. Armstrong,
Genoa, N. Y.

Lightning! Lightning!

Protect your lives and property with National Copper Cable Lightning Rods.

We put them on your buildings in a scientific manner and give a strong and liberal guarantee that they will protect you. Write or call on the phone for estimates, terms, etc.

S. S. GOODYEAR,

Miller Phone. Atwater, N. Y.
Agent for Deering Machinery.

The Highest Award

at the World's fair at St. Louis was granted to the Dodd & Struthers pure copper cable lightning rods to the exclusion of all others. I am prepared to put them on your buildings at a reasonable price. Once on, always protected.

G. N. COON, Ledyard, N. Y.
Cayuga Southern Phone.

We sell the Kemp's 20th Century Manure Spreader.

REMEMBER

we are in shape to do anything in

Tinwork and Repairing.

Several kinds of roofings always in stock. Also hayin tools, binder twine, paint, oil stoves and in fact anything in the hardware line; we are always ready to get you anything we do not carry in stock such as stove extras, etc. All orders will have our careful attention.

Peck Hardware Co., Genoa

MILLER PHONE.

Special Premium Winners.

The Columbus wagon valued at \$75, given by the International Harvester Company through their agents, R. W. Armstrong and B. J. Brightman of Genoa, for the best herd of thoroughbred cattle at the fair was awarded to Horace Avery of Ledyard.

A wool cabler offered by Keany & Son of Auburn for the best single driver was won by C. W. Bennett of the town of Venice.

W. T. Hume of Auburn won a plush robe, valued at \$7.00, for best matched pair of gentleman's drivers.

A box of cigars donated by Sam Hand for best sucking colt was awarded to James Mulvaney.

100 cigars, valued at \$5.00, offered by W. A. Davis of Syracuse through John Welty of Auburn, went to Wm. Steele of Genoa, for the best collection of vegetables grown by exhibitor.

For the best Shropshire ram, C. W. Bennett of Venice won a whip, value \$1, donated by W. P. Parker of Moravia.

A pair of shoes, value \$2.50, given by D. W. Smith of Genoa, were won by Frank Sharpsteen of East Genoa, for the best pair of steers.

Mrs. Sarah Mack of Genoa obtained the \$2 cash prize donated by James Myer, Genoa, for the best display of potted plants.

For the largest pumpkin, Rev. F. L. Allen of Genoa was awarded the pair of men's slippers, value \$2, offered by C. A. Hadselle of Auburn.

Mrs. Clarence Snyder of Sage won the crystal water set given by Hayden's Bargain Store of Auburn for the best loaf of bread made by a married lady.

The silver teaspoon offered by Leach & Simpson of Auburn for best exhibit of handwriting was awarded to Alice E. Main.

Mrs. Elmer Dillon of Ellsworth won a cash prize of \$2 offered by D. B. Stewart & Co. of Ithaca for best loaf bread made from Wonder flour.

Mrs. Ida Hand of Genoa won the two gallons of molasses, value \$1.20, offered by D. W. Smith of Genoa for the best plate of molasses cookies made from his 60 cent molasses. She also received the same premium as above for the best molasses cake.

Mrs. Al Atwood of Moravia won a 50 lb sack of John Alden flour given by C. B. Smith of Moravia for best loaf bread made from that flour.

For the best "old-fashioned sponge cake," made by girl under sixteen, Pearl Dillon of Ellsworth won the fancy celery tray, value \$1, donated by Yager, Crandall & Chandler of Moravia.

Mrs. M. J. Taylor of Locke was the winner of the bread mixer, value \$2, given by Fred Small & Sons of Moravia for best loaf salt-rising bread.

Mrs. Wm. Smith, Genoa, won the tabourette, value 75 cts., donated by E. B. Daniels & Co., Moravia, for best plate sugar cookies.

Mrs. F. H. Tarbell of North Lansing was the winner of the cash prize of \$2, offered by Ed Smith of North Lansing for best pumpkin pie made in Tompkins county.

Mrs. Wm. McAllister of Genoa won 3 pounds of Crescent coffee offered by F. C. Hagin of Genoa, for the best custard pie made in Cayuga county.

Mrs. Wm. Steele, Genoa, was awarded the oil heater, value \$6.50, donated by the Syracuse Hardware Co., through Peck Hardware Co., for best display bake-stuffs.

J. H. Cruthers of Genoa won the box of Shawknit hose donated by Mosher, Griswold & Co., of Auburn for best pen of Minorca.

Mrs. Wallace Wood of West Groton won the piece of bric-a-brac, value \$2, given by Foster, Ross & Co., of Auburn for the best exhibit of plain sewing, (man's shirt).

Harry Powers of Atwater was awarded a pair of trousers, value \$4, given by Shapero & Son of Genoa for finest collection of fruit exhibited by grower.

G. W. Davis, Genoa, received one dozen men's hosiery offered by Shapero & Son, Genoa, for the twenty largest potatoes grown by exhibitor.

Mrs. Henry Boyles of North Lansing, aged 87 years, was awarded the three pounds of tea given by Hagin's grocery, Genoa, to the oldest lady at tending the fair.

For the largest cabbage head, grown by exhibitor, Wm. Fallon received a derby hat, value \$3, donated by Shapero & Son of Genoa.

The premium, the service for the season of 1909 of the stallion, Tippeo Jr., valued at \$12 for the best sucking colt sired by this stallion, was awarded to W. P. Shaw of Genoa.

The premium offered by Charles

Carson, manager of the Genoa Coach Horse Company, of the service of stallion to the owner of five best colts exhibited on the grounds, was awarded to Daniel C. Hunter, H. M. Roe, Tom Riley, William Murray and Mrs. Ida Hand.

Mrs. Reuben Lane, Groton, R. D. No. 11, received one-half barrel Silver Spray flour, value \$3, offered by F. Sullivan of Genoa, for best loaf bread made from Silver Spray flour.

Mrs. F. A. Hunter, Locke, received same as above for best tin of biscuit.

J. S. Banker Successful.

After a great deal of effort and correspondence J. S. Banker, the popular druggist has succeeded in getting the Dr. Howard Co. in making special half price introductory offer on the regular fifty cent size of their celebrated specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia.

Dr. Howard's specific has been so remarkably successful in curing constipation, dyspepsia and all liver troubles, that J. S. Banker is willing to return the price paid in every case where it does not give relief.

The old-fashioned idea of dosing with mineral waters, cathartic pills or harsh purgatives will soon be a thing of the past. The best physicians are prescribing Dr. Howard's specific because it really gives the desired results and on account of the small and pleasant dose that is needed.

Headaches, coated tongue, dizziness, gas on stomach, specks before the eyes, constipation, and all forms of liver and stomach trouble are soon cured by this scientific medicine.

So great is the demand for this specific that J. S. Banker has been able to secure only a limited supply, and every one who is troubled with dyspepsia, constipation or liver trouble should call upon him at once, or send 25 cents, and get sixty doses of the best medicine ever made, on this special half price offer with his personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

Let's Have a Clean Town.

First impressions of a town on visitors are hard to change. Therefore, it is desirable that they be good ones.

If the town is filled with rubbish heaps, the streets shadeless and dirty, and saloons occupy the choice corners, it makes a very poor impression on newcomers. But if the town is kept clean physically and morally you at once advertise it as a pleasant place in which to live.

The visitor sees at first glance that it is a nice place, that the people take as much pride in the outside surroundings of their homes as in the comforts and conveniences of their houses and he goes away regretfully, feeling that he would like to come back again. How much better than the thought, "This is a bum town; I'll get out by the next train."

It is as easy to talk up your town as to talk it down. Always mention the good things about it, but talk over with your neighbors in an earnest way the things that need improving. Appoint a day for everybody to help in this whether it be with your ballot, shovels or hoes.—Ex.

The Black Flag.

A gunboat was entering the mouth of the estuary when she passed close to a small collier. The officer in command hailed the latter.

"Aho, there! What have you got the black flag flying for?"

The reply came back: "You'd better not let the captain hear you. That's his best shirt hanging out to dry."—London Express.

Citation.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK: To Edwin Ward, Cynthia Ward, David Ward, William Ward, Darwin Ward, George Ward, Hannah Ward, Cora Ward, Benjamin Van Arsdale, Elmer Helm, Frank Kenyon, M. D., Burdon K. Hinkle, M. D., B. F. Buchanan, Michael Fyfe, Arthur A. King, heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, legatees, devisees, creditors and occupants of the real estate of Artemas Ward, late of the town of Scipio, in the County of Cayuga, New York, deceased, and to all other creditors and persons in any way interested in the estate of said Artemas Ward, decedent.

Whereas, Phoebe Ward, the administratrix of the estate of said Artemas Ward decedent, has applied to our Surrogate's Court of the County of Cayuga, New York, for the disposition of the real property of said decedent, for the payment of the debts and funeral expenses of said decedent; now therefore, you and each of you, are hereby cited to appear before the Surrogate of the County of Cayuga, New York, at a Surrogate's Court, to be held in and for the County of Cayuga, at the Court House in the City of Auburn, in said county, on the 30th day of October, 1908, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why the real property of said decedent should not be disposed of, mortgaged, leased or sold for the payment of the debts and funeral expenses of said decedent, and why an order and decree should not be made authorizing and directing the disposition of the real property of said decedent, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the debts and funeral expenses of said decedent; and if any of the above said persons, so interested in the estate of said decedent, and hereby cited, are infants under the age of twenty-one years, they will please take notice that they are required to appear by their general guardian, if they have one, or if they have none, that they appear and apply for the appointment of a special guardian, or in the event of their neglect or failure to do so a special guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate and act for them in the proceeding.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the seal of our Surrogate's Court, to be hereunto affixed.

Witness: H. Woodin, Surrogate of the County of Cayuga, at Auburn, this 26th day of September, A. D. 1908, in presence of our Lords, JESSE WALTER E. WOODIN, Surrogate.

Frederick A. Mohr, Attorney for Petitioner, Office at P. O. Address, 141 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.



WORK OF HIGHWAY COMMITTEE.

"New York State Road Poor and City Rich," says Senator Hooker.

The Legislative Highway Committee appointed by Governor Hughes of New York, is continuing its work of investigating road conditions in that State. In addition to the hearings already held in its own State, the committee had conferences with the highway departments of the three adjacent States in order to secure information regarding the road systems adopted by those States.

The views of some of the members have been published, others have not. Among these interviews is one by Senator S. Percy Hooker, in which he suggests "that New York State is road poor and city rich, and that the interests of those in the city who desire to come to the country, and who are paying the larger part of the improvement of the main highways under the \$50,000,000 bond issue, should be considered in the proposed State plan as well as the local conditions of reaching a market from a farming community." He thinks "that the highways of the State should be divided into three classes instead of two, and that approximately 2,500 miles of road, in addition to those already built, should be classified under the head of State roads, to be built by the State and maintained by it, but with the locality contributing \$50 per mile per year to apply on such maintenance. "These roads, he believes should connect all the populous centres. The system of country roads should connect the villages and hamlets of the county with each other in the same way that the cities are connected by the State roads, and without the same care in planning out a system it seems that there will be something like 10,000 miles of these roads. The remainder of the highways are properly town roads. The cost of 2,500 miles at \$10,000 a mile for State roads, would be \$25,000,000. One-half of the cost of the county system as at present, and assuming that these roads be built for \$4,000 a mile, would be \$20,000,000, leaving \$5,000,000 of the bond issue for the help of the township roads."—Good Roads.

For Road Maintenance.

There is now a plan on foot to offer a number of handsome prizes for good roads building, commencing early next year, the object being to greatly improve and to maintain one of the most important runs in the State of Wisconsin. Back of the movement is the Milwaukee Automobile club. The project is to divide the highway into several districts and to offer cash prizes for the best kept sections. The prizes will be offered to the several property owners or farmers through whose premises the highway runs. The highest prize will be \$250, and will be run down to a sum that will be large enough to stir up interest alone.

This section of the State is the most famous in all Bagderdom in the matter of unique schemes to keep and build up the roads. At one time the wealthy summer home owners offered school children cash prizes for throwing stones of the road while they were trudging back and forth in attending schools in country districts. Pathmasters were appointed, they watched the work, and on their reports the prizes were awarded.

It might be mentioned that in this connection that not long since the women's clubs of Kane county, Ill., raised over \$1,000 to improve and beautify a road along the Fox River. The money was raised by selling silver spoons, engraved in the bowl of which was the head of a famous Indian chief who used to trail over the road in pioneer times and always was noted for his kindly treatment of the palefaces. The spoons have been sold to people living in half of the States of the Union.

"Gumbo" Country.

In what is called the "gumbo" country of Mississippi, the road question is one of the greatest problems the farmer has to deal with. Better roads are absolutely necessary, but how are they to be made? There is not any rock or stone or gravel within many miles, either above or below the surface—nothing but clay and muck. In this extremity the United States Government has come to the rescue with the most ingenious device for road building ever invented. The roadway is covered with cord wood of the kind fit for burning. This wood is overlaid with a few inches of the clay which is to be had in abundance upon all sides. Little fires are left through the clay and the fuel is set on fire. When it has burned out the clay has been hardened into one great brick, as wide as the road, and as long as may be. This brick is not hard, but it will wear off slowly and not get muddy. A mile of such road can be built for about \$1.00.

Complaint Books in Russia.

Books are maintained at Russian railroad stations for the registry of complaints of passengers.

The rice flower cracker of China is by far the whitest biscuit product in the world. In comparison with it the whitest American biscuit looks dingy.

A Fall Purchase For Spot Cash For 15 Days Only.

I was lucky enough to secure a bargain just the beginning of the Fall season when every woman needs a new Fall Suit, yes, I just received 250 Suits of one of the best makes among the **Cloak and Suit Trade**, "the S. & E. Brand." The lowest price Suit this house makes is \$15.00 and up to 45.00. I have placed the entire lot on sale with a small profit attached so it gives every woman a chance to buy her new Fall Suit for less than the whole sale price is. Our stock is complete with all the new styles of

Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Furs, &c. :

Try us first and save half of what you would pay elsewhere. **THE STORE OF LOW PRICES.**

We Pay Your Fare

PAULVIN'S Quality Cloak Shop,
34 Genesee St., AUBURN, N. Y.
Next to Herron's Hardware Co.

Alterations Free of Charge

THE CONDORS OF CALIFORNIA.

Great Buzzard Kings of the Pacific Slope becoming Extinct.

One night in the '80s a heifer from the Murietta ranch in Southern California was killed by a mountain lion that lived in the fastnesses back in the San Bernardino range, says a writer in the Century Magazine. From our camp the next day we noticed several buzzards, on a dead pine up the hillsides. One of the rancheros pointed to a lone speck floating in the summer sky. "King of the buzzards," he said. An hour later the speck had increased in size, and he pointed to another speck just within the scope of vision. The next day the old Mexican took me up the arroyo and I counted 17 buzzards and two other birds that seemed twice the size of a buzzard, feasting on the carcass of the heifer. I was interested in the big birds, but the only information I received was a gesture back toward the highest peak of the range.

Years later as my interest in birds grew I could get comparatively little information about this "king of the buzzards," or California Condor (Cathartes californianus), for not many people had ever seen the bird, and very few had first hand information as to its nesting habits.

The report that it was rapidly following the great auk and that the species would soon become extinct was not without some foundation, for the California condor has a range more restricted than any other bird of prey. In the early part of the last century it was reported fairly common as far north as the Columbia river region, but now it seems to have entirely disappeared from that locality. Once it was reported in Utah, and Dr. Elliott Coues saw it in Arizona in 1865. With the exception of a record in southern Oregon, the habitat of the California condor now seems to be the region from Monterey county, Cal., south through the mountains of the east coast range and the extension of the San Bernardino range into Lower California. There is no record of the bird in Mexico.

It is not surprising that collectors have searched the mountains and that museums are willing to pay big prices for the eggs, for after a correspondence of several years W. Lee Chambers has found that there are only 41 California condor eggs (28 first class and 13 second class) in the various museums and private collections of the world, while there are about 70 eggs of the great auk, which is now extinct. There are only half a dozen of the birds in captivity, and that number is not likely to be increased to any extent at present.

German Students More Temperate.

"When I was a student at Heidelberg, twenty-five years ago, the amount of beer the students consumed was something astonishing," said Mr. J. N. Osborne of St. Louis. "In fact many of them drank to excess, and the fellow who could put away the biggest quantity was a sort of hero. Now all that has changed, as my son, who is studying at Heidelberg, writes me. He says that while a good many of the students still use beer, a goodly number are teetotalers and that the wholesale swilling of the old days has gone. I think that everybody will be glad to know that sobriety has taken the place of intemperance among the young men at one of the foremost seats of learning in the world."—Baltimore American.

Song of the Shirt.

When Thomas Hood wrote his "Song of the Shirt," conditions in London were far worse than they have ever been in New York. Our horrible sweatshop system is not a circumstance to the sloop-shop system of the English capital. Hood and a party of friends discovered two young women, daughters of Major Reynolds of the Fifth West India regiment, utterly unprovided for at his death, trying to preserve their existence by making shirts for a sloop-shop at three cents each. Public attention was drawn to the case, and a subscription raised in their behalf. The "Song of the Shirt" was inspired by it.—N. Y. Press.

NEW YORK, AUBURN & LANSING, R.R.

Time Table of Trains Between Auburn and Genoa In Effect July 1, 1908.

WEEK DAY TRAINS.			
Leave Auburn	7:30 a m	11:00 a m	5:00 p m
Arrive Genoa	8:32 a m	1:00 p m	6:02 p m
Leave Genoa	8:45 a m	3:00 p m	6:15 p m
Arrive Auburn	9:47 a m	4:30 p m	7:17 p m

Train leaving Auburn at 11:00 a m and leaving Genoa at 3:00 p m is mixed freight and passenger train.

Trains arrive and depart in Auburn from station at Wright Avenue, west of Division Street.

SUNDAY TRAINS.			
Leave Auburn	9:00 a m	2:00 p m	7:00 p m
Arrive Genoa	10:02 a m	3:02 p m	8:02 p m
Leave Genoa	10:15 a m	3:30 p m	8:15 p m
Arrive Auburn	11:17 a m	4:32 p m	9:17 p m

BURTIS AUDITORIUM.

AUBURN, N. Y.

Matinee and Night, SATURDAY, SEPT. 12

JOHN N. ROSS, Mgr.

Both 'phones.

The Mummy and the Humming Bird

With a good supporting company headed by the excellent actor,

MR. W. A. WHITECAR, who has played Lord Lumly for three successful seasons in this great play.

H. J. HOWE,

Jeweler and Watch Importer, Diamonds, &c.

Seven Reasons Why You Should Be Our Customer.

Because we carry the best and largest stock of reliable watches, diamonds and all manner of articles in gold and silver.
Because our goods are made by the best manufacturers in the United States and of exclusive designs.
Because we wish every customer that goes from our store to be satisfied, and if possible they shall be.
Because our goods are sold at the lowest possible price and we invite a comparison of price.
Because we will not have any employee but the best to do our work.
Because we endeavor to give you prompt and courteous attention no matter how small your need may be.
Because of the facilities of our mail order department which brings you in direct touch with our store.
Correspondence solicited. State Fair visitors welcome.
201 So. Salina St., Syracuse.

Transplanting Trees.

To merely replace a tree that has been blown down is a much more simple affair than to transplant a forest giant. Yet this sort of thing is constantly done and is no novelty. So long ago as the time of Louis XIV. hundreds of forest trees were dug up by the roots and transplanted to Versailles, where they still form a forest around the old palace.

Every man thinks that it is his strong will alone that prevents his troubles from driving him mad.—Athenian Globe.

In certain localities in the old world they put salt in the coffin before it is lowered into the grave. This is the survival of an ancient custom which was once universal. The custom grew out of the idea that Satan hates salt because it is the symbol of incorruption and immortality.



PROVED RIGHT BEFORE YOUR EYES

at our store on

Tuesday, Sept. 22, 1908

Come One! Come All!

SEE for yourself the celebrated

STERLING RANGE

perform a feat a thousand dollar challenge has failed to duplicate in any other range.

CHAS. PYLE, Poplar Ridge, N. Y.

Black Berry Brandy. This is the only drug store in town with the privilege of selling this valuable summer remedy. 50c. the pint. Sagal Drug Store, Auburn.

Subscribe for THE TRIBUNE.