

VOL. X. No. 17.

GENOA, N. Y., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1900.

C. A. AMES.

THE COUNTY EVENTS

NEIGHBORHOOD VILLAGES IN PRINT.

The Happenings of the Week in Our Siste Villages .- Newsy Correspondence.

East Genoa.

SEPT. 11-Still hot and dry with dust in unknown quantities.

Miss Ida Niles has reopened her store, having taken the stock of goods Saturday. owned by W. A. Singer of Genoa who will close out business.

Levi Starner is having his well burn Thursday. made deeper.

C. O. Reynolds, an employee of the Osborne Co., has moved from Auburn into the Oscar Tifft house and is prepared to blast or dig wells.

Fred Armstrong of Rochester is here for a visit.

Master D. Sharpsteen began school at Moravia this week.

Miss Mary Bothwell has returned day. to Albany.

Miss Alice Haskell has gone to New Jersey, where she has a position as teacher.

E. Newman has returned to his home here.

Rufus Strong visited his daughters at Venice and Genoa last week.

Mrs. Minnie Willis of Ithaca is visiting here this week.

The L. T. L. held a pleasant meeting at T. J. Henry's Saturday even-

The W. C. T. U. hold a parlor meeting at F. Strong's on Friday evening.

North Lansing.

SEPT. 11-If it were not for the well at the creamery people would suffer for want of water; that supplies every one about here.

Mrs. John Decamp and little son Coral returned home Saturday from visiting friends at Cato and Auburn.

Mrs. Fitch Kelley died last Wednesday after a short illness. The funeral was held Friday at 2 o'clock from her late home. Mr. Kelley has the sympathy of all in his great bereavement.

Rev. Mr. Corey was not able to supply the pulpit at the Baptist church last Sunday, as announced.

Lansing will be well represented at the county fair this week. Rev. Messrs. Williams and Small

attended the district conference held at Fair Haven last week.

Anson Howser is in very poor health, and consequently the blacksmith shop is closed. A good blacksmith would be well appreciated here and the shop is to be rented.

The remains of the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Holt Teeter of Ithaca were brought here for burial last Saturday. Mrs. John Conklin and family

camped at Cascade last week. Mrs. Ed Buck is the guest of her parents at Etna this week.

Quarterly meeting will be held at the Methodist church next Sunday evening. Presiding Elder Keeney will be present to officiate.

Sherwood.

SEPT. 10-District school, No. 12, opened this morning with Mary T. Heffernan, who has taught here for eight years, as teacher.

Schools opening and the much shorter days make us begin to think that summer is no more.

The last lecture in the Alumni course was on Thursday evening by Dr. Leffingwell of Aurora. A solo was rendered by Harriet Pyle, also a selection by a quartette.

A quartette (not the same) attended the Seneca and Cayuga Counties Beekeepers' picnic at Atwaters Wednesday, Sept. 5. The Agnes from Cayuga brought Seneca Co. people. It did not arrive, however, until those on this side of the lake were wellnigh starved. All had a jolly time store, Auburn. and no doubt went home much wiser than when they came.

burn Wednesday, Sept. 5, at 4 o'clock. Conrad Koon and wife, Henry Koon and wife, Giles Slocum and wife and Harriet Taylor from this place attended. Mr. and Mrs. Koon went to Rochester that evening and were surprised in their new house on Hamilton Ave., on their return Saturday

evening. Julia Reynolds who has been visit-

Minnie Ward, who has been nursing at C. Wallace's, returned to Au-

Anna Greene who has been with her brother in Auburn is home again. Elvira Tracy from Orange, N. J., is visiting old neighbors and friends.

is visiting her sisters. Will Burns visited his family Sun-

Dr. Hoxsie, Sr., was in town Fri-

Chas. Woodruff visited his son Walter today.

After many bruises Leonard Owen has mastered a wheel.

Belltown.

SEPT. 11-Mrs. A. G. Cheesman is in feeble health.

The dry hot weather continues. Many wells are dry in this locality. Mrs. A. T. Smith is at Genoa, being called there by the illness of her

grandchild. Miss Ruby Davis has returned from visit at Owego.

Asa Atwater has returned to his home at Kansas City.

visiting friends here has returned to her school at Trumansburg.

Venice Genter.

SEPT. 11-There will be a sociable for the benefit of the church at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Beardsley on Friday evening of next week, Sept. 21. All are invited.

Will Kenyon and wife and Samuel Stewart and wife went to South Butler, Sunday after peaches.

The evaporator works started up his morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Powell Montague of Union Springs were guests at J. E. Fell's Sunday.

Miss Mabel Beebee is entertaining a friend from Union Springs for a few

Mr. Hill with his new mammoth phonograph and animotoscope gave an entertainment in the church Monday evening. Not a very large audience greeted him, however.

Quarterly meeting services were held here on Sunday evening last. Rev. F. T. Keeney was present and gave an interesting discourse.

The New York World,

THRICE-A-WERK EDITION—AS GOOD TO YOU AS A DAILY AND YOU GET IT AT THE PRICE OF A WEEKLY.

It furnishes more at the price than any other newspaper published in America. Its news service covers all the globe and is equaled by that of few dailies. Its reports from the Boer war have not been excelled in thoroughness and promptness, and with the presidential campaign now in progress it will be invaluable. Its po-litical news is absolutely impartial. This fact makes it of especial value at

If you want to watch every move of the great political campaign take the Thrice-a-Week World. If you want to keep your eye on the Truste—and they need watching—take the Thrice-a-Week World. If you want to know all foreign developments, take the Thrice-a-Week World.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year. We offer this unequaled newspaper and the GENOA TRIBUNE together one year for \$1.65.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

Syringes. An extensive variety is here, varying for bulb syringes from 50 cts to \$1.50, and for fountain syringes from 75 cts to \$2. Sagar Drug

Many a painful step may be saved and as it circi by using Corn Doom. It relieves the

A Trolley Road.

exclusively that there was a strong are the result. Let the capitalist movement on foot for the construc- cease to employ, the laborer becomes tion of an electric trolley line from a tramp and the farmer seeks in vain Auburn to Lansing and that the rail- for a market. I had rather work for road would eventually be extended to

Today news comes from Auburn that there is now every reason to expect that the project will be carried ing her aunt, Carrie Judge, for the out and the line established. Though a Republican, and all my relatives past three weeks returned to Auburn the original plan was to build the are Republicans; like the prodigal, I road to Lansing, it is now the intention to run it through to this city the husks of Democracy, I have refrom the start. The promoters of the scheme recently organized and elected the following officers: Isaac Hazard, Poplar Ridge, president; Herbert Howland, Sherwood, vice president; Dexter Wheeler, Poplar Ridge, secretary; Elias G. Minard, Poplar Ridge, Mrs. Louisa Foster from Waverly treasurer; L. W. Holt, Scipioville, Edwin D. Mosher, Poplar Ridge, trustees.

Rights of way for the line have been secured from the city limits of Auburn to the city limits of Ithaca, a distance of forty miles. It is proposed to have the line enter Auburn by way of South Division street. The road is to pass through the villages of Fleming, Mapleton, The Square, Scipioville, Sherwood, Poplar Ridge, Wheelers Corners, Ledyard, King Ferry, Goodyears, Lake Ridge, Ludlowville, Mc-Kinney's, Renwick Park, to Ithaca. The population of the territory thro' which the road will pass is about 75,000. The country is one of the richest farming regions in Central

John R. Trufaut of Mt. Clemens, Mich., the builder of the longest trolley road in the world, that from Detroit to Port Huron, has been interested in the line and will visit Auburn Sept. 4, with the idea of taking the Miss Dora Castelin who has been details of construction in charge. Ample financial backing is in sight to push the project to completion.

All of the promoters of the scheme are prosperous farmers of Southern Cayuga county, and there is no reason why they should not be able to carry out the undertaking. The state railway commissioners recently granted the rights to build the line over the abandoned Genoa, Auburn and Western roadbed, and it is probable that this is the exact route the line will follow for part of the distance .-Ithaca News.

Mr. Titus Explains.

Mr. EDITOR-Having noticed in a recent issue of your paper an extract taken from the Ithaca Daily News, I wish to correct what may be a mistaken impression in regard to my political views. First and foremost, I wish to say that I am a Republican; I voted for McKinley in '96 and expect to vote for him again. While attending a picnic at Renwick park, I met a reporter of the Ithaca News He asked me many questions and during our conversation I told him that I thought it a mistake purchasing the Philippines; that it had cost more lives than the islands were worth. I did not expect my name to appear in print or to be classed as I was, or I should have said nothing. I am no politician but I do not wish it to be understood that I have not the welfare of my country at heart, or that I wish the great wave of prosperity that has swept over our country to be checked; I do not wish to see the furnaces that have been lit, go out, nor the wheels of industry cease to revolve; the laborer seek in vain for work or our nation's credit dom, thinks the missionaries are wastdestroyed. This is why I am a Republican. The best men that I know are Republicans; men who have the time to read and think; men who by their own efforts and intelligence have made a success of life; men who have the ability to successfully conduct their own affairs, and are therefore better prepared to look after our nation's interests. Their watchword conversions. is prosperity; it is they who keep the machinery of our country in motion. The Democrats and Populists cry, "down with the capitalist." His money to accremate -at circulate

the laborer buys the products of the Some time ago The News announced farm, and prosperity and happiness a man that is able to pay when the work is done, than to have to levy on the undivided half of his next year's wheat crop. Yes, I was brought up wandered away, but not relishing turned unto my father's house.

Let the train of great progression That has sped across our land, Still speed on with floating banners

On the switch not idly stand. When our fate hangs in a balance And our welfare is at stake, had rather pull the throttle

Than to bear upon the brake. Respectfully, J. A. TITUS.

The Missionary Effort in China.

An intensely interesting discussion appears in "Success" for September under the title "Has the Missionary Effort in China Been Worth While?" In taking the affirmative position, Dorothy Melles says:

The question has been asked whether missionary work in China is in reality a compensation for the slaughter of Christians and the awful conditions that prevail throughout the empire. The present agitation is clearly the result of manifest destiny, and not of contemporary circumstances. It is the evolution of progress, and it is the only course which will bring about the reconstruction of a vast empi: e.

Were it not so, and were the carnage and conspiracies and atrocities which have shaken civilization to its center all traceable to antagonism to Christians, even then it must be agreed that missionary work there has borne such fruit as will recompense the natives for the sacrifices endured.

Not one nation, or one family, that has given workers for the field, and is appalled at the hideous outrages committed, while fearing worse may come, would recall those faithful laborers. I speak advisedly. The work is well done and worth the sacrifice.

Subsequent to conversion the Chinese, more than any other heathen people, become deeply attached to their new faith, and their zeal in advancing the cause is too true to be disputed, and yet the progress of the work is slower than in India or other foreign fields.

It is the shell of Confucianism that must be cracked before Christianity can enter into their lives. Idolatry is a weak foe compared with Confucian-ism. This is the great ethical wall NOW Running Daily. a weak foe compared with Confucianwhich can be battered down only by the Gospel of Christ. In the original sense of sin and divine personality. Pride of people, with them, is a passion, but they are not patriotic. Their pride is for their laws and customs. which have survived for ages. Their millions of people are divided into a few families.

By patient teaching Christianity has supplanted the egoism of certain districts. Invariably, when that is effected, the Chinese are ready to sac rifice friends, family and position.

Civilization is marching on ward and barbarism must fall under its feet. Thus destiny, and not missionaries, is leading the nations to the greatest battlefield of the world.

Robert Mackay, after a long pilgrimage through the Flowery Kinging time. He says: The game is not worth the candle. If the two-hundred-odd missionaries now in China were to teach Christianity, unmolested, from now until the world's end; if their numbers were to be increased plete line of by thousands, even if the ecumenical church should raise its united standard in China, I believe that its efforts would not amount to ten thorough

There are so-called Chinese converts | including all the furniture usually caraborer, me- for a pastime. But let the and an store

gathered among his countless fathers and Christianity's creeds and doctrines are scattered to the winds for those dogmas that Confucius stamped on the Chinese Empire centuries back, never to be removed. When Marco Polo discovered China in the thirteenth century, he found it a nation which had known the uses of printing, navigation, numerical notation, governmental economics, gunpowder, (unfortunately), and education, for many previous centuries. Thus, the Chinese look upon the outer world as a mere child; as a precocious youngster trying to fill the place that it has filled for centuries. The outer world is to them a child trying to teach a professor. The Chinese will not look at the matter in any other light.

How, then, can the efforts of missionaries be worth the cost? Why cannot these martyrs now in China see the fruitlessness of their labors; the loss of money and of life trying to tell people what they will not know?

Pocketbooks and Purses. We shall shortly receive a new stock of pocket books and wish to dispose of our old goods. We have marked down our entire stock to make it go. If in need now is your opportunity. Sagar Drug store, Auburn.

Summer Glothing Sale.

Remember there is a clothing store in Genoa. I carry a fine stock in several grades, and can fit one and all. Wish to close out my summer suits before purchasing the fall stock, and will make it an object if you purchase now. Give me a call.

M. KALVRISKY, Genoa, N. Y.

Five Famous Songs.

"Tell Mother I'll be There," President McKinley to his dying mother. "Grander Than All the Banners of the World," greatest flag song. "I'm Going Home to Mother," Hero Hobson waltz song. "My Buckeye Home. "I'm Looking for the Mailman." Regular price 50 cents each. Our price 10 cents each. "We Know Our Business," the great Republican song book for 1900, embracing 20 patriotic and political songs with photo of Mc-Kinley and Roosevelt on title page. Reg. price 25 cts. each. Our price 10 cts. each. Agents wanted for the Megaphono-Harp-most marvelous of musical instruments. Above special prices for 30 days only.

McCallip Music Co., Columbus, O.

Horse Powders, Sagar's Condition Powders make horses eat, puts them in good condition, tones them up. Half pound pkgs 10 cts, 3 pkgs 25 cts. Sagar Drug store, Auburn.

South Street Mill

(Howe's old!stand)

Having completed extensive Chinese mind is a total lack of the repairs to my mill, am now ready for business. A fine line of bolted corn meal, graham flour and feed of all kinds. I will also handle the excellent

"Silver Spray" Flour

every sack warranted. Custom grinding promptly finished, and will grind your feed fine and attend to it carefully. I respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

J. MULVANEY, Genoa.

FURNITURE STORE IN GENOA.

Having opened a furniture store in Genoa, I wish to call the astention of the people of this vicinity to my com-

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS, TABLES and CHAIRS.

but, in their hearts, they are not ried in a first class store. Prices are Christians. Some go over to the mis- reasonable, and I shall be pleased to sionary side merely to find out what show the goods to all who are interthe new teachings are like, others go ested. Special attention given to up because they are weak-minded, others, holstery and fluishing of all descrip-

THE KING'S GARDEN.

Dr. Talmage Discourses on Christ and the Church.

The Most Beautiful Flowers and the Best of Fruit-Why the Savionr Picks the Choicest First.

[Copyright, 1900, by Louis Klopsch.] Washington, Sept. 2.

This sermon Dr. Talmage sends from a halting place in his journey through the valleys of Switzerland. It seems to have been prepared amid the bloom and aroma of a garden midsummer. The text is Song of Solomon 5:1: "I am come into my garden."

The Bible is a great poem. We have in it faultless rhythm and bold imagery and startling antithesis and rapturous lyric and sweet pastoral and instructive narrative and devotional psalm; thoughts expressed in style more solemn than that of Montgomery, more bold than that of Milton, more terrible than that of Dante, more natural than that of Wordsworth, more impassioned than that of Pollok, more tender than that of Cowper, more weird than that of Spenser. This great poem brings all the gems of the earth into its coronet, and it weaves the flames of judgment into its garlands and pours eternal harmonies in its rhythm. Everything this Book touches it makes beautiful, from the plain stones or the summer thrashing floor to the daughters of Nahor filling the troughs for the camels, from the fish pools of Heshbon up to the Psalmist praising God with diapason of storm and whirlwind and Job's imagery of Orion, Arcturus and the Pleiades.

My text leads us into a scene of summer redolence. The world has had a great many beautiful gardens. Charlemagne added to the glory of his reign by decreeing that they be established ail through the realm, deciding even the names of the flowers to be planted there. Henry IV. at Montpellier established gardens of bewitching beauty and auxuriance, gathering into them Alpine, Pyrenean and French plants. One of the sweetest spots on earth was the garden of Shenstone, the poet. His writings have made but little impression on the world, but his garden, the "Leasowes," will be immortal. To the natural advantages of that place was brought the perfection of art. Arbor and terrace and slope and rustic temple and reservoir and urn and fountain here had their crowning. Oak and yew and hazel put forth their richest foliage. There was no life more diligent, no soul more ingenious than that of Shenstone, and all that diligence and genius he brought to the adornment of that one treasured spot. He gave £300 for it. He sold it for several thousand. And yet I am to tell you to-day of a richer garden than any I have mentioned. It is the garden spoken of in my text-the garden of the church, which belongs to Christ, for my text says so. He bought it. He planted it. He owns it. and He shall have it. Walter Scott, in his outlay at Abbotsford, ruined his fortune, and now, in the crimson flowers of those gardens, you can almost think or imagine that you see the blood of that old man's broken heart. The payment of the last £100,000 sacrificed him. But I have to tell you that Christ's life and Christ's death were the outlay of this beautiful garden of the church, of which my text speaks. Oh, how many sighs and tears and pangs and agonies! Tell me, ye women who saw Him hang! Tell me, ve executioners who lifted Him and let Him down! Tell me, thou sun that didst hide, ye rocks that fell! "Christ loved the church and gave Himself for it." If the garden of the church belongs to Christ, certainly He has a right to walk in it. Come, then, O blessed Jesus, to-day. Walk up and down these aisles and pluck what Thous wilt of sweetness for Thyself!

The church in my text is appropriately compared to a garden, because it is a place of choice flowers, of select fruits and of thorough irrigation.

But I have not told you of the most beautiful flower in all this garden spoken of in the text. If you see a century plant, your emotions are started. You say: "Why, this flower has been a hundred years gathering up for one bloom, and it will be a hundred years more before other petals will come out." But I have to tell you of a plant that was gathering up from all eternity and that 1,900 years ago put forth its bloom never to wither. It is the passion plant of the cross. Prophets foretold it, Bethlehem shepherds looked upon it in the bud, the rocks shook at its bursting and the dead got up in their winding sheets to see its full bloom. It is a crimson flower-blood at the roots, blood on the branches, blood on the leaves. Its perfume is to fill all the nations. Its breath is this garden up to the mountains, Heaven. Come, oh, winds from the and through these squeducts the wanorth and winds from the south and winds from the east and winds from ing up into beautiful fountains until the west, and bear to all the earth every root and leaf and flower was howers as the sweet smelling savor of Christ, saturated. That is like the church, road to he

His worth if all the nations knew,

Sure the whole earth would love Him too. Again, the church may be appropriately compared to the garden, because it is a place of fruits. That would be a strange garden which had in it no berries, no plums or peaches or apricots. The coarser fruits are planted in the orchard or they are set out on the sunny hillside. But the choicest fruits are kept in the garden. So in the world outside the church Christ has planted a great many beaufiful things-patience. charity, generoelly, integrity. But He intends the choicest fruits to be in the garden, and if they are not

there then shame on the church. Religion is not a mere flowering sentimentality. It is a practical, life giving, healthful fruit, not posies, but

apples.

"Oh," says somebody, "I don't see what your garden of the church has yielded!" Where did your asylums come from? And your hospitals? And your institutions of mercy? Christ planted every one of them; He planted them in His garden When Christ gave sight to Bartimeus, He laid the cornerstone of every blind asylum that has ever been built. When Christ soothed the demoniac of Galilee. He laid the cornerstone of every lunatic asylum that has ever been established. When Christ said to the sick man: "Take up thy bed and walk," He laid the cornerstone of every hospital the world has ever seen. When Christ said: "I was in prison and ye visited me," He laid the cornerstone of every prison reform association that has ever been organized. The church of Christ is a glorious garden, and it is full of fruit. I know there is some poor fruit in it. I know there are some weeds that ought to be thrown over the fence. I know there are some crap apple trees that ought to be cut down. 1 know there are some wild grapes that ought to be uprooted, but are you going to destroy the whole garden because of a little gnarled fruit? You will find worm eaten leaves in Fontainebleau and insects that sting in the fairy groves of the Champs Elysees. You do not tear down and destroy the whole garden because there are a few specimens of gnarled

I admit there are men and women in the church who ought not to be there, but let us be just as frank and admit the fact that there are hundreds and thousands and tens of thousands of glorious Christian men and women-holy, blessed, useful, consecrated and triumphant. There is no grander collection in all the earth than the collection of Christians. There are Christian men in every church whose religion is not a matter of psalm singing and church going. To-morrow morning that religion will keep them just as consistent and consecrated in their worldly occupation as it ever kept them at the communion table. There are women with us to-day of a higher type of character than Mary of Bethany. They not only sit at the feet of Christ, but they go out into the kitchen to help Martha in her work, that she may sit there, too. There is a woman who has a drunken husband who has exhibited more faith and patience and courage than Ridley in the fire. He was consumed in 20 minutes. Hers has been a 20-years' martyrdom. Yonder is a man who has been 15 years on his back, unable to feed himself, yet calm and peaceful as though he lay on one of the green banks of Heaven, watching the oarsmen dip their paddles in the crystal river! Why, it seems to me this moment as if St. Paul threw to us a pomologist's catalogue of the fruits growing in this great garden of Christ-love, joy, péace, patience, character, brotherly kindness, gentleness, mercy; glorious fruit, enough to fill all the baskets of earth and

I have not told you of the better tree in this garden and of the better fruit. It was planted just outside Jerusalem a good while ago. When that tree was planted, it was so split and bruised and barked men said nothing would ever grow upon it, but no sooner had that tree been planted than it budded and blossomed and fruited, and the soldiers' spears were only the clubs that struck down that fruit, and it fell into the lap of the nations, and men began to pick it up and eat it, and they found in it an antidote to all thirst, to all poison, to all sin, to all death; the smallest cluster larger than the famous one of Eshcol, which two men carried on a staff between them. If the one apple in Eden killed the race, this one

cluster of mercy shall restore. Again, the church in my text is appropriately called a garden because it is thoroughly irrigated. No garden could prosper long without plenty of water. I have seen a garden in the midst of a desert, yet blooming and luxuriant. All around was dearth and barrenness, but there were pipes, aqueducts, reaching from ter came streaming down and toss-

of a great desert of sin and suffering, but it is well irrigated, for "our eyes are unto the hills from whence cometh our help." From the mountains of God's strength there flow down rivers of gladness. "There is a river the stream whereof shall make glad the city of our God." Preaching the Gospel is one of the aqueducts. The Bible is another. Baptism and the Lord's Supper are aqueducts. Water to slake the thirst, water to wash the unclean, water tossed high up in the light of the Sun of Righteousness, showing us the rainbow around the throne. Oh, was there ever a garden so thoroughly irrigated? You know that the beauty of Versailles and Chatsworth depends very much upon the great supply of water. I came to the latter place, Chatsworth, one day when strangers are not to be admitted, but by an inducement which always seemed as potent with an Englishman as an American I got in, and then the gardener went far up above the stors of stone and turned on the water. I saw it gleaming on the dry pavement, coming down from step to step until it came so near I could hear the musical rush, and all over the high, broad stairs it came, foaming, flashing, rearing down until sunlight and wave in gleesome wrestle tumbled at my feet. So it is with the church of God. Everything comes from above-pardon from above, joy from above, adoption from above, sanctification from

Would that now God would turn on the waters of salvation that they might flow down through His heritage and that this day we might each find our places to be "Elims" with 12 wells of water and threescore

and ten palm trees. Hark! I hear the latch of the garden gate, and I look to see who is coming. I hear the voice of Christ. I am come into My garden." I say: Come in, O Jesus! We have been waiting for Thee. Walk all through the paths. Look at the flowers; look at the fruit; pluck that which Thou wilt for Thyself." Jesus comes into the garden and up to that old man and touches him and says: "Almost home, father; not many more aches for thee. I will never leave thee. Take courage a little longer, and I will steady thy tottering steps, and I will soothe thy troubles and give thee rest. Courage, old man." Then Christ goes up another garden path, and He comes to a soul in trouble and says: "Peace! All is well. I have seen thy tears. I have heard thy prayer. The sun shall not smite thee by day nor the moon by night. The Lord shall preserve thee from all evil. He will preserve thy soul. Courage, O troubled spirit!"

Then I see Jesus going up another garden path, and I see great excitement among the leaves, and I hasten up to that garden path to see what Jesus is doing there, and, lo! He is breaking off flowers sharp and clean, from the stem, and I say: "Stop, Jesus. Do not kill those beautiful flowers." He turns to me and says: "I have come into My garden to gather lilies, and I mean to take these up to a higher terrace for the garden around my palace, and there I will plant them, and in better soil and in better air they shall put forth brighter leaves and sweeter redolence, and no frost shall touch them forever." And I looked up into His face and said: "Well, it is Thy garden, and Thou hast a right to do what Thou wilt with it. Thy will be done!"the hardest prayer a man ever made.

It has seemed as if Jesus Christ took the best. From many of your households the best one is gone. You know that she was too good for this world. She was the gentlest in her ways, the deepest in her affection, and when at last the sickness came you had no faith in medicines. You knew that the hour of parting had come, and when, through the rich grace of the Lord Jesus Christ, you surrendered that treasure you said: "Lord Jesus, take it. It is the best we have. Take it. Thou art worthy." The others in the household may have been of grosser mold. She was of the finest.

I notice that the fine gardens sometimes have high fences around them, and I cannot get in. It is so with a mates on application. king's garden. The only glimpse you ever get of such a garden is when the king rides out in his splendid carriage. It is not so with this garden, this King's garden. I throw wide open the gate and tell you all to open the gate and tell you all to KEMP'S Whosoever will may. Choose now between a desert and a garden. Many of you have tried the garden of this world's delight. You have found it has been a chagrin. So it was with Theodore Hook. He made all the when we read his poems. But he could not make his own heart laugh. While in the midst of his festivities he confronted a looking glass, and he saw himself and said: "There, that is true. I look just as I amdone up in body, mind and purse." So it was of Shenstone, of whose garden I told wou

my sermo

thing around me just as it becomes a

O ye weary souls, come into Christ's garden to-day and pluck a little heartsease. Christ is the only rest and the only pardon for a perturbed spirit. Do you not think your chance has almost come? You men and women who have been waiting year after year for some good opportunity in which to accept Christ, but have postponed it 5, 10, 20, 30 years, do you not feel as if now your hour of deliverance and pardon and salvation had come? O man, what grudge hast thou against thy poor soul that thou wilt not let it be saved?

Some years ago a vessel struck on the rocks. They had only one lifeboat. In that lifeboat the passengers and crew were getting ashore. The vessel had foundered and was sinking deeper and deeper, and that one boat could not take the passengers very swiftly. A little girl stood on the deck waiting for her turn to get into the boat. The boat came and went, came and went, but her turn did not seem to come. After awhile she could wait no longer, and she leaped on the taffrail and then sprang into the sea, crying to the boatman: "Save me next! Save me next!" Oh, how many have gone ashore into God's mercy, and yet you are clinging to the wreck of sin! Others have accepted the pardon of Christ, but you are in peril. Why not this moment make a rush for your immortal rescue, crying until Jesus shall hear you and Heaven and earth ring with the cry: "Save me next! Save me next!" Now is the day of salvation! Now! Now!

After Thirty Years of Suffering.

"I suffered for 30 years with diarrhoea and thought I was past curing," says John S. Halloway, of French Camp, Miss. "I had spent so much that I had given up all hopes of re-covery. I was so feeble that I could do no kind of labor, not even travel, but by accident I found a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after taking several bottles I am entirely cured of that trou-I am so pleased with the result that I am anxious that all who suffer as I have may use it." Sold by J. S.

Cameras and photographic supplies, everything for the amateur or professional is here. Sagar Drug Store, Auburn.

Poultry Wanted.

I will pay the highest market price for poultry at my residence near the Forks of the Creek.

MRS. A. CHAFFEE.

SHINGLES

All Clear Cedars, at

J. G. ATWATER & SON,

KING FERRY STATION, N. Y.

HOMER Steam Marble and Granite Works JOSEPH WATSON & CO.,

-Manufacturers of and Dealers in-

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES and LOT INCLOSURES In Foreign and American Granite

and Marble. In buying direct from the manufacturers you save the middleman's profit. By giving our work personal attention we guaran-tee the best of work and material. We are

practical workmen and designers, and fur-

nish original and special designs with esti-

JOSEPH WATSON CO. HOMER, N. Y.

Manure Spreader

Buy one and top dress your meadows with it and get good crops in world laugh. He makes us laugh now DRY seasons. Call and see one in operation.

Fanning Mills

and extra seives. A full supply of

Phosphate for Wheat " the beginning of here at my place. Best prices paid wn amid those for grain,

am angry and S. S. GOODYEAR,

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

By virtue of an Order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against the estate of James Cotter, late of Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support there of to the undersigned, the administratrix of &c. of said deceased at her place of residence in the village of Aurora, County of Cayuga, on or before the 25th day of January, 1901.

Dated July 11, 1900.

JULIA C. MEAD, Administratrix, Dexter Wheeler, Att'y, Poplar Ridge.

Notice to Greditors.

BY virtue of an Order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, Notice is Hereby Given that all persons having claims against the estate of William Stewart, late of Ledyard, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the undersigned, the executor of, etc., of said deceased, at his place of residerce in the Town of Ledyard, County of Cayuga, on or before the 20th day of January 1901.

Dated July 7, 1900.

S. C. BRADLEY,

S. C. BRADLEY, Executor of the last will and testament of William Stewart.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

By virtue of an order granted by the Surrogate of Cayuga County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Mary Jane Henry, late of the town of Fleming, Cayuga County, N. Y., deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support there of to the undersigned, the executors of etc., of said deceased, at the place of residence of Thomas J. Henry in the town of Genoa, county of Cayuga, on or before the 14th day of December, 1900. Dated June 5th. 1900.

Dated June 5th, 1900. MARY J. HENRY, Executors

HERBERT PRICE, Attorney for Executors, No. 59 Genesee street, Auburn, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

By virtue of an Order granted by the Surro gate of Cayuga County, Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of George Carter, late of Genoa. Cayuga Co. N. Y.. deceased, are required to present the same with vouchers in support thereof to the under signed, the Ex-cutor of, &c.. of said deceased, at his place of residence in the town of Lansing, county of Tompkins, N. Y., on or before the 10th day of November, 1900.

Dated May 1st, 1900.

J. B. Davis, Fxecutor.

J. B. Davis, Fxecutor. F. M. Leary, Atty., 9 and 10 Smith Bldg., Auburn

Honest now, do you owe the printer?

Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the money secured by a certain mortgage bearing date the first day of July, 1895, made and executed by John J. Trowbridge, and Imma R. Trowbridge, his wife, as mortgagers to Hiram H. Ray, which said mortgage was given as collateral security for the payment of a certain bond accompanying said mortgage, and which said mortgage was duly recorded in the Cayuga County Clerk's office on the 21st day of December, 1895, in Book No. 130 of Mortgages at page 107, and no suit or proceeding having been begun or instituted at law to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, and Whereas, the amount claimed to be due on the said mortgage at the first publication or this notice is the sum of \$3364 00, namely, due on the said mortgage at the first publication or this notice is the sum of \$3864.00, namely, \$3000.00 principal and \$364.00 interest, and that the whole amount remaining unpaid is \$3964.00. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given according to statute in such case made and provided, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, duly recorded therewith as aforesaid, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises herein described by the subscriber, the mortgagee's attorney, at public auction, on the 24th day of October, 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the front door of the Court House in the City of Au-burn, County of Cayuga, N. Y. The following is a description of the mortgaged premises so as aforesaid to be sold, as they are contained in said mortgage. Being all that tractor parcel of land situate in the City of Auburn, County of Cayuga, and State of New York, on the north side of Franklin street, and being part of the premises formerly owned and occupied by one E. P. Crowell, and bounded and described as E. P. Crowell, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning on the north side of Franklin street at the southeast corner of land formerly owned by Thomas Monroe, now deceased;
thence running east on the said north line of
Franklin street sixty-six feet, thence northerly
ninety eight feet, thence westerly sixty-seven
feet, thence southerly along said Monroe's lot
one hundred and sixteen feet, to the place of beginning, being the same premises conveyed to
Huldah W. Outis by Charles T. Ferris and wife
by deed recorded in Cayuga County Clerk's

by deed recorded in Cayuga County Clerk's office in book 88 of Deeds at page 614.

The above mortgaged premises will be sold free and clear from incumbrances and subject to the condition of the said mortgage.

Dated at Auburn, N. Y., July 24, 1900.

WALTER E. WOODIN,

Attorney for Mortgagee.

Gitation.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, To Mary Burdick, Eliza W. Keyes, Louis Keyes, Louise R. Bass. Francis M. Titus, Grace Huntington, Harriet N. Gaylord, Rgbert G. Upham, Aimedia E. Lyman, Charles E. Upham, Mariette Alifrey, Fred W. Upham. William R. Keyes, George Keyes, Mary Vosburgh, Kate Livingston, Richard A. Keyes, Frederick Keyes. Frank Keyes, Jennie E. Keyes, Send Greeting: Whereas, Louis K. B. Laird of Auburn, N. Y., has lately applied to our surrogate's court of the county of Cayuga for the proof and probate of a certain instrument in writing, dated the leth day of March, 1900, purporting to be the last will and testament of Lewis S. Upham, late of Auburn, N. Y., in said county, deceased, which relates to both real and personal estate. Therefore, you and each of you are cited to appear in our said surrogate's court, before the surrogate of the county of Cayuga, at his office in the court house, in the city of Auburn, on the 14th day of September. 1900, at 10 o'clock in the forencon of that day, and attend the probate of said last will and testament. And those of you who are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your general guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, you will appear and apply for the appointment of a guardian, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a special guardian will be a pointed by the surrogate to represent and act for you in this proceeding.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused the seal of our said surrogate's court to be hereunto affixed.
Witness, Hon. George B. Turner, surrogate of the county of Cayuga, at the surrogate's office in the city of Auburn, this sith day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred.

GEORGE B. TURNER,

FRANCIS C. RAINES, Attorney for Petition 135 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

Everything from a Needle to an Anchor. Cash paid for Rubber, Copper, Brass, Zinc, Etc.

THE ALLEN COMPANY,

New and

Second-hand **FURNITURE**

Stoves, Ranges, Crockery, Tinware, Silverware. ITHACA,

Agent for the 1900 Washer.

Char I Allen M

FRIDAY, SEPT. XIV, MCM.

EIGHT NEWSY PAGES ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Advertising rates furnished upon application. Local business notices, Etc. 4c. per line. Cards of thanks 25 cents. Oblivaries 50 cents. Cash must accompany the copy.

\$1.25 AT END OF YEAR.

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Any newspaper or periodical published secured at publisher's price or less. Orders taken for book binding of all kinds. Good work.

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING.

THE TRIBUNE has facilities for doing job work which are excelled by few. Fine presses, the latest faces of type, experienced workmen and promptness of execution are our inducements for a share of your patronage.

GEORGE SLOCUM,

Genoa, N. Y. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m.; I to 2 p. m.; 6 to 9 p. m.

CARSON HOUSE,

Genoa, N. Y. Lee Hewitt, Proprietor. First class accommodations, Rate \$1.50.

CENTRAL HOUSE, Railroad street, Moravia. J. E. Keefe, manager. Rates \$1.50 and \$2.

EMPIRE HOUSE,

34 and 36 Dill St., Auburn. John Bruton, Proprietor. Rate \$1.50 per day. Good ac-

FRANK E. HOWE, DENTIST,

136 East State Street, Ithaca. Teeth filled without pain.

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Teacher of the violin and banjo, dealer in fine violins, banjos and all kinds of stringed instruments, Genoa, N. Y.

SELLEN HOUSE,

Genoa, N. Y. New building and furnishings, pleasant location and complete accommodations. Terms reasonable. Sellen, proprietor. Good barn attached.

EBEN B. BEEBEE.

Fashionable hair cutting and shaving, Genoa, N. Y. Shop open daily except Sunday. Razors honed and concaved. Shaving soap on sale.

DR. J. W. SKINNER,

Homoeopathist and Surgeon, Genoa, N. Y. Special attention given to diseases of women and children. Cancer removed without pain by escharotic. Office at residence.

DR. WILLIAM FROST,

Surgeon Dentist. Preserving the natural teeth a specialty. Teeth extracted without pain, using liquid gas. Perfectly harmless. Office over postoffice, Moravia, N. Y.

ARTHUR M. SEEKELL,

Union Springs, N. Y. Fire Insurance and Surety Bonds. Representing eight strong companies. At Genoa the first week of each month. Office in TRIBUNE building.

A. COBURN, Union Springs,

Agent for the Old and Tried Glens Falls Insurance Company, will be in Genoa and vicinity each month to look after his patrons' interests. Represents five good com-

TROY STEAM LAUNDRY.

88-90 State street, Auburn. Shirts, collars and cuffs a specialty and all work of fine quality. We furnish and put on neckbands free of charge, Leave your orders at Will Eaton's, Auburn stage; no charge for carrying laundry.

Money to Loan.

The Farmers Credit Co., (Incorporated) 133 Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y., loans on first and second mortgages and all classes of personal property, such as horses, cattle, crops growing, farming tools, etc., notes bought.

V. B. COGGSHALL, President.

C. B. KING, Vice President.

THE CITIZENS' BANK OF LOCKE, N. Y. Capital, \$25,000

Incorporated, 1895.

3 PER CENT. PAID ON DEPOSITS.

DIRECTORS: V. B. Coggshall, C. B. King, Joseph Harris, W. T. Cox, C. Gray Parker, Phillip Shaffer, Wm. Holden, George Miller, Chas. D. Fuller, J. L. White, A. McIntosh, Chas. J. Hewitt, E.



Eyes examined free. Some people spend a small fortune buying glasses not suited to their vision from peddlers and menthat come around. Others go to Charence Snerwood, the reliable optician. If you have had difficulty in getting suitable glasses consult him about your eyesight. No eyes too difficult for him to fit. Artificial Eyes, Ear Phones, Field Glasses, Telescopes and Photographic Supplies, etc.

CLARRICE SHERWOOD, Practical Optician, Genesee street, Auburn, N. Y.

DEATH LIST GROWS.

Every Hour Brings News of Fresh Horrors From Texas.

CORPSES LINE GALVESTON'S STREETS

The City Is Still Flooded-Vessels Blown Far Beyond High Water Mark-Whole Families Are Wiped Out of Existence,

HOUSTON, Sept. 11.-Richard Spillane, a well known Galveston newspaper man, who reached Houston after a terrible experience, gives the following account of the disaster at Galveston:

"The city is in ruins, and the dead will number probably 5,060. I am just from the city, having been commissioned by the mayor and citizens' committee to get in touch with the outside world and appeal for help. Houston was the nearest point at which working telegraph instruments could be found, the wires as well as nearly all the buildings between here and the gulf of Mexico being wrecked.

"When I left Galveston, the people were organizing for the prompt burial of the dead, distribution of food and all necessary work after a period of disaster.

"The wreck of Galveston was brought about by a tempest so terrible that no words can adequately describe its intensity and by a flood which turned the city into a raging sea. The weather bureau records show that the wind attained a velocity of 84 miles an hour when the measuring instrument blew away, so it is impossible to tell what was the maximum. The storm began at 2 o'clock Saturday morning. Previous to that a great storm had been raging in the gulf, and the tide was very high. The wind at first came from the north and was in direct opposition to the force from the gulf. While the storm in the gulf piled the water up on the beach side of the city the north wind piled the water from the bay on to the bay part of the city.

"About noon it became evident that the city was going to be visited with disas-Hundreds of residences along the beach front were hurriedly abandoned, the families fleeing to dwellings in higher portions of the city. Every home was opened to the refugees, black or white. The winds were rising constantly, and it rained in torrents. The wind was so

fierce that the rain cut like a knife. "By 3 o'clock the waters of the bay and gulf met, and by dark the entire city was submerged. The flooding of the electric light plant and the gas plants left the city in darkness. To go upon the streets was to court death. The wind was then at cyclonic velocity, roofs, cisterns, portions of buildings, telegraph poles and walls were falling, and the noise of the wind and the crashing of the buildings were terrifying in the extreme. The wind and waters rose steadily from dark until 1:45 o'clock Sunday morning. During all this time the people of Galveston were like rats in traps. The highest portion of the city was four to five feet under water, while in the great majority of cases the streets were submerged to a depth of ten feet. To leave a house was to drown. To remain was to court death in the wreckage. Such a night of agony has seldom been equaled. Without apparent reason the waters suddenly began to subside at 1:45 a. m. Within 20 minutes they had gone down two feet, and before daylight the streets were practically freed of the flood wa-In the meantime the wind had veered to the southeast.

"Very few if any buildings escaped in jury. There is hardly a habitable dry house in the city. When the people who had escaped death went out at daylight to view the work of the tempest and the floods, they saw the most horrible sights imaginable. In the three blocks from Avenue N to Avenue P in Tremont street I saw eight bodies. Four corpses

were in one yard. "The whole of the business front for three blocks in from the gulf was stripped of every vestige of habitation, the dwellings, the great bathing establishments, the Olympia and every structure having been either carried out to sea or its ruins piled in a pyramid far into the town, according to the vagaries of the

"The first hurried glance over the city showed that the largest structures, sup posed to be the most substantially built, suffered the greatest.

"The Orphans' home, Twenty-first street and Avenue M, fell like a house of cards. How many dead children and refugees are in the ruins could not be

ascertained. "Of the sick in St. Mary's infirmary, together with the attendants, only eight are understood to have been saved.

The Old Woman's home, on Rosenberg avenue, collapsed, and the Rosenberg schoolhouse is a mass of wreckage. The Ball high school is but an empty shell, crushed and broken. Every church in the city, with possibly one or two excep-

tions, is in ruins. "At the forts nearly all the soldiers are reported dead, they having been in temporary quarters which gave them no protection against the tempest or the

"No report has been received from the Catholic Orphan asylum down the island, but it seems impossible that it could have withstood the hurricane. If it fell, all the inmates were no doubt lost, for there was no aid within a mile.

"The bay front from end to end is in ruins. Nothing but piling and the wreck of great warehouses remain. The elevators lost all their superworks, and their stocks are damaged by water.

"The life saving station at Fort Point was carried away, the crew being swept across the bay 14 miles to Texas City.

"I saw Captain Haines, and he told me that his wife and one of his crew were expense not to exceed \$8 per drowned.

"The shore at Texas City contains while we have he enough wreckage to rebuild a city. Eight est character, we se persons who were swept across the bay responsible parties

City. In addition to the living and the dead which the storm cast up at Texas City caskets and coffins from one of the cemeteries at Galveston were being fished out of the water there.

"In the business portion of the city two large brick buildings, one occupied by Knapp Bros. and the other by the Cotton Exchange saloon, collapsed. In the Cotton Exchange saloon there were about

15 persons. Most of them escaped. "How many more corpses there are will not be known until the search is finished.

"The cotton mills, the bagging factory, the gas works, the electric light works

and nearly all the industrial establishrients of the city are either wrecked or crippled. The flood left slime about one inch deep over the whole city, and unless fast progress is made in burying corpses and carcasses of animals there is danger of pestilence.

Some of the stories of the escapes are miraculous. William Nisbett, a cotton man, was buried in the ruins of the Cotton Exchange saloon and when dug out in the morning had no further injury than a few bruised fugers.

"Dr. S. O. Young, secretary of the Cotton Exchange, was knocked senseless when his house collapsed, but was revived by the water and was carried ten blocks by the harricane.

"A woman who had just given birth to a child was carried from her home to a house a block distant, the men who were carrying her having to hold her high above their heads, as the water was five

feet when she was moved. "Many stories were current of houses falling and inmates escaping. Clarence N. Ousley, editor of The Evening Tribune, had his family and the families of two neighbors in his house, when the lower half crumbled and the upper part slipped down into the water. Not one in the house was hurt.

"Of the Lavine family six out of seven are reported dead. Of the Burnett family only one is known to have been saved. The family of Stanley G. Spencer, who met death in the Cotton Exchange sa-

loon, is reported to be dead. "The Mistret House, in the west end, was turned into a hospital. All of the regular hospitals of the city were unavailable. Of the new Southern Pacific works little remains but the piling. Half a million feet of lumber was carried away, and Engineer Roschke says as far as the company is concerned it might as well start over again.

"Eight ocean steamers were torn from moorings and stranded in the bay The Kendall Castle was carried over the flats, Thirty-third street wharf to Texas City, and lies in the wreckage of the Inman pier. The Norwegian steamer Gyller is stranded between Texas City and Virginia Point. An ocean liner was swirled around through the West bay, crashed through the bay bridges and is now lying in a few feet of water near the wreckage of the railroad bridges. The steamship Taunton was carried across Pelican point and is stranded about ten steamer Alamo was torn from her wharf and dashed upon Pelican flats and against the bow of the British steamer Red Cross, which had previously been hurled there. The stern of the Alamo is stove in, and the bow of the Red Cross is

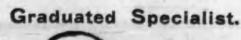
"Down the channel to the jetties two other ocean steamships lie grounded. Some schooners, barges and smaller craft are strown bottom side up along the slips of the piers. The tug Louise of the Houston Direct Navigation company is a wreck. It will take a week to tabulate the dead and the missing and to get anything near an approximate idea of the monetary loss. It is safe to assume that one-half of the property of the city is wiped out and that one-half of the residents have to face absolute poverty."

Ready Now

To weave rugs; rags best dyed with New Peerless, the one package dye, which I keep to sell. Also will care for the sick if services desired.

J. A. Louw, Genoa, N. Y.

DR. DAY,





Specialties: Catarrh and Diseases of the Lungs & Throat.

Liver and Sexual Organs. Also Positive Cure of the Liquer. Morphine or Oplum Habit.

Cured at Your Own Homes

EXAMINATIONS FREE AT THE Osborne House, Auburn, MONDAY, Oct. 8, 9 s. m. to 5 p. m.

Goodrich House, Moravia, TUESDAY, Oct. 9, 9 a m to 4 p m. Clinton House, Ithaca,

SATURDAY, Oct. 6, at same hours. And every four weeks thereafter. Treatment if desired, not to exceed \$2 per week. Special instruments for examining the lungs heart, liver and

kidneys. CURED HIMSELF.

Pronounced by his medical brethren an incurable consumptive, he was led to experiment with certain drugs and chemicals to save his own life. That he succeeded in doing and since then has cured hungreds of cases that were pronounced incurable.

WEAKNESS OF MEN AND WOMEN treated with a prescription procured while in Paris from one of the ablest French specialists, that has proven a sure cure for all weaknesses from whatever cause, of the sexual organs of male or female patients. A sure remedy at an

H. P. MASTIN.

Special Prices. September Leaders.

Bargain days during this month in every department. Ladies' low shoes to close out at less than cost. Boys' readymade clothing, men's pants, vests, and gents' furnishings to close before inventory.

Dress Goods Specials Extraordinary.

Try my teas, coffees and spices and baking powder at 15c.-every pound guaranteed. Yours truly,

The..Genoa.. FULL..ROLLER..MILLS..

Flour..Feed..and..Meal..of..Every..Kind.. Custom...Grinding..a..Specialty...



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Mastin. Hagin Hardware



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Repair Work a Specialty

MASTIN & HAGIN, GENOA.

McKinley Vs. Bryan

[Syracuse Herald.]

It is a curious fact that the Democratic and anti-Imperialist partisans who accuse President McKinley of a sinister desire to usurp extra-constitutional power and imperial authority are the very men who on other occasions sneer at the President as a milkand-water executive, as having no mind or stamina of his own, as being altogether too pliant to influences surrounding him, particularly that of strange that a man who is so timid and spineless as our Democratic friends represent McKinley to be should not be satisfied with the vast authority and responsibility of the Presidency, but should actually covet the power of an imperial dictator and tyrant?

Of course, these two views of Mc-Kinley are entirely and ridiculously antagonistic. In a letter in the New York Evening Post, Charlton T. Lewis. who has bitterly opposed the Philppine policy of the administration, announces his intention of supporting McKinley in preference to Bryan, and he riddles the theory that President McKinley has in him the making of an imperial despot. Mr. Lewis truthfully declares that "there is nothing The sweetest song which angels sing in his (McKinley's) character or history to suggest a wish on his part for any power but that of an elected or Constitutional Executive." He furthermore asserts that if the President has any fault it is "the weakness with which he has so often surrendered his own convictions of duty and policy to the pressure of a passing phase of popular feeling or of apparent party expediency;" and that, so far from the President having a lust for foreign conquest, if he had his way we should have had no war with Spain and no battle of Manila at all.

Obviously, William McKinley is not of the stuff of which Presidents who may become dangerous to a people or a country are made. Can as much be said for Bryan? Turning to Mr. Bryan, this anti-imperialist writer continues:

Had McKinley proclaimed his sympathy with the most dangerous revolt against equal rights and civil order which our Northern states have ever known, and denounced the government for asserting its right of way for its mails and its inter-State traffic against local rioters and murderers; had he gone into a State in which a faction of his party had enacted fraud can attain here below? and sanctioned violence in order to rob the people of their votes, and demanded that the entire party should for his sake adopt the crime; had he undertaken as Chief Magistrate to pack the Supreme court, in order to make its judgments conform to his policy; had he used his ascendency over his partisans to force them, against their better judgment, to advocate national repudiation and dishonor, in order to win the aid of a more violent faction, we should regard him, perhaps, as a stronger, but certainly as a more dangerous, President than he is. * * * All these things Mr Bryan has done or pledged himself to do, and no man who is capable of any of these acts is fit for a place of honor or power in the republic.

The more that wavering voters consider the subject the more clearly they will see that their interests will be in no danger, from so called imperialism or militarism or any other cause, while William McKinley is President. An executive who is so anxious to please the people, to study and follow the currents of popular thought, is tendencies to serve as an instrument for the overthrow of our republican system. There never was a more cautious and conservative President than McKinley. To trick him out as an aspirant to imperial honors and a plotter for imperial conquest, is to affront the sober common sense of the Virgin Mary at the foot of his bed. American people.

The Lane That Had No Turning.

Since adventuring into Egypt in quest of the raw material of which Canadian fields have been lying fal- him. low. He returns to them, however, with new vigor, and even fuller power; and the serial which he has just completed finds him at the highest dramatic level to which he has yet attained.

"The Lane That Had no Turning" is remarkable for its honest strength, thorough originality, and absorbing interest. The scene of the story is Pontiac (whither Valmond came), and the period the middle fifties. The leading characters are Madelinette, a famous singer, and her hus-band, Seignior of Pontiac, for whom she dares all and risks all. The story gains interest as it progresses and concludes with a striking and wholly unexpected finale.

"The Lane That Had no Turning" will begin in The Saturday Evening Post for Sept. 29, and run through five numbers.

Trusses fit when we do the fitting. There is an extensive assortment here and we select the best style for each Prices vary from \$1 to \$5



A SUNDAY IN A FOREST.

Lord, we on this Thy day would worship

While stately trees, like mighty harps Mark A. Hanna. Is it not passing Touched by the winds, send forth their harmony.

And birds sing praise in chorus sweet, While flowers blooming at our feet, Lift up their heads towards the sun and

All voices blend, all colors harmonize, All forms are graceful in the earth and

The spanning dome which stretches over

The clouds which float, like vessels, rise Upon the sky's deep sea-these are but

signs Which tell us, Lord, of Thee. Though voiceless these inanimate do

And we far more have cause for fervent praise, While birds their sweetest songs are carolling.

With swelling hearts, we would our voices raise. Wake then, my soul, pour forth thy song

This is thy Father's house and He is

Is not more sweet unto thy Father's

ear. -G. A. Warburton, in N. Y. Observer.

THE ETHICS OF SUICIDE.

To Take One's Own Life Is Neither Sensible Nor Moral, Says Count Leo Tolstoi.

There is just now such an alarming increase of suicides that all who have the temporal and eternal interests of mankind at heart should consider ways of stopping this form of stupid in-

iquity. To take one's own life is neither sensible nor moral.

Life in reality is indestructible. Life is not confined to time or space. Life is everlasting.

Death at the utmost can only change life's outward form, shortening its existence in this world.

As to life's abbreviation in this world, what guarantee have I that its spiritual resurrection in the hereafter will be more pleasant and congenial? How do we know that we will, after destroying our own bodies, be enabled to attain for our "ego" that which we

tant-it is senseless to lay hands on our own lives, driven by some form of discontentment, because we assert by this act that we have a thoroughly false conception of the significance of life

Most bestial is the idea that life has been vouchsafed to us only and alone for carnal and mental enjoyment and pieasure. Life is given us for our selfperfection and in order that we may be enabled to serve mankind collec-

All work, everything we undertake, disagreeable, sometimes appears mountain high. Obstacles abash us, dangers inspire fear, disappointments discourage us, misfortunes bring de-

Nevertheless, suicide is foolish and immoral, because only a coward lays down his weapons in battle and flees, rushing perhaps into greater peril.

Suicide is immoral because life has been granted us until the time when we shall die a natural death, and with the proviso that we serve all men, and disqualified by his temperament and not to tire of it when we can no longer please our own flesh and mind.

In the desert of Optina a lame, paralyzed monk lay suffering for 30 years. He could only use his left arm. Physicians declared that the poor man was suffering untold tortures, but he never uttered a word of complaint, his eyes ever uplifted toward an image of the

Thousands visited the bedridden sufferer, and it is difficult to compute the amount of good done by this humble, uncomplaining servant of God.

The monk thanked God every day for fiction is made, Mr. Gilbert Parker's the little spark of life maintained in

This unfortunate monk, I claim, did more good than the thousands upon thousands of happy, healthy people who boast of helping their fellow men in the various charitable institutions.

As long as we live we can perfect our own selves and serve one another, and we only serve others by perfecting curselves in this world and in the world to come.-Count Leo Tolstoi, in N. Y. World.

Serving Without Recognition.

Unselfishness seeks no human recognition. To do good to those who do not appreciate it, to serve those who will never even know by whom the service was rendered, are marks of true unselfishness. Wether our service is recognized or not is of small consequence. But it is of consequence for us to make sure that our service is freely rendered without thought of recognition.-S. S. Times.

Quiet.

It is on still waters that there comes perfect reflection of the shores and



What's good enough for the best people of Syracuse is none too good for my customers. That's the reason we have added New Era, Elite and National Coffees to our already large line of

Coffees.

New Era 35c, Elite 30c, National 25c, Boquet 35c, Best Rio and Java 28c, Golden Rio 25c, No. 1 Rio 20c, Arbuckle and Lyon 12c. at SMITH'S.

Gold Dust, 18c pkg. 7 cakes Lenox Soap, 25c.

sire, that Christ is best reflected for the hurrying, troubled world. The peace of God becomes the shadow of God's presence for those who have no peace.-I. O. R.

An Abundant Life.

An abundant life does not show itself in abundant dreaming, but in abundant iving .- Drummond.

Homan Frailty.

All men are frail, but thou shoudest eckon none so frail as theyself .-Thomas a Kempis.

Baptist Ghurch Notes.

BY THE PASTOR.

Topics Sunday: Morning, "The Life That Tells." Evening, "Oldfashioned Hell."

Bible school at the close of morning worship. All who are not habitual attendants elsewhere are cordially invited to attend.

Prayer-meeting Thursday evening. Everybody welcome.

The Sunday evening Happy Hour service is increasing in numbers and interest. Special music by the choir Sunday evening. The talk will be a Moreover-and this is most impor- synopsis of what the Keuka Assembly divines think of hell fire and brim-

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor-John B. Stanchfield of Chemung.

For Lieutenant Governor-William F. Mackey of Erie.

For Secretary of State-John T.

Norton of Rensselaer. For Comptroller-Edwin S. At-

water of Dutchess. For Treasurer-John B. Judson of

For Attorney General-Thomas F.

Conway of Clinton.

For Engineer and Surveyor-Russell R. Stuart of Onondaga.

For Sale,

at a bargain, a half interest in a general hardware. Inquire of W. D. MASTIN, Genoa.

The tanned skin which was quite the thing at the seashore, mountain or lake is entirely out of place now that the vacation season is over. Violet Marshmallow will relieve you quickly and bring the skin back to its normal condition 25 cts Sagar Drug store, Auburn.

If you are particular about your job printing, try The TRIBUNE print.

HYNES' SHOE STORE

to the state of the

When a Man Buys a Work Shoe

he wants a good one- one that is easy wearing, one that has good stout counters and shanks, strong durable soles, uppers of the best selected oil grain stock, and all these securely put together.

You will find all these features in the one we are selling at \$1.50 a pair.

DANIEL A. HYNES,

Formerly E. C. Lathrop.

57 Genesee St., Auburn.

Subscribe now for THE TRIBUNE.

Jardinieres. Flower Pots

As fine an assortment as was ever shown in town; prices right.

Avery's Hardware,

Some Questions

Asked at our Fair Exhibit.

"Do you pay freight to our nearest depot?" We do, and we make no charge for crating or burlapping.

"Can we order by mail?" Yes, indeed, and be dead sure you pay exactly the same as though you came to our store. We have ONE PRICE for all, no difference who or where you are. Can you not see that with one price strictly adhered to, we must be absolutely sure that we are on rock bottom? We "THROW IN" nothing, not even suspenders or an extra pair of shoestrings.

"Will you send us Pictures, Photographs, etc., on application?" We will.

Successors to The Bool Co.

"Will you figure on a job which will come to \$10,000, more or less, for a hospital in a large Western city, most of the Furniture to be specially constructed?" Bet you we will; last week we finished deliveries on a job for a corporation, not a thousand miles from Cornell University Campus, where the items of Desks and Dressers alone numbered over 200, all of which were specially constructed. We know where every factory in the United States is, what each can do, and, having been associated for a term of years with the New England Furniture & Carpet Co. of Minne-apolis, the largest housefurnishing establishment in the West, which possibly outfits more Hotels, Hospitals and Public Institutions than any other house in the country, it is fair to suppose that we can turnish goods, make prices and render service which will be satisfactory.

Empire State

Housefurnishing Co., ITHACA, N. Y.

😉 🔯 pp, Proprietor. arpet Department is already on a high pressure basis. We were obliged to send for more

THE GENOA TRIBUNE

TELEPHONE IN CONNECTION.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1900.

GENOA MAIL SERVICE. Mail closes for Locke, 6:55 a. m., 5:55 p. m.; for East Venice 12:30 p. m.; Ithaca 1:00 p. m. Mail arrives from Locke 11 a. m., 9:10 p. m.; F. Venice 11:30 a. m.; Ithaca 13:30 p. m. Office open Sunday from 12:00 to 1:00. LEE HEWITT, P. M.

Auburn stage leaves daily except Sunday at 6:45 a.m. Orders promptly attended.
WILL EATON.

SPECIAL NOTICES. Advertisements under this head are five

cents per line. Seven words make a line. Everybody reads these.

Shropshire ewe lambs for sale. L. W. HAMMOND, Venice Center. For sale, choice Shropshire yearling rams and ram lambs, grades and thoroughbreds; choice grade ewes.

W. B. SAXTON, Venice Center. Remember that J. B. Liberman the reliable dealer in watches, diamonds, silverware, etc. makes regular trips through this section every 30 days. All the best grades in stock. Write him at Moravia for a special want.

Blackberry Brandy for summer complaint. 50 cts the pint. Sagar Drug store, Auburn.

Get our prices on rubber, copper, etc., before selling to others. Leave at barber shop. Pearl Hunter, Genoa.

For sale—French coach colt 4 mos. old; price low. John Nolan, Five Cor.

THE VILLAGE NOTES

NEWS PICKED UP BY THE TRIBUNE REPORTERS.

What Has Happened in Genoa During the Past Seven Days-An Interesting Page.

-Don't fail to read the "specials"

at the head of these local columns. -D. C. Hunter and family visited friends at Moravia on Sunday.

-Myron Morey of Ludlowville was in town on business Saturday.

-Mesers. Rodney Shurger and Vance Avery were in Cortland Mon-

-G. Albert Ward of New York is stopping at Hotel DeWitt for a few

-Mrs. Dr. Frank Willis of Ithaca

-Mr. Fred Herrick and Miss Hopkins of Groton were guests at J. S. Banker's Sunday.

-W. A. Pugsley drives out with a stylish rig these days—the gift of a brother at Toronto.

-Harry Watkins of Scipioville and Paul Ward of Sherwood were calling on friends in town Sunday.

-Charles Clark and family of Summerhill were renewing acquaint-

ances in this section one day recently. -Mrs. Mary E. Sellen of Kentucky who has been visiting Mrs. Hurlbutt at Cascade, is now visiting friends in

Genoa. -Theo. A. Miller enjoyed the balvisiting relatives at Cortland, Groton and Auburn.

-W. A. Singer has sold his stock Genoa. of goods and store fixtures to Miss Ida Niles, who has reopened the store at East Genoa.

in the Morgan store and post office at Aurora, enjoyed a trip awheel thro' this vicinity one day recently.

-Venice Tremaine of SanFrancisco and Mrs. W. M. Battey of Rochester are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Tremaine, at Ledyard.

-Mrs. Ida Swift and daughters have returned to their home in Cortland, after spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Tremaine, at Ledyard.

The fall term of the Sherwood Select School will begin on Mon-day, September 17th. This school was founded in 1871 and maintains Wednesday where he played in Prof. gift.

Partello's band during the day and with the orchestra in the evening. Mr. Smith is recognized as an artist with the drums and traps.

-Mrs. D. L. Mead went to Moravia Wednesday to spend a few days with nearly over. relatives there.

-Mrs. Caroline Crawfoot is visiting her daughter, Mrs. John Hutchison, for a few days.

-Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Hagin and ateles, will take possession Oct. 1st. son left yesterday to spend a week

-Mrs. A. T. Smith of Belltown spent a few days this week at her son's, J. H. Smith, whose daughter be furnished by Lanterman's orches-Lillian has been quite sick.

-Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Ames returned from Franklinville Saturday evening. They are packing up their household goods preparatory to moving there.

-The high wind prevailing Wednesday brought down large quantities of apples and other fruit, Mr. Wheeler began to buy apples yesterday. The prices are very low.

-Mrs. C. A. Ames returned Tuesday from a visit of several weeks in Cortland county, considerably improved in health. Her mother, Mrs. L. I. Eldredge, accompanied her home and will remain a few days.

-D. E. Singer is attending the session of the Massachusetts College of Embalming at Syracuse this week. He has had considerable experience as a funeral director and will soon be prepared to look after the business in all its details.

-Mrs. Elihu Crandall of Sempronius was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Eaton, a few days last week. They attended the funeral of a cousin, Mrs. Henry Watson, at Waterloo, who died at the early age of 35 from consumption.

-On this page will be found an announcement from Loomis & Parker the well known dealers in farm implements, vehicles and horse furnishings. They have a great stock and are good fellows to deal with. Notice their ad from week to week.

—J. W. Blackwell of Lodi was in. town Monday. He had a team and lumber wagon, a sewing machine from New Woodstock Sunday, a dishas been visiting relatives in town tance of some 50 miles. We under- millinery store in this village. The default of payment on a chattel mortgage.

> land Monday by the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. Lucretia Humphrey, who died Wednesday morning. The funeral will be held today at 1 o'clock. Miss Susan Howe, who arrived Monday evening to spend some time at.home, went to Cortland this morning to attend the funeral.

-Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Kinney of Cortland stopped in town for a short time Monday. They were taking a trip on their locomobile, having been to Syracuse, Auburn and Union Springs and expected to go to Ludlowville and Freeville and on to ance of his vacation the past week, Cortland. The locomobile attracted considerable attention as it was the first vehicle of its kind to pass thro'

-The drouth continues. Wells containing plenty of good water are indeed a rare thing. Farmers have to -W. A. Bartlett, a popular clerk draw water for their stock and nearly every family in town is getting along on half rations. The Hubert mill shut down Monday night, there not being enough water in the creek to make steam in the boiler. Did any body ever drill for a flowing well in this valley?

-An invitation is extended to all to be present at the Dryden fair on Wednesday, September 19th, when there will be married by Rev. R. W. MacCullough, D. D., Ph. D., in front of the grand stand, a high school graduate and a business man, their names to be announced at the time of the ceremony. Messrs. Beard & the high standard for thoroughness Peck of Cortland have charge of this for which it has been distinguished. interesting event, and are the donners -D. W. Smith went to Moravia of the \$50 parlor suite as a wedding

-A meeting of the Woman's Missionary society of the Presbyterian church will be held on Saturday at 3 p. m. at the home of Mrs. Slocum, -B. F. Close lost by fire last Mon- instead of Mrs. Hagin, as announced day morning his barn and contents Sunday. Subject, "Japan." All are and a good horse. The horse was in- welcome to attend this, and all other sured, we understand, for \$100 and services of the church. The new there was also some insurance upon singing books just purchased for use the other property. The fire was in the Sunday school are very pleasnoticed about 6 o'clock in the ing to both the younger and olde

-The days of ice cream soda are

-Ray Bower made a business trip to Skaneateles the first of the week.

-Ray Bower and sister, having purchased the Orr place near Skane-

-A dance has been announced for at North Fair Haven, Lake Ontario. Friday evening, Sept. 21, at the rink in this village, under the auspices of the baseball team. Music will

King Ferry.

SEPT. 12-Miss Celia Grinnell is attending the Cortland Normal school. Mrs. Helen Hall who has been a guest of Mrs. C. W. Dennis has returned to her home in Connecticut.

Miss Mary E. Lewis has returned from a visit with friends in Seneca county.

Our village school commenced on Monday with F. Wiley of Cayuga and Miss Catherine Detrick of King Ferry af teachers.

Mrs. R. T. Gibbs and daughter are occupying rooms in part of Mrs. Eva Niblo's house.

About 40 couples attended the party in Ogden's hall on Friday

Mrs. Edward Riley died at her home in Venice Tuesday, Sept. 11th, aged 76 years. Funeral from St.

Mary's church Thursday at 11 a. m. Mrs. John Bruton of Auburn visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Mul-

ligan, last week. Miss Lizzie Riley is home from Auburn on a vacation.

Mrs. B. F. Coleman and daughter, Miss Claytina, visited friends in Auburn the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Tremaine, Mr. and Mrs. Hudson Truman, Mrs. Ida Swift and daughters, Edith and Helen, of Cortland, Mrs. Cora Battey of Rochester, Mr. Venice Tremaine of San Francisco, Cal., and Mr. and Mrs. Ai Lanterman were guests of Alfred Lanterman and family on Wednesday

Mrs. Jay E. Shaw, who has had and large chair, and had driven thro' two years of practical experience in the business, has arranged to open a stand that he took the property in ladies of this vicinity will find it a great convenience, as they can be supplied here as nicely and taste--Mrs. S. Howe was called to Cort- fully as anywhere. We bespeak for Mrs. Shaw a most liberal and satisfactory patronage.

Millinery at King Ferry.

Having purchased a fine line of fall and winter millinery goods, I respectfully announce to the ladies of King Ferry and vicinity that I shall be pleased to supply their wants in a neat and stylish manner at prices satisfactory to all. Call and see the new styles in millinery.

MRS. JAY E. SHAW.

New Millinery Store.

Having opened a millinery store in the Young block, we desire to say that we have a fine assortment of fall and winter goods, all the new styles and shape. A cordial invitation is extended to the ladies of this vicinity to call and look at the latest creations

> MRS. E. B. BEEBEE, Mrs. S. Wright.

Peaches and Grapes

In their season. Positively none sold on Sunday; please do not come. E. J. LYON, Atwaters.

Doom kills bed bugs. It is certain in its results as the name indicates. It kills the bugs and also kills the eggs, and does not injure furniture or clothing, 25 cts. Sagar Drug store, Auburn.

Born.

MULVANEY-To Mr. and Mrs. James 1900, a daughter.

NEIDICK-To Mr. and Mrs. Harold Neidick, Ithaca, N. Y., Aug. 24, 1900, a daughter.

Oakwood Seminary Union Springs, N. Y. 104th Year Opens Sept. 19.

A home and day school for both sexes, founded by New York Yearly Meeting of Friends but open to earth. Look us over and criticise if you can. all denominations. Prepares for college, scientific schools and busi-Good equipment, endowed, expenses moderate.

F. H d Master. Thomas M. Trynicki MP Suck of Street Falton New Yark 12009

Foster, Ross & Baucus.

THE BIG STORE.

Grand Showing of

Fall and Winter Wear.

Dress Goods

Accept this as an invitation to visit our Dress Goods Department. We are showing the choicest collection of desirable

Black and Colored Dress Materials

ever brought together. The collection embraces all grades from the most moderately priced to the finest foreign productions.

All the new effects in colored dress goods, black dress goods silks, velvets, etc.

Qualities the Best. Prices the Lowest.

Colored Dress Goods.

Pebble Cheviots, Venetians, Satin Soliel, Royal Cords, French Broadcloths, Coverts, Camel's Hair, Homespuns, Imperial Twills, Satin Burbers, Panne Venetians, Velours, Rainette. Poplins.

Black Dress Goods.

French Cords, Cashmeres, Satin Souliel, Parolas, Storm Serge, Drap d'ete, Cheviots, Broadcloths, Venetians, Armures, Granite Poplins, Camel's Hair, Panne Worsteds. Henriettas,

Complete line of evening shades, velvets in a great range of colorings, Taffeta silks in a host of desirable shades, double face cloths, reverse side in plain and plaid effects. A pleasure to show you.

Foster, Ross

LOOMIS&PARKER

The Leading Carriage and Harness Dealers of Moravia

wish to announce that they will close out the balance of their Nets, Dusters, Fly Blankets and summer goods; also

> 25 Top Buggies, 20 Road Wagons, 20 Three-Spring Wagons,

and the balance of our Surries, at greatly reduced prices, to make room for winter goods. Seeing is believing; come in and see us.

LOOMIS & PARKER,

Central Street,

Ready for Your Inspection;

Mulvaney, Genoa, N. Y., Sept. 7, OUR FALL & WINTER LINES OF

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits.

Overcoats,



Hats and Caps,

Neckwear. Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves and Mittens.

Better values than ever from the best makers on

C. R. EGBERT, The People's Clothier and Hatter,

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

The soothing and healing properties of this remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures have made it a great favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of small children for colds croup and whooping cough, as it gives quick relief, and as it contains no opium or other harmful drug, it may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by Banker.

Printed Envelopes.

Every farmer and business man should use envelopes with his name printed on the corner. It insures the return of the letter if not delivered. One hundred fine envelopes printed for 50 cents. Order by mail or call at THE TRIBUNE office.

Sample Copies.

Sample copies of THE TRIBUNE are free. We are always pleased to send copies to any address. If you receive a sample copy consider it an invitation to subscribe.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Genoa Free School and Academy.

School Year begins Sept. 4

All departments thoroughly graded. Regents courses given in Academic and Preliminary studies, and parents are kept in touch with the work of each scholar by monthly certificates based upon class work and written examinations.

There is an excellent library of 475 volumes, all new books, classical and standard works; also astronomical and physical apparatus, encyclopedia, charts, maps and all necessary equip-

FACULTY:

C. E. SMITH, Cortland Normal,

- - PRINCIPAL, FLORA ALLING PRIMARY DEPARTMENT MARION IVES -

Tuition, \$3, \$4 and \$5 per term, payable in ALL cases in advance to the principal, who will give a receipt therefor when paid. For further particulars address.

Geo. Slocum, Trustee.



Lion Heel

Save Shoes wonderfully Reduce bills accordin'y Win praise immediate'y Appreciated by ladies

and gentlemen allke, SAMPLE PAIR MAILED TOC.

L'ON HEEL PLATE (O

Ithaca, N. Y. Sample Bov, 15 pairs, prepaid, 75c.

Lehigh Valley TIME TABLE.

[In effect Nov. 19th, 1599.1

Trails leave Locke:

SOUTHWARD,

8.44 A. M. Dally except Sunday for Locke, Groton, Freeville, Dryden, Newark Valley, Owego, Sayre and intermediate stations, Connections at Freeate stations, Connections at Free-Cazenovia, Canastota, and intermediate stations, and at Sayre with solid vestibuled train for Wilkesbarre Allentown, Philadelphia New Yo and all points in the coal regions.

12.45 F. M. Daily except Sunday. Accommodation for all points south on the Auburn division.

7-56 P. M. Daily except Sunday for Groton, Freeville, Dryden, Owego, Sayre and all intermediate stations, Connections at Freeville for Ithaca, Elmira, cortland and intermediate stations, and at Sayre with fast express for Wilkesbarre, Allentown, Philadel phia and New York.

9.06 a. M. SUNDAYS ONLY. For all points south to New York and Philadelphia.

NORTHWARD. 9.37 A. M. Daily except Sunday for Auburn, Weedsport, Sterling, North Fair Haven and intermediate stations, Connects at Auburn with New York Central. at Weedsport with New York Central and West Shore, and at Sterling with Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg.

P. M. Daily except Sunday. Local se-commodation for Auburn and interme-diate stations. Connects at Auburn with New York Central.

0-53 r. m. Daily except Sunday for Auburn and intermediate stations. Connects at Auburn with New York Central.

7.15 F. M. SUNDAYS ONLY. For Auburn, Weedsport, Sterling and North Fair Haven. Connects at Auburn with New York Central.

BOLLIN H. WILBUR, Gen. Supt., South Beth-CHAS. S. LES, Gen. Pass. Agent, 26 Cortlandt Street. New York.

M. B. CUTTER, Supt. of Transportation, South Bethlehem, Pa.

Auburn-Ithaca Branch.

Trains leave King Ferry station:

SOUTHWARD

m. For Ludiewville, Ithaca, Sayre, wanda, Wilkesbarre, Allentown, Philadelphia and New York. p. m. Local and accommodation for thaca and intermediate stations.

p. m. For Ithaca and intermediate stations, Sayre, Towanda, Wilkesbarre, Allentown, Philadelphia and New York,

NORTHWARD. u. For Aurora, Union Springs and uburn. Connects at Auburn with New York Central cast and west. w. Local for Auburn and intermediate stations, also councets with New York Central

WILL LEAVE CHINA.

Looks Now as if American Truots May Come Home.

WILLENGLAND AND GERMANY REMAIN?

Not Known In Diplomatte Circles Whether Russia's Note Relative to Evacuation Has Been Responded To-tar Policy.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.-The developments in the Chinese situation point to a speedy withdrawar of the United States troops from China. General Chaffee has added the weight of his opinion to that already entertained by many officials here. It probably is significant that the general's statement on this point was given publicity by the administra-

No confirmation is at hand here of the report that Great Britain and Germany have joined in an agreement to remain together in Peking regardless of the attitude of the other powers. Should this be true the fact doubtless would hasten the rearward movement of the American troops, for there is a firm determination to avoid becoming involved in any clash between the powers, such as might reasonably be expected to follow the execution of this reported British-German pro-

If there have been further responses to the Russian note relative to evacuation, their purport cannot be ascertained This delay no longer interferes with the execution of the American policy. The state department has a reasonably accurate understanding of the attitude of even those powers that have not made formal responses to the Russian note, so that the mere written record of their views is not of importance.

The part of the problem relative to

withdrawal that remains unsolved is the best means of securing guarantees for the attainment of the few objects set out in Secretary Hay's note of July 3, which have not yet been secured. Possible guarantees must be obtained from two sides-from the Chinese government as to the security of American treaty rights and the creation of a claims commission, which shall provide for the payment of indemnity for the losses suffered by American citizens and for the expenditures on account of the Peking relief expedition. Then it is entirely possible that it may be regarded as necessary it any of the allies refuse to leave Peking and persist in a war of conquest that the interests of the United States in the matter of trade, of the "open door" and of all rights now guaranteed to us in China by treaty be made a matter of special agreement between the United States and these warring powers. It does not follow that because the United States troops are to be withdrawn this autumn from China that our interests will be left completely at the mercy of the other powers. On the contrary, such disposition will be made of these troops that they, with others if necessary, can be returned to China in short order. To this end the entire army of General Chaffee will be quartered in some of the pleasantest and most salphrions portions of the Philippines. If they are wanted again in China, they can be transported inside of a week, thoroughly refreshed

and fitted for effective action. Maine's Election.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 11.-R turnfrom 200 towns and plantations out of 512 districts give Hill (Rep.) 43,734 and Lord (Dent.) 24,167. The same places four years ago gave Powers (Rep.) 48,-762 and Frank (Dem.) 19,430. This shows a Republican loss of 11 per cent and a Democratic gain of 20 per cent. On this basis it is estimated that the Republican plurality this year will be about 32,291. The Republican state ticket was elected with all four congressmen and a great majority of the legislature. There was every incentive for voting. The campaign had been a spirited one, but the vote was not quite as heavy as in 1896, but exceeded that of the 1898 election by many thousands, and the managers of both parties when the returns from different towns came in felt that they were fully repaid for their strenuous efforts of the past four weeks.

The Democratic Convention.

SARATOGA, Sept. 11. - John B. Stanchfield of Elmira will be the Croker-Murphy-Shevlin candidate for governor. This decision was arrived at after a conference at which Frank Campbell, repre senting David B. Hill, was present and after Mr. Campbell on behalf of Mr. Hill refused the offer of those in power to name a candidate other than Bird S. Coler. Mr. Croker will not declare in favor of Mr. Stanchfield until today, when it is believed that Senator Mackey will have been induced to accept the nomination for lieutenant governor. The outcome of the conference leaves little doubt of Hill's intention to fight to a finish. In fact the more conservative thinkers say he could not consistently pursue any other course in the circum-

Denniston Case Transferred.

ALBANY, Sept. 11 .- The case of Edward M. Denniston, the former index clerk of the assembly, indicted on the charge of complicity in the fraudulent changes in the Rochester school bill, has been transferred from the county court to the supreme court. The change was made principally because Judge Gregory did not desire to try the case, as he presided during the investigation and acted as committing magistrate.

Craig Disqualified.

LONDON, Sept. 11 .- At the Wonderland gymnasium, Whitechapel, London, in a contest for the middleweight championship of England, Frank Craig, "the Harlem Coffee Cooler," was defeated in four rounds by Geerge Gardiner of Lowell, Mass. The fight was spoiled by hugging and clinching throughout. Craig,

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Bries; and Tersely Told.

The cotton crop of Texas was sever to damaged by Saturday's storm.

General Baden-Powell has been a; pointed chief of the Transvaul points. All mines are working at Wilkesbari

and it is believed there will be no strike Minister Wu in Washington has receive ed an imperial edict authorizing Li House Chang to make peace without conternia.

with the emperor. A dispatch from Berlin says Gra Britain and Germany have agreed not evacuate Peking until full satisfacily for the recent outrages has been obtained

General Chaffee reported that the Rusian legation would leave soon for The. tsin and that evidently diplomatic negation tiations would not be resumed there for a long time.

The remarkable run of the Hamburg American line steamship Deutschland a exciting unusual interest in Engana There is much complaint because Bi ti-a vessels are thus distanced in the speed competition.

Monday, Sept. 10.

Australian mail advices told of brutal murders in New South Wales by a band

A conference in Chicago of beef pack ers was thought to indicate a rise in the price of meat.

A dispatch received from Amoy, China, says that all the foreign marines who had been landed there and at Ku lang-fu have been withdrawn.

Third Vice President Stubbs of the Southern Pacific company said in San Francisco that Mr. H. E. Huntington would probably be made its president. The cruiser Baltimore, Rear Admiral

Watson's flagship, has arrived in New York harbor. This is her first visit to home waters since the fight in Manila

Miss Mary L. Gest, 50 years old, was killed and Miss Kate Smallwood was badly hurt in a runaway accident at Blackwood, N. J. They were driving to church when the horse took fright and ran away. The granting of his request for an in-

vestigation of his office by the war department has resulted in a complete vindication of Colonel Amos S. Kimball, the assistant quartermaster general in charge of the New York depot. Little Maria Santello deliberately risk-

ed her life to save the Chicago express on the Lehigh railroad near Bound Brook, N. J. She succeeded, but will go through life without a right hand and with only a part of the left. Maria is only 8 years old.

Saturday, Sept. S. Secretary Root has gone to Southampton, N. Y., slightly indisposed.

No new cases of the plague were reported in Glasgow, and the danger is thought to have passed. The Manchester (England) cotton spin-

ners decided not to buy any more American cotton in September. The transport Warren, with men of the Ninth cavalry aboard, was diverted

to Manila from Nagasaki. William Bullock, who murdered the chief of police at Red Bank, escaped from jail at Freehold, N. J.

The steamship Count, New York for Galveston, reported four vessels ashore on the Florida coast in the West India

The postoffice department has issued a fraud order against the American Teachers' agency of Washington and its

Friday, Sept. 7,

A Russian geographer has ascended the Great Ararat. William J. Bryan, at Grafton, W. Va., paid a tribute to the late Arthur Sewall.

The state fair at Syracuse has proved profitable for the first time in many Anthracite coal miners threaten a gen-

eral strike. Over 1,000,000 people will be affected if it is called.

It was denied in London that Sir Charles Warren would succeed Lord W F. Seymour in command of British troops in Canada.

British bondholders of the Delagoa Bay railroad approved in London the compromise by which American claimants get about £100,000.

American miners in disputed Alaska territory received notice from Secretary Hay of protection under the Anglo-American medus vivendi.

A telegram from Tromso, Norway, in reporting the return of the Duke of Abruzzi's arctic expedition, says the Stella Polare reached latitude 86 degrees 33 minutes north, thus penetrating farther than Dr. Nansen.

Thursday, Sept. 6. Rev. E. M. Cravath, a founder of Fisk university, died at St. Charles, Minn. The steamship Umatilla brought \$1,-

The population of Albany was announced as 94,151, showing a loss since 1890 of .81 of 1 per cent.

500,000 of Klondike gold to San Fran-

Alabama coal to the amount of 180,000 tons was sold in New Orleans to replace the Pennsylvania product. New York city departmental estimates

so far received show that the expenditures next year will amount to \$100,000, M. C. D. Borden of New York surprised the cotton trade at Fall River by

buying 500,000 pieces of cotton at 27/4

cents. The weather bureau at Washington sent out a bulletin of an approaching tropical storm which will bring rain wind and cool weather.

Wednesday, Sept. 5. One more plague case was reported at Glasgow.

A cargo of American cotton was burned on a quay at Genoa. Ex-Governor Lewelling of Kansas died at Arkansas City Kan Nineteen ron, G., hat

Two railr

Proceedings of the Arrested Lines for the Li

burt in a colli-

Crossman & Swart, the Eye Fitters,

Job Printing, the best the cheapest.

We make glasses that are

guaranteed to fit your eyes

perfectly. Be up to date

and wear framelss glasses.

92 Genesee Street,



DR. PIERCE'S SANITARIUM. UNION SPRINGS, N. Y., ON THE EAST SHORE OF CAYUGA LAKE.

A quiet, restful, home-like place, fully equipped with conveniences for the application of modern rational medical and surgical treatment: Mechanical Massage, Electricity in all forms, Inhalations, Hot Air Treatment, Turkish, Russian, Electro-thermal, Medicated, Sitz, and Shower Baths, etc. Main building of brick and stone, 70 rooms, and two cottages for nervous and surgical cases, one of 7 and the other of 13 rooms, all pleasantly situated in the center of the charming village of Union Springs and surrounded by shady lawns. The rooms are thoroughly ventilated and in cold weather warmed by steam and open fires. An ideal lake-side resort; boating, fishing, fine drives. Moderate

charges for board and treatment or for board only.

Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of women, disorders of the digestive system, and nervous affections, including inebriety (opium, mor-

phine, cocaine, and alcohol habits). IF AILING, whether able to visit the Sanitarium or not, write for our question sheet and illustrated, descriptive booklet, or any one of the following booklets: (2) Paralysis and other Nervous Affections; (3) Diseases of Women; (4) Tumors, including Cancer, and their Treatment by New Methods; (5) Diseases Peculiar to Men. While most chronic diseases can be more successfully treated by the special methods which are employed in a thoroughly equipped sanitarium, yet we have treated successfully thousands of patients at their own homes.

F. D. PIERCE, M. D., Sup't.

EXTRACTS FROM ANNUAL REPORTS OF

CASES TREATED AT THE SANITARIUM.

and for a long time previous. I had been suffer-ing from insomnia and the worst kind of ner-vousness. If I laid down and chanced to lose myself in sleep a few minutes, a terrible crawling of my nerves aroused me and the only relief I could get was to walk the house for an hour, often not getting one hour of sleep dur-ing the night. I got no relief from the doctors and was fast wearing out for the need of sleep A friend advised me to consult Dr. Pierce, at the Sanitarium, Union Springs, N.Y. I did so at once. I took his treatment for a few weeks and up to this time I am enjoying good sleep and my general health is very much improvand my general health is very much impreed."-Joun Hook, Ithaca, N.Y., Jan. 16, 1899

CASE 1856-Nervous Prostration. -"I was at the Union Springs Sanitarium in the winter of 1890-1891. I was carried there upon a bed most of the way. I left there unattended and traveled about until Nov., 1891. I cannot ever forget the kind care and the bene fit I received from Dr. Pierce and his assist ants. As long as memory serves me, I shall hold the place and the people most dear."—B. D. Annewalt, Cleveland, O. (Mr. Annewalt is President of the Cleveland Directory Co.)

CASE 1467-Paralysis of both upper nd lower limbs of 18 years standing—Cured.— For the benefit of suffering humanity and in justice to my benefactor, I feel that it is my duty to report the marvelous cure that has been effected in my case. Nineteen years ago I had Spinal Fever, since which time I had been paralyzed and unable to stand or walk a step. Seven long, weary years I spent in bed and for three years was not able to even feed myself. Twelve years ago. Rheumatism set in and my joints became swoolen, enlarged and painful and remained so. In this condition I went to the Sanitarium, at Union Springs N.Y., and placed myself in the care of Dr. Franklin D. Pierce, the superintendent of that institution. As the result of his skillful treat ment and the unsurpassed facilities of the Sapitarium for the application of electricity. mechanical massage and baths, I am to-day a comparatively well woman, and able to walk without a cane and go up and down stairs. When I went there, my body was wasted to a skeleton (50 lbs. weight), my appetite was poor and I could sleep but little, whereas now I am fleshier than before my lliness hineteen years ago."—ELIZABETH TRAPHAGEN, Lodi, Seneca Co., N. V.

CASE 302—Hemiplegia, or Paralysis of one side of the body.—'I went to Dr. Pierce's Sanitarium in 1886 to be treated for Paralysis. Sanitarium in 1886 to be treated for Paralysis. There was great loss of power and sensation on the left side of my body, drowsiness and pain in my head and back, great impairment of memory and of all my mental faculties, and a tendency to turn to the left and pitch forward when I attempted to rise or walk, which I could not do without a person of each old. could not do without a person at each side to assist me. Five weeks' treatment restored my health and vigor, there being not the slightest trace of paralysis left, and I have since con-ducted my business. I am now 78 years of age."—ALLEN ACERS, PORT BYTON, N. Y., July 7, 1990.

CASE 710—Uterine Disease, ("Female Weakness"), with Heart Affection.—"For years I had been a sufferer from general declining health, female weakness and sympathetic heart trouble. At times I would despair of ever being any better. Physicians afforded me only temporary relief. It was not until I placed myself under your skillful treatment, at Union Springs, that I experienced any decided benefit. My health has gradually improved until now I feel like a new being. It is now more than a year since I was at the Sanitarium. I have gained twenty pounds in flesh, and I do all my own work. Language fails to express my gratitude for this cure."—Mrs. S. Howard, Onondaga Vailey, N. Y. express my gratitude for this cure. Howard, Onondaga Valley, N. Y.

CASE 3802—Laceration of the Uterus and Perineum, with prolapsus of the womb, bladder and rectum—Double Operation—quick recovery.—One year after, she reports: "My health and general condition are very good. I believe I am enjoying about per-fect health for a person of my age. What my physical condition was when I placed myself under your care no one can describe so well as yourself. I was nimply a physical wreck from female weakness. I only wish that every poor sufferer similarly afflicted could know of your ability to cure them. I acknowledge with grat-titude not only your professional ability and skill, but also your gentle kindness while at your Sanitarium."—Mas. Saras A. Henry. Rast Genoa, N. Y.

CASE 4019—Nerrous Prostration with Insomula (Wakefulness).—"Last spring years from disease of the womb. During this time I had consulted several physicians who were considered very skillful, but they could do me no good. At last I was confined to my bed for five months, and my case was given up as a hopeless one. Finally, I came to you for treatment, where I remained one month, then returned home, treated myself a few weeks with your medicines, since which time I have been able to attend to my household duties."—Mrs. Mary E. Van Etten, Van Etten, Chemung Co., N. Y.

CASE 327-Abdominal Tumor. "Twenty-one years ago I was very ill after confinement. I was tapped and 40 pounds of matter drawn away, and afterwards wore a silver drainage tube for three years. Later an abdominal tumor developed, and I became so bad that my friends considered my case hopeless. I went to a prominent doctor in Syracuse who said there was no hope except to remove it with a knife, and that the chances would then be against me. I then went to you and was under your care five weeks. The growth of the tumor was arrested and its size reduced by your treatment, and I have since enjoyed a fair degree of health."-Mrs. Frances Rel. LOGG, Mexico, N. Y.

CASE 2216-Cancer of the Breast, case, 2216—Cancer of the Breast, advanced stage of development, with severe pain and an offensive discharge.—Was treated at the Sanitarium, Union Springs, N. Y., in 1893 and a cure effected. June 5th, 1899, she wrote as follows: "My health is very good. I grow stout all the time—weight at present 165 lbs.—Your friend, M. M." (Full name and address will be furnished interested personne approximately advanced in the contract of will be furnished interested persons on appli-

CASE 1976-Cancer of the Face--"F. D. Pierce, M. D., Dear Doctor: In the month of May, 1892, I took treatment of you for cancer on the right cheek, involving the right eye, and was permanently cured, and after a lapse of nearly five years there are no symp-toms of a reappearance of the morbid growth. I feel it my duty to help all suffering humanit-with this loathsome disease."—J. E. LESH, Warrensburg, Mo.

CASE 2721—Tumor of the Testicle weighing nine pounds—Removed by Operation—Speedy Recovery.—Eight months after reports as follows: "I have been in health ever since I turned my back on you last winter. We often speak of you and the kind friends we met at your home."—(Rev.) Jas. WRIGHT, Ridgeway, Lenawee Co., Mich.

CASE 2705—Gastritis, or Inflamma-tion of the Stomach.—Two years after being at the Sanitarium reports: "I am very thankful to say that I am able to work all the time, and have been ever since I came from there. You see you did too much for me."—RUTH BURE, Farmer, N. V.

CASE 479—Rheumatism and Sci-atica.—"I was taken to your Sanitarium, suffering with rheumatism and sciatica, which suffering with rheumatism and sciatica, which had existed for five months. There was great swelling of the joints, and the pain was excruciating. I was so that I could not turn in bed or help myself at all. After three weeks' treatment, I was able to walk through the halls, down stairs and out to a carriage, without assistance. I most heartly recommend the Sanitarium to all chronic invalids, from whatever disease they may be suffering." whatever disease they may be suffering. Mrs. E. C. Bower, Union Springs, N. Y.

CABE 2907—Bright's Disease, with bloody arine and a large amount of albumen and tube casts; had been pronounced boseless by prominent physicians, who predicted he would come home in a box from the Sanitarium.—Three years after being at the Sanitarium, his wife reports as follows: "Doctor, you saved my husband. To-day I think he is as well as he ever was; the urine has been of the right color, normal amount and in every way, to all color, normal amount and in every way, to all appearances, as healthy as it ever was, to an appearances, as healthy as it ever was. There is no bloating anywhere, no pain or soreness in his back and has not been for a long time—no symptoms of the disease any more than as though he had never had it. though he had never had it. There is never a day of my life I do not think of you and thank you for giving him back to me. I think it the most wonderful case I ever heard of; I knew most wonderful case I ever heard of; I knew he had Bright's disease and consequently thought he must die, for I had never heard of one getting well of that—I supposed it was but a matter of only a few weeks at most when I must give him up. When he went to you, I had no hope of your doing him any good, but it was the last straw and I caught at it as would a drowning man. He went and was

M'KINLEY'S LETTER

Makes Known His Acceptance of Renomination.

ADVOCATES ISTHNIAN WATERWAY.

Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines Considered-Favors Independence For the Islanders When Capable of Self Government.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 .- William McKinley, president of the United States, has made public his letter accepting the renomination on the Republican national ticket. The president declares unqualifiedly for the gold standard and prophesies its approval by the voters at the polls in the coming election. He also considers the tariff question, the Boer-British war and the isthmian wa terway. Cuba, Porto Rico and the Phil ippines are likewise dealt with.

Referring to the currency issue, he

"While regretting the reopening of this question, which can only disturb the present satisfactory financial condition of the government and visit uncertainty up on our great business enterprises, we a cept the issue and again invite the sour. money forces to join in winning another and we hope a permanent triumph for an honest financial system which will con tinue inviolable the public faith."

Concerning the tariff he says the fol-

"The Republican party remains fattle ful to its principle of a tariff which sup plies sufficient revenues for the govern ment and adequate protection to our enterprises and producers and of reciprocity which opens foreign markets to th fruits of American labor and furnished new channels through which to market the surplus of American farms. The time honored principles of protection and reci procity were the first pledges of Republican victory to be written into public

"In the unfortunate contest between Great Britain and the Boer states of South Africa the United States has maintained an attitude of neutrality in accordance with its well known traditional policy. It did not hesitate, however, when requested by the governments of the South African republies to exercise its good offices for a cessation of hostilities. It is to be observed that while the South African republics made like requests of other powers the United States is the only one which complied. The British government declined to accept the intervention of any power.

"A subject of immediate importance to our country is the completion of a great waterway of commerce between the Atlantic and Pacific. The construction of a maritime canal is now more than ever indispensable to that intimate and ready communication between our eastern and anarte demanded by the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands and the expansion of our influence and trade

"We have been in possession of Cuba since the 1st of January, 1899. We have restored order and established domestic tranquillity. We have fed the starving, clothed the naked and ministered to the We have improved the sanitary condition of the island. We have stimulated industry, introduced public education and taken a full and comprehensive enumeration of the inhabitants. The qualification of electors has been settled, and under it officers have been chosen for all the municipalities of Cuba. These local governments are now in operation, administered by the people. Our military establishment has been reduced from 43,000 to less than 6,000. An election has been ordered to be held on the 15th of September under a fair election law already tried in the municipal elections to choose members of a constitutional convention, and the convention in the same order is to assemble on the first Monday of November to frame a constitution upon which an independent gov ernment for the island will rest. All this is a long step in the fulfillment of our sacred guarantees to the people of Cuba.

"We hold Porto Rico by the same title as the Philippines. The treaty of peace which ceded us the one conveyed to us the other. Congress has given to this island a government in which the inhabitants participate, elect their own legislature, enact their own laws, provide their own system of taxation and in these respects have the same power and privileges enjoyed by other territories be longing to the United States and a much larger measure of self government than was given to the inhabitants of Louisi-

ana under Jefferson.

Referring to the Philippines he says: "Every effort has been directed to their peace and prosperity, their advancement and well being, not for our aggrandizement nor for pride of might, not for trade or commerce, not for exploitation, but for humanity and civilization and for the protection of the vast majority of the population, who welcome our sovereignty against the designing minority, whose first demand after the surrender of Manila by the Spanish army was to enter the city that they might loot it and destroy those not in sympathy with their selfish and treacherous designs.

"Nobody who will avail himself of the facts will longer hold that there was any alliance between our soldiers and the insurgents or that any promise of independence was made to them. Long before their leader had reached Manila they had resolved if the commander of the American navy would give them arms with which to fight the Spanish army they would later turn upon us, which they did murderously and without the shadow of cause or justification. There may be those without the means of full information who believe that we were in alliance with the insurgents and that we assured them that they should have independence. To such let me repeat the facts. On the 26th of May, 1898, Admiral Dewey was instructed by me to make no alliance with any party or faction in the Philippines that would incur

liability to maintain their cause in the

of department's instructions from the beginning, and I have entered into no alllance with the insurgents or with any faction. This squadron can reduce the defenses of Manila at any moment, but it is considered useless until the arrival of sufficient United States forces to retain possession.

"In the report of the first Philippine commission, submitted on Nov. 2, 1899, Admiral Dewey, one of its members, said, 'No alliance of any kind was entered into with Aguinaldo, nor was any promise of independence made to him at

"General Merritt arrived in the Philip-

pines on July 25, 1898, and a dispard from Admiral Dewey to the government at Washington said: 'Merritt arrived yes terday. Situation is most critical at Ma pila. The Spanish may surrender at any moment. Merritt's most difficult problem will be how to deal with the insurgents under Agnipaldo, who have become aggressive and even threatening toward our army.' Here is revealed the spirit of the insurgents as early as July, 1898, before the protocol was signed, while we were still engaged in active war with Spain Even then the insurgents were threaten

"On Aug. 13 Manila was captured, and of this and subsequent events the Philippine commission says: "When the city of Manila was taken, Aug. 13, the Filipinos took no part in the attack, but came following in with a view to looting the city and were only prevented from doing so by our forces preventing them from entering. Aguinaldo claimed that he had the right to occupy the city. He demanded of General Merritt the palace of Malacanan for himself and the cession of all the churches of Manila, also that a part of the money taken from the Spaniards as spoils of war should be given up and above all that he should be given the arms of the Spanish prisoners. All these demands were refused.

"Generals Merritt, Greene and Anderson, who were in command at the beginning of our occupation and until the surrender of Manila, state that there was no alliance with the insurgents and no promise to them of independence. On Aug. 17, 1898, General Merritt was instructed that there must be no joint occupation of Manila with the insurgents. General Anderson under date of Feb. 10, 1899, says that he was present at the interview between Admiral Dewey and the insurgent leader and that in this interview Admiral Dewey made no promises whatever. He adds: 'He (Aguinaldo) asked me if my government was going to recognize his government. I answered that I was there simply in a military capacity, that I could not acknowledge his government because I had no authority to do

"Would not our adversaries have sent Dewey's fleet to Manila to capture and destroy the Spanish sea power there, or, dispatching it there, would they have withdrawn it after the destruction of the Spanish fleet, and if the latter, whither would they have directed it to sail? Where could it have gone? What port in the orient was open to it? Do our adversaries condemn the expedition upder the command of General Merritt to strengthen Dewey in the distant ocean and assist in our triumph over Spain, with which nation we were at war? Was it not our highest duty to strike Spain at every vulnerable point, that the war might be successfully concluded at the earliest practicable moment?

"And was it not our duty to protect the lives and property of those who came within our control by the fortunes of war? Could we have come away at any time between May 1, 1898, and the conclusion of peace without a stain upon our good name?

"Could we have come away without dishonor at any time after the ratification of the peace treaty by the senate of the United States?

"There has been no time since the destruction of the enemy's fleet when we could or should have left the Philippine archipelago. After the treaty of peace was ratified no power but congress could surrender our sovereignty or alienate a foot of the territory thus acquired. The congress has not seen fit to do the one or the other, and the president had no authority to do either if he had been so inclined, which he was not. So long as the sovereignty remains in us it is the duty of the executive, whoever he may be, to uphold that sovereignty and if it be attacked to suppress its assailants. Would our political adversaries do less?

at has been asserted that there would have been no fighting in the Philippines if congress had declared its purpose to give independence to the Tagal insurgents. The insurgents did not wait for the action of congress. They assumed the offensive. They opened fire on our army. Those who assert our responsibility for the beginning of the conflict have forgotten that before the treaty was ratified in the senate and while it was being debated in that body and while the Bacon resolution was under discussion on Feb. 4, 1899, the insurgents attacked the American army after being previously advised that the American forces were under orders not to fire upon them except in defense. The papers found in the recently captured archives of the insurgents demonstrate that this attack had been carefully planned for weeks before it occurred. Their unprovoked assault upon our soldiers at a time when the senate was deliberating upon the treaty shows that no action on our part except surrender and abandonment would have prevented the fighting and leaves no doubt in any fair mind of where the responsibility rests for the shedding of American blood."

Returns From Vermont,

MONTPELIER, Vt., Sept. 7 .- Returns from 241 out of 246 cities and towns in the state give the governor's vote as follows: Stickney (Rep.), 38,102; Senter (Deni.), 15,919; all others, 1,275. In 1896 the same towns gave Grout (Rep.), 53, 288; Jackson (Dem.), 15,024; all others, 1,636. The returns from towns reported give Stickney a plurality of 32,183 and a majority over all of 30,008.

Comptroller Morgan Dead. ALBANY, Sept. 7 .- State Comptroller

failure was the limmediate cause of

New York Markets.

FLOUR—State and western steady and moderately active; Minnesota patents, \$4@4.30; winter straights, \$3.45@3.60; winter extras, \$2.70@2; winter patents, \$3.75@4.

WHEAT—Firm and higher on strong cables, a liberal decrease on passage, small world's shipments and foreign buying: Beptember, 78%@79c.; December, \$0.18-16@814c.

ing: September, 78%@79c.; December, 80 13-16@81%c.
RYE—Dull; state, 52@53c., c. i. f., New York; No. 2 western, 58c., f. o. b., afloat.
CORN—Firmer with wheat and on cables, together with a decrease on passage; September, 45%@45%c.; October,

OATS-Duil, but steady; track, white, state, 25@33c.; track, white, western, 25@ PORK-Firm; mess, \$12@13; family, \$15@ 15.75. LARD-Firm; prime western steam,

7.10c.
BUTTER—Steady; state dairy, 16%@20c.; creamery, 17@21c.
CHEESE—Steady; large white, 10%c.; small white, 10%@10%c.
EGGS—Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 17@19%c.; western, loss off, 18@19c.
SUGAR—Raw firm; fair refining, 4%c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 15-16c.; refined firm; crushed, 6.55c.; powdered, 6.25c.
TURPENTINE—Firm at 38%@39c.
RICE—Steady; domestic, 4%@6%c.; Japan, 4%@5c.

pan, 4%@5c. TALLOW-Dull; city, 4 7-16c.; country, 4¼@4¼c. HAY-Quiet; shipping, 72½@75c.; good to choice, 80@90c.

M'KINLEY TALKS BRIEFLY. En Route to His Niece's Wedding.

He Makes a Speech, CUMBERLAND, Md., Sept. 11 .-President McKinley was given an ovation here and after repeated calls went on the platform of his special car and spoke briefly to a large crowd which had congregated upon the announcement that he would pass through the city on a regular Baltimore and Ohio train. The president and party were en route to Somerset, Pa., to attend the wedding of Miss Mabel McKinley, the president's

niece. The president spoke as follows: "My fellow citizens, I assure you that this call is very much unexpected by me. I had no idea that so many of my fellow citizens of Cumberland would assemble here to give me such a cordial greeting in the few brief moments that I stopped with you. I am glad to know that no matter what may be our politics in this country we are all for the United States and all for the dear old flag wherever it floats and determined, men of the north and men of the south, to stand by the brave soldiers and sailors who are maintaining our standard in the distant territory belonging to the United States. I thank you once again for this more than generous greeting and bid you all good-

Rains Help Yellow Jack In Cuba. HAVANA, Sept. 11 .- General Maximo Gomes and Senor Salvador Cisneros y Betancourt have been in frequent consultation since the latter's return from the United States, and it is understood that the object of their conferences is to convert General Gomez from a lethargic to an aggressive attitude. Havana will consider the advisability of a quarantine against Vera Cruz, where the mortality from yellow fever is 60 per cent of the persons attacked. The disease here is not markedly on the increase, but the recent heavy rains are conducive to its spread. All the United States troops have been removed from La Cabanas to Triscornia Campa. The customs receipts at the port of Havana last Saturday were \$74,500.

Young Woman Lost In Maine.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 11 .- A large number of men are searching the woods in this vicinity for Miss Lizzie Bell, daughter of a prominent citizen of Topeka, who is thought to be suffering from insanity due to religious excitement. About a week ago Miss Bell, who had been at Shiloh, the institution in Durham conducted by Evangelist F. W. Sanford, disappeared, but a few days later she was found wandering in the woods in Green, ten miles from Lewiston, demented. In a day or two she became herself apparently, but without warning she again disappeared. Miss Bell is about 21 years of age. She has a fine education.

Fatal Fire In Pennsylvania.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Sept. 8 .- Fire early yesterday morning destroyed Sempsey's hotel at Liberty, Tioga county; Jacob Kimble's blacksmith shop, Robert Reed's wagon shop, Huyler's tailor shop, Ferguson's furniture store and the Woodruff business block, George Weigand, who occupied a room in the Sempsey hotel, was burned to death. The other guests escaped, but lost nearly all of their

Funeral of Thompson Kingsford. OSWEGO, N. Y., Sept. 11.-The funeral of Thompson Kingsford, the millionaire starch manufacturer, was held here and was attended by thousands of citizens. Business was suspended, and the body was viewed by immense throngs at the family home. Services were held in West Baptist church, which was founded by Mr. Kingsford.

Cuts and Bruises Quickly Healed.

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Famous Rough Rider's Story of Two Thrilling Episodes in His Eventful Career.

TI WAS a strange coincidence." said Col. Brodie, the second in command of the famous rough riders, the other day, as he with a few of that scattered band of famous fighters were waiting for a train to Williams. "It's a strange coincidence that I was wounded when I was a heutenant, just fresh from West Point, on the 24th day of June, by Apaches out here, and it was the 24th day of June, over 20 years later, I was wounded at Los Guaymas, in Cuba, and nearly in the same place."

"I was nothing but a kid then, and was stationed at Fort Grant. A short time afterward I was sent to Fort Apache during the outbreak in '73. built up the place, and was helping to keep the red cusses in shape there with a few men. I rode into the country on horseback, over 700 miles, and you'd have to ride 750 more miles to get to the nearest point on the railroad to

the north. "We had been cooped up at Fort Apache for over four months without any mail; the men were getting rest. less-guess it was enough to make them restless, too, for we expected the whole herd of Apaches down on us at any time. You never could tell what old Geronimo would do. One day the captain gave me a detail of 15 men and told me to go to Fort Grant for mail and a few supplies. It was over 100 miles and through the Indian country all the way, hills and desert where a jackrabbit would have trouble to keep on a trail. About half way out, eight of my troopers deserted. There was no use in my trying to get them back again, for you couldn't find them in the first place to get them back again, and I couldn't have took 'em back with me if I had found them, because I didn't have enough men to do it.

"We had been dodging hostile bands of Indians for some time before we had a brush with them. Coming up through a long draw we jumped up a band of about 15 or 20 and the music commenced. There was no way of getting in any fancy moves on them,-we were in the bottom of a long draw, or canyon, just about wide enough for an ordinary road. It was either go ahead, retreat or climb a side of the canyon. There wasn't much to hesitate over; we would have had a long retreat down that draw and been potted if we attempted to climb the sides of the canyon. My sergeant was an old-

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of SCOTT'S EMUL-SION. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food, which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

You will find it just as useful in summer as in winter, and if you are thriving upon it don't stop because the weather is warm.

50c. and \$1.00, all druggists.

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jewelery, etc. at the lowest prices.

Auburn,

timer, as were a number of my little band. They knew as well as I did that the only thing that would save us was a quick dash right into themsomething that the Indian can't stand a little bit unless they outnumber you ten to one. We gave them a volley to stir them up, and let them know we were coming, and had the satisfaction of seeing three or four of them drop, then, yelling like a lot of hyenas, we started down the draw on a dead run, headed straight into them. Each trooper swung out his six shooter ready for a snap-shot at the first Indian he could reach. The old sergeant was close at my heels, with every fellow hugging down close to the saddle. I turned half around in my saddle just before we struck them, and as I did so a bullet broke through my saddle horn and another cut through my vest and ripped me across the stomach about a

half-inch deep. "The 'Paches couldn't stand the rush. We run them up the canyon about a mile before they could find any side breaks to get out of and scatter. We lost three troopers in the fight. After it was over we went back to where they were, rolled them in their blankets and buried them among the rocks as best we could. There wasn't much ceremony or tears for the poor fellows-we hadn't time for it; we all expected the same thing all the time; besides there was a splendid possibility of the whole bunch of us going the same way before we got through, without anyone left to roll us in a blanket. If the 'poor' Indian gathered in a band of blue-coats, he also gathered up their hair, and left a flock of buzzards to do the rest.

"After burying the troopers we struck a trail up the canyon side and camped in a clearing where we could command a view of the country surrounding, and doctored up our wounds as best we could; mine was painful, but only a flesh wound. I think I was sorer over my ruined new coat and vest than from the wound.

"The band of Indians circled around our camp again that afternoon, and we exchanged long shots with them, without doing any damage to either side. As soon as night came we struck out for Fort Grant as fast as we could make it through the night, and eluded them. An Indian won't fight at night, anyway, unless you force him to.

"We reached the fort late the next day. The closer we came to it the less danger there was, for troops from the fortkept the country 'round pretty well cleaned up and quiet.

"We stayed at the fort for several days, until our wounds healed, before making a return trip. The colonel in command of the fort insisted on my staying there for a time, as there were over 200 hostile Indians on the warpath scattered all over that country. He told me that it was foolish to make the attempt, and never expected to see me alive again, but I was young, and had told the captain I'd be back as soon as I could make the trip with the mail and supplies, and wouldn't stay.

"I didn't know it at the time, but learned afterward, that the Indians I had the running fight with coming over belonged to a sub-chief and a relative of old Geronimo, but I found it out coming back We hadn't been out two days when they sighted us: luckily, It happened just about sundown. They took a few shots at us, then went into camp just over a hill from where we were camped. We could hear them holding powwows and singing while making preparations to dangle our scalps in their belts the next day.

"I remember I sat looking into the campfire that night, wishing I was back home and wondering what in thunder to do, when the old sergeant came over to me and asked:

"Lieutenant, you don't think we can lick thet hull outfit, do you?" "'No, sergeant; I don't What do you

think we'd better do?'

"'Well, I think we hed better build up a big fire, so they kin see it, then drift out of this.'

"And we did. We struck a trail and followed it all that night. About daylight we found ourselves on a hill top and right in the center of an old, deserted Indian village. It was that night's trip that first gave me my high

4 State Street,

appreciation of the much maligned old government mule. Every mule in that pack train seemed to understand the situation and there wasn't a whimper or a bray from any one of the lot until we had put a good night's travel between us and that gang of redskins.

"We didn't have any more trouble in getting back to the fort, though we crossed a number of warm trails on bands. I met the chief when he came into the fort a long time after to make peace, and he told me how many times he had shot at me on that trip and couldn't understand how it was that he never got me.

"The wound that I got at Los Guay mas, in Cuba, was another lucky one too. You remember, Sellers, how A and B troops of the regiment were lined up that day at the foot of the hill, and we were getting a perfect hell of fire from the Spanish entrenched up or top of the hill? Well, I was walking up and down before my battalion, and had orders to hold them fast to pro tect our right flank from the enfilads fire on the right. I had just turned around and waved my glove at them to hold fast, and dropped my hand to my side again, when a Mauser struck me in the arm. If I hadn't dropped my arm just as I did, the ball would have cut me straight through the center It turned me around and knocked me down, but in a short time I gathered myself up, went to the rear to see how badly I was hit, and found that the bone was badly shattered. It was three days before I had the wound attended to. There was a lump on the inside of my arm, and when the surgeon examined it he said it was a piece of bone sticking out, and that he would have to cut it out. He made a cut across the lump and out popped the bullet wrong end first. If it had come straight, as most of them do, it would never have stopped in the arm, but went on straight through me.

"The following day I wandered around back of the firing line trying to help the poor fellows that were worse off than I was, and I remember seeing one of the A troop boys-Buck O'Niell's company, coming down the road with tears running down his cheeks and 1 thought he must be wounded badly. He saw me and yelled:

"'Hello, major, where is the firing line!' I told him it was away on ahead in the other direction, but the fight was over.

"Then he seemed to feel worse than ever, and broke out with as choice a lot of ornamental cuss words as I ever heard a mule driver get rid of, and wound up by saying:

"'It's a shame that a feller comes all the way here from Arizona to fight and then gets knocked out by the climate within a few yards of the firing

"That forced march was the hardest I ever saw. Packed down with about 50 pounds of blankets, rations and other stuff in that hot country, we doublequicked right by the regulars, that were coming up at a good stiff gait, too, right straight into trouble. Fellows would drop out of the ranks along the line of march like they were shot, some of 'em wouldn't come to for a day or two after and some never were right afterwards.

"Teddy Roosevelt came over to my tent at four o'clock in the morning after the fight and woke me up to tell me that the Arizona boys made his regiment. He said he knew that I knew it, but wanted to tell me that he knew it and wanted to tell it first.

"There's a fellow, that Teddy; full of life, vigor and energy, that enjoys went over to Albany to call on him at the capitol. I hardly expected to take in my card to the governor. He told me there was no use, the governor was busy on some important case or other, and there were several delegations of lawyers arguing something before him. I insisted that he take in the card, anyway, and handed it to him. He took a look at it and went in. In a minute he came back with a smile on his face and said that the governor wanted me to come right in.

"When I went in he squinted across the room to see who it was, held up his hands at the fellows talking, and rushed across the room to me with both hands stuck out-the same old Teddy I knew in Cuba. After he talked a few minutes he turned, waved his hand at the waiting lawyers with a look on his face as much as to say: 'See what rot I have to stand all the time,' then said: 'It's fun being governor, though, and I rather like it.'

"A third shot I guess would get me, but I've got enough of it. All I want now is for that mine of mine near Wickerberg to pan out and I'll be satisfied." -Globe-Democrat.

Sept. 14 was set as the date for argument of the ice trust case before the appellate division at Saratoga.

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Men's cotton pants.....



FALL OF 1900.

Our preparation for the Fall of 1900 is now at its height. While many goods are now in, still more are in transit. and daily you will find new arrivals in every department. Our China and Housefurnishing buyer arrived from the market this morning, which he proclaims many advantage-ous purchases. Our Fur and Cloak Buyer is leaving for the market tonight. Our Dress Goods and Silks arrive daily, which were anticipated purchases for the coming fall. Our Carpet and Drapery Buyer has been instructed to increase his purchases for the coming fall and will return tonight with good tidings for you. Our Milliners, two in number, have been in the city four weeks to equip themselves in the latest styles, up-to-date styles Millinery establishments, and will be in Ithaca the latter part of the week. Our Domestic, Flannel, Linen and Bedding Buyer is now in the market and shipping goods daily, so you see every department is looked after by competent and separate people just making a study of one particular department. While you give us credit for handling many departments, still each one is a store by itself, looked after with but two views in aim, to serve you better each season, and have the best the market affords for the least possible margin. We, therefore, bespeak to be ready in a few days to offer you the full supplies at still better terms than ever heretofore.

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