THE TRIBUNE

Contains each week more vicinity news than any paper in the county. Nearly every town in Southern Cayuga is well represented. It is worth its price and you ought to have it in your home. Probably you do.

The Genoa Tribune.

JOB PRINTING.

THE TRIBUNE office is well equipped to turn out all kinds of printing. Don't hesitate to give us your order; we guarantee the work to be up-to-date and the prices reasonable. Legal advertising at lowest rates.

Published Weekly and Circulated Throughout the Towns of Genoa, Venice, Ledyard, Scipio and Lansing, and Devoted to the Best Interests of the People of These Vicinities.

VOL. XIV. No. 12. GENOA, N. Y., FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12, 1904. C. A. AMES.

FROM NEARBY TOWNS

Interesting Items That Our Correspondents Have Gathered for Tribune Readers.

East Genoa.

AUG. 9—Mrs. Samuel Rumsey is spending a few days with friends at Auburn.

Attorney Cobb came down from Ithaca in his automobile Sunday, accompanied by Miss Robinson and Dr. Brown. They spent the day with Miss Mary Bothwell and she returned to Ithaca with them.

Dan Thayer of Ludlowville was the guest of his sister, Mrs. D. Sharpsteen, Sunday.

Jay Woodruff of North Lansing is painting Frank Bothwell's house.

Miss Belle Bothwell has accepted a position as assistant matron in the Auburn prison. She will visit friends at Buffalo and New York, and assume her new duties September 1.

Mrs. John Roscoe of Ithaca has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Spencer Addy.

Eugene Younglove had the misfortune to cut his foot on a mowing machine knife last week.

Henry Rumsey and family were guests of John Bouton and wife on Sunday.

Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest many. A run down system, or despondency, invariably precede suicide, and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self-destruction take Electric Bitters. Being a great tonic and nervine, it will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's also a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by A. E. Clark, druggist, King Ferry.

Clearing Sale Ladies' Oxfords.

$3.00 Oxfords $2.49

$2.00, 2.50 ones 1.69

$1.50 Oxfords 1 24

Misses and Childrens' Oxfords at reduced prices also

THE SPECIALTY SHOE COMPANY, 111 Genesee St., AUBURN.

Ellsworth.

AUG. 9—Mrs. Smith and Miss Ruth Beckley of Ithaca are guests of Daniel Beckley and wife.

Mr. Leonard and family are spending a few days in Tioga county.

Mr. Stolton and wife have moved from the tenant house of Mr. Manchester on Long Point to the house of Fred Aikin.

Dan Snushall spent a part of the past week at the home of Claude Palmer at Five Corners.

Mrs. Sutton returned to Syracuse this week.

A goodly number from this vicinity attended the Ledyard-Poplar Ridge excursion to Cayuga Lake Park on Tuesday.

Mrs. Morgan of Poplar Ridge is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Stevenson.

Miss Curtis of Ithaca spent a few days the past week with friends here and a farewell party was given in her honor at Wheeler Corners. She will soon leave for Texas where she has accepted a position as teacher.

Mr. Decker and daughter, Mrs. Murray, and child left last Saturday for New York.

Mrs. Wm. Parmeter has been entertaining Auburn friends the past few weeks.

Our school meeting was not very largely attended, only four men being present. Elmer Dillon was elected trustee.

Mrs. Carter Husted spent a part of the past week with friends at Ithaca.

Ed Bradley was elected trustee for the Pumpkin Hill district.

Will Tilton and Miss Edna McKiel were married last week. The best wishes of their many friends are extended to them.

Automobiles are frequently passing along our street this summer. We wonder if they enjoy bumping over the stones in the road. When they show a little consideration for the farmers' rights the farmers will take more interest in keeping good roads for them to pass over.

Arthur Close is building a fine barn

North Lansing.

AUG. 9—Mrs. Hattie Buck, who started to accompany her sister to New York, was taken sick at Dryden. The physician decided that an operation was necessary and she went to the Cortland hospital where on Saturday last a tumor was removed. She is doing as well as could be expected, and it is hoped that within a few weeks she will be able to return home in better health than she has enjoyed in several years. Her sister, Miss Nellie Knapp, is here at her home in Mrs. Buck's absence.

Miss Mayme Taber of Ithaca is visiting Miss Edythe Brooks.

Miss Josephine Brooks, who has been making a short visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Brooks, returned to New York Saturday.

Mrs. Juliette Culver of Locke is visiting friends here.

Poplar Ridge.

AUG. 10—Miss Nellie Cunningham is home from Auburn visiting her parents.

The people of this vicinity were all pleased to see Charles Smith of Moravia looking after diseased horses.

We are pleased to see Mr. Oliver pass through here with a fine line of meat from the Genoa market.

Glen Ferris was elected trustee in district No. 4. We expect to have a good school.

You don't paint every day; that's why you want a good paint. LAWRENCE is really the best. Sold by Smith, North Lansing.

Don't buy your paint until you have read what LAWRENCE says; ask Smith, North Lansing.

King Ferry.

AUG. 10—Susie, the seven-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Atlas Atwater, is threatened with brain fever and it was thought best to have her hair cut off. It was 34 inches long and weighed 9 ounces. She is a little better at present.

Miss Ruth Tuthill of Ithaca is visiting friends here.

Wm. Shiels and wife of Auburn visited friends in this vicinity last week.

G. W. Shaw and wife are spending some time at Farleys.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis B. Atwater and daughter of Newark, N. J. and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Atwater of Scipioville were the guests of their father, Spafford Atwater, on Tuesday of last week.

Mrs. Edwin Palmer and children of Cortland are visiting friends in this place.

Frank Holland and family spent Sunday with friends in Ithaca.

Mr. and Mrs. Knox of Kansas, who have been visiting at George Coon's, started for their home on Monday.

Mrs. Smith Minturn of Locke spent Sunday with her aunt, Mrs. R. G. Jenkins.

Mrs. Mary Smith of Lansingville is spending some time with her sister Mrs. Harrison Goodyear.

Mrs. John Britt and Mrs. Frank Holland were called to Auburn Wednesday to attend the funeral of their nephew, John Shiels. Interment was made in the Catholic cemetery at this place.

George Lanterman of South Lansing and Harold Lincoln of Washington were guests of A. Lanterman and family on Sunday last.

At the annual school meeting in district No. 2 the following officers were elected: Clara Lanterman, trustee; Fred Weyant, clerk; Fred Atwater collector.

Mrs. Jacob Remaly of Bethlehem, Pa., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. David Ellis.

Mrs. A. Davis of Lake Ridge and sister, Mrs. Young of Weedsport, called on friends in town the first of the week.

Frances Starner of Auburn visited her grandmother, Mrs. Twining, last week.

Dr. Dommett the dentist will be at King Ferry on Friday, August 19th.

Scipioville.

AUG. 9—The Sunday schools of the M. E. and Presbyterian churches of this place expect to unite in an excursion soon. The particulars will be announced later.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Lyon, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Gifford, Charles Wilshere and Master Harry Wilshere are camping at the Crise Farm on Cayuga lake.

Miss Althea Folts of Moravia has been engaged to teach the village school for the coming year.

Mrs. Charles Wilshere is entertaining her friend, Mrs. Rice, and daughter of Hartford, Conn.

Mrs. Eunice Holt enjoyed a visit from her son Ledra the past week.

Miss Grace Crispell of Williamstown is spending some time at her grandfather's, D. W. Watkins, who is in very feeble health.

Miss Della Winter of Preston, Ont. is the guest of her grandparents, E. Cooper and wife.

E. Dean and family of Cortland have been visiting his parents at this place.

Charles Johnson and wife have returned to their home at Auburn.

Mrs. Jesse Davis of King Ferry and sister, Mrs. Kelsey of Middletown, Conn., were guests of Mrs. F. C. Gifford and other friends the past week.

School Commissioner Atwater of Moravia was in town on Monday of this week.

Double Track Route to World's Fair.

The Grand Trunk have inaugurated a double daily through car service, including sleeping cars and coaches, direct to the World's Fair City. Fast trains, most interesting route, stop-over allowed at Chicago, unexcelled road-bed—are assured patrons of this line. Ask Grand Trunk Agents for full information.

Mico Spar Chicken Grit—best thing for poultry GENOA MILLING CO.

Five Corners.

AUG. 9—The farmers are hustling to improve this fine weather, knowing of course that it will not last long.

Mrs. Albert Ferris is under the care of Dr. Rosecrans.

Mrs. John Palmer is visiting relatives and friends at Summerhill and Groton this week.

The old dog Bill, belonging to C. D. Palmer, had to be chloroformed last week, on account of old age.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Parsons of Whitney Point are visiting relatives at this place.

A good many from here went on the excursion to Renwick Park last Friday and report a pleasant time.

Miss Irene Forbes returned to her home at Union Springs last Wednesday, after visiting her friend, Mattie DeRemer, for a week.

The regular monthly missionary meeting will be held next Sunday evening at the church here. Recitations and music will be rendered. A cordial invitation is extended.

Fred Ferris of Ithaca is the guest of his uncle, Albert Ferris and family.

Miss Florence Maloney of Wisconsin and Mrs. Helen Teeter of Lansingville were the guests of Mrs. Charles Barger Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Humphreys of Breesport are visiting at her sister's, Mrs. Kate Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Gee of Ithaca and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Barger of North Lansing were Sunday guests at Charles Barger's. Little Iva Barger, who had been staying there for a week, returned home with her parents.

Jane Kneeshaw, a maiden lady residing alone here, died very suddenly Monday night. She had spent the day at her nephew's and returning home at night went out into her garden. Daniel DeRemer was passing a little later and noticing something was the matter, assisted her toward the house. Mrs. Lyon also ran to her ass-stance. Dr. Rosecrans was called and all that could be was done, but she died in a few moments from heart failure. The funeral will be held on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Hannah Stephenson.

Oliver Snyder is spending the week at St. Louis.

Lewis Barger is at Geneva for a few days.

Indian Field.

AUG. 10—W. W. Potter and wife of Auburn were guests of the former's parents, Sunday and Monday.

Miss Leah King has returned from Cayuga where she has been visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Parsons and son Claude of Moravia visited Chas. Coffin and family Saturday and Sunday.

E. Burr Stewart of Five Corners has been engaged for the fall term of school in district No. 2.

Miss Sara Purinton entertained a number of young ladies Friday afternoon in honor of her friend, Miss Josephine Wray of Crawford, N. J.

Several from this vicinity went on the excursion to Cayuga Lake Park Tuesday.

East Venice.

AUG. 9—Miss Lena and Mildred Teeter have gone to spend a few weeks with their grandparents at Moravia.

Mr. Frank Whitten and wife made a business trip to Auburn Saturday.

Mrs. Ed Dean and son George spent a few days with Mrs. Wellington Whipple last week.

Mrs. Lucinda Young is improving.

Miss Jennie Young has returned to her home in Cortland. Her aunt, Mrs. Taber, accompanied her.

At school meeting last Tuesday evening Mr. Fint Matthers was elected trustee. Miss Jennie Close is teacher.

Mr. John Sill and wife spent Sunday with his parents.

Miss Ruby Tifft who has spent some time with her aunt, Mrs. Frank Young, has returned home.

Best Golden Rio and Java Coffee 22 cents per pound at H. P. Mastin's.

News of Auburn.

AUBURN, August 9—The first arrest for fast automobile driving was made Sunday afternoon. P. H. Brennan of Syracuse was stopped by Officer Roseboom and taken before Recorder Stupp, charged with excessive speed and also with a failure to display his register number on his machine. He deposited $5 with the recorder, which was forfeited as a fine through his failure to appear in court on Monday morning.

The brick block at the corner of Orchard and Jefferson streets was found to be on fire about 1 o'clock on Sunday morning. The lower floor of the building was used as a store room for lumber and builders' materials, while the upper rooms were occupied by two families who experienced great difficulties in getting out in their night clothing. A general alarm brought out the fire department and the flames were controlled. The occupants suffered severely in damage from smoke and water. There was evidence that the fire had been started in the rear hallway, but no motive has been discovered for the crime.

Miss Belle Bothwell of Genoa was given a non-competitive examination at the prison yesterday morning, for the position of assistant matron at the woman's prison. Miss Bothwell passed the examination and assumed her duties at once.

Health Officer Frank C. Smith of Fleming announces that diphtheria has appeared in that town, the first victim of the disease being the daughter of Frank Pullman. The Pullman premises were promptly quarantined.

J. B. Livermore and Oscar Herrling have returned from a two weeks' vacation at the Thousand Islands.

Miss Cuykendall has returned to her duties as stenographer at the district attorney's office after a week's rest at Moravia.

James Lyon and William R. Keyes returned yesterday from a five weeks' trip to England, Ireland and other places across the water.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Adams entertained at dinner at their home on Lincoln street, Saturday, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Starr of East Orange N. J. Mrs Starr sang a pleasing solo at the Sunday morning service at the Second Presbytorian church.

At the first session of the coroner's inquest upon the death of Charles E. Baxter, who was fatally injured by a trolley car, two eye witnesses to the accident were examined. Conductor Perkins and Motorman Warwick, who were arrested on the complaint of Coroner O'Neil for alleged criminal negligence, were present. Attorney T. M. Hunt appeared for the trolley company, Assistant District Burritt represented the people and Robert L. Drummond the Baxter family. The accident was described in detail by James J. McCabe, an employe of the city street department. Mr. McCabe caught the runaway team and helped to carry Mr. Baxter into a nearby house. He did not see the motorman apply the brake until after the car struck the wagon. He thought the car was going at least forty miles an hour at the time, there being a steep grade in the street at that point, and considered himself competent to judge of the speed, having been formerly employed on a trolley line and also on a steam road. He did not hear the motorman ring the car gong. He said the car went about 100 feet after striking the wagon. Mrs. Catharine Jones of No. 9 Lincoln street testified that Mr. Baxter was carried into her house after the accident. In all essential points she corroborated Mr. McCabe's testimony. Before being removed to the hospital, she said, Mr. Baxter had asked for some liquor. The case was then adjourned until Sept. 6th.

From the report of Chief of Police Bell for the month of July we learn there were 96 men and 4 women arrested; $193 collected in fines, and 46 store doors were found unlocked.

Following close behind the recent announcement that the New York Central would soon equip the Auburn road for electric power comes the story that the Lehigh Valley will also establish electric service, commencing on the Auburn-Ithaca branch as soon as they can get permission from the State Railroad Commission. Meanwhile the construction of the Genoa road goes merrily on down around the Avery House. This road has got 'em all stopped when it comes to balloons and airships or anything that depends on wind. It served to elect some men to high office a few years ago and the old argument is still being used by some of the "machine" barkers. Our heartfelt sympathy goes out to the voters who believe everything the machine says.

The dwelling house at 4 Barber street was entirely destroyed by fire early this morning. The building was owned by a Mr. Delaney of Chicago and was occupied by the family of Albert Barden. Mr. Barden was awakened by his wife who heard a strange noise in the kitchen, and he opened the door and saw the flames. He alarmed the neighborhood and assisted his family out. The neighbors succeeded in saving a part of the household goods. It is said that considerable difficulty was had in making the night operator of the Bell telephone understand there was a fire, and so the department did not arrive until the building was burned.

Judge Underwood and family arrived home this morning from their visit abroad. Their trip took them through Egypt, Greece, Italy, Switzerland, Germany, France, England and Scotland.

IT IS A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

Violent Attack of Diarrhoea Cured by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and Perhaps a Life Saved.

"A short time ago I was taken with a violent attack of diarrhoea and believe I would have died if I had not gotten relief," says John J. Patton, a leading citizen of Patton, Ala. "A friend recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I bought a twenty-five cent bottle and after taking three doses of it was entirely cured. I consider it the best remedy in the world for bowel complaints. For sale by J. S. Banker, druggist, Genoa.

Twice a Day to St. Louis.

The Grand Trunk offer a double daily through car service direct to the World's Fair City—St. Louis, Mo. Trains leave Montreal morning and evening. Send four cents in stamps to Robert Bushby, Traveling Passenger Agent, Grand Trunk Ry. System, Cortland, N. Y., for the handsomest publication yet issued on the World's Fair, and consult Grand Trunk Agents for further particulars.

Kodaks. Are you getting all the pleasure from your vacation that you should? Take a camera to fix the scenes of your outing and you can refer to them often as time goes by and have the pleasure all over again. All sizes are in our stock from $1.00 to $35.00. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

20 YEARS

in the same place. It shows that W. C. Crosman, Optician and Jeweler, can be relied upon. Come to him for new glasses or with old ones to be repaired.

92 Genesee St., Auburn.

The Great Genoa Fair Sept. 20-22d

The Peace Movement.

There is a profound sentiment abroad in favor of universal peace. It is not confined to the United States, but is stirring the people of Europe and has been given official manifestation by more than one great power. While it is not a religious movement, it is directly in line with the basic principle of Christianity, the brotherhood of man and the fatherhood of God. The movement breathes the spirit and essence of the teachings of the Prince of Peace, and if successful will contribute more to the influence and spread of Christianity than anything which has occurred since the days of Christ. The achievement of universal peace is not an easy enterprise, though it is as certain to come as any other necessary step in civilization. Much will depend upon the energy of forces which are accustomed to influence society. The church is one of these forces. So far it has taken no part in the movement, for the perfunctory preaching of peace on earth, good will toward men, will never bring about a reduction of armaments and a cessation of wars, says the Baltimore American. If this relic of barbarism were denounced with zeal and energy from every pulpit as a violation of the principles preached by Christ, humanity, civilization and religion would all be served at the same time.

Chief Justice Mason, of the superior court of Massachusetts, lately handed down a decision of more than usual interest, because of its bearing on the rights of women. The case was a suit for divorce, brought by a Russian, who asked separation from his wife on the ground of desertion. It came out during the trial that the couple were married in Russia some years ago. Later the husband came to America. He tried to persuade his wife to come with him, and afterward sent her money and tickets, but she refused. "The husband's right to determine the place of abode of the family," said the judge, "is not an absolute right, but one which must be exercised reasonably. The wife's refusal to leave her kindred and the protection of the laws under which she has lived, and emigrate to a foreign country, the language of which was an unknown tongue to her, was not unreasonable, and did not constitute desertion."

Senator Depew believes that the world moves. At a dinner in celebration of the seventieth anniversary of his birth, he said, "When I began the study of law, bigotry prevailed all over the country on all controversial questions. Religious sects were more engrossed in fighting each other than the common enemy. There was an almost frantic fear lest science and research should impair the Bible, and scientists were denounced as infidels. Not to drink was singular, and not to accept a treat or to treat in return a breach of good manners. Now the Bible student hails science and criticism as buttresses of the sacred book, and there is happy and hopeful unity among the churches. The progress of temperance has brought incalculable blessings to the home, society and citizenship."

Lately a good many Italian immigrants have gone to the southern states to engage in agriculture. This is decidedely better than flocking to the big cities and increasing the pauper army, or, what is just as bad, working for starvation wages and putting others out of business. There is a shortage of labor in the south during the cotton picking season, in spite of the fact that negroes are so numerous. Immigrants from southern Europe are accustomed to the hot sun and are in that respect well qualified for work in the southern states. As a general thing Italians do not take kindly to agriculture.

Russia announces her intention of putting 300,000 more men in the field against the Japanese. If the recruits are not more efficient than those already in Manchuria the Japs will not need to be greatly frightened. To mobilize and transport such an army with equipment over a single track road 5,700 miles is no easy task, and will take till late in the summer at least. In the meantime the Japanese will be doing something along the Yalu.

The cosmopolitan settlement in St. Louis is an anthropological demonstration that "the eternal feminine" is "the same feminine" throughout the world, says the Republic of that city. Prince Pu Lun is a philosopher. For didn't he say that beauty is everywhere the same? So is beauty's artifice.

The number of bales of cotton of the 1903 crop shipped from Mangum, Greer county, Oklahoma, up to the first of the year was 14,091 and the total for the season will probably reach 14,500. It took 580 cars to haul these bales to the compress.

President Smith, of the Mormon church, should certainly be an authority on the characteristics and attributes of mothers-in-law. His own mothers-in-law, he says, were worthy of their daughters.

It is not that the world is growing worse; it is just the increased opportunities the world has for finding out how bad it has been all along.

Physical Education.

One of the interesting topics discussed by the doctors at Atlantic City was the ill-effect, possibly permanent, of excessive and unregulated physical exertion. In the great attention given to athletic exercises in our schools and colleges, this is a real danger. The competition is fiercer, the effort greater, than in the improvised schoolboy sports of former generations, and while, no doubt, the fittest survive, the unfit must suffer in the process. Is it not possible to make physical training an integral part of a graded educational system, so that boys shall no more be put to tests of strength and endurance for which they are unprepared than they would be put to intellectual tasks in advance of their natural development? asks the Philadelphia Ledger. In a general way, of course, this idea is recognized in an advisory supervision of the gymnasium and the playground; but the thought that the school of college is responsible, as a parent, for the physical as well as the mental development of those intrusted to it, for the cultivation of the healthy body so important to the healthy mind, has had only an occasional and irregular applicaion.

Leagues for Courtesy.

If we are to have any fine civilization in this country, good manners must be drilled into the school children; and the Outlook proposes to the teachers of the country that they shall organize everywhere in the schools leagues of courtesy, voluntary associations of boys and girls for the purpose of advancing the standards of manners and developing those instincts of courtesy, kindness and helpfulness which are characteristic of the American in all parts of the country. The American ought to be the most courteous and the best-mannered person in the world, for his natural kindness, his desire to be helpful and to make himself agreeable, are recognized everywhere. He fails, whenever he does fail, not because of bad intentions, but because of lack of training or because of haste. As the use of English is supervised in every recitation in every good school, so the manners of every boy and girl ought to be supervised and corrected in every school relation.

Two cases of impudence by telephone girls have lately been noticed in the newspapers. They deserve publicity as an illustration of different ways of treating the same offense, says the Youth's Companion. One girl was impertinent to the mayor of an American city. She was talking "over the line," and did not know who he was. He had her discharged. The other girl, also in ignorance of the identity of her interlocutor, gave a sharp answer to President Loubet, of France. He summoned her to his office, talked to her kindly and sensibly, and sent her back to her work. One cannot help feeling that the French president showed to better advantage than the American mayor.

A farmer whose home is in Tennessee was infected by a rabid cow and contracted hydrophobia. He came to Chicago with a "mad stone" tied to his wrist in the hope of getting relief. The doctor at the Pasteur institute immediately threw the stone into the alley, much to the surprise and discomfiture of the young farmer, whose father had mortgaged his farm to get the magic rock. It is evident that science does not count much on the efficiency of "mad stones" to cure an affliction of this kind, but the idea is still strong in the backwoods district that there is virtue in this sort of treatment.

Pecan raising in Texas has become an important industry. The demand for this nut is so great that some have given their attention to the business entirely and find that it pays better than most any other crop. Last year several trainloads of pecans were shipped out from the San Angelo country and there is promise of another big yield this year. In many parts of Texas pecan trees are being planted in large numbers and it is evident that the future demand will be strong. Texas has a large exhibit of these nuts at the world's fair, and in that respect leads all other states.

"When I am going anywhere I don't wait for a star; I hitch my cart to anything going my way," was the explanation which a Chicago reformer once gave for accepting apopintment as civil service commissioner under a mayor who believed in the spoils system. The Youth's Companion says this is a pretty good rule for reformers in other parts of the country to follow.

The disastrous results following the recent walking match in the French army furnishes another example of the ease with which an apparently harmless sport may become dangerous; but, even so, we cannot help feeling that some of the contestants were a bit out of training.

A western man committed suicide this week because he could not guide his automobile. Most men guiding automobiles prefer to commit homicide.

A catboat; a mainsheet tied around a cleat, and a summer squall. Mix well, and you have the regulation Sunday tragedy.

The Yellow Peril.

We shall not here enter into a discussion of the "yellow peril," further than to point out that forebodings of it assume a natural and implacable antipathy between the two races, which incessantly and inevitably impels each to seek the subjugation of the other, says the New York Tribune. We are not prepared to admit the existence of such a passion. Granted that it existed in the case of Genghis Khan and Timur Leng. Many things have happened since then, so that to-day there is ground for believing that the white race and an awakened and enlightened yellow race may dwell side by side, with no more danger of conflict than there is and has ever been between two nations of one race. If, unhappily, it should be otherwise, and if an interracial conflict of world-wide extent should arise—and if it should arise it could not easily avoid being of world-wide extent—we have little fear of the result; certainly not enough fear to move us to wish the Japanese to be set back where Perry found them, in order to avoid it.

There is no danger of the farmer passing from existence. He knows a good thing as well as his urban brother, and so does his boy, says the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune. Improved methods of farming may continue to diminish the number of farm hands, but not even that fact will work to a discontinuance of the necessity for the farm laborer nor for the laborer in the harvest fields. The fact that Kansas farmers this early in the season are inviting farm hands to their corn and rye and wheat and alfalfa fields, with promise of good wages and board, is a strong argument against the blueness which so often attacks the American citizen when he imagines he sees an inpouring of the farmer and the farmer's boy to the cities.

A colony of Japanese will soon settle in eastern Texas and engage in rice culture. Rice is the chief product of the mikado's realm and possibly outside of China there is no other country that understands the production of this crop as well as the Japanese. As a rule their field work in Japan is on a limited scale and the methods employed in harvesting and thrashing the crop are very crude. Given the opportunities and facilities that this country affords, with their natural ability to do their work thoroughly, and they are sure of making a great success and no doubt will offer valuable object lessons to Americans, who have yet much to learn about the business.

It begins to look as if the orange business in California is overdone. For two or three years growers have complained of making no money, yet the market does not appear overstocked and the consumer has to pay about the same old standard price. The trouble the California producer is up against is that he is far from the great markets of the country, and the freight rate is high. Last winter much of the fruit was destroyed in transit by the cold weather, and of course this loss affected the market in a way to keep prices up to a high point, although it did not benefit the grower. The industry seems to be somewhat overdone in southern California.

Fraunce's tavern in New York, where Washington bade farewell to his officers, has been bought by the Society of the Sons of the Revolution, and is to be preserved. It is well that this should be done, for we should not be allowed to forget that the first president was a very human man, who inspired affection in those with whom he fought. The tears shed at that famous farewell account for the success of the revolution under Washington's lead better than a score of volumes of history could do.

According to one of the greatest diplomatists, "it is the modest boast of modern diplomacy that its office is the removal of misunderstandings." That is a pretty good sort of business for everyone to be engaged in. It is much better to give your neighbor an opportunity to tell the truth than to exert yourself to prove that he is a liar.

A Boston theater man has won a suit for damages against the elevated railroad because the noise it made disturbed the audiences. It will be a great day for our cities when the commercial value of quiet is better understood.

American warships appeared at Tangier so soon after Moorish brigands got Perdicaris, an American citizen, that the sultan himself came near getting pericarditis, or some other kind of heart trouble.

The cheerful western genius who has been finally caught smuggling opium in bogus pianos may perhaps argue that opium and music are both opiates.

A New York paper is offering a prize for the best vacation suggestion. We have heard that it is a good plan to remain quietly at home and take a rest.

The agricultural papers are gloating over the discovery of a stingless bee. But that's nothing. Stingless bees are common—to every campaign year.

Almost any man will accept free advice, but few are willing to utilize it.

Canada and Arbitration.

"Bless you," remarks the British foreign office, in effect, "England and the United States do not need any general arbitration treaty. Their relations are so amicable and even lovable that they have passed that stage. When anything disturbing arises, it just arbitrates itself, so to speak." Such talk is very reassuring, but it has a kind of tootsy-wootsy flavor that will not deceive grown men, comments the Springfield Republican. Unless we are mistaken, the real reason why the British foreign office now discourages efforts looking to a general Anglo-American arbitration treaty is the attitude of Canada on the broad question of the imperial treaty-making power. The only disputes that England and the United States are likely to have are over Canadian affairs. Since the recent Alaska boundary arbitration, which caused so much dissatisfaction in Canada, the Canadian premier has declared in favor of claiming for the dominion the right to make its own treaties, and a great body of Canadian sentiment seems to support his view. While the questiton of Canada's treaty-making powers remains unsettled, it would manifestly be expedient, from the British viewpoint, to negotiate a general arbitration treaty with the United States which would bind Canada to the obligations thus assumed. The attitude of Canada must now be regarded as the key to any immediate progress in this line between the United States and the British empire.

This is surely the age of electricity, and many wonderful things have been done in the line of marvelous inventions with this subtle fluid. Scientists are busy, however, and there are yet to be many things discovered. The effect of electricity on plant life has been watched with a great deal of interest. Experiments have proved that the electric current has proved beneficial to some plants and detrimental to others. A recent investigator comes out with the theory that the application of electricity to plant growth would not only help the plant, but destroy the troublesome insects as well. The probabilities are that a current strong enough to destroy one would destroy both.

Divorce is an evil, but it is a result rather than a cause. It is the result of vices like licentiousness and drunkenness, that make companionship insupportable; cruelty, which involves risk to life itself, and the lighter but more generally diffused vices of vanity, selfishness and ungoverned temper. It has been said, rather superficially, that it takes two to make a quarrel, but one is sufficient to make married life insupportable. According to the Philadelphia Record, the clergy do well to fight the evil of divorce; they will do even better to fight the vices that lead to it.

Some one has pointed out in a "society column" that the woman of today needs, to dress properly, three times as much money as her grandmother, who in 1850 dressed well on $200 a year. This leaves out of consideration the great majority of neatly and prettily dressed women—our wives, sisters and mothers, who have but a few dollars to spend for clothes. They make their own garments, and with skillful fingers and good taste supply for themselves that for which dressmakers would charge many hundred dollars.

According to the decision of the Iowa supreme court oleomargarine has to be branded as such before it can be sold, no matter if it is colored by natural processes. The case which was in the nature of a test was brought against Armour & Co. to decide a technical point. The supreme court holds that it is not enough for the packing company to prove that the oleomargarine is made yellow through natural process, but that it is a violation of the state law to sell any color and kind of oleomargarine without the label.

"Certain kinds of music prevent the hair from falling out," says Mrs. Amelia Weed Holbrook, "and other kinds produce baldness." Some kinds of music, so called, also have a tendency to turn the hair gray—particularly the kind produced by the misguided young woman who is learning to sing in the next flat.

Now that the Carnegie hero fund commissioners have met and organized, let the heroes come forward promptly. No need to push or shove, either; just come along quietly and in single file.

The fact is not specified, but one cannot help suspecting that the ice cream man who recently got into trouble by hugging a fair young customer had been surreptitiously sampling the frozen pudding.

The latest prophet predicts the end of the world at 11 o'clock, November 16, 1926. This will give an unusual opportunity for conversions at the eleventh hour.

Bachelors and spinsters marry because misery loves company.

A miserly man is one who refuses to lend you a few dollars.

"If You Get It From Us It's Right."

Buttrick & Frawley

Are clothing men from the ground up and are in position to clothe you better and for less money than any house in Tompkins County.

We have made arrangements with the largest firm in New York City, making a specialty of Black Suits, to take a certain number each week which we will sell at

$10.00.

Our guarantee goes with each suit, and we stake our reputation on the fact of its being the best suit for the price in the whole state of New York. All kinds of fancy suits from $6.00 to $20.00.

118 East State-st., - Ithaca.

If Not We Make It Right.

Ayer's Pills Wake up your liver. Cure your constipation. Get rid of your biliousness. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

J. G. Atwater & Son,

If you want to make the dollars in an easy sort of way,
And see the profits rolling up each day,
See that "LISTER'S" name is on the fertilizers you buy,
And the results, will make you wonder why
You have not become acquainted with these fertilizers long ago,
For it'll drive away your troubles and increase your pile of "dough."
We handle nothing but "LISTERS."

KING FERRY STATION.

DESKS.

Roll Top Desks, Flat Top Desks, Office Tables, Office Chairs, &c.

Genuine Oak, Golden Finsh, construction the best. Dust-proof Curtains, Double row of Drawers. The best Desk values in the state.

☞Buy of the Makers.

H. J. BOOL CO.,

Opp. Tompkins Co. Bank, - Ithaca.

GENOA FAIR,

September, 20, 21, 22, 1904.

EDUCATION FOR BUSINESS

BUSINESS AND SHORTHAND COURSES

ROCHESTER BUSINESS INSTITUTE, Rochester, N. Y.

—More Positions to fill than students desiring Positions—

$50 to California and Back

From Chicago, August 15 to September 10. Final return limit October 23. Two through trains daily via the

C. M. & St. P. Ry. and the Union Pacific Line.

The Overland Limited runs via this route, and makes the trip, Chicago to San Francisco, in less than three days.

The California Express is another good train via this route, and carries tourist sleeping cars in which the rate for a double berth all the way is only $7. Tickets via the Twin Cities and Portland, in ond direction, $61.

W. S. Howell, Gen. East. Agent,
381 Broadway New York City.

THE GENOA TRIBUNE,

Issued every Friday at

GENOA, CAYUGA COUNTY, N. Y.,

Clarence A. Ames, Editor and Publisher.

EIGHT NEWSY PAGES
ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE
$1.25 AT END OF YEAR.

FRIDAY, AUG. 12, 1904.

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING.

THE TRIBUNE has facilities for doing job work which are excelled by few. Fine presses, the latest faces of type, experienced workmen and promptness of execution are our inducements for a share of your patronage.

Advertising rates furnished upon application. Local business notices, Etc. 4c. per line. Cards of thanks 25 cents. Obituaries 50 cents. Cash must accompany the copy.

SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS.

Any newspaper or periodical published secured at publisher's price or less. Orders taken for book binding of all kinds. Good work.

DR. J. W. SKINNER,

Homœopathist and Surgeon, Genoa, N. Y. Special attention given to diseases of women and children. Cancer removed without pain by escharotic. Office at residence.

DR. WILLIAM FROST,

Surgeon Dentist. Preserving the natural teeth a specialty. Teeth extracted without pain, using liquid gas. Perfectly harmless. Office over postoffice, Moravia, N. Y.

C. A. Ames, Notary Public,
Genoa, N. Y.
Legal Papers Drawn: Blanks Furnished.
Office in Tribune Building.
☞Registered also in Tompkins County.

HOTEL DEWITT,

Genoa, N. Y. Charles Carson, Proprietor. First class accommodations, Rate $1.50.

THE SELLEN HOUSE,

Genoa, N. Y. F. Sellen, Proprietor. New hotel—everything first class—Rates reasonable. Choice wines and liquors.

SPAFFORD HOTEL.

Uri Spafford, Proprietor,

King Ferry, N. Y. Good accommodations for all. Table service first class. Rates reasonable.

THE BERTRAM HOUSE,

L. VAN ETTEN, PROPRIETOR,

UNION SPRINGS, N. Y.

First class accommodations; long distance phone; good livery in connection; rates O. K.

THE HYGEIA,

UNION SPRINGS ON CAYUGA, N. Y.

GEORGE MURRAY, Prop.

Is now open to the public as a first class hotel. Summer boarders will find this hotel right up to date. Table service first class.

Ideal Liver and Blood Tablets.

For Sick Headache, Dizziness, Habitual Constipation, Malaria, take the IDEAL LIVER AND BLOOD TABLETS. One bottle 25c; five bottles $1.00. By mail or at dealers. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Agents wanted.

The Ideal Pill Co.

Interlaken, Seneca Co., N. Y.

HOMER

Steam Marble and Granite Works

JOSEPH WATSON & CO.,

—Manufacturers of and Dealers in—

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES and LOT INCLOSURES

In Foreign and American Granite and Marble.

In buying direct from the manufacturers you save the middleman's profit By giving our work personal attention we guarantee the best of work and material. We are practical workmen and designers, and furnish original and special designs with estimates on application.

JOSEPH WATSON CO.

HOMER, N. Y.

EYES EXAMINED FREE

The Scientific Examination of the eye by artificial light is the latest up-to-date method. If you want perfect fitting glasses consult me about your eye sight.

Broken Glasses, all kinds, repaired. Correct Glasses $1.00 up.

ARTIFICIAL EYES $3.00.

Clarence Sherwood,

THE OPTICIAN,

69 Genesee Street. Opposite South Street.

AUBURN, N. Y.

Attend the Shoe Sale at H. P. Mastin's. Lower prices for best goods.

THE FARMER AND THE FAIR

By WILLIAM HAMILTON OSBORNE

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

OLD SOLOMON SHANDY, of New York, Chicago and the United States in general, lit his pipe. "It's all right," he said, somewhat sadly, to the group of crooks about him, "a superannuated has been, like me, here, may be out of business, but he's a darn good man to come to for advice. It's the man that's had the experience and knows the details that you want to come to in your great need. I know you chaps," he went on, covering with his hand a patch in his trousers. "If I wanted to borrow a few hundred off'n you, you'd give me the icy glare. But when you come to recognize the fact that all the crooks in creation will be at the St. Louis fair, and that you chaps will only be a drop in the bucket, and that you'll have to put your best foot foremost to keep your heads above water—why, then, you come to me to find out how to do it." He waved his pipe in the air. "I don't complain, you know. I merely state the fact." He drew a sharp inward breath. "Jehosaphat!" he exclaimed, "there's only one man in this country that knows how to work the crowd at that St. Louis fair to beat the band. Just one man—"

"That's me," suggested Mickey Walters, of the strong arm, with a modest smile.

Shandy snorted. "You nothin'," he answered. "It's me—Shandy, as has made a fortune at every fair, and spent it free. If I only had the coin, like some of you chaps, I'd do that fair." He sighed. "But I'm out of it. I'm nothin' but a superannuated has-been, and that's all."

Shifty Shift, a man whose name indicated his nature, slowly changed his position. "Shandy," he said, "if you'll give us a few pointers, we might be givin' you a percentage on the fair receipts, after it's all over. That's what." He winked at the rest of the crowd, who gently smiled. "I'm a man of my word, you know."

Solomon Shandy, sharper par excellence, shook his head. "I'm a-goin' to tell you anyways," he went on, "just what the secret of success will be out there. Never before," he continued, leaning forward, his eyes lighting up with the old gleam, "never before has the

FARMER VREDENBURGH.

American public been so anxious to get something for nothing. Whether it's the Wall street craze or not, I don't know. But when you get out there with your faro outfits or whatever game you chaps will work, there's one thing that you want to do—let the public win, and win well at the start. Let one man win and get away, and he'll tell a hundred. Let the second man win and get away, and he'll tell a thousand. That's the whole business nowadays. Let 'em swallow the hook, instead of just nibble, as we used to do. It's the same system, only on a bigger scale. Take lots of money with you, and let plenty of it get away from you at the start—cast your bread upon the waters. It'll come back to you all right. That's all. Remember it. I say it. I've read the signs of the times, and I can see that if you go into the business wholesale and liberal, you'll have all the other crooks skinned to death. You keep ahold of what I've told you, and tell your friends, and this here New York crowd of crooks will wipe up the fair grounds with them western fellows. Now don't forget. This is the twentieth century—the business century; the century of method of graft that's big. And beside, it's the St. Louis fair. And don't forget."

The New York crowd of crooks pushed this advice clear back in its cranium; it was good advice, and they knew it. Slowly and by devious routes they departed for St. Louis. There was Frank, the fickle faro man; Schley, the shell gamer; Mackerley, of the three-card monte game; Shifty Shift, Barnabas Billington, the crook par excellence; Micky Walters, and a host of others. And they went with pockets lined with goodly sums of money, for they knew that for every dollar laid out, a hundred would come back to them. And they took all the more because of Shandy's good advice.

"Good-by, Shandy," they said, on parting; "when we get back, we'll blow you off. We will, indeed."

The New Yorkers worked in one corner of the fair grounds, for they wanted that corner to be an attraction. For a few days nothing happened. Then it was whispered about that a sleek-looking countryman from Green Village, whose name was Vredenburgh, was about, and that he was worth about a million, and that he was as green as the village from whence he came, and that he was in St. Louis without his wife; which probably meant that he would be well stimulated most of the time, and an easy gentleman to work. He was a farmer, all right; for he had done his best to hide that fact. He had placed upon his person all the outward evidences of the urbanite; but a silk purse never yet was manufactured of a sow's ear, and this man, without a hayseed in his hair, was a hayseed beyond all question.

When the New Yorkers looked upon this man they knew they had something superfine, and they remembered the advice of Shandy. They determined to give him plenty of rope until he hung himself.

"What's this?" exclaimed Farmer Vredenburgh, sidling up to Frank's faro outfit. "I've lived in St. Louis all my life, but I don't just know this thing." Frank solemnly cracked up the game.

"Do—do I have to put up any money?" asked the farmer, in an uncertain voice. Frank shook his head. "Not unless you lose," he said.

"I ain't a-goin' to lose," exclaimed the farmer. Frank didn't intend that the farmer should—not for awhile. So he started up a game, and the farmer won a dollar; another, and he won two dollars; another, and he won five. After the farmer had won perhaps half a dozen small games, Frank concluded it was just as well to let the next game be a losing one for the victim and a winning one for him.

"Now for another," he said. But the farmer, who had won every game, shook his head. "No," he answered, "I've won a whole lot of your money; blamed if I want to clean you out. I'll quit, and let you up. So long."

After that he struck the shell game that Schley had going in a tent. "I'll pick out that there ball every time," he announced. Schley bet that he wouldn't. But he did, because Schley let him. Schley in all gave up $15 to this greenhorn millionaire. Finally Schley waved his hand.

"Bet you $50," exclaimed Schley, "that you can't place the little ball this time." The farmer dropped his hands. "Bet I can't either," he responded, "so I'll leave." And he did.

But Ebbsmith, the envelope man, had an experience that was absolutely humiliating. Ebbsmith had not been so well heeled as the others, and when the farmer put up a quarter and Ebbsmith let him pick out an envelope with a $50 bill in it, Ebbsmith was tossing big bait over the side—big bait for him. The farmer pocketed it without a word, and went away. Ebbsmith followed him about all the afternoon, trying to get that $50 back by fair means or foul, but he couldn't make it. The farmer refused to budge an inch.

Then the New Yorkers put their heads together. Day after day went by without the farmer's indulging further in the games which were to have proved his reason. They watched him for awhile, and found that he patronized all the other crooks upon the ground. So they concluded that it was time to act.

Mickey Walters was detailed to waylay and rob him. Mickey started out to do it. He came back.

"I can't find him," wailed Mickey; he's disappeared. I can't find him anywheres—that's what. Though if I found him—" Mickey swung a vicious fist into the unoffending air. "Say what—"

The farmer, it is true, had disappeared. But he was not far away. For one day he bought a short lease on a little sideshow tent in the middle of the grounds. Then he closed the flap and stepped inside. Then he disrobed. In five minutes Vredenburgh, the farmer man, had disappeared. And another man stood in the farmer's place. In five minutes the flap was open once more and the lessee of the tent was ready for business. Two of the New York crowd who passed that way stopped and held their breath.

"Good Lord," they exclaimed, "if old Sol Shandy didn't get out here, after all. Shandy, hello! Who stabed you, Shandy. What's the graft with you."

Shandy mysteriously smiled. "I came out here to St. Louis shorn," he answered; "but, say, I've gathered in considerable wool."

When the rest of the New York crowd heard about it, they groaned. "Gee," they said, "if Shandy's here, he'll get all the good that's going." Then an idea occurred to them. "Mickey!" they yelled, "get that farmer man and sick him onto Shandy. That chap'll have old Shandy cleaned out in just about three licks."

FAILS TO BUY A SPOUSE.

English Girl Sues Matrimonial Agent for Return of Fee—Claims of the Latter.

According to a story unfolded in a London court the other day, Miss Hermon, a young woman possessed of $10,000 and a keen desire for matrimony, in order to satisfy the latter gave $250 to a matrimonial agent and agreed to pay $1,250 on completion of her marriage. She finally sued the agent for the return of the fee. Miss Hermon claimed that the agent promised to supply her a husband having an income of from $15,000 to $25,000 a year, but she found those whom she interviewed all wanted her money. One whom the agent described as "a dark gentleman" proved to be a full-blooded negro. Another, "independent gentleman," turned out to be a boarding house keeper who wanted a wife to act as his housekeeper.

Among the numerous applicants she met, besides the foregoing, were one Roumanian prince and one English lord. When the agent testified he declared he only promised to supply a husband having $1,500 to $2,500 yearly. The "dark gentleman" wasn't a negro, but an Indian barrister. The agent said he gave Miss Hermon 696 addresses of people likely to suit her. He interviewed 97 people for her.

The judge finally found for the disappointed young woman on the ground that the marriage brokerage contract is illegal.

We hope, however, that the other 999,999 actors will not take Henry Irving's decision that 50 years in the profession is the limit as a precedent

KNOCKED DOWN SHERIDAN.

General Got In the First Lick and Then Private Jeffers Wiped the Ground with Him.

"When our division," said an old Illinois soldier to a Chicago Inter Ocean man, "swung back from the pursuit of Bragg in November, 1862, we marched toward Nashville and camped for a short time at Edgefield, just across the Tennessee from Nashville. As we went into camp, Gen. Phil Sheridan, commanding the division, dismounted near a house on a hill to our left, and designated the house and yard as his headquarters Between this house and our regiment, the Fifty-second Ohio, was a field given up to cabbage. Many of the heads had been cut off earlier in the season, and fresh, green, tender sprouts had grown up about the stalks.

"As soon as our guns were stacked the men broke ranks and literally swarmed over the cabbage field. They had been living on short army rations for so long a time that they hungered for cabbage, and in five minutes that field was black with soldiers, and they cleared it of everything green as they moved forward. So intent were they on gathering the cabbage that they paid no attention to Sheridan's calls for them to go back to their quarters. They paid no attention even to the orders of the guards Sheridan sent among them. At last, the general, fuming and swearing, caught up a stout cane or club and went down among the men himself.

"The men in advance fell back when they saw the general coming, but others not seeing him kept at work, and so it happened that Sheridan, with club raised to strike, came unawares on Jack Jeffers, of Company K, Fifty-Second Ohio. Jack was one of the sturdiest and most athletic men in the regiment, and was not much given to conventionalities. The confusion about him had not disturbed him, and he was wholly oblivious of the approach of the general commanding the division.

"Jack was bending over a particularly fine bit of cabbage when Sheridan made a rear attack, striking the stooping man a resounding whack with his club. Jack went forward on his hands and face, and, supposing that one of the boys had pushed him over in rough frolic, he scrampled to his feet, and turning in blind fury struck his assailant squarely in the face. Sheridan went down on his back, and Jack, recognizing the figure and the uniform bolted in a panic for our own camp.

"Sheridan was wild with rage. A score of men ran to him, helped him up and brushed the dirt from his hair and clothes. He pushed them rudely aside and shouted: 'Don't bother about my clothes—catch the skunk that knocked me down; catch him, I say,' and he ran forward himself in the direction taken by Jeffers. Many of the boys ran with him, but curiously enough, not one could remember the

SHERIDAN MADE A REAR ATTACK.

fellow's name or to what regiment he belonged. I stood within five feet of the scrappers, and when the general ordered me to catch the man who struck him, I obediently ran away as fast as my legs could carry me.

"There was a tremendous uproar in the brigade. Sheridan was determined to find the man, and our regimental and company officers made diligent inquiry of every man who had been in the cabbage field. We all knew who struck Phil Sheridan, but nobody told and I think Sheridan never knew until after he came to Chicago, and then he regarded the matter as a joke. Jeffers served through the war, and in the fight at Peach Tree Creek was one of the first men across the stream."

He Finds His Own Grave.

Capt. William F. Campbell, of Allenwood, Pa., thinks he has a good joke on some one. He is perhaps one of few men who have read their own epitaphs upon a tombstone. On a recent visit to the national cemetery at Fredericksburg, Va., Capt. Campbell saw a grave with a marker bearing his name and the information that he had been killed in the battle of Spottsylvania. The mistake occurred in this way: In that battle Capt. Campbell was taken prisoner and taken to Macon, Ga., thence to Charleston. On the battlefield a body resembling that of the captain was found and buried as that of Capt. Campbell, the men who conducted the obsequies not knowing Campbell had been taken prisoner.

PATTER OF THE CROOK.

Up-to-Date Criminal Slang Heard in the Office of a Police Court Lawyer.

A casual hour in the office of one of the lawyers practicing in a New York police court will give the average citizen some new ideas of up to date criminal slang. The following are some expressions recently overheard:

"Never had such slathers."
"He brought me three high ones."
"I put a crimp in it."
"He got the front."
"He got a bit for putting me next."
"Keep your two cents out." (Don't butt in.)
"I'll have to stand for being the main squeeze."
"Put that in your pocket and sit on it."
"He's a rapper."
"He fell for a sixer."
"Get down in your kick."
"He's got the pip."
"It's a dead wrong rap."
"He's got his lamps on her."
"So we made the con stick."
"Feel it slide, get the notta-hook."
"We're all to the mustard."
"I'll put him on the pan."
"A harness cop pinched me."
"She got two collars."
"Would you for a gold tooth?"

These are only a few. The father of Charlotte Bronte found rare poetic imagination in the slang of the Irish peasantry. There seems to be no lack of symbolism in the patter of the modern crook.

MOVEMENTS OF GLACIERS.

Immense Sections Are Swept Thousands of Miles Into the Atlantic Ocean.

Think of sections bigger than Rhode Island being torn from a glacier and swept off in the ocean to be ferried 3,000 miles on the bosom of the Labrador current until the heated waters of the gulf stream cause them to vanish from human ken! Then can one form some idea of the immensity of the ice area discharged from the Greenland seas each year. Thousands of miles of valley are constantly emptying their contents into the bays and fiords of the north waters whence the tides hurry the detachments southward to cumber the wide Atlantic, says Leslie's Magazine.

The disposition of icebergs to turn turtle is one of their most dangerous propensities. It arises from several causes. When they start out from Greenland their bottoms are heavy with the detritus gathered in their glacial period and this drops off at intervals as they move south, causing their center of gravity to change and the berg to assume new positions. The scientific theory of the formation of the vast submarine plateaus which extend from Labrador to Fundy and are commonly known as the Grand Banks of Newfoundland, is that they are the products of the deposits of bergs during countless ages.

VALET ENJOYED SHAVING SET

Took Secret Pleasure in the Use of Tonsorial Articles Belonging to the Duke.

John D. Crimmins, a short time after his return from Europe, was talking about the sights he had seen abroad.

"One afternoon," said Mr. Crimmins "I visited a famous English castle. Here the guide took me through this state chamber and that state chamber and finally, the family being in London, he led me to the room of the owner himself.

"In the owner's dressing room there was a shaving set of solid gold—gold shaving brush, gold cup, gold-mounted strop and six gold-handled razors.

"As the guide and I moved here and there a valet, attracted by the noise came to see who we were, and, after he had satisfied himself about this matter the valet lingered, joining in the conversation now and then.

"I fingered the gold shaving set curiously.

"'And does the duke,' I said, 'shave with these things regularly?'

"The guide shook his head. He did not know. But the valet knew.

"'No,' said the valet, 'he doesn't. But I do.'"

Australia a Land of Isms.

The thread which binds Australia to the British empire, says the Kansas City Journal, is hardly visible. Australia is practically as independent as a country can be. England has given her full swing to do as she pleases and the way this far away colony has used this liberty is not entirely creditable to the English speaking race. Whether it be owing to the climate or the innate peculiarities in the immigrants and their descendants is not known, but whatever the cause may be, the Australians seem to have developed into as fanatical and hair-brained a race of people as there is on earth. Every fanatic has a good chance to get a following in Australia. The island is the hotbed of isms.

The Deadly Cigarette.

The deadly cigarette gets in its work in many ways, remarks the Boston Journal. Sooner or later it avenges itself upon the youth who smokes it. But there are other forms of mischief traceable to the cigarette which are more serious. It is the belief of those who investigated the Baltimore fire that the tremendous conflagration was started by the end of a cigarette carelessly dropped through a street grating. How many other fires, big and little, have been started in the same way no one knows. But no one who has seen dozens of cigarette ends, at one time or another, viciously burning themselves out on the sidewalk and elsewhere, can doubt that the number is considerable.

Puts an End to It All.

A grievous wail ofttimes comes as a result of unbearable pain from overtaxed organs, Dizziness, Backache, Liver complaint and Constipation, but thanks to Dr. King's New Life Pills they put an end to it all. They are gentle, but thorough. Try them. Only 25c. Guaranteed by A. E. Clark, druggist, King Ferry.

Subscribe now for THE TRIBUNE; your postmaster will take your order or you can send direct.

The Presidential Campaign.

You need a New York daily paper from now until after the fall election next year. THE TRIBUNE is in a position to offer you the best of all New York papers, The Press, and the GENOA TRIBUNE one year for only $4.0. The Daily and Sunday Press and TRIBUNE one year for $6.50.

Mico Spar Chicken Grit—best thing for poultry. GENOA MILLING CO.

Are You Threatened with Baldness?

The path of prevention is clear. Dry brush your hair daily with a soft bristle brush—we sell them.

Keep it free from dandruff by occasional shampoos. A high grade tar soap is good.

Apply Walley's Perfection Hair Tonic two or three times a week. There is nothing better. Don't delay until you have no hair.

WALLEY'S,

AUBURN, N. Y.

Over a half-century in business.

E. C. HILLMAN,

Levanna, N. Y.

GENERAL FIRE INSURANCE.

I place your risks in none but sound companies, at reasonable rates. Regular trip every thirty days. The Glens Falls Co. carries the majority of risks in this section; I also have other good companies.

PURE DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Perfumes and fine Toilet Soap. Also choice groceries.

A. E. Clark, King Ferry.

A FITTING TRIBUTE.

A Citizen of Harford, Cortland Co., Pays a Well Earned Tribute.

The following public statement of Mrs. Diantha Allen, wife of Lieutenant Allen, 18th Pennsylvania, Co. D, adds one more emphatic endorsement of merit to the scores that have appeared before:

MR. B. W. BABCOCK, Auburn, N. Y.,

Dear Sir:—I think duty requires me to let you see what Babcock's Rheumatism Cure has done for me. I have been troubled for over two years with muscular rheumatism and a very severe heart trouble. During that time I was as helpless as a child. I saw your advertisement in the paper, and although my age is against me, as I am 74 years old, I determined to give it a trial. While I was using my second bottle I could see my rheumatism was disappearing and my heart trouble was greatly improved. I can walk now and do my own work, while before I had to be lifted from my chair and steadied if moved at all. Your medicine has certainly worked wonders with me. You may use this letter in any way you see fit, for I feel it my duty to God and to let my fellow sufferers know what this medicine has done for me. Yours truly,

MRS. DIANTHA ALLEN,
Harford, Cortland County, N. Y.

☞For sale by all druggists. It never fails and costs but 50 cents.

Saving Money is Making Money. This You can do if you buy Binding Twine and Hay Rope of

Fay Teeter,

East Venice, N. Y.

Genoa Tribune.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 12, 1904.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

For Vice-President,
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS.

The Sheriff Proposition.

"Whom the Gods would destroy they first make mad." And the Republican county "machine" is apparently angry clear through. It was ill prepared to meet or resist the public notice to which some of its iniquitous performances have lately been subjected. Scarcely a voter in the county who don't know that the county expenses are too heavy. Not all of them will admit it, and some of them do not understand why it is, but nearly every one knows it is true. They know that the board of supervisors could not in any ordinary session of sixty days or less use $2,000 or $1,000 worth of pens, ink and paper. They know that the fishnet law was a gigantic steal from beginning to end. They know that a position on the county building committee is worth more than $275 where it was $50 or $60 only a few years ago, yet we have no more county buildings than we had then, have we? Now in regard to the stationery bills, we are aware that it is generally ordered by the clerk of the board, and no supervisor individually has anything to do with it except to use what he requires. Where the balance goes to we don't know. Do you? And you can rest assured that so long as the machine is in control, so long will the clerk order copious quantities of stationery. There are numerous other items which have been mentioned and enumerated so often that it is unnecessary to speak of them further to establish the fact that the county expenses are too heavy. During the past fourteen years the valuation of real and personal property in Cayuga county is said to have increased more than $14,000,000, and yet, instead of the county tax budget being decreased it has under the "machine's" manipulation been increased more than $300,000, and it has cost the town of Genoa more than $9,000 to settle her share. This explains in a way what it costs to keep the county "machine" going. We claim simply this: that there will be no change so long as the county "machine" is left in power; that the best way to start the wedge for overthrowing the ring control is to elect E. H. Herrling sheriff; that this can easily be done if the voters of the county will turn out to the caucus in each town and ward and see to it that the delegations to the conventions are made up of reliable, representative men whose personal ambitions are never put up before their interests in the general good and welfare of their respective constituents. The ring presents the argument that we must have a united party or get beaten at the coming presidential election, and that all who do not get into the ring band wagon are bolters and should not be recognized. But if it comes to a choice between a bolter from a faction of any party which is believed to harbor corruption and a traitor to the trust which every man assumes when he accepts a public office, we will choose the bolter every time. We have no apology to offer for the position we have taken in this matter. Our course has been highly commended by many prominent men throughout the county, and ex-supervisors of at least half a dozen towns, being free to speak their minds, have said that we told the truth. It is only the "machine" members and its sympathizers who are displeased, and that was surely expected.

Politicians of years of experience and observation in Auburn do not hesitate to predict that Mr. Herrling will carry eight of the ten wards of the city. In fact, the machine long ago gave up trying to carry the city, and yet they come out into the country and ask us to support the methods which the people of the city (being nearer at hand know more about) refuse to stand for. Will we do it? The tax payer in the country who will help whitewash a condition which is painted black, or at least a dark brown, by the people living with it ought to find no fault if the bill for stationery amounts to $10,000 or a new pane of glass in the court house costs $25. Let every Republican voter in the county, be he farmer, mechanic, tradesman or specialist, arrange his affairs to enable him to attend the coming caucus in his coming town or ward. Not one should fail if it is possible to attend.

In order that the condition of affairs may perhaps be made a little plainer, let us say here that the Republican party in Cayuga county is divided into two factions, *so far as county politics is concerned.* One faction is designated as the Payne or "anti-machine" faction and the other as the Wilcox or "machine" faction. This division does not extend to national politics and should not interfere in town affairs. The "machine" has been in control of the county politics, to a greater or less degree, for the past fourteen years, and during this time have occurred the fishnet steal, the large plumbing and stationery bills and the various other transactions which have been mentioned. Mr. Payne, in his long career as the representative of the people of this district in the Congress of the United States, in which body he has risen by virtue of his ability and strength of character to become the leader of his party, enjoys the confidence of his constituents and the repute and good will that comes to every office holder whose record is clear and above reproach. The Payne faction submit that the "machine" control of county politics has been and is detrimental to the interests of the Republican party at large and of the people at home, and that is how comes the division in the county. The Payne faction inaugurated the contest this year by presenting a candidate for sheriff in the person of E. H. Herrling. The "machine" candidate for the same office is Geo. S. Fordyce, who descends from the high honors acquired as assemblyman six years to carry on a fight for the nomination for a county office and "for what there is in it" as he himself freely admits. We are told that considerable money will be used by the "machine" in an endeavor to carry Venice and some other towns, but we doubt if the Venice farmers have any votes to sell. The man who swung through that town with a jug of whiskey not long ago didn't do any particular good for his choice of candidates, and we don't believe that votes can be bought there at any price. Don't be hoodwinked by the howl for harmony. There is no danger that the state or the national ticket will be defeated because the "machine" happens to get worsted in the county convention.

Signs of Weakness.

For some time the "machine" has shown signs of weakening in the city, and there are also some indications of it in the country. The ring leader of the first ward has issued a call for a conference, and concerning this call the following letter, printed in the Auburn Bulletin, was written by a resident of that ward. The letter is republished here, as it explains somewhat the situation in the city.

To those familiar with the political situation in the First ward, the proposition of John P. Jaeckel for a Republican conference can only mean one thing. It is simply an attempt to forestall the action of a regular caucus in the interest of the machine candidate for sheriff. The overwhelming sentiment of the ward is for Edward Herling. The proposer of the conference is and always has been an active cause of factional strife in the ward as he himself admits. He has been uniformly deaf to all suggestions of "harmony" while he had any reasonable hope for success in a caucus. Now he wants a conference merely because he knows a fight is hopeless.

One of the chief grievances of many Republicans in recent years has been the impossibility, as they believed, of obtaining a fair expression of Republican sentiment in Republican primaries. The present primary law was made applicable to this city in order to meet this criticism. It provides for a caucus held at a fixed time by sworn officials and open for seven hours. It is limited to enrolled Republicans and affords to every such voter a fair chance to express his deliberate preference. No conference, however fully attended, can accomplish this result. That would not be its purpose. If it were there would be no occasion to call it. Such conferences are usually called in the interests of adroit manipulation and for that reason they are always unpopular. It follows that the genuine party harmony seldom results from conferences. On the contrary it is well known that the largest party vote on election day almost invariably follows an active contest in fairly conducted primaries. More men vote then than in those years when cut and dried "harmony" registers the will of the party leaders in a conference ticket.

Why then in this year of all others should the attempt be made to substitute the action of a conference for the action of a caucus? The answer has already been suggested. The sentiment in the First ward is overwhelmingly in favor of Edward Herrling for sheriff. If there was any doubt on this point (and there is none) it would be removed by the source of the conference suggestion. The suggestion would not have been made if the man who made it was not convinced he could not carry a caucus for the machine candidate for sheriff.

The proposed First ward conference is one phase of a general scheme to defeat the rapidly growing sentiment in favor of a popular candidate. This policy has been or is to be pursued in every town or ward where the Herrling strength threatens to preponderate. The machine leaders realize that Mr. Herrling represents the free choice of the voters in many towns and wards. His great personal popularity and his unblemished record as a man and public official has given his canvass a strength which cannot be overcome by ordinary methods. Hence "conferences" are to be resorted to in the districts which he seems reasonably sure of carrying

All that Mr. Herrling and his friends ask is a full and fair vote in regular caucus. This they feel they are entitled to and they are willing to accept the result whatever it may be. If the real motive of the proposer of the present conference is Republican harmony in the First ward, or elsewhere, he can best accomplish that result by a bonafide effort to obtain an unfettered expression of the popular will through the medium of the official primaries. If this course should result, as now seems likely, in the nomination of Mr. Herrling, his friends believe that the popularity and standing of the candidate will add far more strength to the general ticket than any mere semblance of "harmony" as manufactured in a political conference.

The Death Penalty.

A little thing sometimes results in death. Thus a mere scratch, insignificant cuts or puny boils have paid the death penalty. It is wise to have Bucklen's Arnica Salve ever handy. It's the best Salve on earth and w ll prevent fatality, when Burns, Sores, Ulcers and Piles threaten. Only 25c at A. E. Clark's drug store, King Ferry.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Bicycle business, will sell it cheap for cash H. A. BROWN, bicycle agent, Genoa, N. Y.

I wish to remind the fruit growers of this section that I am with J. B. Weager again this season and that we will pay you the highest market price for your apples and pears.
L. B. NORMAN.

FOR SALE—Good work horse; also a hay press. ARTHUR SELLEN, Genoa.

Pigs for sale, 8 weeks old.
3t B. F. COFFIN, Genoa.

Good pasture and water on the Tillott farm, on the Indian Field road. Farm for sale. Inquire of Elijah Eaton, Venice Center, or Genoa, R. F. D. 24. 4t

☞Bring your old hens, chickens, ducks and turkeys to Hotel DeWitt, Genoa, on Monday night, Aug. 22, or Tuesday morning, Aug. 23, and get the highest market price for them.
S. C. HOUGHTALING, Throopsville.

SMITH'S GENOA STORE

Special Low Prices
ON
Summer Goods, Shirt Waists,
Underwear, Hats and Caps,
Men's and Women's Oxfords.

Smith's Store, Genoa

When You Build

or repair your buildings come to us for sash, doors and blinds. Regular sizes at lowest prices and some odd sash and doors now on hand at

Still Lower Prices

Everything in Hardware in plain and ornamental designs.

Pomeroy & Coe,
137 Genesee-st., Auburn.
Successors to Everts Bros. & Pomeroy.

Dr. Wade, M. R. C. V. S.
Veterinary Surgeon,
Genoa, N. Y.
Office at residence (Cadmus house.)

YOUNG TENDER JUICY

These are the points of merit in our beef. You never run the risk of getting old and tough steaks or roasts here. We assure you when you come to us for meat the quality will be right.

Our experience teaches us how to best select meat and how to best serve it for you.

Juicy, tender steaks are our pride—they give you an appetite every time. Porter House—the nicest you ever bought.

Oliver's Market,
Genoa, N. Y.

New Supply of Lisk's Famous 4-Coated Agate Ware at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Plymouth Binding Twine.

HAGIN'S HARDWARE
GENOA, N. Y.

The BEST EVER
Our Second Annual Fair
GENOA, N. Y.

SEPTEMBER

Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday
20th	21st	22d.

Larger Premiums
Larger Purses
Faster Racing
More Entries

Send for Premium List
H. Gay, Secretary, Genoa, N. Y.

Village and Vicinity

Items of Interest Picked Up by the Tribune Reporters—Neighborhood News.

—J. M. Tarbell was in Auburn on business Thursday.

—Landlord Sellen and wife visited relatives at Myers Station on Sunday.

—A hop at the rink tomorrow evening; also one the evening of August 27th.

—Mrs. W. E. Miller is spending a few days with W. G. Hoskins and family at Scipio.

—Harry Fulmer entertained a number of his friends Wednesday, it being his 9th birthday.

—Miss Emma E. Hill of Cortland is the guest this week of her friend, Miss Emma A. Waldo.

—W. H. Warren is driving a new team, having sold his other some weeks ago to John Bastedo.

—Mrs. D. Adams of Rochester is spending some time with her brother, Dr. J. W. Skinner and family.

—Mrs. H. M. Head, who has been sick several weeks, is in a critical condition. Mrs. Mary Thayer is caring for her.

—Mrs. Hattie Mason, who has been at the Rochester hospital for treatment, has returned home considerably improved.

—Lanterman and Smith's full orchestra play for a dance in W. H. Shaffer's new barn at East Genoa this evening. A good time is assured all who attend.

98c Rugs at Smith's.

—John Keefe's three trotting horses and "Jake" Teeter's Sonola Girl were started yesterday for Great Bend, where they will make the first entry for this season's circuit.

—E. B. Whitten and wife of Auburn have been visiting friends in Venice a day or two this week. He made a short call in this village Tuesday.

—Dr. J. W. Skinner has received a new X-Ray machine which he will soon install in his office. This machine will be of great practical value in his surgical practice, which is increasing considerably.

—The Genoa band will not play at the Venice picnic as was stated last week, the contract having been cancelled. However some Genoa people will be liable to attend the picnic, just the same.

—J. S. Banker and daughter Jennie started Wednesday on a pleasure trip which will include a visit to his old home at Chester, Orange county, and also New York city and the Thousand Islands.

Best fine Tea 20 cents per pound at H. P. Mastin's.

—Mrs. Lucia Tupper and son George have been spending a few days at the farm on the Indian Field road. Mr. and Mrs. Clarence W. Sutton of Cleveland, Ohio, were guests there a day or two this week.

—Appropriate folders have been issued announcing a Maccabee dance at the rink in this village on Friday evening, August 19. Several lodges of the fraternity are expected to join in this event, which promises to be a great time. The music will be furnished by Lanterman and Smith's orchestra, which is said to have given excellent satisfaction at the last dance.

—DeWitt Rose of Cortland was in town on business a day or two this week.

—Miss Marian Ives has been spending a few days with relatives near Tully.

—Miss Belle Norman visited Mrs. O. D. Hewitt at Locke Friday and Saturday.

—Mrs. C. J. Wheeler, Mrs. C. A. Ames and Miss Doran visited Auburn Wednesday.

—Mrs. C. F. Wade returned Friday evening from a visit with friends at Cortland.

—Mrs. D. W. Gower attended the reunion of her family at Berkshire one day last week.

—Jay D. Morton of Corning has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. D. W. Gower, the past week.

—H. G. Hand passes in a few peaches from his orchard, which produces an early brand.

—A. B. VanMarter has gone to Auburn where he will do some work at his trade for a while.

—Mrs. A. L. Hutchison of Moravia has been the guest of relatives and friends in town the past week.

Kalsomine, white wash and paint brushes in great variety at Whitcomb's, Locke.

—Eighteen pigs in one litter is rather unusual, but that is what is reported from W. A. McAllaster's model farm.

—A. T. Smith of Belltown was in town Wednesday. He has been in poor health since May, but begins now to feel considerably better.

—Mrs. A. A. Holden has received a letter from her son "Lute," who is now at St. Louis. He traveled from California overland to St. Louis driving donkeys and boarding themselves along the route. Their cash capital when they started was three cents, and they didn't have to spend a cent on the road. His account of their travels is very interesting.

Buy your Rugs, Carpets, Matting, Oil Cloths, Linoleums and Lace Curtains at lower prices than ever at H. P. Mastin's.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Strong had quite a serious accident Tuesday evening. They were driving along the road east of this village at a lively clip when the horse stumbled and went down in a heap with the carriage on top and the occupants thrown out. Their calls for help were answered by the neighbors and they were assisted out of their predicament with no bones broken.

—The fall term of the Genoa academy will begin September 12th. Three teachers have been engaged, and the trustees made a special effort to secure instructors who were fully competent in every way. The principal is a graduate of Hamilton college and is a teacher of languages as well as grade and high school work. Further announcement will be made next week.

Kodaks and Cameras. A kodak is a pleasure the entire year, as much so in midsummer as in budding spring, tinted October or sear November. Indoors and out the whole year around is camera time. Come to our store and let us show you how far a little money will go in fitting you out. Let us show you cameras and the necessary articles for picture making. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

—Mrs. J. L. Brown of Port Richmond arrived last evening for a visit at T. Sill's.

—Miss Anna Greene of Sherwood has been the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Geo. Slocum, this week.

—There was a pleasant gathering of the friends of Miss Vera Eaton, at her home on August 2, it being her 12th birthday. She was the receipient of a number of beautiful presents from the young folks.

—Mrs. Arthur Allen of Groton, formerly of Genoa, has a white house hydrangea given her by Mrs. Charles Tupper when it was three years old. It is now thirteen years old and has a hundred fine blossoms.

Sweet pickles at Smith's.

Notice

Is hereby given that the assessors of the town of Genoa have completed their assessment for the present year, and that a copy thereof is left with the undersigned, Ai Lanterman, at his residence where the same may be seen and examined by any person interested therein, until the third Tuesday of August 1904, and that the said assessors will meet at the store of F. C. Hagin in said town and on said Tuesday of August at 10 o'cock in the forenoon to hear and examine all complaints in relation to such assessments, on the application of any person conceiving himself aggrieved.

Dated the 30th day of July 1904.

A. Q. Stillwell, Delos Niles, Ai Lanterman, } Assessors.

Society Notes.

Rev. Mr. Burnell will occupy the pulpit of the Universalist church at Scipio on Sunday morning, August 14th, at 11 o'clock. A general invitation is extended to attend this service.

There will be services at the Genoa Universalist church on Sunday morning, August 21, at 11 o'clock. A general invitation is extended.

There will be a musical entertainment at the Belltown M. E. church next Thursday evening, August 18. Mr. and Mrs. Tidd of Auburn will be assisted in a good program by the Genoa orchestra, Casper Fenner and others. Admission only 20 cents, children under 12, 10 cents.

End of Bitter Fight.

"Two physicians had a long and stubborn fight with an abscess on my right lung" writes J. F. Hughes of DuPont, Ga., "and gave me up. Everybody thought my time had come. As a last resort I tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. The benefit I received was striking and I was on my feet in a few days. Now I've entirely regained my health." It conquers all Coughs, Colds and Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed by A. E. Clark, druggist, King Ferry. Price 50c and $1 00. Trial bottles free.

Tired when you get up? Do you get out bed in the morning all tired out, dull headache, no appetite or energy. Rexall Celery and Iron, a simple tonic that will make all the difference in the world in the way you feel. Quiets the nerves, builds up the blood, stimulates the liver into healthy action, gives you an appetite, 90c. Exclusive agency. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Sherwood.

Aug. 8—The K. O. T. M. held a social and dance last Friday evening, which must have been a financial success as the hall was packed to overflowing.

Dr. Katherine Munhall and nephew of Buffalo visited at Emily Howland's last week.

Bert Ward and Miss La Verne Bacon of South Butler were guests at his mother's several days last week.

Vernon Slocum of Genoa is enjoying an outing at his grandfather's.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Brownell of Amsterdam visited at Dr. Hoxie's last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Flynn of Minneapolis, and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Mee and son of Auburn were guests at Eliazbeth Heffernan's yesterday.

Rebecca Otis of Lynn, Mass. is spending some time at her brother's.

Mrs. Susan Cornwall is visiting her sister, Eunice Battey.

Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Brewster spent Sunday in Auburn with their son Eugene.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Painter and children visited relatives in Auburn over Sunday.

Dr. B. K. Hoxie and friend, Fred Lewis, of Auburn left this afternoon for a two weeks' vacation.

Wm. Howland, son and daughter started Saturday for Atlantic city where they will stay some time.

Mary Heffernan is the happy owner of a new Shultz and Bauer piano.

The Sherwod select school alumni meeting which was postponed at the close of the school, will be held this evening in the Sherwood select school building.

Best Jap Tea 45 cents per pound at H. P. Mastin's.

Dr. Day's Notice.

Dr. J. W. Day, the Rochester specialist, who has been East for several weeks past on his vacation, has returned feeling much benefited and recuperated by his trip and will now resume his visits to Auburn, beginning Monday, August 15th, and every four weeks thereafter as before. Consultation and examination free and private.

"Simply Miraculous." That is what a lady said the other day about Hutchins Corn Cure. She had used it in removing several corns and was perfectly delighted with the easy and effective way in which it took off her corns. She bought a bottle for a friend. Lots more like her. It's a wonder. Hutchins Corn Cure, 15c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

The Popular Route to World's Fair.

Now that the World's Fair is in complete running order, the Grand Trunk Railway System have inaugurated a double daily through car service, Montreal to St. Louis, which gives the public an exceptional route to the Ivory City. In addition, patrons are offered stop-over at any point in Canada, Detroit, and Port Huron, or Chicago, Ill., without extra charge. Do not make a mistake, but see that your tickets read via the Grand Trunk—the great double track route to St. Louis.

A new and large stock of the celebrated Sherwin-Williams Company Paints just in at Whitcomb's drug store, Locke.

Photo Supplies. You will wish to mount a lot of the pictures you are taking this season. Why not mount them in an album especially for that purpose. All sorts are here, 10c to $2 50. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

OUR CLEARANCE SALE

OF SUMMER GOODS

Will Still Continue For Ten Days More

and during that time we will give especially good bargains on all light weight goods, also on ladies' and gents' Oxfords. The stock is large but must be closed out to make room for winter goods. Our grocery department is full and complete and our bake stuffs are the best money can buy, and prices as low as the lowest. We also keep oranges, bananas, lemons and all kinds of canned goods. Watch and clock repairing a specialty. No trouble to show goods.

H. P. Mastin, : Genoa, N. Y.

Now is the Time

to buy your binding twine. Large stock just received. Full line of paints and oils always on on hand.

Lawn Mowers

in great variety. All prices from $2.50 up to the best ball bearing machine.

F. W. MILLER, - GENOA.

AVERY'S OLD STAND.

Painted Floors

are cooler and more healthful in summer than carpeted floors. Paint your floors with *The Sherwin-Williams Floor Finishes*—they are the best floor finishes sold. They are made from materials especially selected because of their capacity for hard wear. They are made to stand the wear and tear that floor paints are subjected to. Easily applied; dry quickly.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS FLOOR FINISHES:

The S-W. Inside Floor Paint—for inside floors.
The S-W. Porch Floor Paint—for outside use.
The S-W. Floorlac—stains and varnishes at one operation.
Mar-not—a durable floor varnish.
The S-W. Floor Wax—for producing a wax finish.
The S-W. Crack and Seam Filler—for filling up cracks and seams.

SOLD BY

G. S. Aikin, = King Ferry.

Great Reduction Sale

At the Genoa Clothing Stoe!

Now is the time for you to buy Clothing, as for the next 15 days all of the Summer Suits of Men's, Boys' and Children's will be sold at great reduction to clean up Summer stock.

Bargains in Gents' Furnishings, Hats and Caps, Straw Hats, Trunks, Suit Cases, Telescopes, etc. Do not wait but come and get Reliable Goods at Way-Down Prices.

M. KALVRISKY,

GENOA, N. Y.

WIDOW OF THE REVOLUTION

She Was Married to Veteran Husband Seventy Years Ago When He Was an Old Man.

The most notable pension granted by the session of congress was to Rebecca Mayo of Newberne, Pulaski county, Va. She is one of the two surviving widows of the revolutionary war. The other is Esther Damon, of Plymouth Union, Vt. Mrs. Mayo had her pension increased from eight dollars per month to $25. The sponsor for the bill was Col. Campbell Slemp, the only republican congressman in Virginia.

Rebecca Mayo is the widow of Stephen Mayo, who rendered four terms of service in the revolutionary war, covering nearly the entire period from the fall of 1776 to the fall of 1781. He was a participant in the battles of Brandywine and Germantown.

Rebecca Dawson was a young woman living in Fluvanna county in 1834, and there met and was wed by Stephen

MRS. REBECCA MAYO.

Mayo, when he was 77 years old and a pensioner on account of military service. They lived together until March 16, 1847, when he died. She is now more than 90 and helpless. She was paralyzed several years ago and is almost totally deaf.

She requires constant attendance, which is given by a widowed daughter, who is herself an invalid and who is upward of 65 years old. Their only possession consists of a small cabin and three-fourths of an acre of land, all of which are in the foothills of the mountains of Pulaski county. Their only income is the pension and the wages of two granddaughters who hire out as servants.

Esther Damon, the other surviving widow, is now upward of 80 years old. She is drawing a pension from the government and is in better circumstances in every way than Mrs. Mayo. Until recently there was a third widow of the revolution who drew a pension from the government. She was Mrs. Nancy Jones, of Jonesboro, Tenn. Her husband died nearly 60 years ago, and she lived until last year.

In this connection it is interesting to note that there are more than a dozen widows of the war of 1812 living.

WAR STORIES HIS HOBBY.

Veteran Has Son Arrested for Waking Him Night After Night to Tell New Yarns.

John J. Mitchell, of New York, a watchman and a former soldier in the confederate army, had his son Henry arrested the other night on a charge of disorderly conduct. When the son, a tall, slim man 33 years old, was arraigned in the West side police court his aged father stepped upon the stand and ceremoniously saluted the court. "What's the trouble?" asked Magistrate Mayo.

"I simply can't stand it any longer," began the old warrior.

"He amuses himself by waking his old dad up in the middle of the night asking him to tell him war stories."

The prisoner smiled sheepishly.

"But does he do this often?" asked the court.

"For weeks at a time, and that's too long for an old man to be disturbed. Why, he's got so now when he gets me up he goes and wakes his sisters and tells 'em to come in and hear their old daddy tell war stories. Now, the girls have work to do, and this breaks 'em up as much as it does me."

"What have you got to say about this?" the prisoner was asked.

"It's true," he admitted.

"O, he wouldn't deny it; the boy is too truthful for that," interjected the complainant, proudly.

"He's not a bad boy ordinarily, but he does like to hear war stories. One night he woke me up three times to tell him how I shot a razor back hog thinking it was a Yankee spy, and how the whole brigade, hearing the shot, turned out in the dead of night and began blazing away in the dark."

"That's a shame," declared the court. "Why don't you let your father alone, Mitchell, and act like a man?"

"I'll quit," said the prisoner.

"How long will you agree to let me sleep?" asked his father.

"A year." And with this understanding the prisoner received another chance.

"It's this way," said the young man's sister. "When Henry gets the war story fever none of us can sleep. Not that he is quarrelsome, quite the contrary. He just worries and putters about all night when he cannot make father tell his stories about the war. The other night he kept father out walking the streets with him all night telling him about the war."

Biggest Coffee Consumer.

The United States leads all countries as a consumer of coffee.

Women's Work in Korea.

As there are no labor-saving machines in Korea woman's work is done by the crudest methods possible, form hulling rice with a heavy wood or stone pestle to washing clothes by beating them in the streams and ironing them with sticks. In order to iron, the clothes must be ripped apart and wrapped around a wooden roller while damp; they are then beaten by either one or two women. It is surprising to see the gloss on the white calico and the sheen upon the linen produced by this method of ironing. It surpasses the dressing one sees in this country on newly bought linen. Since the people dress exclusively in white, the woman's day—and often much of the night, too—is spent in washing, ironing and sewing.

Breeding Lions in Captivity.

For years back within the classic precincts of Phoenix park the authorities of the Dublin Zoo have been breeding lions at a rate that has been touched by no other menagerie in the world. The climate of Ireland, which is so inimical to poisonous reptiles, seems to benefit the raging lion of the Nubian deserts to such a marvelous extent that he actually thrives better in the open air within smelling distance of the River Liffey than he is accustomed to do in his native Africa. For some mysterious reason these animals flourish and breed in the Dublin Zoo.

Width of Streets.

It is not to be wondered at that Mayor Collins, of Boston, wants wider streets. Some of the streets of the hub are altogether too narrow, while those which have been laid out within recent years are ample in their proportions. Many city streets are too wide, especially in the west. The present tendency is to narrow the street by increasing the width of the grass plot between the sidewalk and the curb, although others prefer the central boulevard effect secured by running a parkway strip down the center of the street. Either method of treatment would be a distinct gain to any street that is 50 feet wide or over, with a few possible exceptions. The park effect on the street is more pleasing to the eye, insures the better growth of trees, and the maintenance of the narrower pavement is less expensive.

A Way the World Has.

His Reverence—Yes, I knew them both as boys. The one is a clever, handsome lad; the other a plodder—a worker. The clever lad was left behind in the race of life; he is poor still. The worker was able to leave his widow over £60,000!

Host—Yes; I heard yesterday that the bright lad is going to marry the widow! —Tit-Bits.

The Three Forces.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me how many different kinds of force there are?

Johnny—Yes, ma'am; there are three kinds.

Teacher—Name them.

Johnny—Bodily force, mental force and the police force.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

New York Daily Press, $3 50.

Printed Envelopes.

Every farmer and business man should use envelopes with his name printed on the corner. It insures the return of the letter if not delivered. One hundred fine envelopes printed for 75 cents. Order by mail or call at THE TRIBUNE office.

Mico Spar Chicken Grit—best thing for poultry. GENOA MILLING CO.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

A fine lot of Shirt Waist Suits just received at Miss Lanterman's, King Ferry. w3

SAVING TEETH

Is Our Specialty.

Best set of teeth on Rubber Plate	$8.00
Good "	5.00
Partial Sets of Teeth,	$3.00 and up
Painless extraction,	25c

Vitalized Air For Painless Extraction 50c.

Teeth Cleaned,	75c
Teeth Filled with Amalgam,	50c
Gold fillings,	$1.00 and up
Silver fillings,	75c

HARVARD DENTAL PARLORS,

141 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

Over Big Store. All Work Guaranteed.

GOSSIP OF NEW YORK

MODERN BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION AMONG THE RICH.

WALL STREET SPECULATION

The Price of Seats on the Stock Exchange Is Declining—The Home of Boss Tweed Sold—Other Items.

NEW YORK—A young man had a birthday the other day. As he is the kind of young man for whom life holds many privileges and few duties it occurred to him that it needed celebrating.

One hundred guests were invited. You might say a quarter of the "400." They were the gayer, younger set, the Hempstead hunters and the yachtsmen, in both of which categories young W. A. Brokaw is reckoned. The celebration took place at Nirvana, his handsome country place at Great Neck, which he has of late been increasing by the simple expedient of buying up one side of a village street. There was an outdoor fete in the Italian garden, a great orchestra from New York playing soft music behind a veil of shrubbery.

Later the guests entered the house. It is a palace, rivaling the great French and English country places in size, but created in the impatient flat of a couple of years where many generations go to the building bit by bit of an old-world mansion. The gem of the house, for the purposes of entertainment, is a beautiful little private theater, all in white and gold, where, on the night of Mr. Brokaw's birthday, a performance was given by clever artists brought from New York for the purpose.

This is nothing new. Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish and others have taken whole troupes from New York to Newport to give single performances to while the ennui of a fashionable summer. Such lavish entertainment will be in future less characteristic of Newport than of the new country homes like Mr. Brokaw's, which are becoming so much more "correct." The private theaters recall those in French chateaux in the times of the "grand monarch." In New York city itself, owing to the excessive cost of land, the great ballroom and picture gallery which every great house must have takes its place.

Busy men often forget all about their birthdays until they are past. Women, too.

Stock Exchange Doldrums.

THE recent sale of a stock exchange seat for $58,000 has set Wall street to thinking. For there is a moral.

In 1878 a seat in the great gambling place of the country was worth $4,000. Membership being limited to 1,100, the price naturally rises as the city grows and as securities multiply. But 20 years later, in 1898, the ruling quotation was still only $30,000. It jumped to $40,000 in 1899, doubled to $80,000 in 1900. From that point it crawled more slowly up to high water mark at $82,000 last year. The drop since then, a decrease of $24,000, is pretty nearly the entire price five years ago.

The biggest speculative year was 1901, when 265,000,000 shares of stocks were "sold." Assuming that these shares were all on the $100 par basis—and most of them were—the sales represented in nominal valuation the incredibly great sum of $26,500,000,000—or just double the entire capitalization of all the railway companies in the United States. But this was taking no account of bond sales, or of sales in other cities, or of speculation in the other exchanges of New York—those devoted to gambling in cotton, real estate, produce—or of the Consolidated exchange, or of the "curb." No wonder a seat that gives a man an eleventh-hundredth share of such a business has a value.

Consider the commissions merely. Most of the "sales" are mere gambling transactions between members. If the sales were all made by outsiders they would net to brokers under the inflexible rules of the exchange one-quarter of one per cent—one-eighth each way, for both buyer and seller pay commission—or $66,000,000 in commissions alone. Divide this by the 1,100 members, and we have the respectable average of $60,000 apiece as a yearly income.

Boss Tweed's House.

THERE is a house in Madison avenue that has a history. And it has just been sold, history and all, to the Sire brothers, heater men.

This place was, in his palmy days, the home of Boss Tweed. It is worth even now $80,000, mostly for the land. In its day it was a palace for New York, and filled with all that money could buy and that total lack of taste did not prevent a man from buying. After Tweed's arrest as a common thief he was permitted to revisit his home in custody of a keeper from Ludlow street jail. There was quick work. He shaved off his beard, cut his hair, put on a wig and a pair of gold-rimmed spectacles, jumped out of a rear window and made off over the fence. He went to Florida, to Cuba, to Spain, where, as he had been so incautious as to let his beard grow, he was at last recognized by Spanish reproductions of Nast's cartoons.

The house adjoins others that have been bought for the site of a great apartment house by the Madison Avenue Real Estate company. In a few months it will be no more.

In this way a number of houses of historic interest upon New York's darker side are disappearing. The home that Madame Restell made infamous is torn down. The house so long visible from West side elevated trains, from whose rear windows Banker Hatch leaped to his death while trying to grasp at the branches of a little stunted tree to escape from a "badger," has been torn down. For not a little while the house of the negress Hannah Elias, where Millionaire Platt was cajoled and browbeaten out of three-quarters of a million dollars, will take the place of these time-worn examples.

The Arthur Mansion.

HISTORIC in another way is the Chester A. Arthur mansion at 123 Lexington avenue, which has just been bought by William R. Hearst as his New York home.

His wealth has not induced Mr. Hearst to "splurge" in the selection of an abiding place. Arthur's old home is a modest four-story house, rather narrow, of brown stone. He lived there many years, and died there in 1886. Mrs. Arthur died there in 1881, the day after President Garfield's death at Elberon; unquestionably anxiety on the president's account aggravated her illness. In the parlor of the house Gen. Arthur took the oath of office before Justice Brady of the supreme court.

The constant rebuilding of New York sweeps away most of its well-known landmarks. The Stewart mansion, built with what painstaking care and at what considerable expense, lasted 20 years. A big bank and trust company's structure now stands upon its site. Even club houses far uptown do not last longer. The Progress club is 15 years old. It is being vacated, is to be torn down—a splendid structure costing half a million—to make room for a private house.

The old New York Athletic club had the oddest fate. It was bought for a board of health headquarters. Looking over the place to see where the records of the department could be kept, the "commish" concluded that the swimming tank was just the place. And so it is. A fireproof "lid" was fitted to the tank, and now the health records of the great city are safely kept; they never were before.

The "Roof Garden" Season.

NEW YORK, with a summer thus far rather cool, but averaging pleasant, is just in the middle of the roof garden season.

This type of hot weather entertainment seems to be fated to a long life, to judge from the fact that a great church is to be built over in Brooklyn with a roof garden; the biggest public schools already have them Roof garden restaurants are common.

The roof garden theater is, however, typical. New York readily enough pays a dollar or a dollar and a half for a trashy entertainment, if it is short enough, and well broken up by interludes that permit of wandering forth into an open air cafe where little tables are spread for refreshments. The plan of serving refreshments in the auditorium itself is found to interfere with the performance, though some of the largest "roofs" follow it.

The New York "roof" covers two great theaters; it is nearly 200 feet square, and that means that it will hold an enormous number of people The new "aerial garden" of the New Amsterdam theater is rather unique. One is whisked by an express elevator ten stories aloft with magic swiftness. There is a pretty little auditorium; behind and at the sides are wide spaces where drinks, and perhaps something to eat, if anyone is so eccentric as to require it, are served. Each side of the stage a broad passage leads out to the garden, gay with potted plants and fortunate as yet in furnishing an uninterrupted view right across the Hudson to the twinkling lights on the distant Palisades.

The roof of the Madison Square Garden has been famous for years. The most beautiful tower upon any house of amusement in America rises above it, and Diana perches ever drawing her arrow to her ear in spite of protests. For the present, however, the interest at the Garden centers rather within than upon it. Dusa, the eccentric Dunker band leader, gives there his nightly "Venice." New York is not dull in summer, if one seeks stage amusement.

OWEN LANGDON.

Don't Go Blind!

INVESTIGATE DR. TREA'S

DISSOLVENT SYSTEM.

Cataracts, Pterygium removed without Cutting or Drugging. Cures Granulated Lids, diseases of the Optic Nerve, Retinitis, Amaurosis, and all affections of the eye. Glasses Furnished.

Consultation free.

DR. TREA, Electropath,

145 Genesee st., Auburn.

School Books.

New and second hand.
Big money saved in buying

Second Hand Books.

Crayons and school supplies of all kinds.

Special value in large ink and and pencil tablets.

At Banker's DRUG AND BOOK STORE

GENOA.

When in Need of Wall Paper

Call at 18 Clark st., Auburn, N. Y., where we are selling direct from the factory to the consumer, at from

20 to 80 per cent.

cheaper than all other dealers. Give us a call and be convinced.

S. L. DELANO,
AUBURN, - N. Y.

Keep Out Flys.

Screen Doors	75c up
All sizes in Screen Wire Cloth	
Oil Stoves	39c, 75c and $1.48
Big Master Soap and Ivory	4c
Agate Coffee Pots	25c
Arm & Hammer Soda lb.	5c
All kinds Soap Powders	4c
Kap Top Broms	30c
Best Table Oilcloth yd	20c
Coffees	12 to 35c
Teas	10, 15, 25, 33, 42 and 50c
Decorated Dinner Sets	$2 63
5c Mouse Traps	2c
2½ lbs. Rice	10c at

C. G. HAYDEN'S

Bargain Store,

139 W. Genesee Street, Auburn.

Top and Open BUGGYS

With Steel and Rubber Tire, Solid and Stick Seats, Canopy and Extension Top Surreys, 2 Seat Democrat Wagons, Business Wagons of all kinds, first quality and at moderate prices. Single and Double Harness, best Leather and Mountings. Will be glad to have the readers of this ad call and look our stock over whether you wish to buy or not.

Geo. F. Wills,
81 Clark-st., Auburn, N. Y.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Bring your legal printing to this office; we can save you money on it.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, N. Y., Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Edwin B. Weeks, late of Genoa, Cayuga county, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the executor, &c., of said deceased, at the law office of Giles M. Stoddard, in the village of Groton, N. Y., on or before the 20th day of August, 1904.

SAMUEL W. WEEKS, executor.
Dated February 11, 1904.
Giles M. Stoddard, Attorney, Groton, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.

By virtue of an order granted by the surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Orrin Lester, late of Venice, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the executor of, &c., of the said deceased, at his place of residence in the Town of Venice, County of Cayuga, on or before the 31st day of December, 1904.

Dated June 23, 1904.
LOUIS A. LESTER, Executor.
S. Edwin Day, attorney for executor, Moravia, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

By virtue of an Order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Daniel Stewart, late of Ledyard, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the administrator of, &c., of said deceased, at his place of residence in the Town of Ledyard (King Ferry) County of Cayuga, on or before the 26th day of November, 1904.

Dated May 18, 1904.
S. C. BRADLEY, administrator.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book how to secure patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

GASNOW & Co.

Opposite U. S. Patent Office
WASHINGTON D. C.

Nothing has ever equalled it. Nothing can ever surpass it.

Dr. King's New Discovery

For CONSUMPTION COUGHS and COLDS Price 50c & $1.00

A Perfect Cure: For All Throat and Lung Troubles.

Money back if it fails. Trial Bottles free.

DR. DAY.

Graduated Specialist.

Specialties:

Catarrh and Diseases of the Lungs & Throat,

Liver and Sexual Organs. Also Positive Cure of the Liquor, Morphine or Opium Habit.

Cured at Your Own Homes.

EXAMINATIONS FREE AT THE

Auburn, N. Y.

MONDAY, Aug. 15, 9 a m to 4 p m

Farmer, Goodman House,

THURSDAY, Aug. 18, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Ithaca, N. Y.

WEDNESDAY, August 17,

And every four weeks thereafter. At his home office, 211 Powers block, Rochester, every Saturday & Sunday. Treatment if desired, not to exceed $2 per week. Special instruments for examining the lungs heart, liver and kidneys.

CURED HIMSELF.

Pronounced by his medical brethren an incurable consumptive, he was led to experiment with certain drugs and chemicals to save his own life. That he succeeded in doing and since then has cured hundreds of cases that were pronounced incurable.

WEAKNESS OF MEN AND WOMEN

treated with a prescription procured while in Paris from one of the ablest French specialists, that has proven a sure cure for all weaknesses from whatever cause, of the sexual organs of male or female patients. A sure remedy at an expense not to exceed $3 per week.

TESTIMONIALS.

While we have hundreds of them of the highest character, we seldom publish one. But few responsible parties desire them published. We invite all call and read references and testimonials of the best you can refer to or are known to you in your town. Consultation free and private

J. W. DAY, M. D., L. L. D.

R. R. TIME TABLES.

THE LEHIGH VALLEY.

Train 282 leaves Locke at 8:44 a. m. for Freeville, Cortland (9:45), Ithaca (9 41) Owego, Sayre, Philadelphia, Washington, New York (8:40 p.m.)

Train 284 leaves Locke at 5:28 p. m. for, Freeville, Cortland (6:25), Ithaca (6:23) Owego, Sayre, Philadelphia, Washington, New York (7:45 a.m.)

Train 281 leaves Locke at 9:37 a. m., Moravia at 9:44, arriving at Auburn at 10 25.

Train 283 leaves Locke at 6:22 p. m., Moravia at 6:30, arriving at Auburn at 7:10

Trains leave Auburn going South at 7:55 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Locke station going north at 8:41 a m, 6:22 p m; south, 10:29 a m, 7:08 p m.

Trains for Auburn leave Ithaca at 7:40 a. m., 6:27 p. m.; Atwaters at 8:19 a m., 7:12 p m.; King Ferry Station at 8:24 a. m. and 7:20 p. m., Aurora at 8:39 a. m., 7:36 p. m.

Trains for Ithaca (Cayuga Lake Road) leave Auburn at 11:40 a. m. and 6:10 p. m; Aurora at 12:13 and 7:06 p. m; King Ferry Station at 12:23 and 7:20 p. m.; Atwaters at 12:33 and 7:25. These trains land passengers in New York at 7:45 a. m. and 10:15 p. m.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL.

Trains leave Auburn for Syracuse and intermediate points as follows: 1:06, 7:59 and 9:27 a.m. and 12:04, 2:18, 5:12, 6:42 and 9:59 p m. The 7:59 train lands passengers in New York at 1:00 p. m. and the 9:59 train at 7 in the morning.

Trains leave Auburn for Rochester and intermediate points at 6:32, 8:22 and 11:24 a. m., and 1:15, 2:53, 4:28, 5:56 and 9:20. The 6:32 train lands passengers in Buffalo at noon; the 8:56 train arrives at Rochester 8:40, Buffalo 11:00

Genoa Fair, Sept. 20-21-22

OF GERMAN TRAINING

WHAT HAS MADE A GREAT NATION OF GERMANY.

SCHOOLS AND THE ARMY

Letter from Prof. Amos W. Patten, of Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., Now Traveling in European Countries.

Berlin, Germany.—The greatness of the German people is due to the fact that the drill master has been working away on this people for something like 200 years or more. Frederick William I. of Brandenburg, though at the head of a petty province, could boast of the finest army in Europe. It was made the magnificent machine it was only by the most inexorable education and drill conceivable. This monarch carried this policy into everything in his realm, ruling with a rod of iron. His son, Frederick, brought up under this system, though flouting some of his father's notions, brought his renowned military system to even greater efficiency, and as a tactician, as well as a military leader, challenged the admiration of the world. When the same Frederick, at the conclusion of his wars, settled down to reorganize his kingdom, he set about building an educational system, and called to his aid the foremost men of the age. Von Zedlits was made minister of public worship and education, and he, in 1783, invited Frederick August Wolf to Halle. This marked a great era from which the classical schools of Germany awoke to a new life, and since the beginning of the nineteenth century have drawn all eyes of the students of intellectual progress upon them. Prussia was the scene of Wolf's labors, and it is Prussia that has taken the lead in educational matters. In 1808 the great William von Humboldt was placed at the head of the department of education. The reforms he inaugurated substantially stamped the Prussian schools with those characteristics which they maintain to the present time.

The Germans are a trained people. The schoolmaster and the drillmaster are the powers behind the throne. The school and the army are the two great factors in this efficient training. While militarism is to be deplored, yet the army in some respects has had a beneficial influence upon the youth of the nation. Every young man is obliged to spend three years in the army. Think of such a system in its effects upon the young men! Take a young fellow and place him three years under such an education. Teach him order, cleanliness, system, obedience. Pass all the boys through such a school and notice the result. Many a fellow apparently worthless has come out of his three year's drill thoroughly straightened up, and with a higher ambition. Let the schoolmaster and the drillmaster train a nation and there are built up those qualities which render it capable of almost anything in the great crises of the national life.

German education rests upon the conviction that the weal of the state depends upon the individual citizen The ignorant citizen is a menace to social health and order. If there is to be a good commonwealth there must be good citizens. The only way to stop having rascals is to stop raising them. The Germans insist on building their citizenship by sending everybody to school and keeping him there during the most plastic period of his life from six to 14. Woe to the parent who proposes to buck against this requirement. The municipal education committee would address a summons to him that a comparison of the school rolls of their district with the municipal list of children of school age showed his son not to be at school, and requiring him, in consequence, to appear before the municipal committee at a place and time named and there satisfy them either that his son did attend some public school, or that—if privately taught—he was taught by duly trained and certificated teachers On the back of the summons he would find printed the penal articles of the school law sentencing him to a fine if he failed to satisfy the municipal committee, and if he failed to pay the fine, or was found a second time offending to imprisonment.

As a consequence the average "literacy" is higher in Germany than in any other European power; indeed, than any people in the world.

Any person, to enter professional life, must present a certificate that he has passed through the school system and has been trained also professionally at the university. No minister, lawyer, physician, dentist, teacher can enter upon his work without such preparation. To enter certain kinds of business the young man must present a certificate of certain maturity in his studies. Cheap degrees from foreign schools are an abomination in the sight of the Germans. They know all about the "diploma shops" in America where degrees may be bought. This tends to discredit all degrees from American schools. Only last April the German supreme court handed down a decision to the effect that no dentist could use the American degree of D. D. S.—doctor of dental surgery. This resulted from the fact that a man had received such a degree from an obscure private dental school in Chicago. Consequently great injustice is done to reputable American schools. A man having a dental degree from Northwestern university dental school in Chicago, which is one of the foremost in the world, would, according to this decision, not be allowed to append that degree to his name in Germany.

A glimpse of these German schools will show the completeness of the system of popular education. First come the public elementary schools, of which there are in the empire 58,164, with 144,484 teachers (122,145 male; 22,339 female), and 8,829,812 pupils. There are also 614 private elementary schools, with 40,000 pupils.

Above the elementary schools rank the middle schools of the towns—the Burger Schulen or Hohereburger Schulen—which fit their pupils for business life. Children of the working classes may continue their education at the Fortbildung Schulen or "continuation schools," which are open in the evening or other convenient time.

The secondary schools are arranged on a homogeneous plan. The "Gymnasia" are the most fully developed classical schools, preparing pupils in a nine years' course for the universities and the learned professions. These are the most numerous and, in spite of the tendency against the classics, the most popular. The Pro-gymnasia differ from these in not having the highest classes. Then come the Real-gymnasia, in which Latin, but not Greek, is taught, and more time is given to "modern subjects." The "Real Pro-gymnasia" have a similar course, but have no class corresponding to the highest class in the preceding. In the "Ober-Real-Schulen" and "Real-Schulen" Latin is wholly displaced in favor of the modern languages. The high schools for the girls are called "Hohere-Tochter-Schulen." Besides these, there are numerous "Gererhe-Schulen," or technical schools, normal schools and seminaries.

The climax is the university. Of these there are 21, at the head of which numerically stand Berlin university, with more than 6,000 students. Leipsic is one of the oldest, celebrating in October, 1905, her five hundredth anniversary. In this university is the home of the great scholarship of which the Germans are justly proud. The German professor and the German university student may not be dismissed in a brief article. They merit careful and prolonged attention.

Let us not forget, however, that American institutions are attracting world-wide attention, and less and less is it becoming necessary for the advanced student in certain lines to visit European schools. The amount of money poured out for American schools by private citizens astonishes the Germans, whose schools are subsidized chiefly by the state. America in some educational features is decidedly in advance of Germany, though we acknowledge the supremacy of the fatherland in her vast and patient researches in her commanding scholarship in all lines.

AMOS W. PATTEN.

TROUBLES OF AN HEIRESS.

Fraulein Krupp, Richest Girl in Essen, Germany, Guarded by Detectives.

It is one of the grim ironies of fate that a young girl, barely of age, should be in a sense responsible for the bloodshed in the struggle between Russia and Japan, owing to the fact that she supplied both powers with practically all their guns. The young woman in question is Miss Krupp, who, on the death of her father, became chief proprietor of the world-famous Krupp works at Essen, and likewise became the wealthiest woman in the world.

The heiress seems to have inherited some of the family capacity for industrial organization, for she takes the greatest pride and delight in supervising the work of the different departments, and declares that at some future time she will have gained sufficient experience to take an actve part in the direction of affairs.

Meanwhile, her interference in business matters is lmited to passive supervision, but she takes a more active part in controlling the management of the numerous auxiliary departments of the establishment. The schools for the children of her employes and the hospitals for the care of the sick receive regular visits from her, and she has a sharp eye for defects of all kinds.

Knowing human nature, it is hardly surprising to find that Miss Kupp's employes do not appreciate her good qualities and charitable ways. Living in Miss Kupp's houses, sending their children to her schools, applying to her hospitals when they or their families are sick, attending her churches, drinking beer in her restaurants, buying meat from her slaughter houses, flour from her mills, bread from her bakeries and hats and clothes from her stores makes them feel that they are her serfs, and not freeborn laborers.

Miss Krupp's charitable disposition has become known to the general public in Germany, with the result that she receives, on an average, over 200 purely begging letters a day, and over 150 letters daily entreating her to grant some position in the works to some worthy young man.

She also has to undergo some of the inconveniences which are generally confinded to emperors and kings. Her vast wealth and the ownership of an entire city make her a likely target for anarchists' bullets, and her friends are in constant terror of assassination. For this reason her guardians have insisted on her being continually guarded by a specical corps of detectives, who are always in her vicinity.

Moonshine.

Whack! The sword of the king falls upon the shoulders of the kneeling subject.

"Rise, Sir Knight of Tanglefoot!" exclaims the sovereign.

"Who is it that is being ennobled?" asked some one in the rear of the throne-room.

"It is James Jams, the wealthy manufacturer of whisky," is the explanation of a kindly auditor.

"Ah!" says the questioner. "He is the stilly knight the poets sing about."—Woman's Home Companion.

WOMAN IN COSSACK BAND.

Madame Pousep, of Riga, After Much Pleading, Becomes a Member of Russian Regiment.

While the thought of a woman taking a belligerently active part in warfare is repugnant in the extreme, says the Illustrated Sporting News, yet one cannot withhold admiration for the courage of that fair Russian who has just enrolled in a Cossack regiment after persistent and earnest petition to the war ministry. Madame Pousep of Riga, being the daughter of a colonel of cavalry, has been reared in a martial atmosphere. From childhood she spent hours daily in the saddle, and is accounted one of the best horsewomen in Russia. She is expert with rifle, revolver and sword, and her powers of endurance are such that for many years she has taken part in the annual cavalry maneuvers of the Vyazensky regiment. Madame Pousep, first by the energy of her belief, maintains that patriotism and the right to fight for one's country are qualities that should not be limited by sex, and so determined was she to take part in the hostilities between her country and Japan that she notified the authorities of her intention to go to the front at her own expense and join a regiment in the field if they refused her request. Madame Pousep, who is in her thirty-second year, was a ward of the late Emperor Alexander III., and is, contrary to expectation, a highly cultured and refined woman.

BIG SALARY PAID WOMAN.

Superintendent of Indian Schools Draws $3,000 a Year Outside of Her Expenses.

Some of the best paid employes of the government in Washington are women, declares the Philadelphia Press. So far as wages are concerned, Uncle Sam recognizes no distinction of sex, and in some branches of the public service persons in petticoats, owing to their superior aptitude for certain kinds of work, have entirely driven out the men, who are unable to compete with them.

The highest salary paid by the government to a woman is drawn by Miss Estelle Reel, who is superintendent of all the Indian schools. She is a remarkable woman, and the supervision which she exercises over the rising generation of the nation's wards has already revolutionized, to a great extent, the system of management adopted.

Miss Reel gets $3,000 a year, plus her expenses, the latter being a considerable item, inasmuch as she spends most of her time in traveling about from one school to another, utilizing almost every known means of transportation, and when stage coaches fail, frequently riding on horseback for hundreds of miles.

HUMBUG IN LITERARY WORLD

Asks for Check of Big Magazine with Intention of Keeping Up a Bluff.

"The greatest bluffer in the literary game that I ever heard of," said a man employed in the counting room of a big magazine, to a New York Sun reporter, "was a fellow who probably never wrote a line in his life, but he had some reason for wanting to make some friends think that he was a regular contributor.

"He came into our office and offered us a $50 bill and asked if we would let him have the concern's check for that amount. He showed us the check of one other magazine which he had already secured. When asked what he wanted the check for he made no bones of explaining that he wanted to show it to two or three friends to make them think that the check was in payment for a story. My house declined to accommodate him.

"We did ask him, however, how he would keep up the bluff if one of his friends happened to ask him to show his story in the magazine. He said that would be easy, as he would declare that he was writing over a nom de plume."

"DIXIE" DEFEATED FILIPINOS.

Southerners Hearing Tune Played by Insurgents Sweep Them Out of the Town.

Music is considered by military men to be the best possible means to enhearten dispirited soldiers. A band has often saved a battle. But the Filipinos lost a fight by setting their band into operation.

An American company was besieged in its barracks, standing off the attack of several hundred of Filipinos. Finally the Filipino commander ordered his band to turn itself loose, which it did, with some Spanish airs. Meanwhile the firing went on.

Suddenly the native band men burst out with an American piece that they had learned in Manila before the war. It was "Dixie." The besieged Americans were all Texans or Tennesseeans.

With a yell and a howl they burst out of their barracks and swept the insurgents out of the town.

As a Profession.

One of the most remunerative callings in America is that of the window dresser. So much latitude is allowed him, that a guarantee is required on his engagement to secure the proprietor against careless or unskilful handling of any goods he may deal with. If heavy responsibilities rest upon the professional window dresser, his emoluments are large also, ranging from $3,000 to $5,000 a year.

Taken with Cramps.

William Kirmse, a member of the bridge gang working near Littleport was taken suddenly ill Thursday night with cramps and a kind of cholera. His case was so severe that he had to have the members of the crew wait upon him and Mr. Gifford was called and consulted. He told them he had a medicine in the form of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy that he thought would help him out and accordingly several doses were administered with the result that the fellow was able to be around next day. The incident speaks quite highly of Mr. Gifford's medicines.—Elkader, Iowa, Argus.

This remedy never fails. Keep it in your home, it may save life. For sale by J. S. Banker, druggist, Genoa.

Dr. Chiles, the well-known osteopath of Auburn, announces that he now has with him, Dr. Kathryne Severson, one of the first women graduates of the original school of osteopathy at Kirksville, Mo. Both of these doctors enjoyed exceptional advantages, being educated directly under the founder of the system. Osteopathy has within the past few years made wonderful strides in public favor. This progress is based solely on the remarkable results skilled osteopaths have been able to get in cases that have not yielded to other methods of treatment. Write Dr. Chiles, Metcalf Bldg, Auburn, about your case, or better call on him when in Auburn. Literature sent on application.

Stamps in books at the Genoa post. office; handy and easy to carry in the vest pocket or purse; 25 and 49 cents.

Whitcomb's drug store, Locke, has just received a fresh stock of Liquizone in large bottles and is now able to supply all calls.

Hay Tedders,

Deering and Wood Binders, mowers, reapers and

Champion

horse rakes, Planet jr. cultivators.

Double and Single Harness, Canvas Collars, etc.

Top Buggies, Farm Wagons.

All kinds of sections put on your bars while you wait.

S. S. Goodyear,
Goodyears, N. Y.

Your Eyes

should have the best of care and for that reason you should have your glasses fitted by a person of experience. I have been engaged in fitting glasses for seventeen years and with the aid of the latest improved instruments can give you satisfaction.

Fred Leland Swart,

formerly of Crosman & Swart, now located under the City clock, corner Genesee and South Sts. Take elevator on South St.

J. WILL TREE,
BOOK BINDING
ITHACA.

Orders taken at THE GENOA TRIBUNE office.

PARROTS!

"Polly wants a Cracker!"

Cuban Parrots $5.00.

Young birds guaranteed to talk.

Mexican Double Yellow Heads $10.00.

Mexican Red Heads $6.00. Call and see them.

The Floral Store,
34 Genesee-st. Auburn
John A. Kraus, Proprietor.

Pistols in Pockets.

There would be fewer murders in the United States were proper legislation enacted and enforced in every state in the union restricting the sale of pistols and knives under reasonable regulations. In Great Britain a movement is on foot to require proper safeguards in the sale of firearms. There has been to much laxity and injurious license in such matters in this country. There ought to be a law in every commonwealth in this republic laying down barriers of genuine weight again the carrying of revolvers without permits from the proper authorities, and the granting of such permits ought to be hedged about with thorough precautions. Moreover, any and every offender against such a statute should be compelled to serve a term of imprisonment, and not be allowed to escape punishment by the mere payment of a fine. The civilization which makes such a crime as the murder of a public-spirited citizen so easily possible, is not the civilization of the highest order, says the New York Tribune. Men who buy pistols or bowie knives ought to be obliged to give some account of themselves and to furnish their addresses, of which records should be kept. The purchase of rifles or shotguns is a different matter, in our large cities at least. Any person who should try to walk about our streets with a firearm larger than a revolver would speedily be called upon by policemen to answer questions, provided his weapon was out of its case and prepared for mischief.

Russian Disaster at Home.

Private letters from St. Petersburg received in London say that the new Russian battleship Orel, which ran hard aground recently on her way down the Neva to Kronstadt, and nearly heeled over after inclining the greater part of 30 degrees, sustained structural damage of no little seriousness. It seems that when she struck bottom, she was trimmed down heavily by the stern. The water fell rapidly and she settled aft about one foot eight inches; forward she settled only some three inches. The whole of her unbuoyed weight bore on her underwater structure from a little aft amidships to her sternpost foot. After being fast for several days she was successfully swung free by a flotilla of powerful tugs and the leviathan icebreaker Yermak. Then it was found that she had started many of her rivets, and a perceptible alteration in her trim astern revealed the disconcerting fact that her back had been strained. Two exhaustive examinations of the Orel after her second extraordinary mishap have confirmed the fact that her fore and aft alignment has been considerably altered. It will be possible, perhaps, to fit her for service, after a fashion, but it is thought that nothing much short of rebuilding can restore her to her original condition of efficiency.

To the Public.

Notice is hereby given that my office will be closed each Saturday until September 1.

DR. WM. FROST, Moravia.

Read the TRIBUNE and keep posted

The Opportunity of a Lifetime.

No one should miss visiting the greatest World's Fair ever held, now open at St. Louis, Mo., and for solid comfort in travel the Grand Trunk route should be taken. Through sleeping cars and coaches direct to the World's Fair City via the Grand Trunk double-track route. Stop-over allowed at any point in Canada, Detroit, Port Huron and Chicago. All Grand Trunk agents will give full information.

Barker, Griswold & Co

Summer Clothing is now in demand, and as fast as the lines are broken, we are making low prices on the balance. All sizes among these

Cut Price Suits.

Come and buy an extra good Summer Suit of us for a little money.

Barker Griswold & Co
Clothiers and Furnishers,
87 & 89 Genesee-st., Auburn.

Repetitive 11558.

The bay stallion sired by Repetition, 2:14¼, will be found for the season of 1904 at the stable of J. W. Myer at Genoa village. Terms $10 to insure mare and colt holden for service fee.

E. L. Lawson,

Bicycles, Sporting Goods, Fishing Tackle Edison Phonographs, Victor Talking Machines.

9 State-st., - Auburn.

All kinds of Mill Work furnished.

Doors, Windows, Frames, Blinds, Mouldings, Cisterns, Tanks, etc.

The celebrated Lucas Paints, Oils, Dryer, Turpentine, Varnish.

The best Asphalt Roofing on the market; investigate it.

(The Red Shop.) Both Phones.

R. L. TEETER. - MORAVIA.

Remnants Sale, Saturday Morning, August 13th, at

ROTHSCHILD BROS. DEPARTMENT STORES

will place on sale thousands of remnants. Remnants of silks, dress goods, linings, linens, ginghams, white goods, shirtings, waistings, towelings, sateens, flannels, muslins, sheeting, ticking, denims, outings, flannelettes, laces, ribbons, hamburgs, veilings, dress trimmings, silkolines, fancy denims, curtain materials, creatonnes, drapery silks, carpets, oil cloths, odds and ends. Hosiery, gloves, lace mitts, collars ties, corsets, handkerchiefs, buttons, belts and notions of every description in leather goods. Underwear, shirts, umbrellas, scarfs, suits, skirts, wairts, jackets, dressing sacques, children's dresses, rain coats, wrappers, and lots of things not only to place befor you at reduced prices, but at such tempting little cost as will elicit special selling. Sale to last until the entire stock is sold. Therefore any day after Saturday you will find to your advantage to step in.

Rothschild Bros., - Ithaca.

Ayer's

Feed your hair; nourish it; give it something to live on. Then it will stop falling, and will grow long and heavy. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only

Hair Vigor

hair food you can buy. For 60 years it has been doing just what we claim it will do. It will not disappoint you.

"My hair used to be very short. But after using Ayer's Hair Vigor a short time it began to grow, and now it is fourteen inches long. This seems a splendid result to me after being almost without any hair."
MRS. J. H. FIPER, Colorado Springs, Colo.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Short Hair

Jumped to His Death.

John Shiels, Jr., of Auburn, formerly of Genoa, was killed Sunday afternoon near Peruville by jumping from an engine of which he was the fireman. The train was running light from Freeville to Auburn, and going at a speed of 15 miles an hour, when a crank pin broke, leaving the heavy driving bar to swing around in a dangerous manner. The crash of the iron and the rush of steam which followed the stripping of the mechanism from one side, frightened and confused Shiels so that he jumped from the engine, striking headfirst the stones and masonry of an open culvert. He lived nearly an hour but was unconscious. The engineer managed to shut off the steam and apply the brakes, and stuck to his post, escaping injury.

Shiels was 24 years old and had been on the road only since May, having formerly been employed as a fireman by the Citizens Light and Power Company. It is reported that Shiels felt uneasy about going out on his run Saturday, and had said he would get out of it if he could. He was unmarried and is survived by the father and one sister. The funeral services were held Wednesday morning from St. Aloysius church, Auburn at 9 o'clock. Interment at King Ferry.

Muskoka Tourists.

The prospect for a heavy tourist traffic to the "Highlands of Ontario," including the several districts north of Toronto, is very promising, and in comparison with last year, the number who have already gone in this year is in excess of last. The Muskoka Lake district is getting a large quota, and the hotels and boarding houses are filling up. Many new cottages have been erected since last season by wealthy Americans Recently General Caldwell, Acting Governor of Jamaica, and wife, were registered among the guests of the "Royal Muskoka," as well as many prominent people across the border line.

Notice.

I wish to announce that from this date J. F. Demmon & Son of Locke will assist me in my undertaking business which will assure prompt and satisfactory service to all patrons.
MRS. MARY THAYER
Genoa, July 8, 1904

We like best to call
SCOTT'S EMULSION
a food because it stands so emphatically for perfect nutrition. And yet in the matter of restoring appetite, of giving new strength to the tissues, especially to the nerves, its action is that of a medicine.
Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Making Friends Every Day.

This can truthfully be said of JELL-O ICE CREAM POWDER, the new product for making the most delicious ice cream you ever ate; everything in the package. Nothing tastes so good in hot weather. All grocers are placing it in stock. If your grocer can't supply you send 25c. for two packages by mail Four kinds: Vanilla, Chocolate, Strawberry and Unflavored. Address, The Genesee Pure Food Co., Box 295, LeRoy, N. Y.

Spices. It's time to begin to think of pickling and preserves. We have been thinking of it and have just put in stock a fresh lot of spices with the full "strength of youth" in them. No old age spices here. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Skeeter Shoot drives away mosquitos. Applied to the ankles, wrists, hands and face will render you immune from these pesky pests, 25c. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Edition De Luxe.

The Grand Trunk World's Fair folder, which is the finest specimen of railway literature yet produced on the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, is in great demand. A good supply has been issued and anyone sending four cents in stamps to Robert Bushby, traveling passenger agent, Grand Trunk Railway System, Cortland, can secure a copy.

Pure well settled aged linseed oil is used in making the LAWRENCE Paint—sold by Smith, North Lansing.

50c shirtwaists 39c at Smith's.

A house painted white and trimmed with a cream color is pleasing to the eye; see LAWRENCE card at Smith's, North Lansing.

New lot lace collars, etc., at Smith's.

Value of Inoculation.

Of 400 natives belonging to the American mission at Rahuri, Bombay, India, who were inoculated against plague, only one girl caught the disease, and she recovered.

Sealed Bids.

The Genoa Agricultural Society will receive sealed bids for the following exclusive privileges for their second annual fair to be held Sept. 20, 21, 22, 1904, at any time on or before Monday, August 15, 1904, the committee reserving the right to reject any or all bids:

1. Summer drinks, cigars and tobacco. No cider or any intoxicating drinks.
2. Hot candy.
3. Popcorn.
4. Nuts and cold candy.
5. Fruits of all kinds.
6. Ice cream.

All contracts will be made payable one-half Aug. 15, 1904, with balance Sept. 21, 1904. Address

HERBERT GAY, Sec., Genoa, N. Y.

Corns Are An Abomination.

They hurt all the time. A new shoe is a torture. The Foot-Ease Sanitary Corn Pad cures Corns by absorption. The Sanitary Oils and Vapors do the work. All Druggists 25c, or by mail. Sample mailed FREE. Address. Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, Cure Feverishness, Bad stomach, Summer Bowel Troubles, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. They never fail. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

Wanted-- *Young or middle aged men* to act as agents for Grand Union Tea Co., largest retailers of Teas, Coffees, Spices and Baking Powder in U. S. Steady employment with good pay for reliable men. Security required. For further information call or address A. P. Hemans, Mgr. 95 Genesee Street, Auburn. Only steady and industrious men need apply. w3

Painless DENTISTRY.

Teeth without plates a specialty. Old roots and discolored teeth restored to beauty and usefulness, by my new system of Crown and Bridge work. Teeth extracted without pain. Also the making of artifical teeth Specialties.

At Aurora every Monday afternoon.

King Ferry, Friday, Aug. 19.

H. M. Dommett, Dentist,
Union Springs, N. Y.

THE SUNDAY BIBLE SCHOOL

Lesson in the International Series for August 21, 1904—"Elijah on Mount Carmel."

(Prepared by the "Highway and Byway" Preacher.)

(Copyright, 1904, by J. M. Edson.)

LESSON TEXT.

(1 Kings 18:30-46; Memory Verses, 36-39.)

30. And Elijah said unto all the people, Come near unto me. And all the people came near unto him. And he repaired the altar of the Lord that was broken down.

31. And Elijah took twelve stones according to the number of the tribes of the sons of Jacob, unto whom the word of the Lord came, saying, Israel shall be thy name:

32. And with the stones he built an altar in the name of the Lord: and he made a trench about the altar, as great as would contain two measures of seed.

33. And he put the wood in order, and cut the bullock to pieces, and laid him on the wood, and said, Fill four barrels with water, and pour it on the burnt sacrifice, and on the wood.

34. And he said, Do it the second time. And he said, Do it the third time. And they did it the third time.

35. And the water ran round about the altar; and he filled the trench also with water.

36. And it came to pass at the time of the offering of the evening sacrifice, that Elijah the prophet came near, and said, Lord God of Abraham, Isaac, and of Israel, let it be known this day that Thou art God in Israel, and that I am Thy servant, and that I have done all these things at Thy word.

37. Hear me, O Lord, hear me, that this people may know that Thou art the Lord God, and that Thou hast turned their heart back again.

38. And the fire of the Lord fell, and consumed the burnt sacrifice, and the wood, and the stones, and the dust, and licked up the water that was in the trench.

39. And when all the people saw it, they fell on their faces: and they said, The Lord, He is the God; the Lord, He is the God.

40. And Elijah said unto them, Take the prophets of Baal; let not one of them escape. And they took them: and Elijah brought them down to the brook Kishon, and slew them there.

41. And Elijah said unto Ahab, Get thee up, eat and drink; for there is a sound of abundance of rain.

42. So Ahab went up to eat and to drink. And Elijah went up to the top of Carmel; and he cast himself down upon the earth, and put his face between his knees,

43. And said to his servant, Go up now, look toward the sea. And he went up, and looked, and said, There is nothing. And he said, Go again seven times.

44. And it came to pass at the seventh time, that he said, Behold, there ariseth a little cloud out of the sea, like a man's hnd. And he said, Go up, say unto Ahab, Prepare thy chariot, and get thee down, that the rain stop thee not.

45. And it came to pass in the meanwhile that the heaven was black with clouds and wind, and there was a great rain. And Ahab rode, and went to Jezreel.

46. And the hand of the Lord was on Elijah; and he girded up his loins, and ran before Ahab to the entrance of Jezreel.

GOLDEN TEXT.—"If the Lord be God, follow him."—1 Kings 18:21.

TIME.—Soon after the events of last lesson.

PLACE.—Mount Carmel, probably near its summit.

Comparing Scripture with Scripture.

Faith That Could Wait.—As we contemplate Elijah's glorious triumph on Mount Carmel, let us not forget the long three and one-half years of patient waiting. The test of success in God's work generally comes at this point. David emphasizes it in Ps. 27:13-14, and Paul says: "Having done all, stand." Elijah waited and his waiting brought its glorious triumph. Heb. 10:36, Gal. 6:9, Rev. 2:10. The longest night has its end. Noah waited 100 years for the flood. Abraham waited a lifetime for the son of promise. Israel waited 400 years for deliverance. David waited many perilous years for the kingdom.

Faith That Knew No Fear.—Elijah had fled to the brook and then Zarephath to escape the foes of God, now he faces them. True faith sometimes runs from evil and evil's forces. And faith made Elijah bold to command a king to gather representatives from all over the nation, and to challenge the 850 false prophets to decisive test. True faith never fears in the face of God's foes. Matt. 10:26; Ps. 27:1-3; 56:4; 118:6.

Faith That Dared the Test.—Elijah on Mount Carmel with God was mightier than all of Baal's prophets, and the king of Israel behind them. But remember that Elijah was acting for God; at God's direction, see verse 36, and for God's honor and glory and the salvation of Israel. When God plans the test it is always safe to risk everything upon it. "One with God is a majority." How rich God's word is in examples of the truth of this.

Faith to Execute God's Judgments.—The law of the Mosaic dispensation required that false prophets be slain. Deut. 13:15; 18:20; Zech. 13:2, 3. To fail to observe and execute all of God's word is disastrous. See examples in 1 Sam. 15:2, 3, 9, 23; 2 Kings 13:14-19. Paul, as God's faithful apostle, performed a painful duty. 1 Cor. 5:1-5; 1 Tim. 1:20. God has given us the sword of the Spirit, which is the Word of God, with which to fight against the false prophets and the evil. Let us be bold and fearless in the wielding of that weapon. Heb. 4:12.

Faith That Brought the Blessing.—Faith that could wait; faith that knew no fear; faith that dared the test; faith that executed God's judgments, was the kind of faith which could bring the blessing. "Sound of abundance of rain." Elijah's ear was quickened to hear the sound before there was a cloud in sight. There is always sound of abundance of rain where faith performs her whole duty. All the tithes brought into the storehouse mean the pouring out of the blessing. Mal. 3:10. Real faith is overcoming faith. 1 John 5:4.

THE GOLDEN TEXT.

"If the Lord be God, follow Him." This is the challenge that comes to every soul. We are ready to cry with the people on Mount Carmel: "The Lord, He is God; the Lord, He is God." But how about following Him. We should follow Him, because, (1) He invites us. Matt. 11:28. (2) His way is the only safe way. Ps. 1. (3) He is the only through Guide. John 14:6. (4) Cross-bearing means crown-wearing. Matt. 16:16 and James 1:12. (5) His way leads to mansions in Heaven. John 14:2. (6) His way is profitable. 1 Tim. 4:8.

DR. MILLER,

Eye Specialist & Optician,

Graduate of two colleges of opthalmology, three years' experience in New York eye clinics and 11 years' practice, will be on his regular visit at Hotel DeWitt,

Genoa, Tuesday, Aug. 9
11 a. m. to 8 p. m.
at the Kendall House,

King Ferry, Wednesday, Aug. 10th.
12 m. to 3 p. m.

Eyes scientifically examined; glasses accurately fitted. We have succeeded in difficult cases where others have failed. Chronic headache is very often a reflex action of eye strain.

Call at the hotel parlor; call made at residences by request.

Good Goods,
Reliable Goods,
Substantial Goods

Honest Service,
Conscientious Work,
Courteous Treatment,
Lowest Prices,
—at—
Tice & Benson's,
Jewelers, Auburn, N.Y

Awaiting a Purpose.

It is a very common thing for money to lay idle, awaiting a particular purpose. When left at this bank, such funds are made to earn interest during the waiting period.

CITIZENS BANK, LOCKE.

New York State Fair,

Syracuse, N. Y.

SEPTEMBER 5-10, 1904.

$65,000 in Premiums and Purses.

The Agricultural Display will exceed all former exhibitions in quality and variety. All departments will show an increase over former years.

Fast Races Each Day on one of the fastest and best tracks in the country.

The Horse Show Exhibit will be one of the best in the country.

Syracuse Day-Monday, Sept. 5th.
N. Y. State Day,-Tuesday, Sept. 6th.
Grange Day-Wednesday, Sept. 7th.
Vetern's Day,-Thursday, Sept. 8th.
Woman's Day-Friday, Sept. 9th.

LOW RAILROAD RATES

for the week of the Fair, and special low rates for special days. Send for Prize List.

S. C. SHAVER, Sec., Albany, N. Y.

It's Time

you began to think seriously about re-papering those rooms, isn't il? Then there's those curtains and shades too.

Don't Wait

but buy them now. Why? Because we have 41250 square feet of floor space but we need another six or eight for our new fall stock, besides we are going to have it.

Therefore

we must get rid of some of our present stock and that's why we are cutting prices and saying

Buy it Now

Don't wait until "to-morrow", but come in today and save some money.

LAMPS.

A good big assortment and they are to be closed out cheap at once.

You Need One

get it now. You'll never have a better chance than now to get one dirt cheap.

Remember you can't go anywhere and do any better on furniture, Wall Papers, Carpets, Draperies, Shades, and so on, than you can at

G. W. RICHARDSON & SON,

91 Years on South St. Triangle,

AUBURN, N. Y.

Established 1812.

GET THE HABIT

"TRADE AT RICHARDSON'S."

Foster Ross & Baucus
THE BIG STORE

Now is the time for you to visit Auburn's popular *SHOPPING PLACE.*

All classes of Summer Goods at the lowest prices on record.

Great quantities of goods suitable to all seasons at

Closing Out Prices.

All next week will be a great time for bargains.

COME SHOP WITH US.

Foster, Ross & Baucus.

Genoa Fair, Sept. 20, 21, 22, 1904.

OUR GREAT
TEN DOLLAR SUIT SALE
Opened Monday, Aug. 8th

and has already attracted many buyers. If you have a ten dollar note that you can possibly spare, the sale means money to you. It means 20% to 100% on your investment. That is if you're going to need clothes. Seeing is believing. Come in now.

C. R. Egbert,

The People's Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher,

75 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.